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A grammar of Ashéninka (Ucayali-Pajonal)

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A grammar of Ashéninka (Ucayali-Pajonal)

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Contents

List of figures, maps and tables.....	xv
List of abbreviations	xix
Grammatical abbreviations	xix
In-text abbreviations.....	xxi
Acronyms	xxi
Glossary of local Spanish words	xxiii
Acknowledgements.....	xxv
1. Introduction.....	1
1.1. The Ashéninka people.....	3
1.1.1. Geography and demography	3
1.1.2. Historical sketch	6
1.1.2.1. Precolonial times and first Castilian incursion in 1595	6
1.1.2.2. The Franciscan missions in the 17th and early 18th century	7
1.1.2.3. The rebellion of Juan Santos Atahualpa in the 18th century	12
1.1.2.4. The 19th century and the rubber boom (from mid-19th century until 1912).....	14
1.1.2.5. From the 1920s to the 1980s: attempts at recolonization	17
1.1.2.6. From the 1980s on: formation of indigenous organizations, terrorism, and slavery in the Upper Ucayali	20
1.1.3. Present situation	26
1.2. The language	30
1.2.1. Genetic affiliation.....	30
1.2.2. The Ashé-Ashá dialect continuum.....	34
1.2.3. Previous works.....	38
1.2.4. Present situation	40
1.2.5. Typological sketch.....	43
1.3. Fieldwork carried out and the process of writing this thesis	47
1.3.1. Time and location of fieldwork	47
1.3.2. Process of writing the thesis and consultants	49
1.4. Organization of the thesis and conventions.....	54

2. Phonology	59
2.1. Vowels	59
2.1.1. Vowel inventory	59
2.1.2. Minimal pairs	61
2.1.3. Diphthongs and hiatus	61
2.2. Consonants	63
2.2.1. Plosives	63
2.2.2. Nasals	64
2.2.3. Taps or flaps	66
2.2.4. Fricatives	67
2.2.5. Affricates	67
2.2.6. Approximants	71
2.2.7. Minimal pairs	74
2.3. Phonotactics	74
2.3.1. Syllable structure	75
2.3.2. Word structure	76
2.4. Orthography	78
2.5. Stress	81
2.5.1. Disyllabic, trisyllabic and tetrasyllabic words	83
2.5.2. Pentasyllabic and hexasyllabic words	86
2.5.3. Longer words	88
2.5.4. Summary	90
2.6. Abbreviated words and special features of ideophones	91
2.7. Morphophonology	92
2.7.1. /t/ > /w/ in positions /a_o/ and /o_a/	92
2.7.2. /p/ > /w/ in possessed nouns	93
2.7.3. /k/ > /j/, /k/ > /w/ and /k/-deletion	94
2.7.4. Alternations depending on reality status (/w/-/j/ and /tʃ/-/j/), and in stems ending in <i>w</i> (/wi/ > /ji/) and in <i>g</i> (/tʃi/ > /ji/, /auqa/ > /a:/)	95
2.7.5. /t/ > /tʃ/ and /t/ > /w/ in /a_a/ position	96
2.7.6. Changes related to prefixes	97

2.7.7. Epenthesis.....	99
2.7.8. Other morphophonological changes	101
3. Word classes	103
3.1. Pronouns.....	103
3.1.1. Full pronouns	103
3.1.2. Possessive pronouns	109
3.1.3. Pronominal reference with the verbal totalitative copula <i>kaataantsi</i> ..	110
3.2. Demonstratives.....	110
3.3. Quantifiers.....	113
3.3.1. Numerals	113
3.3.2. Non-numeral quantifiers.....	117
3.4. Indefinites.....	118
3.5. Interrogative words	120
3.6. Adverbs	122
3.6.1. Place	122
3.6.2. Time.....	125
3.6.3. Other adverbs.....	126
3.7. Affirmative and negative particles	128
3.8. Adpositions	130
3.9. Conjunctions	132
3.10. Ideophones	133
3.11. Fillers	135
4. Nouns and the noun phrase	141
4.1. Nouns	141
4.1.1. Gender.....	141
4.1.2. Number	143
4.1.3. Possession.....	147
4.1.4. Kin terms	150
4.1.5. Nominal suffixes and enclitics	155
4.1.5.1. Demonstrative enclitics	155
4.1.5.2. The locative enclitic = <i>ki</i>	156

