



Universiteit
Leiden
The Netherlands

Independent Somalia

Dietz, A.J.

Citation

Dietz, A. J. (2022). Independent Somalia. *African Postal Heritage (Aph) Papers*. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3453585>

Version: Not Applicable (or Unknown)

License: [Leiden University Non-exclusive license](#)

Downloaded from: <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3453585>

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).



African Studies Centre Leiden

African Postal Heritage

APH Paper 50

Ton Dietz

Independent Somalia

Version July 2022

Introduction

Postage stamps and related objects are miniature communication tools, and they tell a story about cultural and political identities and about artistic forms of identity expressions. They are part of the world's material heritage, and part of history. Ever more of this postal heritage becomes available online, published by stamp collectors' organizations, auction houses, commercial stamp shops, online catalogues, and individual collectors. Virtually collecting postage stamps and postal history has recently become a possibility. These working papers about Africa are examples of what can be done. But they are work-in-progress! Everyone who would like to contribute, by sending corrections, additions, and new area studies can do so by sending an email message to the APH editors: Ton Dietz (dietzaj@asc.leidenuniv.nl) and Jan Jansen. You are welcome!

Disclaimer: illustrations and some texts are copied from internet sources that are publicly available. All sources have been mentioned. If there are claims about the copy rights of these sources, please send an email to asc@asc.leidenuniv.nl, and, if requested, those illustrations will be removed from the next version of the working paper concerned.

African Studies Centre Leiden
P.O. Box 9555
2300 RB Leiden
The Netherlands

Telephone	+31-71-5273372
E-mail	asc@asc.leidenuniv.nl
Website	http://www.ascleiden.nl
Facebook	www.facebook.nl/ascleiden
Twitter	www.twitter.com/ascleiden
Countryportal	http://countryportal.ascleiden.nl

Illustrations cover page:

ASC Leiden postage stamp Nederland (2011): ©African Studies Centre Leiden

Cape of Good Hope postage stamp 1853:

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/7c/Cape_Triangular_Postage_Stamp.jpg/400px-Cape_Triangular_Postage_Stamp.jpg

Egypt postage stamp 1914:

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/4/4b/Post_Stamp_Egypt.jpg

Somalia:

<https://web.archive.org/web/20180606005831/http://www.stampworldhistory.com/stamps-issuing-entities#> (Gerben van Gelder)

About the APH paper series

The intention of the APH series is to make information about the philatelic and postal history of Africa available for fellow philatelists, and for others who are interested in the political, economic, and cultural history of Africa. Most APH papers so far present an inventory of postage (and revenue) stamps of former colonies, and the aim is to be as complete as possible for stamps as such, and with special attention for covers and other elements of postal history, which can give historical information about postal communication, and about visual information through postal media. In addition it is the intention to be as complete as possible about postmarks, which show the history of postal coverage of colonial (and post-colonial) territories. For Independent states it is not the intention to be 'complete', but to give a selection of stamps. Most information comes from websites. The APH papers are 'work in progress', and additional information plus corrections are welcome and can be added in future editions.

Table of contents

1	Introduction	4
2	Somalia Republic 1960-1969	9
3	Somalia Democratic Republic 1969-1973	84
4	Jum./Jam. Dim. Somaliya/Soomaaliya, or Soomaaliya, or J.D. Soomaaliya, or J.D. Soomaaliyeed 1973-1990	108
5	Civil War; Official postage services broken down; externally produced stamps issued as J. Soomaaliya 1991-1995	191
6	Soomaaliya 1995-2003	243
7	(Transitional) Federal Government of Somalia: 2004 onwards	346
8	Somali Republic and Republic of Somalia, Illegal Stamps, 1997-2007	352
9	Somalia, Illegal stamps, 1999-2010	365
10	Soomaaliya and others: Illegal stamps from 2010 onwards	383
11	Postmarks used in Somalia after Independence in 1960	397
12	A Note on sources	410

APH 46: British Somaliland

APH 47: Italian Jubaland

APH 48: Italian Somalia until 1940

APH 49: Italian Somalia 1940-1960

APH 51: Somaliland Republic after 1991

APH 55: Italian East Africa 1936-1943

APH 56: Italian Colonies, general issues

M = Michel Katalog Nord- und Ostafrika, 2005, pp 1103-1143

Y = Yvert & Tellier Catalogue

1 Introduction

<https://web.archive.org/web/20180606005831/http://www.stampworldhistory.com/stamps-issuing-entities#> (Gerben van Gelder) (adjusted):



“Somalia is located in eastern Africa, in the Horn of Africa. The Somali are an Afro-Asiatic people living across the Horn of Africa. In the second part of the 19th century, during the ‘Scramble for Africa’, the land of the Somali was divided: the British gained British Somaliland, the French the French Somali Coast, the Italians Italian Somaliland and Ethiopia the Ogaden. In the complex history of the region, several attempts have been made to undo this division. As early as the late 19th century, the Dervish State – a Somali state – conquered parts of the land of the Somali across the borders as drawn by the colonial powers and Ethiopia. The Dervish State was defeated by the British in 1920. After WWII, it’s the British – in possession of British Somaliland and occupying Ethiopia and Italian Somaliland – who proposed to form a unified Somali state – without success.

Current Somalia eventually was formed by uniting British Somaliland and Italian Somaliland. British Somaliland had become a British protectorate in 1887. During WWII, for a short time in 1940-1941, British Somaliland was occupied by Italy. In 1960, British Somaliland gained

independence as the State of Somaliland, and soon afterwards joined the Republic of Somalia. Italian Somaliland had become an Italian protectorate in 1889 and was annexed as an Italian colony in 1905. In 1925, Jubaland – part of British Kenya – was transferred by the British to Italy to become part of Italian Somaliland in 1926. From 1936 onwards, Italian Somaliland was made part of Italian East Africa as the province of Somalia of which the Ogaden also became a part. Occupied by the British in 1941, Italian Somaliland would become the United Nations trust territory of Somalia, again under Italian administration. Italian Somaliland gained independence in 1960. Upon gaining independence Italian Somaliland joined with the State of Somaliland to form the Republic of Somalia.

After a coup d'état in 1969, the democratic republic of Somalia was formed – a socialist state. The authoritarian socialist regime was ousted in 1991 and Somalia once again became a Republic. The change of power, however, plunged Somalia in a civil war that reverberates until today. Ever changing factions have fought each other, interventions from the United Nations, from 1992 to 1995, and from Ethiopia and the African Union, from 2006 to 2009, have at best had partial success in restoring stability.



Members of the al-Shabaab faction – one of the many factions in the ongoing Somalia civil war

As early as 1991, the Republic of Somaliland – the larger part of the former British Somaliland – declared full independence (see APH 50). Although the Republic of Somaliland is not recognized internationally, it has succeeded in attaining relative stability and keeping the civil war largely outside of its borders. Other parts of the country – Jubaland in the south, Puntland in the north – have declared themselves to be largely self-governing.

In 2012, Somalia became a federal republic that included several of the self-governing parts of the country. However, until today, Somalia is home of many opposing factions. The economy has not had a chance to develop during the continuing years of civil war.

Part of the border between Somalia and Ethiopia – drawn by the British as an ‘administrative line’ – is disputed since independence, Somalia claiming parts of the Ogaden. Tensions have, in 1977-1978, led to a war between Somalia and Ethiopia that ended in the status quo ante bellum.

Postal history Somalia

The first stamps used in current Somalia were Egyptian stamps used at the Egyptian offices in Berbera and Zeila from 1881 to 1884. Next the British, from British India, set up post offices in Somalia from 1887 – in Berbera and Zeila in British Somaliland and in Hobyo in Italian Somaliland. These offices were closed in 1907.



1960 – First issue of the republic of Somalia, commemorating independence.

From 1903 onwards, both in British and Italian Somaliland, stamps have been issued by the colonial administration. In British Somaliland these would be used until independence of British Somaliland in 1960. In Italian Somaliland they would be superseded by the stamps of Italian East Africa used from 1936 until 1941. During the British occupation of Italian Somaliland, a range of occupation issues has been, from 1950, superseded by the issues from the Italian trust administration.

When the State of Somaliland became independent on 26 June 1960, the British stamps were withdrawn and a set of stamps was issued on behalf of the State of Somaliland – these being stamps from Italian Somaliland overprinted ‘Somaliland Independence 26 June 1960’. The first issue for the joined Republic of Somalia followed on 1 July 1960: definitives commemorating the founding of the newly independent republic.

With the start of the civil war in 1991, the postal services in Somalia have come to a standstill. Since its installation in 2012, the federal government has been working on the reestablishment of the postal services. Stamps issued since 1991 by various factions in the country – including the de facto independent Republic of Somaliland – are not recognized by the UPU and are not listed in the worldwide catalogues”. (All: Gerben van Gelder’s archival website)

On the website of the AICPM (<http://forum.aicpm.net/viewtopic.php?f=21&t=3657>) there is also some attention for the postage stamps and postal history of Independent Somalia after 1960. This is their introductory text (in Italian; please use google translate if you want a translation in any other language): “Dopo la fine dell'AFIS nel 1960, la neonata Repubblica Somala (che comprendeva anche il territorio della ex Somalia Britannica) continuo' a far realizzare i propri francobolli (disegno e stampa) in Italia dall'Istituto Poligrafico dello Stato. Solo dal 1967 la Repubblica Somala commissiono' alcune serie anche ad altre stamperie (De La Rue, Poligrafico di Ercolano, Poligrafico Staderini); la serie non emessa per Apollo XI fu commissionata alla ditta Turati e Lombardi di Milano, ma mai distribuita per il sopraggiunto colpo di stato del 21-10-1969 che aprì la strada al regime di Siad Barre. La denominazione fu mutata in Repubblica Democratica Somala e, dopo un paio di serie stampate da altri operatori, Mogadiscio torno' a rivolgersi dal 1970 esclusivamente all' Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato di Roma e, con l'eccezione di una serie stampata in Norvegia, si ando' avanti così sino all'ultima serie del 1990. Nel 1991 cadde il regime di Siad Barre e comincio' la guerra civile che si puo' dire non sia mai finita. Si interruppero le relazioni postali con l'Italia e con tutto il mondo: cio' nonostante la rappresentanza diplomatica della Repubblica Somala continuo' a commissionare serie di francobolli all'IPZS di Roma e ai disegnatori italiani (Vangelli soprattutto) sino alla fine del secolo. Queste emissioni sono secondo me sostanzialmente di fantasia, visto che non esistevano collegamenti postali effettivi. Le nuove autorità somale negli ultimi anni hanno ripetutamente proclamato di voler ripristinare un normale collegamento postale riprendendo le emissioni...mah...”.

