

Will you look at me? Social anxiety, naturalistic social situations, and wearable eye-trackers $\,$

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Citation

Chen, J. (2023, April 25). Will you look at me?: Social anxiety, naturalistic social situations, and wearable eye-trackers. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3594642

Version: Publisher's Version

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Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Propositions

Accompanying Jiemiao Chen's dissertation:

Will You Look at Me?

Social Anxiety, Naturalistic Social Situations and Wearable Eye-trackers

- 1. The relationship between social anxiety and gaze avoidance depends on severity of symptoms, type of social situations, and age groups (this dissertation).
- 2. People with greater social anxiety from the general population tend to look less at other's faces in naturalistic social situations (this dissertation).
- 3. Patients with social anxiety disorder tend to avoid looking at other's faces across various social situations (this dissertation).
- 4. Gaze anxiety is moderately associated with actual gaze avoidance (this dissertation).
- 5. Situational factors play a substantial role in gaze behavior.
- 6. Recognition of gaze avoidance patterns supports early detection and prevention of social anxiety disorder.
- 7. Suitable exposure contexts in early intervention for socially anxious individuals should include varying demands for self-disclosure.
- 8. Social anxiety disorder should not be narrowed down to gaze avoidance.
- 9. To maximize the efficacy of advanced technologies, critically embracing these new opportunities is of paramount importance.
- 10. The sheer beauty of doing psychology research lies in complexity of the human world.