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Microbial footprints of tomato domestication

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Citation

Sarango Flores, S. W. (2026, January 6). *Microbial footprints of tomato domestication*. NIOO-thesis. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4285898>

Version: Publisher's Version

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Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Curriculum Vitae

Curriculum vitae

Stalin Wladimir Sarango Flores was born on April 23, 1986, in Loja, Ecuador. In 2011, he completed his undergraduate studies in Agronomy at the National University of Loja. In 2015, he obtained his master's degree in Agricultural Microbiology at the University of São Paulo (Brazil), where he developed his thesis under the supervision of Dr. Rodrigo Mendes at EMBRAPA-Environment (Brazilian Agricultural Research Corporation). This work allowed him to deepen his understanding of plant–microbe interactions and the role of beneficial microorganisms in agriculture. After completing his master's degree, he returned to Ecuador, where he expanded his experience in teaching and research. He later joined the



research group of Dr. Pieter van 't Hof at Universidad San Francisco de Quito (USFQ), where he carried out experiments and data analyses involving commercial tomato seeds and natural soils from northern Ecuador. In 2018, he was awarded a PhD scholarship from the Ecuadorian National Secretariat of Higher Education, Science, Technology and Innovation (SENESCYT), and in 2019 began his doctoral research under the supervision of Prof. Dr. Jos M. Raaijmakers at the Netherlands Institute of Ecology (NIOO-KNAW) and the Institute of Biology at Leiden University. Later, he joined to the MiCROp project (www.microp.org). The findings of this work are presented in this thesis, entitled “*Microbial footprints of tomato domestication*”. After the completion of his doctoral studies, he returned to Ecuador, where he has continued collaborating on academic and research activities. His motivation as a researcher lies in improving sustainable agriculture through the study and application of beneficial microorganisms. He strongly believes in the power of collaboration, knowledge sharing, and the integration of science with local practices to promote agricultural development, especially in rural areas where scientific knowledge can have a transformative impact on communities and the environment.

List of Publications

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Sarango Flores, S., Cordovez, V., Oyserman, B.O., Arias Giraldo, L.M, Stopnisek, N., Raaijmakers, J.M., van 't Hof, P. (2025). Microbiome-mediate resistance of wild tomato to the invasive insect *Prodioplosis longifila*. *Environmental Microbiology Reports*, 17(5). <https://doi.org/10.1111/1758-2229.70190>

Sarango Flores, S., Cordovez, V., Arias Giraldo, L.M, Leon-Reyes, A., van 't Hof, P., Raaijmakers, J.M., Oyserman, B.O. (2025). Unveiling diversity and adaptations of the wild tomato Microbiome in their center of origin in the Ecuadorian Andes. *Scientific Reports*, 15(22448). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-025-05816-1>

Sarango Flores, S., Cordovez, V., Oyserman, B.O., Stopnisek, N., Raaijmakers, J.M., van 't Hof, P. (2024). The Tomato's Tale: Exploring taxonomy, biogeography, domestication and microbiome for enhanced resilience. 2024. *Phytobiomes Journal*, 8(1), 2471–2906. doi: <https://doi.org/10.1094/PBIOMES-09-23-0091-MF>

Oyserman, B.O., **Sarango Flores, S.**, Griffioen, T. et al. (2022). Disentangling the genetic basis of rhizosphere microbiome assembly in tomato. *Nature Communications*, 13(3228). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-022-30849-9>

Oyserman, B.O., Cordovez, V., **Sarango Flores, S.**, Leite, M.F.A., Nijveen, H., Medema, M.H., Raaijmakers, J.M. (2021). Extracting the GEMs: Genotype, Environment, and Microbiome interactions shaping host phenotypes. *Frontiers in Microbiology*, 12(11), 574053. [10.3389/fmicb.2020.574053](https://doi.org/10.3389/fmicb.2020.574053)

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Rossmann, M., **Sarango Flores, S.W.**, Chiamonte, J.B., Kmit, M.C.P., Mendes, R. (2017). Plant Microbiome: Composition and Functions in Plant Compartments. In: V. Pylro, L. Roesch (Eds.), *The Brazilian Microbiome* (pp. 7–20). Springer. https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-319-59997-7_2

Acknowledgements

Acknowledgements

I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my promotor, Dr. Jos M. Raaijmakers, whose guidance and encouragement helped me navigate the challenges of my PhD project. His insightful advice and continuous support were essential to the successful completion of this research and greatly enriched my understanding of scientific inquiry. Thank you, Jos, for being an example of wisdom and integrity in shaping me as a researcher.

I am also sincerely grateful to Dr. Pieter van 't Hof for his valuable assistance, especially during our collaborative work in Ecuador.

My sincere appreciation extends to the postdoctoral fellows of the Department of Microbial Ecology at the Netherlands Institute of Ecology (NIOO-KNAW): Dr. Ben O. Oyserman, Dr. Viviane Cordovez, Dr. Nejc Stopnišek, and Dr. Jié Hu. Thank you for your guidance and for fostering an inspiring, enjoyable, and supportive learning environment during my research. Ben, thank you for teaching me experimental design and data analysis, and for our fieldwork adventures “Back to the roots” in Ecuador. Viviane, thank you for your friendship and for the Portuguese conversations we shared, which brought back memories of Brazil. Thank you also for teaching me how to craft presentations and improve my microbiological skills. To both of you, my academic godparents, thank you for shaping me as a scientist.

I am deeply grateful to the people of Ecuador for granting me a scholarship through the National Secretariat of Higher Education, Science, Technology and Innovation (SENESCYT), which enabled me to pursue my PhD.

To my family, thank you for believing in me and for your unconditional support despite the distance.

I am also thankful to the laboratory, greenhouse, and bioinformatics technicians of the Microbial Ecology Department at NIOO-KNAW for their help with sample and data processing: Paulien Klein-Gunnewiek, Saskia Gerards, Agata Pijl, Marion Meima-Franke, Tanja Bakx, Roos Keijzer, Maria Hundscheid, Gregor Disveld, Eke Hengeveld, Mattias de Hollander, and Tom van Wijk.

I would like to thank my colleagues and friends in the Microbial Ecology Department for their support, friendship, and laughter throughout this journey. Darío, thank you for sharing your joy and data analysis techniques. Luisa, thank you for your invaluable help with bioinformatics. Thanks also to Deborah, Cristina R., Muhammad, Rebecca,

Bo, Linda, Mahdere, Dominika, Raul, Xinya, Thom, Brandon, Caroline, Desalegn, Eline, Getahun, Sewunet, Francisco, Je-Seung, Kay, Han, Li, Lena, Eiko, Makrina, Alex G-G., Marcelle, Dieke, Mark, Christina P., Jiayi, Paolina, Paul, Witse, Askia, Stijn, Adam, Sascha, Simone, Sytske, Haymanti, Lilia, Morgane, Lukas, Wendy, Raycenne, Lina, Lilian, Márcio, Késia, Ohana, Júlia, Letusa, Luis M., Henriëtte, Rodrigo, Fernando, Orly, Cristian, Cristina B., Carolina, Manu, Diego, Luis J., and many others for your generosity, collaboration, and shared moments. Finally, a heartfelt thanks to my friends Germán, Ana, and Mariana for your laughter, emotional support, cultural connection, and endless positivity, which gave me strength and joy throughout this journey.