Also: “La storia postale (e la filatelia) della Somalia indipendente hanno pochi, se non pochissimi, cultori. Eppure qualche motivo di interesse ci sarebbe. Intanto nei primi anni dopo l'indipendenza (almeno sino al 1962) continuo' l'uso di carte valori postali AFIS. Dal 1960 al 1968 le carte valori postali continuarono ad essere "scritte" in arabo e italiano. Dal 1969 venne scelto l'inglese come lingua da accompagnare all'arabo. Nel 1973 invece entro' in uso la lingua somala scritta in caratteri latini (sempre accompagnata dall'arabo). Poi, come ho scritto, scomparve il servizio postale....”.

Also see: https://postalmuseum.si.edu/sites/default/files/exhibitions/npm-somalia-sc566-1990_0517_10738.jpg: “Somalia: An area on the eastern coast of Africa, bordering on the Indian Ocean and the Gulf of Aden. The northern coastal area was under the influence of the Turks from the 16th century and Egypt during the 19th century. The southern coast was under a vague Arab suzerainty after the mid-18th century. In 1905 the area was constituted as the Italian colony of Somaliland. In 1936, Somaliland was merged with Eritrea and Ethiopia to form Italian East Africa. In 1941, the area was occupied by Great Britain, which held it until 1950, using overprinted British stamps. In 1950, the area was returned to Italy, under a U.N. trusteeship. In 1960, the area became independent, merging with the former British Somaliland Protectorate to form the Republic of Somalia. In 1970, the nation's name was changed to the Somali Democratic Republic. A military coup in 1969 brought an increasingly socialistic regime to power. Relations with the Soviet Union strengthened, and a major Soviet naval base was established at Berbera. Soviet-Somali relations cooled when Moscow switched its support to Ethiopia in the two nations' dispute over the Ogaden, a large eastern region of Ethiopia populated primarily by Somalis. In 1977, Soviet advisers were expelled from Somalia. In 1978, Somali forces were expelled from the Ogaden by Ethiopian and

Cuban troops. Over one million Somali refugees from the region fled to Somalia. The government survived this defeat but collapsed in 1991, after which Somalia disintegrated into a chronic anarchy, in which numerous warring clans vied for power. The northern portion of the country, formerly the British territory, separated from the rest of Somalia to form the independent Somaliland Republic. Narrative by Linn's Stamp News".

Presidents of Somalia: see https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_presidents_of_Somalia

Pictures of this website have been used in this APH paper.

2 Somalia Republic

On July 1, 1960, Somalia became an Independent Republic, as a combination of the Italian UN mandate area Somalia and the former British Colony Somaliland, that had become Independent five days earlier, with the purpose to join Greater Somalia on July 1st. See APH 45: British Somaliland.

1960-1967



Aden Adde (1908-2007). First President: 1 July 1960 – 10 June 1967

2.1 The Independence Series of Somaliland, 26 June 1960

M1-3: 0.10S, 0.50S, and 1.20S (last two: airmail); Y1+A1/2



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/H8QAAOxyqKVRh0Hw/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Hargeisa.

The collection of Vincent Prange



Vincent Prange p. 54: On 1/7/1960 Somalia AFIS became Independent and a few days before, on 26 June 1960 the former British Protectorate British Somaliland became Independent, with the intention that it would be amalgamated with Italian-administered Somalia to form the new Somali Republic. To mark this occasion a series of three stamps was issued as overprints on AFIS stamps, and "Somaliland Independence 26 June 1960", to be used in this area. Unlike some catalogues write this series could be used until all stamps had been sold.

In Independent Somalia not much changed for the time being. Stamps continued to be designed and produced in Rome. And Italian remained the language used. Ever more Italians started to leave the

new state, and postal usage of stamps is scarce after Independence. Somalia AFIS stamps continued to be used for many years.

25/9/1960. Registered letter from Hargeisa to London with the Somaliland Independence stamps. The postmark Hargeisa still used the name Somaliland.

2.2 The Independence Series of Somalia, 1/7/1960

M4-7: 0.05S, 0.25S, 1S, 1.80S (last two: airmail); Y2-3+A



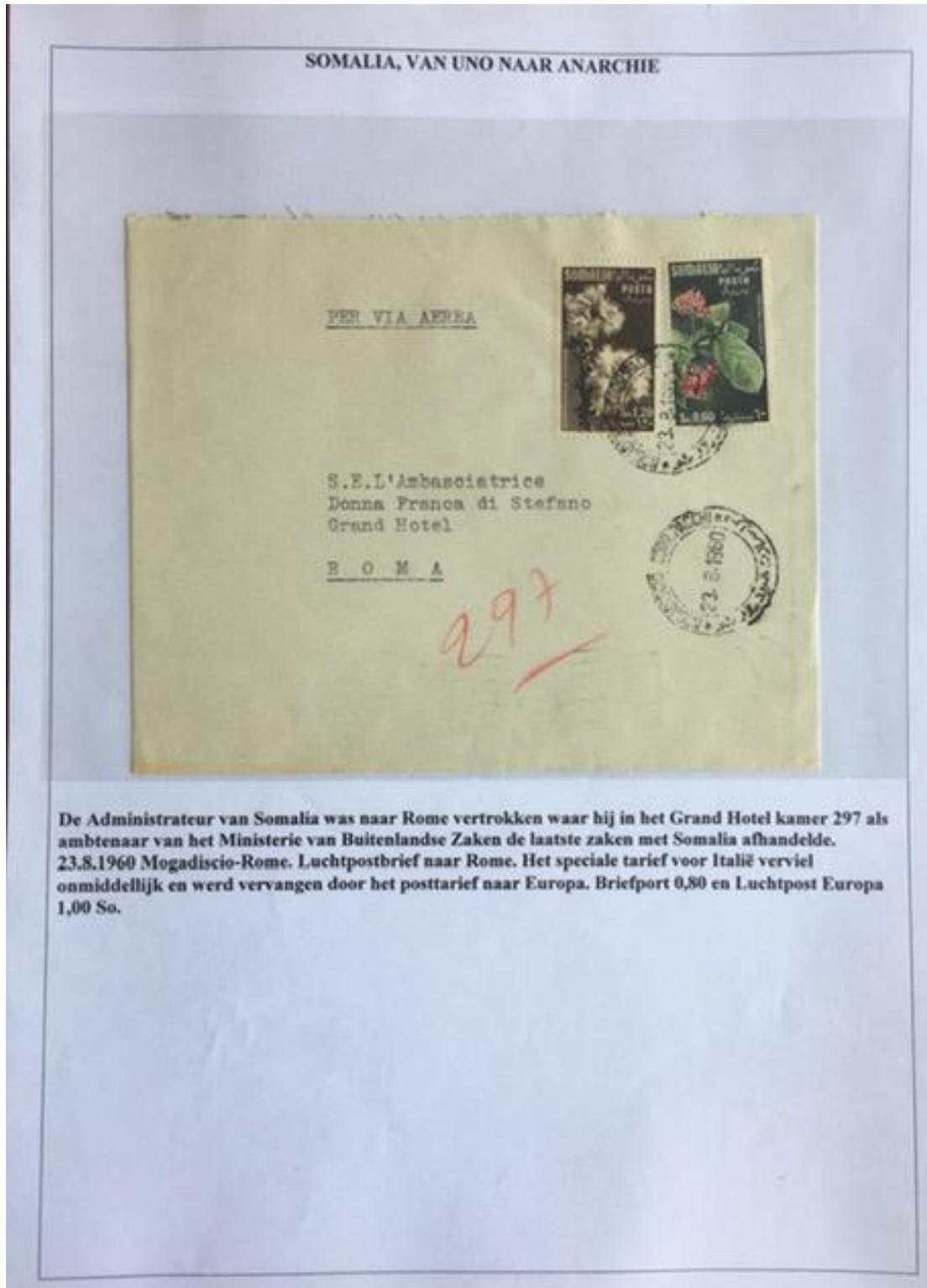
[https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/373642878930 /Francobolli-1960-SOMALIA-PROCLAMAZIONE-INDIPENDENZA-4v.jpg](https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/373642878930/Francobolli-1960-SOMALIA-PROCLAMAZIONE-INDIPENDENZA-4v.jpg)

The collection of Vincent Prange



Somalia, van UNO naar Anarchie (from UNO to Anarchy), p. 53: 1/7/1960 the end of Somalia AFIS and the first day of Independence. In Italy there was no philatelic attention for this fact, but in Somalia it was celebrated with a special series, showing the Somali Government Buildings and the Somali Flag on the 1.80So stamp, and on the 1So the Parliament Building in Rome and the Italian Flag. From now on Italy was represented by a Consul.

Also: Filitalia 17/4, p.2: "On July 1 an Independence Series appeared, printed in Rome, with the new flag, the Italian flag on a government building in Rome, the flag of the UN on its headquarters in New York, and, the lowest value, a map of Africa and a gazelle, to please the thematic philatelists. In Italy itself there was no recognition of Somalia Independence whatsoever".



p. 55: The Administrator of Somalia and his wife had left for Rome, where they stayed in the Grand Hotel (room 297), Mario di Stefano as a civil servant of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, to arrange the

last bits and pieces of handing over to the new government. This is a letter sent from Mogadiscio to Rome for Ms di Stefano, on 23/8/1960. It was an airmail letter but the special rate for Italy was immediately cancelled after Independence and replaced by the general postal rate for Europe: letter 0.80So and Airmail Europe 1So. Stamps used: the AFIS flower stamps of 1.20So and 0.60So.

Additional illustrations



https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/001/016/998/498_001.jpg?v=1. Postmark Somalia Stato Indipendente 17 1960. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XKsAAOSwT6pVvO6l/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Indipendenza della Somalia 1.7. 1960. FDC.

