

Prehistoric loanwords in Armenian: Hurro-Urartian, Kartvelian, and the unclassified substrate
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STELLINGEN

behorende bij het proefschrift Prehistoric loanwords in Armenian van

Rasmus Thorsø

- The Armenian language contains a prehistoric layer of loanwords from the Hurro-Urartian and Kartvelian languages.
- 2. Before Armenian began to borrow words from Hurro-Urartian, it formed a superstrate to the Kartvelian languages.
- Armenian also contains a considerable layer of loanwords from one or more unidentified languages, which also loaned words to other Indo-European languages.
- 4. The precursor of the Armenian language was brought into the Caucasus from the north around 2000 BCE, probably by people from the Late Yamnaya and Catacomb cultures.
- An etymology that postulates a word to be inherited is no more likely than a loan etymology (*ceteris paribus*). In other words, there can be no etymological null hypothesis.
- 6. The traditionally reconstructed Proto-Indo-European stop system is unlikely for the earliest (Proto-Indo-Anatolian) stage.
- 7. The linguistic tree model has significant limitations, but it remains the most useful explanatory device for the relationship between languages.
- 8. Computational methods can be valuable in linguistics, but they can also suffer from the same faults and constraints as manual work.
- 9. Although researchers should aim to eliminate their own biases, these can never be escaped completely, even in the exact sciences.
- All scientific disciplines should aim for independence of for-profit publishing.
- Fostering a fair and sustainable global economy requires increasing restrictions on the free market.
- 12. Immediate and resolute international action is needed to avoid a complete erasure of Armenian cultural heritage in Nagorno-Karabakh.