4.1.5.3. The diminutive <i>-aniki</i>	157
4.1.5.4. The durative <i>-paeti</i>	158
4.1.5.5. Nominalizers	159
4.1.5.6. The exclamative = <i>wee</i>	161
4.1.5.7. Suffixes described in other sections: verificative <i>-pero</i> , intensifier <i>-ni</i> and ignorative <i>-ni</i>	162
4.1.6. Nouns as predicates and nominal tense	163
4.1.6.1. Verbal suffixes on nouns	163
4.1.6.2. Kinship verbalizer <i>-nt</i>	168
4.1.6.3. Bare nouns as predicates.....	169
4.1.7. Coordination of nouns.....	169
4.1.8. Ashéninka onomastics.....	170
4.2. The noun phrase	171
5. Adjectives	177
5.1. Gender.....	177
5.2. Colours	178
5.3. Grammatical properties	181
5.4. Semantic tasks.....	185
5.5. Affixes and enclitics in adjectives.....	188
5.5.1. Nominal suffixes and enclitics	188
5.5.2. Verbal affixes and enclitics.....	189
5.5.3. Adjectival <i>-ni</i> , adjectivizer <i>-inka/-ntzinka</i> and class adjectivizer <i>-hato/-hatzi</i>	189
5.5.4. Intensifier <i>-ni</i>	192
5.5.5. Ignorative <i>-ni</i>	193
5.6. Long adjectives denoting forms	194
5.7. Composition and incorporation with adjectives	196
5.8. Coordination of adjectives	199
6. Verbs	201
6.1. Reality status	202
6.1.1. The Campan languages and the reality status.....	202

6.1.2. Reality status in the Campan languages (except Ucayali-Pajonal Ashéninka).....	203
6.1.2.1. Non-Ashé-Ashá languages.....	204
6.1.2.1.1. Function of the reality status systems	204
6.1.2.1.2. Reality status affixes	206
6.1.2.1.3. Negation and double irrealis.....	210
6.1.2.1.4. Neutralization of reality status affixes	212
6.1.2.2. Ashé-Ashá languages	213
6.1.2.2.1. Function of the reality status systems	214
6.1.2.2.2. Reality status affixes	215
6.1.2.2.3. Negation and double irrealis.....	218
6.1.2.2.4. Neutralization of reality status affixes	219
6.1.2.3. Summary of reality status features	222
6.1.3. Reality status in Ucayali-Pajonal Ashéninka	223
6.1.3.1. Ucayali	224
6.1.3.2. Pajonal.....	228
6.1.4. Conclusions	230
6.1.5. Other features of the reality status system in UP Ashéninka	233
6.1.5.1. Verb class change caused by some suffixes	233
6.1.5.2. Reflexivity	238
6.2. Pronominal affixes	239
6.2.1. Subject prefixes and object suffixes.....	239
6.2.2. Suffixed subject construction and absence of subject affix.....	240
6.2.2.1. Do verbs in 3rd person without any subject affix belong to the suffixed subject construction?.....	242
6.2.2.2. Subject prefix omission	244
6.2.2.3. Semantic content of the suffixed subject construction	247
6.2.2.4. Verbs in 3rd person with no subject affix: SSC or COSA?.....	252
6.2.2.5. Alignment	255
6.2.2.6. Summary and conclusions	259
6.3. Aspect and tense.....	260