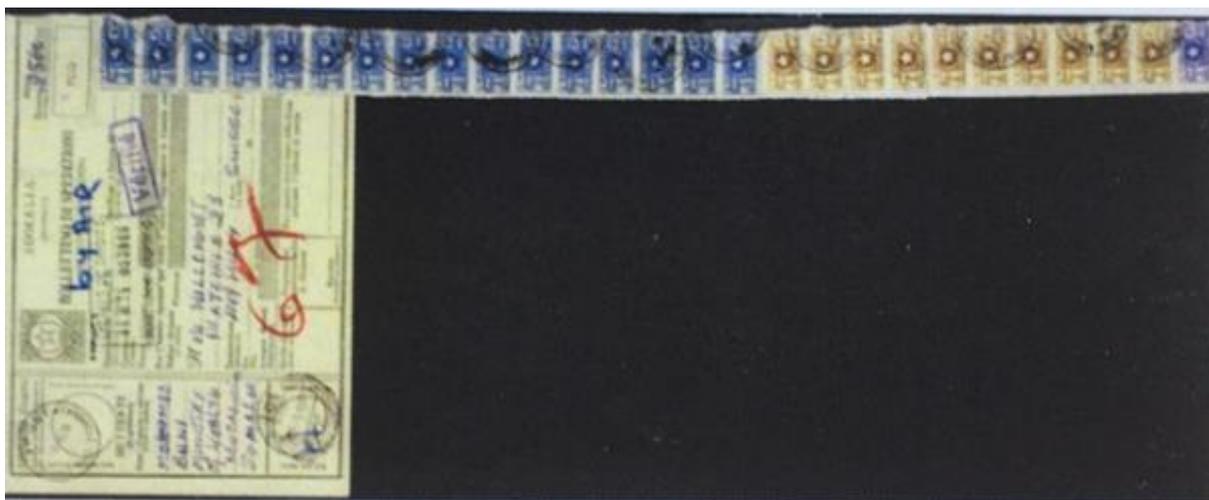


https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684434502/_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1960-Independence-railways-ECR.jpg Postmark Somalia Stato Indipendente 1 7 1960. FDC.



Filitalia 17/4, p. 2: "On the afternoon before formal Independence, governor Mario di Stefano had ended his activities in the Italian Embassy in Mogadiscio, and had taken an airplane to Rome, where he stayed in the Grand Hotel for a couple of months, receiving letters (and stamps [he was an active stamp collector]) from the new country. The Italian Embassy in Mogadiscio, in the meantime, had been transferred to a 'normal' consulate". Stamps: a combination of the 1So stamp of the new Independence series as well as the 1.20So and 0.60So stamps of the AFIS flower series.

2.3 Use of Parcel stamps of an earlier period



Filitalia 17/4, p. 2: "After Independence the old flower stamps of (Italian) Somalia, as well as postage due and parcel stamps continued to be used for a long time. This example is from 1975, when, due to inflation, a host of old parcel stamps have been used".

2.4 Somalia, 1960: Olympic Games in Rome

M8-11: 0.05, 0.10S, 0.45S, 1.80S (last two: airmail); Y4-5+A



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906210176.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/PFoAAOSwuR1atdRM/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Olimpiadi 1960 24 11 1960. FDC.

2.5 Somalia 1960: Children's stamps

M12-15: 0.10S, 0.15S, 0.25S, 3S (last one: airmail) ; Y6-8+A



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906209874.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/z38AAOSwvi5f63Q-/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 24 11 1960

2.6 Somalia 1960 Revenues



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/6861308.jpg?286>: “#121 and #131. c1960. Italian Trust Territory issues surcharged in nc1960. Italian Trust Territory issues surcharged in new currency, cents values expressed as 'Cent 0,50' or similar and shillings values as 'Sh. So. 1' etc.

a) Lion type (as #51)

121. 50c on 1c chocolate and pale yellow

b) National emblem type, large format (as #106)

131. 1s on 20c bright blue

Notes: according to both Bussoli and Unificato, the Lion stamps are wmk winged wheel, though I am unable to confirm this myself. Bussoli and Unificato also list the following surcharges on the Lion revenues, none of which I have seen: 30c on 5c (Unificato only), 50c on 5c, 1s on 2c, 1s on 5c (surch in red), 2s on 2c, 2s on 5c”.



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/6010101.jpg?337>: “#141-142 (#141 illustration from Unificato, #142 from Bussoli). c1960. New large type featuring national emblem, inscribed 'Repubblica Somala Marca da Bollo'. The 50c has the printer's imprint at foot. Wmk multiple stars. 141. 50c blue and black 142. 1s brick-red and black.

Series: (from: http://xoomer.virgilio.it/cbussoli/somalia_independente.html).

- | | | | | | |
|-----|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------|-----|----------------------|
| 1) | 0,50/0,01 cent BRU e G; | 2) | 0,20/0,01 BRU e G; | 3) | 0,50/0,02 ARA e G |
| 4) | 0,50/0,05 VIO e G; | 5) | 1 Sh So/0,02 ARA e G; | 6) | 1 Sh So/0,05 VIO e G |
| 7) | 2 Sh So/0,02 ARA e G | 7a) | 2 Sh So/0,05 VIO e G; | | |
| 8) | 1Sh So R MATTONE e GRI | 9) | 4Sh So R e GRI | 10) | 1Sh So/0,20 So A |
| 11) | 0,50 Sh So A | 12) | 1Sh So M | | |



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/7645982.jpg?618>: "#151-165. 1960s. As earlier issues but now with values in Somali shillings ('Sh So'). Lion (4s and 10s) or small-format national emblem as #111/2 (others), the 5c to 3s, 5s and 20s additionally inscribed 'REVENUE STAMP' in English. Wmk multiple stars.

- 151. 5c deep violet
- 152. 10c blue-green
- 153. 20c pale blue
- 154. 30c bright magenta
- 155. 50c ultramarine
- 156. 1s orange-brown

157. 2s deep brown

158. 3s purple

159. 4s brown and greenish grey (Lion)

160. 5s bronze-green

161. 10s claret and greenish grey (Lion)

162. 20s deep reddish violet

163. 50s deep green

164. 60s bright yellow-green

165. 100s red

Note: the imprint on the 50s and 100s reads 'IPS - ROMA', while on all the other values and all previous issues it reads 'IPS - OFF CARTE VALORI - ROMA'.

Barefoot lists a 10s red in the national emblem design, though I have not seen this”.



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/7312416.jpg?126>: “The stamp shown here was sold on eBay in 2010. It is similar to #161 but printed in a single colour on unwatermarked paper. This could be a crude government reprint, but equally it might possibly be a forgery.”



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/1acAAOSw~OVWtyzV/s-l500.jpg>



<https://storage.googleapis.com/hipstamp/p/0d93a91a6b71e6e48782067caa66f70d-800.jpg>

2.7 Somalia 1960 Sales Tax stamps



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/2645438.jpg?620>: “1960s? Starburst. 32 x 18 mm. Imperf three sides, roulette 9 at left. No watermark. Printed by De La Rue, with imprint in lower right corner.

- T1. 5s sepia
- T2. 100s violet
- T3. 500s deep green

So far these stamps have been recorded only as singles, but the rouletting at left suggests that they may have been issued as two-part pairs. If so, it is possible that the two halves of the stamp were divided when the stamp was used on receipts, one half being on the customer's copy and the other on the retailer's copy”.



http://xoomer.virgilio.it/cbussoli/images/indipendente_tassa_sulle_vendite_rid.jpg

25) 5 Sh So MARRONE

26) 100 Sh So VIO

27) 500 Sh So V



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/hoQAAOSw9CpawAqp/s-l1600.jpg>: "Somalia Sales Tax Revenue Barefoot #2 MNH 100s 1970".

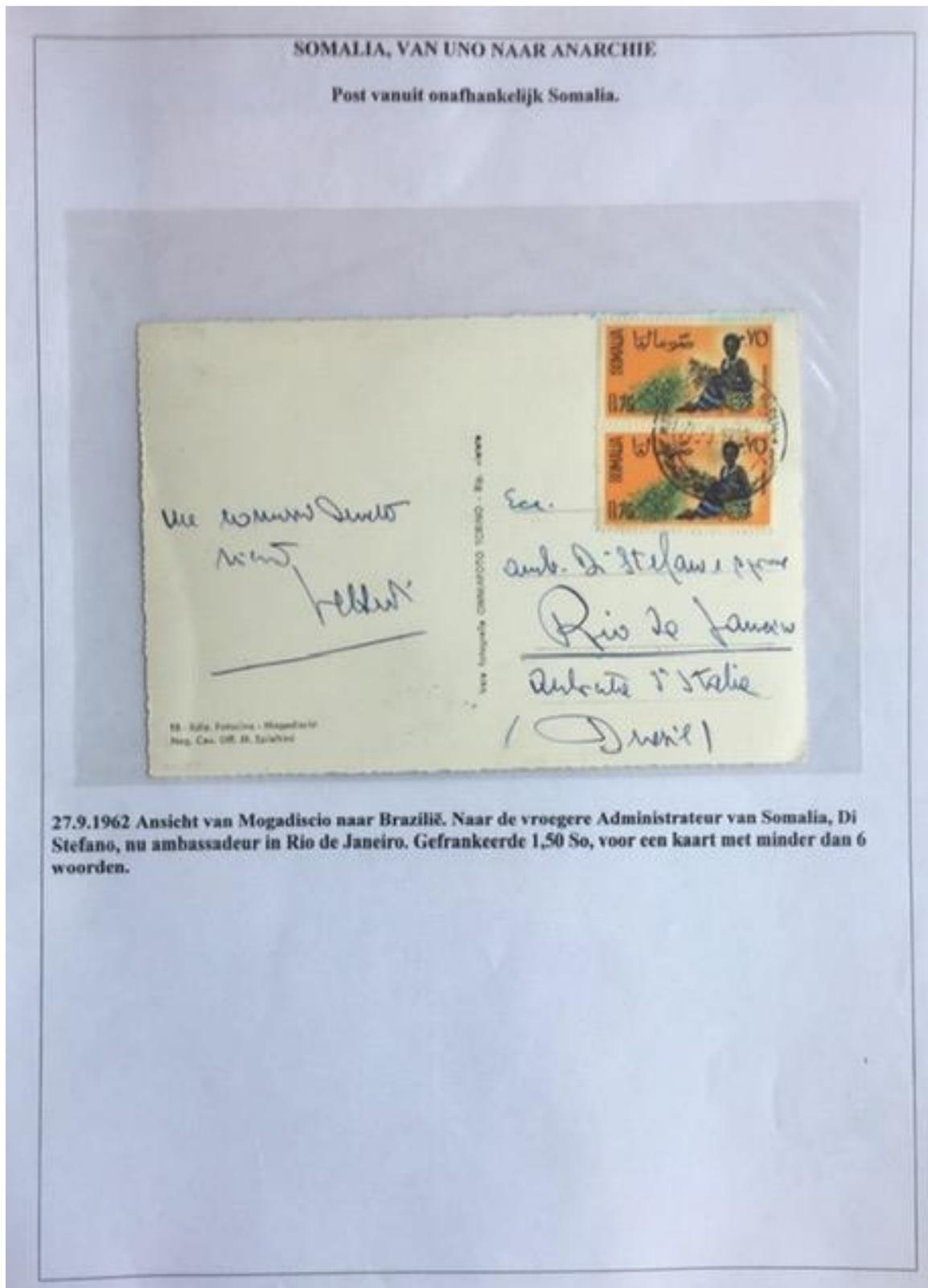
2.8 Somalia 1961: definitives with new currency: 1 Somali Shilling = 100 Centesimi

M16-23: 0.05Sh, 0.10Sh, 0.20Sh, 0.25Sh, 0.40Sh, 0.50Sh, 0.75Sh, 0.80Sh; Y9-16



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/wJQAAOSwIYdeY29R/s-l500.jpg>

Collection Vincent Prange



p. 57: 27/9/1962. Postcard from Mogadiscio to Brazil, to the former Administrator di Stefano, now Italian Ambassador in Rio de Janeiro. With 1.50So (2x0.75So) for a postcard with less than six words.

