

High fidelity DNA replication and repair: new structures and mechanisms using cryogenic electron microscopy

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Stellingen behorend bij het proefschrijft getiteld

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- 1. Although it is the proteins that catalyse the different reactions which ensure high fidelity DNA replication, it is the DNA itself that governs and determines their activity (this thesis).
- 2. Different signals on DNA modulate the ATP hydrolysis cycle of MutS, allowing the initiation and termination of the mismatch repair reaction (this thesis).
- 3. The two activities of MutS, DNA binding/mismatch recognition and ATPase, are intimately linked such that the ligand at one active site dictates events at the other site (Hingorani DNA repair 2015).
- 4. The MutL protein acts as a 'traffic cop' on DNA that blocks access to the DNA polymerases at 3' resected end while stimulating the action of the UvrD helicase (this thesis).
- 5. The ability of MutL to assume radically different structures and its susceptibility to regulation by DNA strongly suggest that it is a switch important for coordination of events in DNA mismatch repair (Ban *et al. Cell* 1999).
- 6. Cryo-EM's high-resolution revolution will soon be followed by a high-throughput revolution (Drulyte *et al.* Thermo Fisher 2022).
- 7. The rapid mix and plunge freezing capabilities of the Puffalot can be used to trap intermediate states in proteins that adopt multiple conformations (this thesis).
- 8. Blotting and plunging into cryogens usually takes seconds, during which time the sample can come into contact with the AWI hundreds to thousands of times (Klebl *et al.* Structure 2020).
- 9. Holding onto scientific ideas is only worth when results are there to support them.
- 10. Applied science can only develop and go further if basic research has laid the basis for it.