

Quantum machine learning: on the design, trainability and noise-robustness of near-term algorithms  ${\rm Skolik,\,A.}$ 

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## Propositions accompanying the thesis

## Quantum machine learning: On the design, trainability and noise-robustness of near-term algorithms

## Andrea Skolik

- 1. Restricting the complexity of a (quantum) machine learning model can improve its trainability. (Chapter 6)
- 2. An arbitrarily complex quantum machine learning model can fail to solve a simple problem under the wrong choice of data encoding or measurement observable. (Chapter 5)
- 3. Variational quantum machine learning models exhibit a certain robustness to quantum hardware noise. (Chapter 7)
- 4. In certain cases, the noise present during the optimization of a variational quantum algorithm can improve its performance. (Chapter 7)
- 5. Preventing that a parametrized quantum circuit reaches a regime close to Haar-randomness can dampen the effect of barren plateaus. (Chapter 4)
- Integrating domain knowledge about a problem into an algorithm can greatly
  improve its performance compared to algorithms that do not utilize any prior
  knowledge.
- 7. The number of trainable parameters to solve a learning task alone is not an indicator that one model outperforms another model.
- 8. The same optimization technique can be more costly for one model than for another, depending on its specific implementation.
- 9. While heuristics often do not come with theoretical guarantees, they are of great value to solve real-world problems.
- 10. Technological advancement is both a curse and a blessing.