Additional illustrations



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/eF0AAOSwZrtccPt3/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 5.7.1961. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/7lCAAOSwslJccPsR/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 5.7.1961. FDC.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=24005> Postmark Mogadiscio.

2.9 1961: Airmail: butterflies

M24-30: 0.60Sh, 0.90Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh, 3Sh, 5Sh, 10Sh; Y8-14



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/h20AAOSwRha1K55/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/373751202426/_FDC-Venetia-Club-Somalia-Ind1961-Butterflies-Viagg.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 9.9.1961



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/RMOAAOSwTONbY3Jl/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Merca, 16 10 1965.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=23926&t=1>: "Io possiedo questo aereogramma somalo, preso più per curiosità che per altro, viaggiato nel 1965 da Mogadiscio a Brema Germania, con bollo di arrivo. Non ho la minima idea se la tariffa fosse quella corretta, nè se sia un documento comune o meno". Postmark Mogadiscio, 3 7 1965 on a Stationery Airmail Letter with 1 Sh.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/55QAAOSwDklebU6s/s-l1600.jpg> Stationery stamp of 1 Sh, and 1961 stamp of 0.20Sh. Postmark: "This article originally mailed in country indicated by Postage".

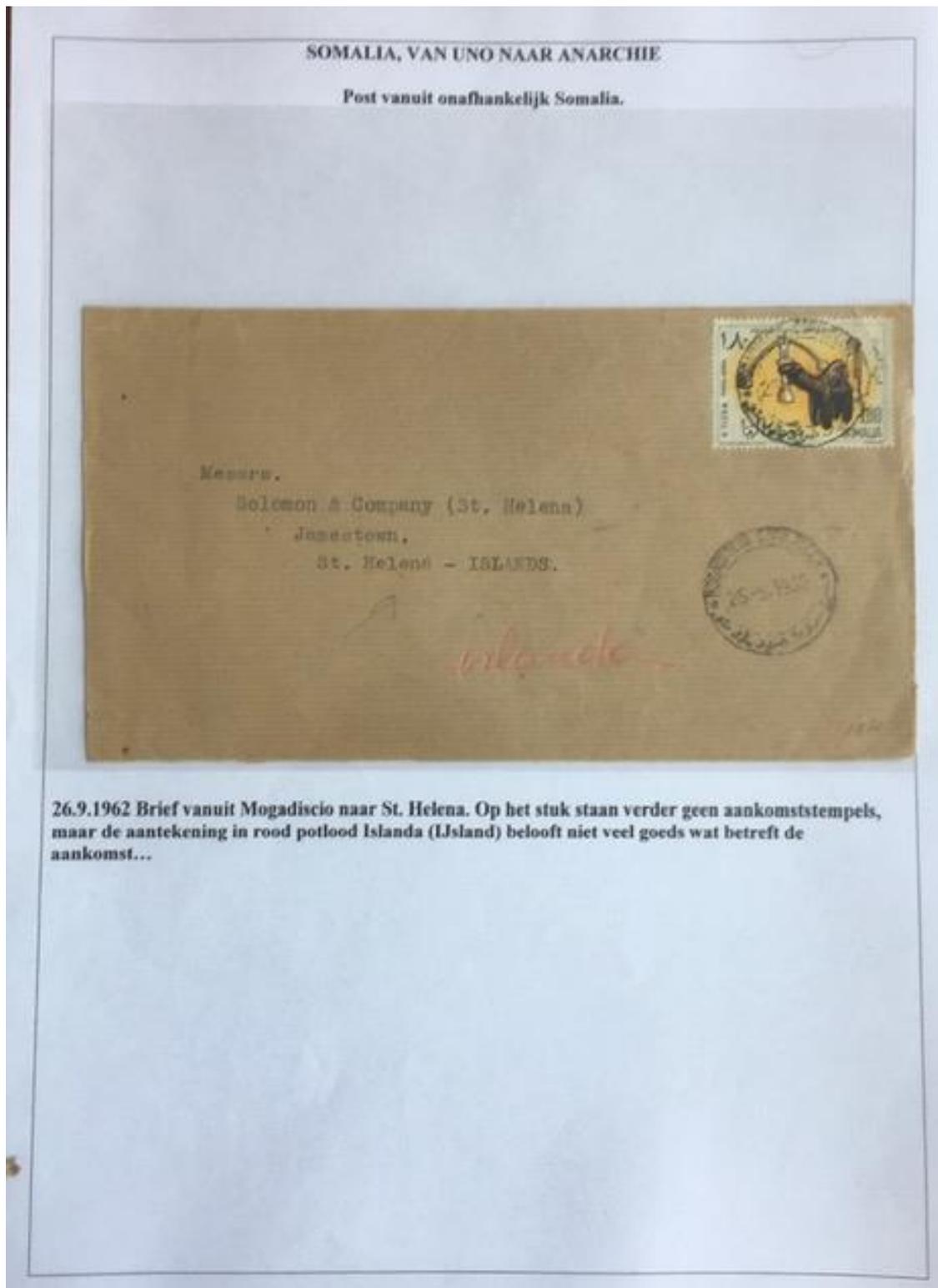
2.10: 1961: Fiera della Somalia

M31-34: 0.25Sh, 0.45Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail); Y17-18+A



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/qikAAOSw0mRgfGpl/s-l300.jpg>

Collection of Vincent Prange



p.56: 26/9/1962. Letter from Mogadiscio to Saint Helena in the Atlantic ocean. There are no arrival marks but the written indication Islanda (Iceland) does not indicate a correct destination.... Sent with the 1.80So Fiera stamp of 1961 and postmark Mogadiscio.

Additional Illustrations

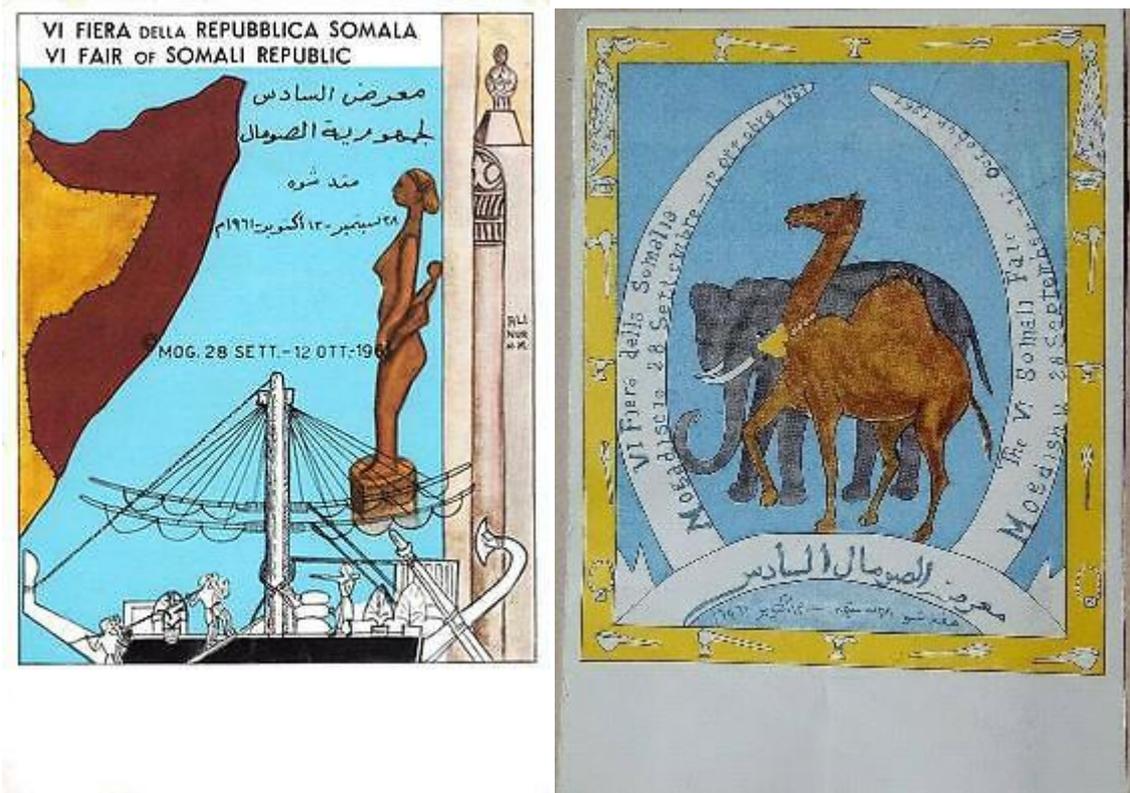


<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/aYkAAOSw0dFccObu/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 28 9 1961. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ZoAAAOSwMThfIX2E/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 28 9 1961

Postcards made for the Fair of 1961:



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/291979532636_/9680-Somalia-1961-Mogadiscio-Vi-Fiera-Della-Repubblica.jpg

<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/TRIAAOSwOntfIX0u/s-l1600.jpg>

2.11 1962: Children's stamps

M35-38: 0.15Sh, 0.25Sh, 0.40Sh, 2.70Sh (airmail)



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906200686.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/KZcAAOSwQVlccPSa/s-1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 26 4 1962. FDC.