6.3.1. Perfective <i>-ak</i>	262
6.3.2. Imperfective	266
6.3.2.1. Habitual <i>-apiint</i>	267
6.3.2.2. Development of the Ashé-Ashá progressive suffix into a progressive and a future suffix	267
6.3.3. Durative <i>-wae</i>	273
6.3.4. Iterative through reduplication	274
6.3.5. Regressive <i>-a/-ah</i>	275
6.3.6. Participles: perfective <i>-eentsi/-eencha</i> and imperfective <i>-atsi/-acha</i> ..	278
6.3.7. Tense	281
6.3.7.1. Future (<i>-atyee/-atyeya, ari, -pa</i>)	282
6.3.7.2. Past (remote past <i>-ni</i> and anterior <i>-it</i>)	284
6.4. Mood and modality	287
6.4.1. Modal verbs	289
6.4.2. Suffixes and enclitics	293
6.4.2.1. Lamentative <i>-ahaant</i>	294
6.4.2.2. Dubitative <i>=ma</i>	296
6.4.2.3. Verificative <i>-pero</i>	299
6.4.2.4. Purposive and non-purposive <i>-ashi</i>	301
6.4.2.5. Apprehensive <i>-kari</i>	305
6.4.2.6. Desiderative <i>-awak</i>	305
6.4.2.7. Counter-expectative <i>-imae</i>	307
6.4.2.8. Emphatics <i>-ta, =kya, =tya</i>	307
6.4.2.9. Counterfactual <i>-mi</i>	311
6.4.2.10. Reinforced optative <i>-:ta</i>	313
6.4.2.11. Frustrative <i>-wi</i>	316
6.5. Directionals and associated motion in space and time	325
6.5.1. Directionals explained by native speakers	327
6.5.2. Ablative <i>-an</i>	328
6.5.3. Allative <i>-ap(a)</i>	333
6.5.4. Translocative <i>-it</i>	336

6.5.5. Object motion <i>-aw</i>	342
6.5.6. The regressive <i>-a/-ah</i> with a directional function	345
6.5.6. Final remarks	347
6.6. Valency-changing morphemes	350
6.6.1. Valency-reducing morphemes: reflexivity through change of verb class and reciprocal <i>-awak</i>	350
6.6.2. Valency-increasing morphemes: causative and applicative affixes	351
6.6.2.1. Causatives <i>-aka(g)</i> and <i>o-/oe-/ow-/oomin-</i>	351
6.6.2.2. Applicatives	359
6.6.2.2.1. General applicative <i>-ako</i>	360
6.6.2.2.2. Comitative <i>-imo</i>	367
6.6.2.2.3. Benefactives <i>-went</i> and <i>-neent</i>	368
6.6.2.2.4. Away <i>-pitha</i>	371
6.7. Other affixes and enclitics	373
6.7.1. Verbal number: plural, distributive and dual suffixes (<i>-aiy/-eey...-ni, -yi...-ni, -ta</i>)	374
6.7.1.1. Plural <i>-aiy/-eey...-ni</i>	375
6.7.1.2. Distributive <i>-yi...(-ni)</i>	377
6.7.1.3. Dual <i>-ta</i>	380
6.7.2. Resultative <i>-ant/-anant</i>	383
6.7.3. Other suffixes with the form <i>-ant</i> : occupation, time and instrumental	388
6.7.4. Impersonal <i>-e(e)/-ae</i>	391
6.7.5. Demonstrative enclitics	392
6.7.6. Remnants of classifiers?: form <i>-ki</i> , ball <i>-moko</i> and <i>-cheyinaa</i> , thick <i>-she</i> , type <i>-hato/-hatzi</i> and liquid <i>-kira</i>	396
6.7.7. Specifier <i>-wee</i>	401
6.7.8. Early <i>-aman</i>	403
6.7.9. Partitive <i>-it</i>	404
6.7.10. Attenuative suffix <i>-neent</i> and attenuative palatalization	405
6.7.11. Mirative <i>-ña</i>	407
6.7.12. Badness <i>-tha</i>	407
6.7.13. Desperately <i>-riko</i>	409

6.7.14. Malefactive <i>-heempiy</i>	409
6.8. Order of affixes and enclitics inside the verbal complex	410
6.9. Existentials	415
6.9.1. Existential <i>eeni-</i>	415
6.9.2. Existential verb <i>tzimaantsi</i>	416
6.9.3. Past existential <i>éniro</i>	418
6.9.4. Negative existential <i>tekatsi</i>	419
6.10. Copulas.....	421
6.10.1. Verbal copula <i>kantaantsi</i>	422
6.10.2. Verbal totalitative copula <i>kaataantsi</i>	425
6.10.3. Non-verbal animate copula <i>-ni</i>	431
6.10.4. Non-verbal negative copula <i>kaari</i>	433
6.11. Invariable words with a verbal function.....	436
6.12. Incorporation	439
7. Syntax.....	441
7.1. Dominant constituent order	441
7.2. Alignment.....	445
7.3. The simple clause	445
7.3.1. The declarative clause	446
7.3.2. The imperative clause	446
7.3.3. The interrogative clause	447
7.3.4. Negation	454
7.4. The complex sentence	455
7.4.1. Coordination	455
7.4.1.1. Conjunctive coordination.....	455
7.4.1.2. Disjunctive coordination.....	457
7.4.1.3. Adversative coordination.....	458
7.4.1.4. Causal coordination	461
7.4.2. Subordination.....	462
7.4.2.1. Adverbial clauses.....	462
7.4.2.1.1. Purpose and reason clauses	463

