

Secure distributed machine learning in healthcare: a study on FAIR, compliance and cybersecurity for federated learning Plug, R.B.F.

## Citation

Plug, R. B. F. (2025, December 17). Secure distributed machine learning in healthcare: a study on FAIR, compliance and cybersecurity for federated learning. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4285632

Version: Publisher's Version

License: License agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the

Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden

Downloaded from: <a href="https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4285632">https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4285632</a>

**Note:** To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

## Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift getiteld

## **Secure Distributed Machine Learning in Healthcare:**

A Study on FAIR, Compliance and Cybersecurity for Federated Learning

- 1. Data sovereignty is a necessity for regulatory compliance in the medical domain. (this thesis)
- 2. The FAIR principles are viable guidelines for the machine-interoperability of clinical data across distributed, heterogeneous health systems. (this thesis)
- 3. Combining data locality and cryptographic guarantees enables secure distributed machine learning in regulated environments on medical data. (this thesis)
- 4. Incorporating homomorphic encryption and secret sharing into federated aggregation achieves state-of-the-art security and privacy-preservation for clinical model training, without degrading model convergence under constrained edge environments. (this thesis)
- 5. Data curation redefines the economics of data: what is costly to generate becomes valuable to share.
- 6. Data quality is the new gold standard: higher quality data yields better results than simply investing in more compute or bigger models.
- 7. In medical machine learning, accuracy without transparency and accountability is a clinical risk. Model performance is meaningful only when its provenance and limitations are known to those affected by its decisions.
- 8. The defining test of any medical AI is not whether it outperforms humans, but whether it preserves human agency in decisions that concern health and dignity.
- 9. We measure progress by what we automate, yet progress is better measured by what we choose not to.
- 10. Research is less about finding answers and more about learning which questions are worth asking.