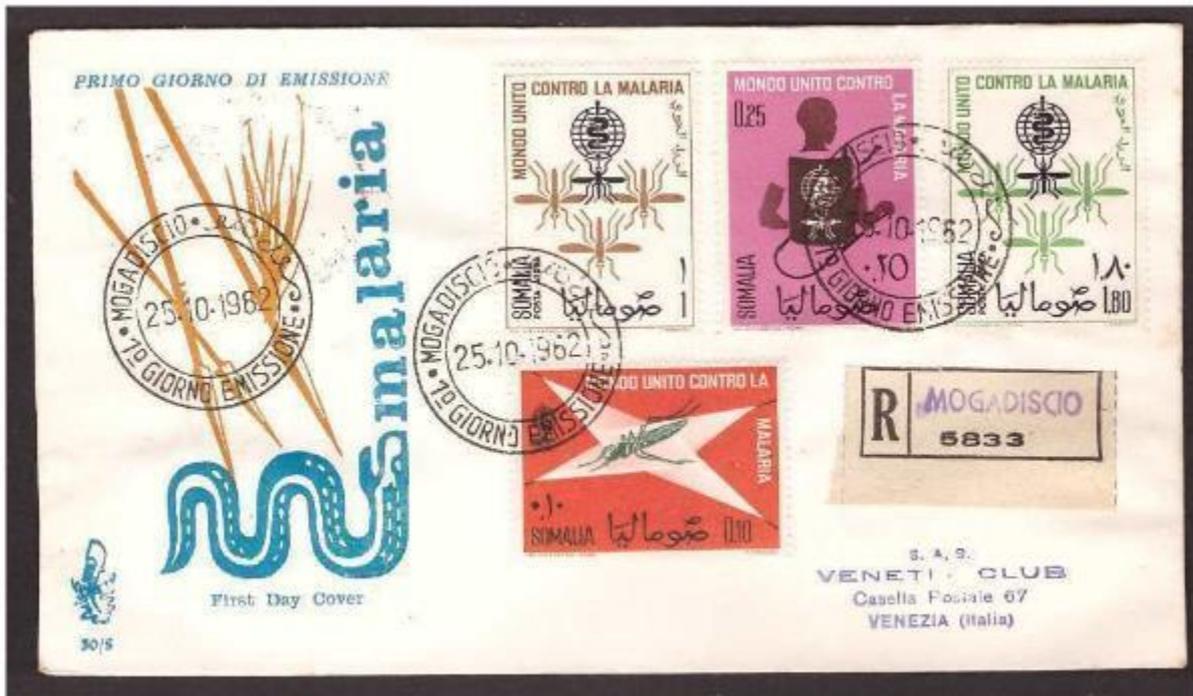
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/7P4AAOSwCp1f3V7e/s-1300.jpg> Idem.

2.12 1962: Struggle against Malaria

M39-42: 0.10Sh, 0.25Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail); Y22-23+A



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906209877.jpg>

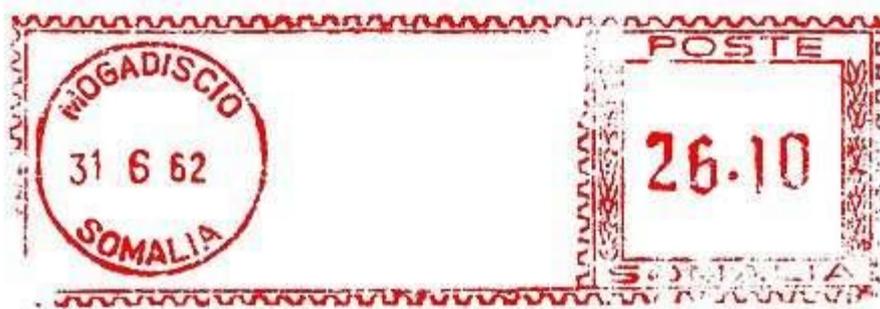


https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373410716825/_FDC-Venetia-Club-Somalia-Ind1962-Grappling-Ankle.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 25 10 1962. FDC.



<http://www.francobolitematici.it/mettimmagini/50222.jpg> Postmark Serie Anti-Malaria, 25 10 1962. FDC.

2.12A 1962: Postage Meter Stamp



https://zims-en.kiwix.campusafrika.gos.orange.com/wikibooks/en/all_maxi/l/m/Somalia_stamp_type_2B.jpg

2.13 1963: women in the Somali Police Force

M43-48: 0.05Sh, 0.10Sh, 0.25Sh, 0.75Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail); Y24-27+A



<https://www.filatelialongobardi.it/imgProdotti/somalia-24%20A-stamps201112050145.png>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/37QAAOSwETJbvLVK/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Mogadiscio 25 5 1963. FDCs.



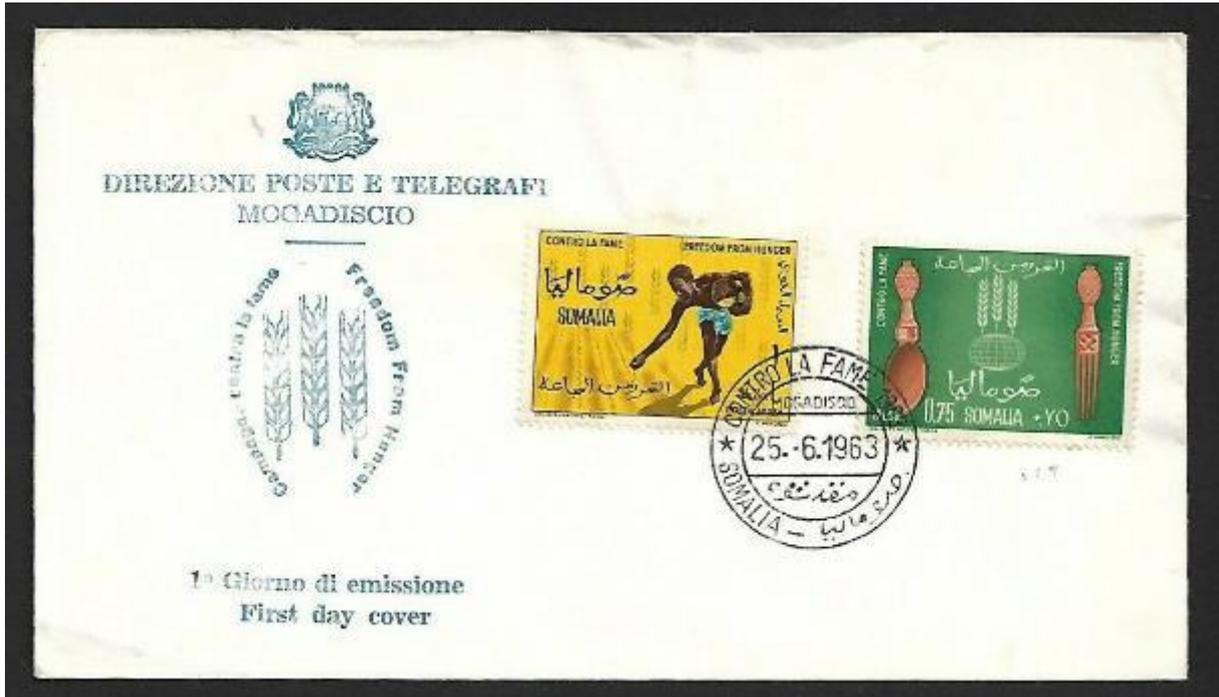
<https://assets.catawiki.nl/assets/2018/8/13/d/e/4/de40fd51-733f-4016-a5b4-f90d414856a0.jpg>
Postmark Mogadiscio.

2.14 1963: struggle against hunger

M49-50: 0.75Sh and 1 Sh (airmail); Y28+A



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/284408682382_/Somalia-1963-Contro-La-Fame.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/SXgAAOSwZedeJU0V/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Contro la Fame 1963, 25 6 1963. FDC.



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684428365/_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1963-Against-Hunger-railways.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 25 6 1963. FDC.

2.15 1963: Three years of Independence: President Aden Abdulla Osman

M51-53: 0.25Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail): Y29+A



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/748AAOSw42dZKYGB/s-11600.jpg>: “Pres. Aden Abdulla Osman”.



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/284409525416/_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1963-Ann-Independence-railways.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 15 9 1963. FDC.

2.16 Fiera della Somalia

M54-56: 0.25Sh, 0.55Sh, 1.80Sh (airmail); Y30-31+A



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/xUAAAOSwsyNedMO5/s-l1600.jpg>

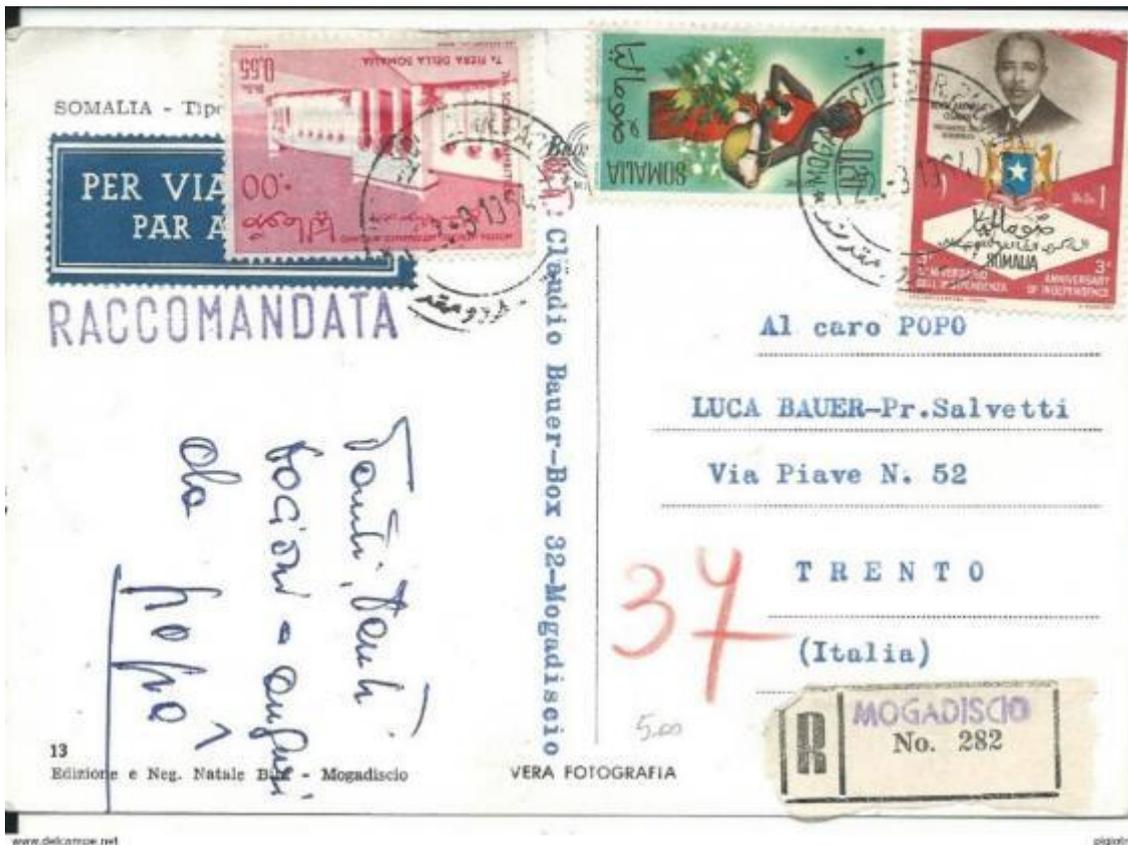


scindedawk.com (#D200417-18)

<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/IBkAAOSw9J9coTR~/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark 7a Fiera della Somalia . Mogadiscio, 28.9.1963. FDC.