7.4.2.1.2. Circumstantial clauses	465
7.4.2.1.3. Conditional clauses and the conditional =rika.....	466
7.4.2.1.4. Concessive clauses and the counter-expectative <i>omaanta/imaanta</i>	470
7.4.2.1.5. Time clauses	471
7.4.2.1.6. Locative clauses	473
7.4.2.1.7. Manner clauses	475
7.4.2.2. Relative clauses, and the relative <i>-ri</i> and the irrealis relative <i>-ni</i> ..	476
7.4.2.3. Complement clauses	482
7.5. Discourse connectors.....	486
References	491
Annex 1. List of grammatical morphemes.....	499
Annex 2. Ashéninka glossed texts	501
Frog story	503
Pear video.....	515
Tale of the squirrel and the jaguar.....	521
Conversation between Mathawo and Maruja	536
Conversation between Mathari and Hamani	555
Conversation between Thaampi and Kamato.....	569
Otéyaki's story	580
Story of the cows on the football field	583
Story of the cheating shaman	587
Story of the fleeing woman	614
Conversation between Cheroki, Píchotzi and Chochoki	619
Annex 3. Vocabulary	639
English index.....	653
Summary	661
Resumen.....	665
Samenvatting	669
Curriculum vitae.....	673

List of figures, maps and tables

Figure 1. Internal classification of Campan languages according to Michael (2011)	31
Figure 2. Basic colours hierarchy according to Kay & McDaniel (1978)	179
Figure 3. Order of affixes and enclitics inside the verbal complex	414
Map 1. Ashéninka communities according to the BDPI.....	5
Map 2: The Campa area with the location of the Franciscan missions.....	11
Map 3. Location of the Campan languages	33
Map 4. Isoglosses of the Ashé-Ashá dialect continuum.	36
Table 1. Phonological representation of words from Map 4 ordered in the three main groups of the Ashé-Ashá dialect continuum.....	37
Table 2. Ashéninka vowels.....	60
Table 3. Ashéninka consonants	63
Table 4. Correspondence between phonemes and graphemes used in this thesis.....	80
Table 5. Ashéninka full pronouns.....	104
Table 6. Ashéninka possessive pronouns	109
Table 7. Ashéninka demonstratives	110
Table 8. Ashéninka cardinal numbers.....	114
Table 9. Ashéninka ordinal numbers	116
Table 10. Ashéninka interrogatives	121
Table 11. Some place adverbs	123
Table 12. Some time adverbs.....	125
Table 13. Some Ashéninka adpositions.....	132
Table 14. Conjunctions list.....	132

Table 15. Ashéninka ideophones	134
Table 16. Possessive prefixes paradigm	150
Table 17. Ashéninka kin terms	151
Table 18. Nouns with demonstrative enclitics compared with full demonstratives with nouns	156
Table 19. Adjectives that inflect with gender	178
Table 20. Some compounds with adjectives.....	198
Table 21: Reality status affixes in Nanti.....	206
Table 22: Reality status affixes in Matsigenka.....	207
Table 23: Reality status affixes in Caquinte	208
Table 24: Reality status affixes in Nomatsigena.....	209
Table 25: Realis and irrealis negative particles in Campan non-Ashé-Ashá languages	212
Table 26: Realis and irrealis negative particles in Ashé-Ashá languages except UP Ashéninka.....	219
Table 27: Summary of cases of RS neutralization in Ashé-Ashá languages (except UP Ashéninka).....	222
Table 28. Pronominal verbal affixes.....	239
Table 29. Frequency of verbs according to the affixation of its subject in each person in my corpus of natural texts	246
Table 30. Number and percentage of intransitive verbs with and without a subject prefix in Payne & Payne's (2005) and my corpus	249
Table 31. Suffixes used in the suffixed subject construction.....	255
Table 32. Suffixes used in the construction with omission of subject affix.....	256
Table 33. Different translations of verbs with the frustrative suffix by different speakers	318
Table 34. Result of elicitation with directionals	327

