

Hybrid quantum-classical metaheuristics for automated machine learning applications

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Stellingen

Behorende bij het proefschrift

Hybrid quantum-classical metaheuristics for automated machine learning applications

- Encoding Maximum Relevancy/Minimum Redundancy (mRMR) heuristics as quadratic
 unconstrained binary optimization (QUBO) routines provides an effective approach to the
 problem of feature selection in regression and other supervised learning tasks (Chapter 3 of
 this thesis).
- 2. While mRMR heuristics can be encoded as QUBO routines, the choice of distance or similarity metric significantly impacts the performance of feature selection (Chapter 3 of this thesis).
- 3. Encoding mRMR heuristics as QUBOs for selection operators in evolutionary algorithms yields improvements over traditional ranked or greedy selection methods (Chapter 4 of this thesis).
- 4. QUBO-enhanced selection operators for evolution strategies improve hyperparameter optimization of machine learning (ML) models and neuroevolution of reinforcement learning agents (Chapter 5 of this thesis).
- 5. QUBO-enhanced selection methods improve data selection and kernel sparsification in Gaussian process regression (Chapter 6 of this thesis).
- Using random Fourier features in concert with QUBO-enhanced selection increases the
 efficacy of kernel-estimator supervised learning on classical datasets (Chapter 6 of this
 thesis).
- 7. Sparse quantum kernel estimators provide improvements in supervised learning from simulated quantum-generated data compared to purely classical estimators.
- 8. Bayesian optimization with quantum-enhanced surrogate models can improve hyperparameter optimization in machine learning applications.
- 9. Integrating quantum-enhanced and quantum-inspired optimization techniques into classical learning frameworks offers novel approaches to feature selection, training, and inference.
- 10. Encoding quantum circuit-derived kernels as QUBOs enables sparse, discriminative feature selection in high-dimensional quantum machine learning tasks.
- 11. Through the execution of a practical idea, greater results follow than from an exceptional idea never realized.