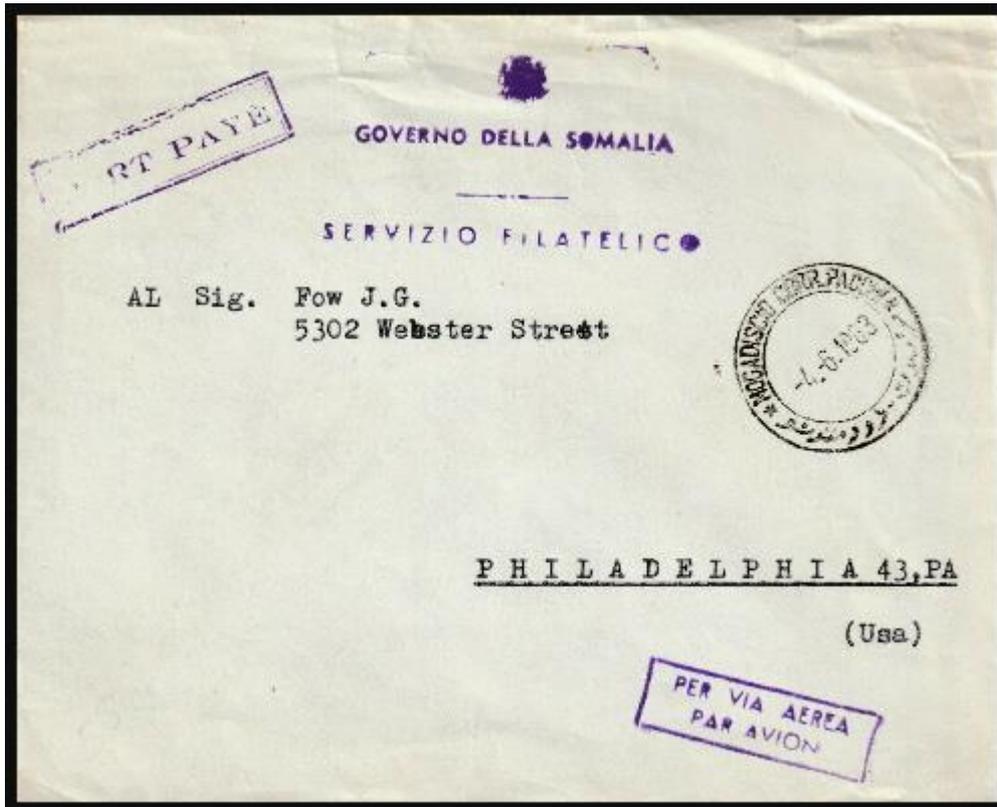


<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/pz8AAOSw90tg1Vsc/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 28 9 1963. FDC.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=28723&t=1>. Postmark Mogadiscio Corr Pacchi, 24.9.1964, on a registered postcard to Italy.

2.17 1963: Letter to the USA with portfreedom



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/B9AAAOSwC2FgYqVX/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Corr. Pacchi 4.6. 1963, on an airmail letter to the USA, sent by the Government of Somalia (“Port Paye”, and “Servizio Filatelico”).

2.18 1964: Ten years’ anniversary of the Credit Bank

M57-59: 0.60Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail)



<https://www.filatelialongobardi.it/imgProdotti/somalia-32%20A-stamps201112050902.png>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/SCoAAOSwpFphU6zc/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 26 4 1964. FDC.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=28721&t=1> . Postmark Mogadiscio, 1964.

2.19 1964: Olympic Games Tokio

M60-63: 0.10Sh, 0.25Sh, 0.90Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail), and Block 1; Y33-34+A



<http://www.francobolitematici.it/mettimmagini/43254.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/964AAOSw~npedMO/-s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312519_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1964-Olympics-in-Tokyo.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio, 10.10.1964. FDC.

2.20 1964: Somali Airline

M64-67: 0.05Sh, 0.20Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two: airmail);



<https://www.filatelialongobardi.it/imgProdotti/somalia-35%20A-stamps201112051413.png>



<http://www.francobolitematici.it/mettimmagini/50223.jpg> Postmark Linee Aeree Somalie Mogadiscio, 8 11 1964. FDC.



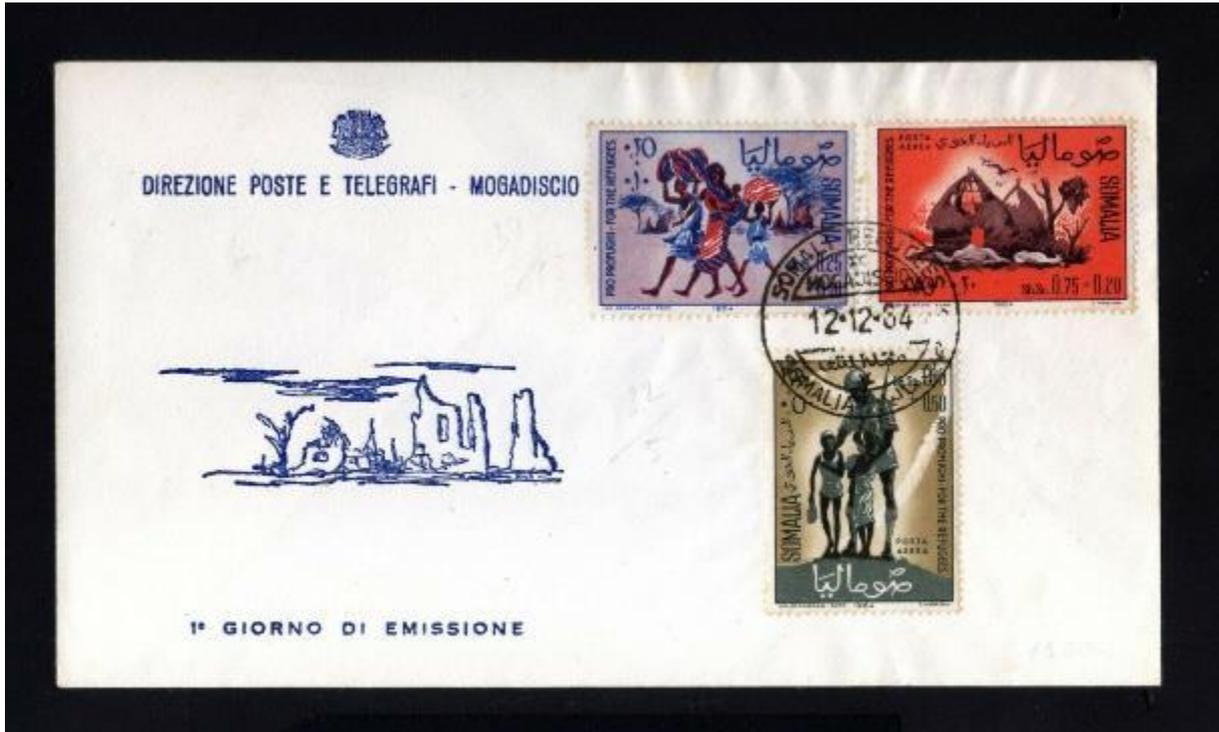
https://www.collitshop.com/WebRoot/StoreIT5/Shops/131256/6001/C160/B371/BF44/B721/OAOA/B010/BOCC/1659_m.jpg. Postmark Mogadiscio 8 11 1964, on a registered airmail letter to Italy. FDC.

2.21 1964: Refugees

M68-70: 0.25 + 0.10Sh, 0.75+0.20Sh, 1.80+0.50Sh (last two: airmail): Y37+A



<http://www.francobolitematici.it/mettimmagini/46022.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ak4AAOSw2gBf3V3j/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Somali Refugees, Mogadiscio, 12 12 1964. FDC.

2.21A 1964: Postage Meter Stamp



<https://zims->

[en.kiwix.campusafrika.gos.orange.com/wikibooks_en_all_maxi/l/m/Somalia_stamp_type_1.jpg](https://zims-en.kiwix.campusafrika.gos.orange.com/wikibooks_en_all_maxi/l/m/Somalia_stamp_type_1.jpg) :

“square frank with simulated perforation outer border and straight line inner border. Inscribed “POSTE SOMALE” at top. “SH. SO.” below value figures. A single wavy line appears at both sides. The town mark and slogan are enclosed in a greater straight line outer border. One meter known used, by the National Bank of Somalia”.

2.22 1965: 100 years ITU

M71-73: 0.25Sh, 1Sh, 1.80Sh (last two airmail); Y38+A



<https://www.filatelialongobardi.it/imgProdotti/somalia-38%20A-stamps201112050904.png>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/bcoAAOSw0oBZxpSr/s-l1600.jpg> . Postmark Mogadiscio, 17 5 1965. FDC.

2.23 1965: Fiera della Somalia

M74-78: 0.10Sh, 0.25Sh, 0.35Sh, 1.50Sh, 2Sh (last two: airmail); Y39-41+A



<https://www.briefmarken-muenzen-shop.de/somalia-1965-somali-messe-landwirtschaft-74-78-postfrisch?a=755871&c=46486>



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/372866076401_/Somalia-1965-Eighth-Fiera-FDC.jpg

FDC VIII Fiera Internazionale della Somalia Mogadiscio, 28 9 1965. FDC.

