

Exploring strange new worlds with high-dispersion spectroscopy

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Exploring Strange New Worlds with High-Dispersion Spectroscopy

- 1. It is unclear whether TiO is present in the dayside spectrum of the ultra-hot Jupiter WASP-33b. (Chapter 2)
- 2. Future observational facilities will be readily capable of performing Ti isotope studies of the atmospheres of young, widely-orbiting super Jupiters. (Chapter 3)
- 3. Whether the young system HD 169142 contains (proto)planets remains undetermined. (Chapter 4)
- 4. Even using 40-meter-class telescopes, high-dispersion detections of O₂ in the atmospheres of temperate Earth-twins orbiting M-dwarfs will require substantial observational resources. (Chapter 5)
- 5. The best-laid research plans may not survive contact with data.
- Reanalysis with multiple techniques and data sets is important in verifying high-dispersion detections.
- The demonstrated ability of high-dispersion analyses to provide constrained absolute abundances increases their relevance for atmospheric studies of exoplanets.
- Investing time to understand instrument and data characteristics at the beginning of a project can save substantial time in subsequent stages.
- 9. Kindness is inexpensive to give, but is invaluable to receive.
- 10. There is no such thing as a second bad glass of wine.

Dilovan Banks Serindag Leiden, October 2022