

From pixels to patterns: AI-driven image analysis in multiple domains Javanmardi, S.

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## Stellingen

## Behorende bij het proefschrift

## From Pixels to Patterns: AI-Driven Image Analysis in Multiple Domains

- 1. Deep learning excels over traditional methods in detecting complex patterns in seed images, though its features are less interpretable. (Chapter 2)
- 2. CNN architectures can be useful for fruit ripeness classification, based on just images it surpasses the classification of humans using all their senses. (Chapter 3)
- 3. Vision transformer models analyze dependencies between pixels over large areas, adding crucial detail that enhances pattern extraction in biomedical high-throughput screening. (Chapter 4)
- 4. The accuracy of image captioning will be increased by combining image analysis with large language models as it improves understanding of the semantics on the image. (Chapter 5)
- 5. Generative AI tools will soon replace traditional methods of education, offering personalized learning experiences that are more efficient and engaging.
- 6. Training deep neural networks, is like human learning, where more training data leads to better performance. However, there is a tradeoff between time invested and accuracy achieved.
- 7. Deep learning techniques largely rely on training data and excel with certain specific datasets, yet they struggle to generalize effectively across different datasets.
- 8. A deep neural network is often considered a black box because we typically focus only on its final output, lacking clear information about the specific features it learns during the process.
- 9. When one experiences trouble, think of Nietzsche who said: "What does not kill you makes you stronger".
- 10. People should understand that karma acts as a reflection in a mountain, as articulated by the Iranian poet Ferdowsi: "The world is a mountain, and whatever you say, it will echo it back to you."

Shima Javanmardi Leiden, 18-09-2024