

## Handling missing data, selection bias, and measurement error in observational studies Choi, J.

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## Stellingen

behorende bij het proefschrift

## Handling missing data, selection bias, and measurement error in observational studies

- 1. There is no one optimal statistical method that can handle biases across every study setting. Each source of bias should be handled on the basis of context-specific knowledge. (this thesis)
- 2. Multiple imputation is not a panacea to handle missing values and should be used more consciously. (this thesis)
- 3. Incorporating experts' content knowledge is recommended to detect measurement errors in time-serial data rather than solely relying on automated approaches. (this thesis)
- 4. A research question such as 'what is the effect of X on Y?' requires further elaboration. One should consider whether and how medication use or other factors has affected the measurements of interest. (this thesis)
- 5. Problems of confounding, selection, and measurement bias can be addressed with a question; what is the missing information? This calls for unified perspectives for addressing these biases.
- 6. Conducting comparison studies evaluating existing methods should be incentivized. For many analysis problems, the issue is not a lack of available methods; rather, it is a lack of accessibility to available methods. (after STRATOS initiative)
- 7. Simulations allow empirical comparisons between available methods under various data structures and violation of assumptions. Utilizing simulation studies will benefit clinical researchers.
- 8. Even in the emergence of big data and machine learning, careful considerations of the research setting, clinical knowledge, and study designs remain highly important possibly more than ever.
- Prisoners in a cave we (epidemiologists) are, looking at shadows (data) cast upon the cave wall. The shadows reflect a fragment of the real world (medical reality). (after The Allegory of the Cave).
- 10. "Every new discovery is just a reminder we are all small and stupid. [...] all of that exists inside of one universe out of who knows how many" (Everything Everywhere All At Once, 2022). Because nothing matters, everything we give meaning matters.