Table 35. Significant differences in Dixon's (2012) semantic parameters between the causative prefix and suffix.	353
Table 36. Number of occurrences of different constituent orders in my corpus.....	441

List of abbreviations

Grammatical abbreviations¹

&	Epenthetic consonant or vowel	COL	Collective
1, 2, 3	1st, 2nd, 3rd person	COM	Comitative
<i>A</i>	<i>Subject of transitive verb</i>	COND	Conditional
ABL	Ablative	COP	Copula
ABSE	Absential	DEM	Demonstrative
ABUND	Abundant	DES	Desiderative
<i>ADD</i>	<i>Additive</i>	DESP	Desperately
ADJ	Adjectival	DIM	Diminutive
ADJZ	Adjectivizer	<i>DIR</i>	<i>Directional</i>
ADJZ.CL	Class adjectivizer	<i>DIRR</i>	<i>Double irrealis</i>
AFF	Affirmation	DIST	Distal
ALI	Alienator	DISTR	Distributive
ALL	Allative	DO	Double object
AN	Animate	DU	Verbal dual
ANT	Anterior	DUB	Dubitative
APPL	General applicative	DUR1	Verbal durative
APPR	Apprehensive	DUR2	Nominal durative
ATT	Attenuative	EARLY	Early
AWAY	Away	EMPH	Emphatic
BAD	Badness	EXCLM	Exclamative
BEN	Benefactive	EXI	Existential
CAT	Cataphoric	F	Feminine
CAUS	Causative	FOC	Focus
<i>CHA</i>	<i>Characteristic</i>	FORM	Form
<i>CLF</i>	<i>Classifier</i>	FP	Female possessor
COEXP	Counterexpectative	FRS	Fossilized reality status
COFA	Counterfactual	FRU	Frustrative
		FUT	Future
		HAB	Habitual

¹ Abbreviations in italics are from examples from other authors used in the thesis.

HORT	Hortative	O	Object
<i>I</i>	<i>I-class</i>	OCC	Occupation
IDEO	Ideophone	OM	Object motion
IGN	Ignorative	ONOM	Onomatopoeia
IMPS	Impersonal	PAR	Partitive
INCL	Inclusive	PFV	Perfective
<i>INDEF</i>	<i>Indefinite</i>	PL	Plural
INF	Infinitive	POSS	Possessive
INS	Instrumental	<i>PP</i>	<i>Positive polarity</i>
INT	Interrogative	PROG	Progressive
INTJ	Interjection	<i>PROSP</i>	<i>Prospective</i>
IPFV	Imperfective	PROX	Proximal
IRR	Irrealis	PST	Past
ITE	Iterative	PTCP	Participle
KV	Kinship verbalizer	PURP	Purposive
LAM	Lamentative	REA	Realis
LATER	Later	<i>REC</i>	<i>Recipient</i>
LIQ	Liquid	RECP	Reciprocal
LOC	Locative	REFL	Reflexive
M	Masculine	REG	Regressive
MAL	Malefactive	REL	Relative
MAT	Material	RES	Resultative
ME	Male ego	REST	Restrictive
MED	Medial	RMPST	Remote past
MIR	Mirative	ROPT	Reinforced optative
MP	Male possessor	RS	Reality status ²
NEG	Negative	<i>RSN</i>	<i>Reason</i>
<i>NFUT</i>	<i>Non-future</i>	S	Subject
<i>NM</i>	<i>Non-masculine</i>	<i>SG</i>	<i>Singular</i>
NMLZ	Nominalizer	SPE	Specifier
NPURP	Non-purposive	SURP	Surprise
<i>NREFL</i>	<i>Non-reflexive</i>	TEMP	Temporal subordinator

² The gloss RS is used where a realis-irrealis opposition is not possible due to the occurrence of a palatal consonant (/c/, /j/ or /ɲ/) before an A-class suffix, given that the opposition between realis /a/ and irrealis /ja/ disappears in these cases.