2.24 1965: Flora and Fauna

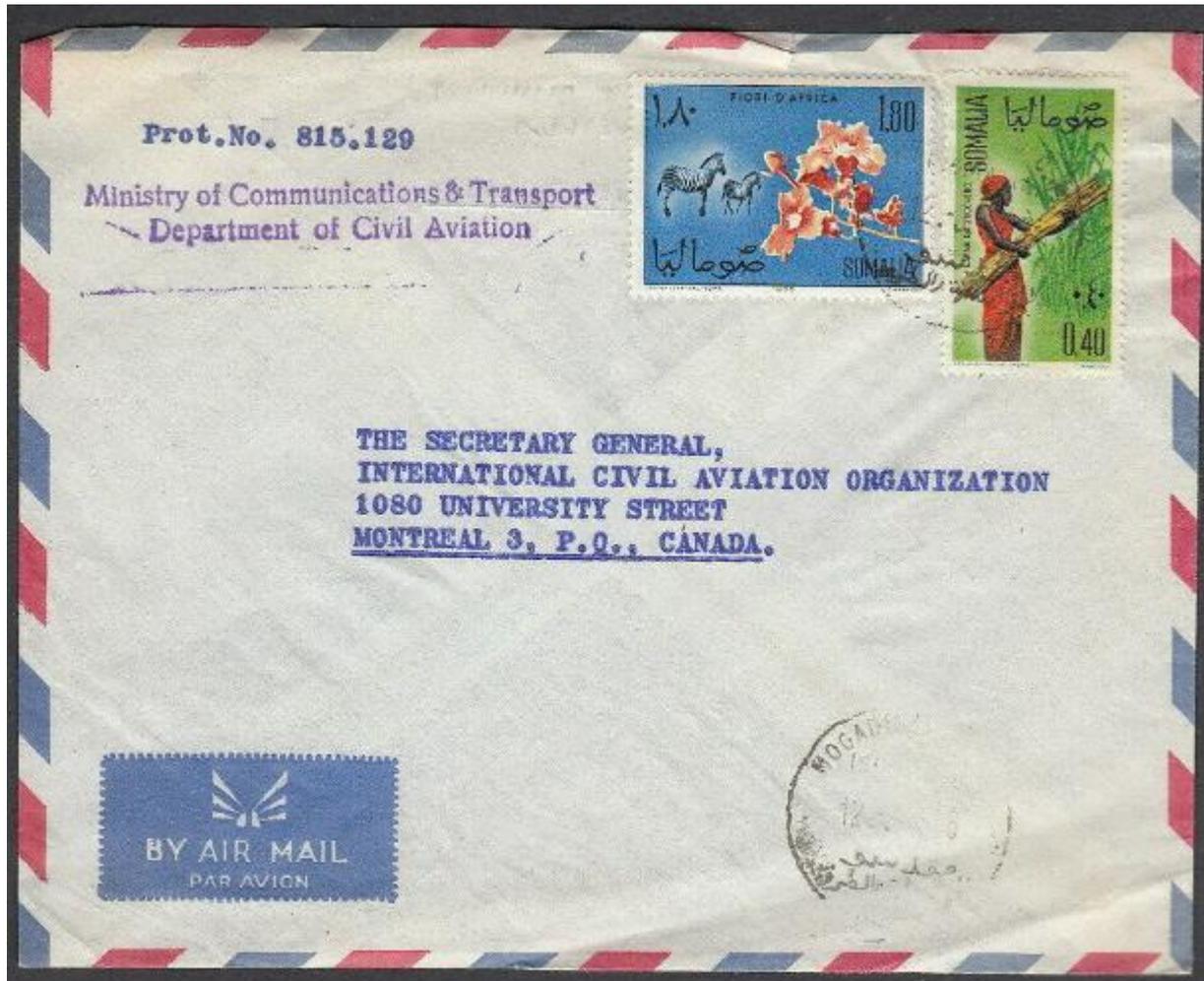
M79-83: 0.20Sh, 0.60Sh, 1Sh, 1.30Sh, 1.80Sh; Y42-46



https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/396/499/458_001.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/dJOAOSwOMdZVQbc/s-11600.jpg> FDC Serie Fiori Africani Mogadiscio, 1 11 1965. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/VcsAAOSwu9tgzllM/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 12 11 (?)
1965

Intermezzo: currency from Somalis to Somali shillings

Filitalia 17/4, p. 3: "Compared to the old Somalia AFIS period, not much has changed during the first years after Independence. Few series have been issued, mostly designed by Corrado Manciola, who, together with his brother Ottorino, owned an advertisement studio in Rome. The stamps continued to be printed by the Government Printing House in Rome. The only thing that had changed was the currency: from Somalo's to Somali Shillings. The language on the stamps was mostly Italian and Arabic; sometimes (also) English. The ties with Italy remained strong and it is not difficult to find used letters from Mogadiscio. However, letters with postmarks from former British Somaliland are very scarce".

2.25 1966: Birds

M84-88 : 0.25Sh, 0.35Sh, 0.50Sh, 1.30Sh, 2Sh



https://www.postbeeld.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/400x400/730f6beb335f248cfe85fdbb46a85728/s/o/sop0084.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/dFgAAOSwuG9ccPWb/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 16 1966. FDC.



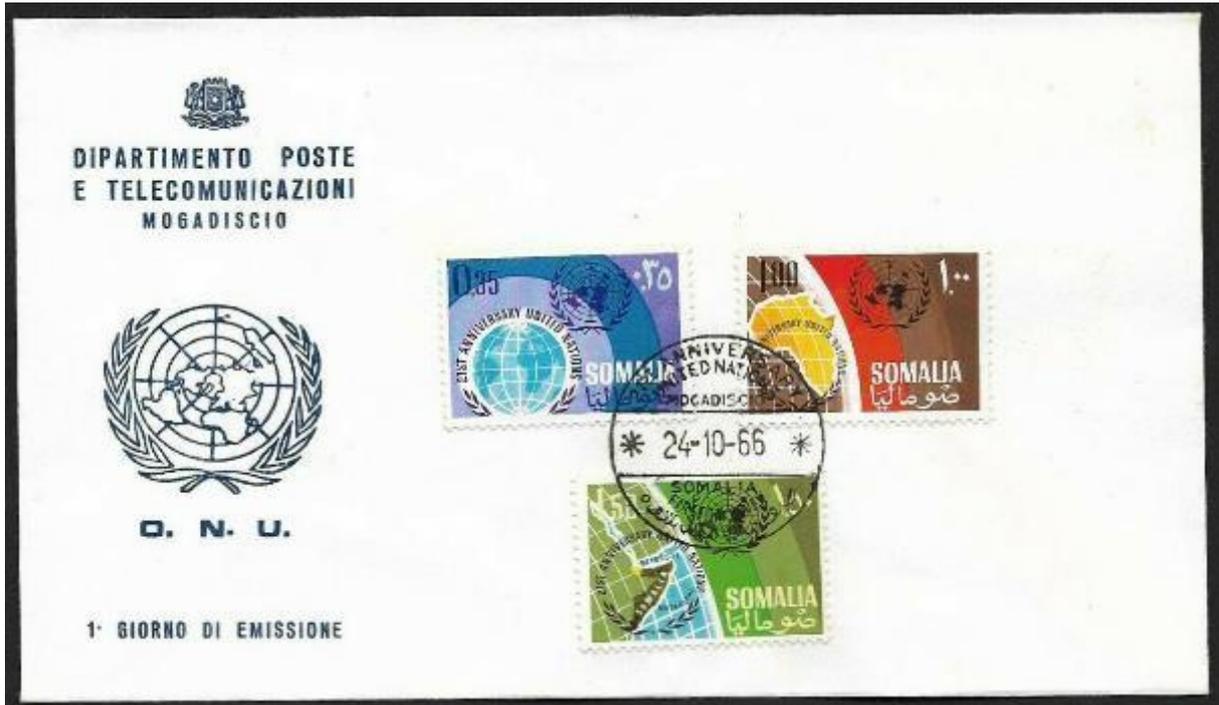
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ooYAAOSwdPZbk~hC/s-11600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 1 6 1966. FDC.

2.26 1966: UNO 21st anniversary

M89-91: 0.35Sh, 1Sh, 1.50Sh; Y52-54



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/6fcAAOSwxu5ZKYGX/s-11600.jpg>



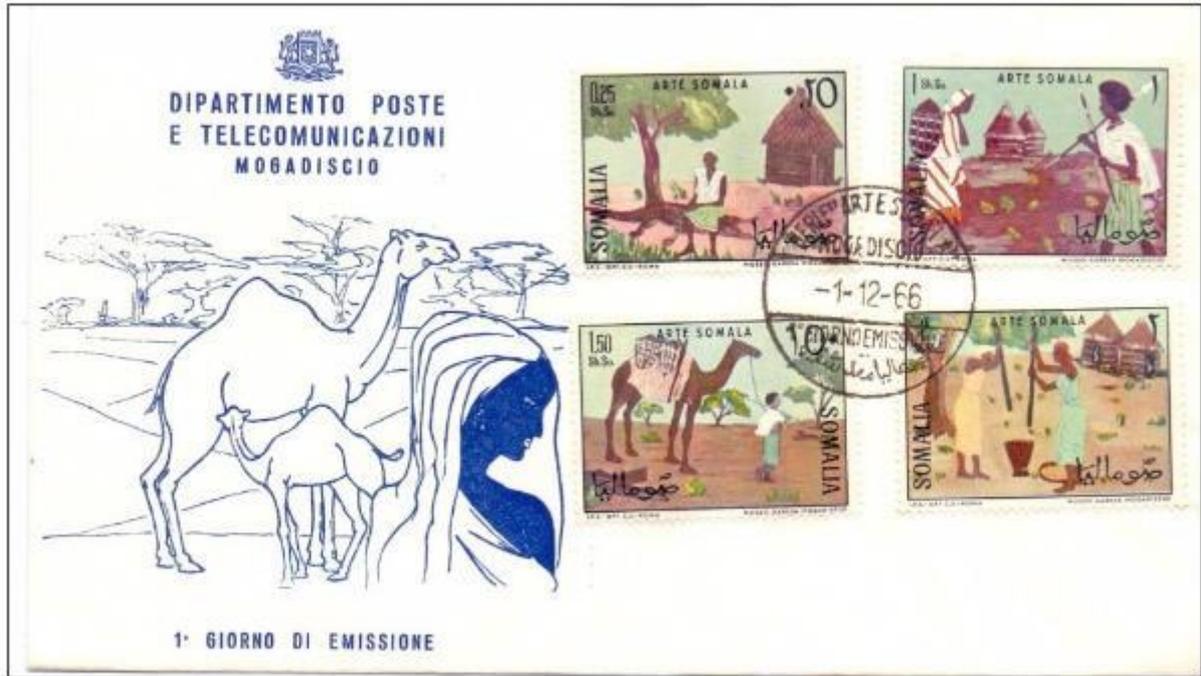
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/9T8AAOSwhJNf6W3L/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 24 10 1966. FDC.

2.27 1966: Indigenous art

M92-95: 0.25, 1, 1.50, 2Sh So; Y55-58



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/gG4AAOSwGJIZKYGe/s-l1600.jpg>



Dacosanascosco

www.delcampe.net

https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/322/487/778_001.jpg?v=0 Postmark Mogadiscio 1 12 1966. FDC.



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312526_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1966-Art-Somali-railways.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 1 12 1966. FDC.

2.28 1966: UNESCO 20 years

M96-98: 0.35, 1, 1.80ShSo; Y59-61



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0096.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/pNQAASwnwZZxpRI/s-l1600.jpg> FDC, Mogadiscio, 25 12 1966.
FDC.