<i>TEMP</i>	<i>Temporal</i>	m.	Masculine
<i>TERM</i>	<i>Terminative</i>	N	Nasal consonant
<i>TH</i>	<i>Theme</i>	NP	Nominal/noun phrase
THICK	Thick	O	Object
TIME	Time	p.c.	Personal communication
TOO	Too, also	p./pp.	Page/s
TOT	Totalitative	pl.	Plural
TRLOC	Translocative	R	Recipient
VER	Verificative	RC	Relative clause
VOC	Vocative	RS	Reality status
WH	<i>Wh</i> -word	S	Subject

In-text abbreviations

A	Agent	sg.	Singular
AP	Alto Perené	Sp.	Spanish
AM	Associated motion	SSC	Suffixed subject construction
C	Consonant	T	Theme
CC	Complement clause	TAM	Tense, aspect, mood
f.	Femenine	UP	Ucayali-Pajonal
GP	Gran Pajonal	V	Vowel, verb (depending on the context)
incl.	Inclusive		

Acronyms

AIDSESEP	Asociación Interétnica de Desarrollo de la Selva Peruana ‘Interethnic Association for the Development of the Peruvian Rainforest’
BDPI	Base de Datos de Pueblos Indígenas u Originarios del Perú ‘Database of Indigenous or Native peoples of Peru’
COICA	Coordinadora de Organizaciones Indígenas de la Cuenca Amazónica ‘Coordinator of Indigenous Organizations of the Amazon Basin’
CORPIAA	Coordinadora Regional de Pueblos Indígenas de AIDSESEP-Atalaya ‘Regional Coordinator of Indigenous Peoples of AIDSESEP-Atalaya’
CVR	Comisión de la Verdad y la Reconciliación ‘Truth and Reconciliation Commission’
DANIDA	Danish International Development Agency

FECONAPA	Federación de Comunidades Indígenas Ashéninka de la Provincia de Atalaya ‘Federation of Ashéninka Indigenous Communities of Atalaya Province’
ILV	Instituto Linüístico de Verano ‘Summer Institute of Linguistics’
IWGIA	International Work Group for Indigenous Affairs
MIAP	Movimiento Indígena de la Amazonía Peruana ‘Indigenous Movement of the Peruvian Amazon’
MIR	Movimiento de Izquierda Revolucionario ‘Left-wing Revolutionary Movement’
MRTA	Movimiento Revolucionario Túpac Amaru ‘Revolutionary Movement Túpac Amaru’
OAGP	Organización Ashéninka del Gran Pajonal ‘Ashéninka Organization of the Gran Pajonal’
OIRA	Organización Indígena Regional de Atalaya ‘Regional Indigenous Organization of Atalaya’
PEPP	Proyecto Especial Pichis-Palcazu ‘Special Project Pichis-Palcazu’
SIL	Summer Institute of Linguistics
SL	Sendero Luminoso ‘Shining Path’
URPIA	Unión Regional de los Pueblos Indígenas de Atalaya ‘Regional Union of the Indigenous Peoples of Atalaya’

Glossary of local Spanish words

(local Spanish words with no or difficult translation in English)

aparina piece of cloth used to carry little children on one's body

carachama *Pseudorinelepis genibarbis*, a species of armoured catfish, and other species of the genus Loricariidae

chacra little piece of cultivated land to feed a family

correría raid in order to kidnap people to work as slaves for the rubber trade during the rubber boom (mid-19th century to 1912)

masato alcoholic drink made with fermented yuca

maspute small hut built in the forest with the purpose of hiding inside to lie in wait for animals to shoot them

ojé tree *Ficus insipida*

pajonalino person from the Gran Pajonal

quebrada brook that usually gets dry in the dry season

Selva Central Peruvian region comprising the Amazonian area roughly in the centre of the country between South and North, where the Campan peoples live

serrano native to the Sierra (the Andes)

Sierra Peruvian name for the area of the Andes Mountains

wirákoča Ashéninka word with the meaning 'non indigenous person'

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