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/284409455322_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1966-UNESCO-railways-ECR.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 25 12 1966. FDC.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=23708>: "raccomandata via aerea da Merca 23/7/1967. Mi sembra timbro di primo tipo, etichetta di raccomandazione di foggia italiana? Tariffa? grazie Riccardo per ciò che ci vorrai dire, ho preso il pezzo solo per curiosità e metterlo a disposizione del forum... al retro timbro di arrivo a Levanto del 26/7/1967". Postmark Merca, 1967. Added remark: "In effetti il timbro di annullamento e l'etichetta di raccomandazione sono di fattura AFIS. L'affrancatura mi pare approssimativa: ci volevano 80 centesimi per spedire una lettera in Italia fino a

20 grammi, ma andava aggiunto uno scellino somalo di raccomandazione e poi uno scellino per ogni 10 grammi di peso per la posta aerea. Se la lettera, come sembra di capire, pesava piu' di 10 grammi, l'affrancatura sarebbe un po' carente, almeno stando all'ultimo tariffario AFIS varato nell'ottobre 1959 ma che credo valesse ancora nel 1967 (credo ma non ne ho certezza assoluta, essendo i miei studi in proposito limitati al periodo dell'Amministrazione Fiduciaria)".



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=28688>. Postmark Mogadiscio, 1967.

1967-1969



Abdirashid Shermarke (1919-1969, assassinated). Second President: 10 June 1967-15 October 1969

2.29 1967: Antelopes

M99-102: 0.35, 0.60, 1, 1.80ShSo; Y62-65



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ZBUAAOSwgQhgsenu/s-l1600.jpg>



scindedawk.com (#080218-49)

<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/Kt0AAOSwO2pcoTUf/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 20 2 1967. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XG0AAOSwqFBbvLXy/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 20 2 1967. FDC.

2.30 1967: Folk Dancing

M103-106: 0.25, 0.50, 1.30 and 2 Sh So; Y66-69



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/JJYAAOSwaeRZKYGI/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/cvQAAOSwRpFhMZcb/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 15 7 1967. FDC.

2.31 1967: Jamboree

M107-110: 0.35, 0.50, 1 and 1.80 Sh So; Y70-73



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/tEAAAOSwq5FcvX5c/s-l500.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/vulAAOSwkoVerUgO/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 15 8 1967 FDC.

2.31A 1967?: Fishes

M?: 0.35, 0.50, 1 and 1.80 Sh So.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/9MsAAOSwEHpZLHoC/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/mYgAAOSwKNFccPYu/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 15 11 1967 FDC.

2.32 1967: Visit of the King of Saudi Arabia, with President Ali Shermake of the Somali Republic

M111-113; Y74-75+A: 0.50, 1 and 1.80 Sh So.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0111.jpg

Collection Vincent Prange



p. 58: Airmail letter from Mogadiscio to Koblenz, Germany, sent 1.1.1968. On the two stamps of 50 centesemi next to the 2d President of Somalia, Ali Shermarke, we can see the visiting King Feisal of Saudi Arabia. An airmail letter to Europe at that time was 5ShSo.

Other illustrations



https://www.picclicking.com/d/w1600/pict/284409455305_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1967-King-Faisal-railways.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 21 9 1967, FDC.

2.33 1968: 20 years WHO

M118-120; Y80-82: 0.35, 1, 1.80 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0118.jpg



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684315867/_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1968-OMS-railways-ECR.jpg. Postmark Mogadiscio 20 3 1968. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/5HwAAOSwn-VhBDRw/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 5 6 1968.

2.34 1968: Fruits

M121-128: 0.05, 0.10, 0.25, 0.35, 0.40, 0.50, 1 and 1.30 Sh So.



www.delcampe.net

Fina

https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/780/416/177_001.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/YfQAAOSwVANewTd1/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 25 4 1968. FDC.



https://www.collitshop.com/WebRoot/StoreIT5/Shops/131256/6001/C1AC/D269/AA05/A06B/OA0A/B010/B01B/1667_ml.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 25 4 1968.



<https://i.pinimg.com/564x/f6/60/e1/f660e122344b9a7cc303b67b189e0bc5.jpg>. Postmark Berbera



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/OUcAAOSwZrhhBDQf/s-l1600.jpg>: Postmark Mogadiscio 7.7.1968.



<https://stampboards.com/download/file.php?id=110392>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/TA8AAOSw5ZRdZLPE/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 26 12 1972; also with stationery stamp of 1 ShSo.

2.35 1968: Animals

M129-133; Y91-95: 1.50, 1.80, 2, 5 and 10 Sh So.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E19994/19994141493.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/l4gAAOSwoQZf7K4B/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 10 5 1068 FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/epQAAOSwSY9hBDOX/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 5 2 1969.



https://cloud10.todocoleccion.online/sellos-fauna/tc/2019/12/18/08/188448366_tcmg_E60F7F6C.webp Postmark Chisimaio, 1973

2.36 1968: Olympic Games

M133-137 + Block 2; Y 96-99: 0.35, 0.50, 0.80, 1.50 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0134.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/SvAAAOSwAvJXDUs3/s-l1600.jpg>



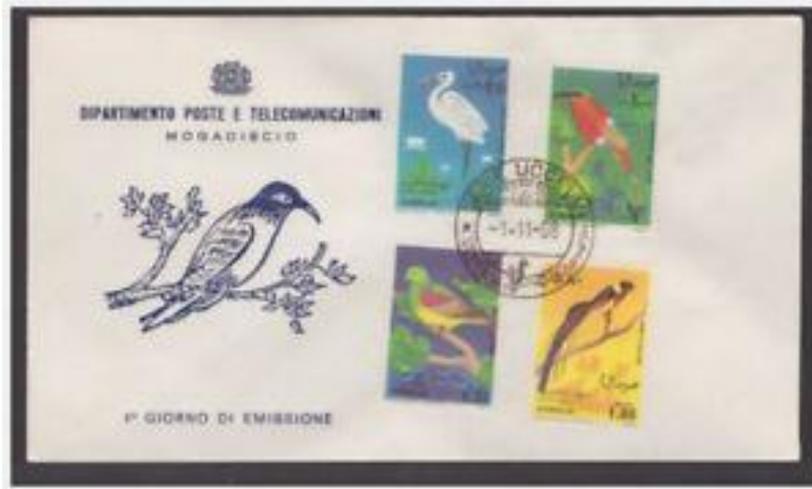
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/K4kAAOSwQkZZw-ie/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 12 10 1968. FDC.

2.37 1968: Birds

M138-141; Y39-42



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/o84AAOSwsEtefMt5/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/cSsAAOSwm9tZw-9V/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 1 11 1968. FDC.

2.38 1968: Sculptures

M142-144; Y100-102



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/8dQAAOSw42dZKYG5/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/nhwAAOSwlp1Zw-gw/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 1 12 1968. FDC.

2.39 1969: Flora

M145-148; Y103-106: 0.40, 0.80, 1 and 1.80 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0145.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/DT4AAOSwlvpf6h9w/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 25 3 1969. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/6NAAAOSwKZ5Zw~AK/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 25 3 1969. FDC.



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=13425&t=1>: "Posto cartolina con fobollo somalo ma stampato in Italia. Il mittente è un italiano che lavorava nel 1970 con la S.N.A.I. a Mogadiscio".



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/403377993216/_/Somalia-1969-Addis-Ababa-Frankfurt-Via-Jiddah.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 8 5 1969.

2.40 1969: 50 years ILO

M149-151; Y107-109: 0.25, 1, 1.80 Sh So.



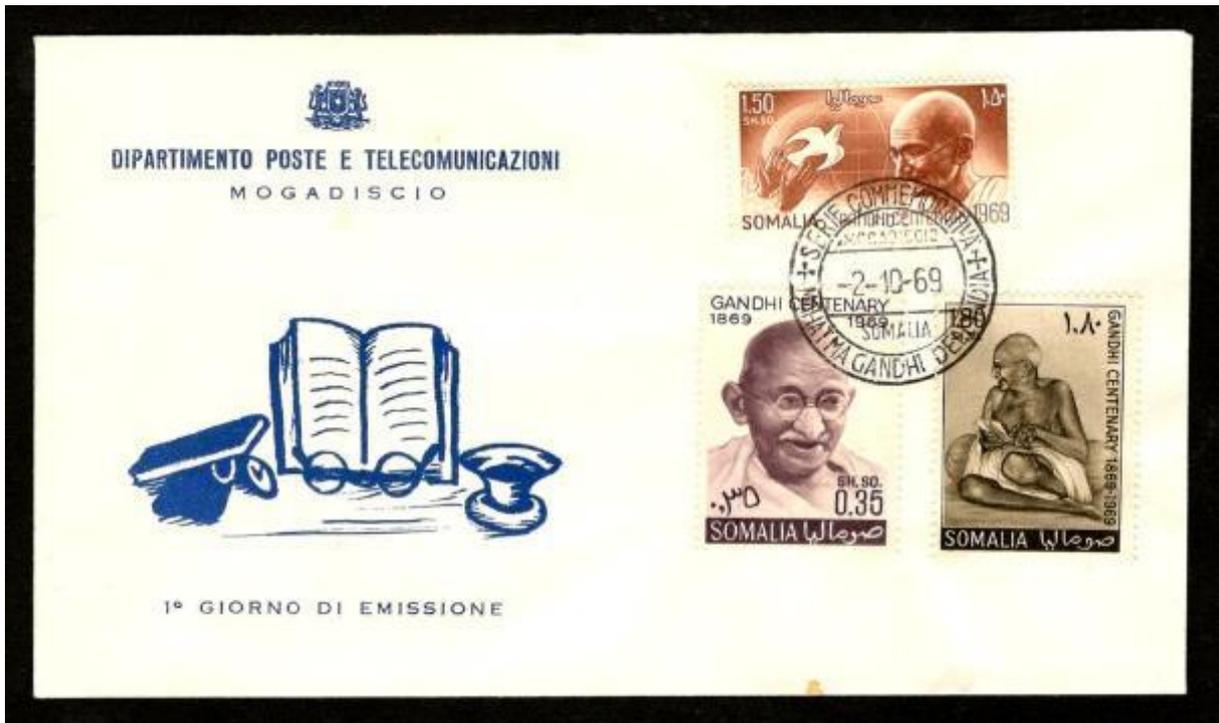
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0149.jpg

2.41 1969: Gandhi

M152-154; Y110-112: 0.35, 1.50 and 1.80 Sh So.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0152.jpg



https://cdn.shopify.com/s/files/1/0111/6667/9098/products/16270_1024x.jpg?v=1589274796
Postmark Mogadiscio, 2 10 1969. FDC.

2.42 1970: Butterflies

M155-158; Y113-116



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0155.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/thumbs/images/g/IGoAAOSww9xZCPnC/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 25 3 1970 FDC.

3 Somali Democratic Republic

3.1 Presidents

1969



Sheikh Muktar Mohamed Hussein (1912-2012). Acting President: 15 October 1969 – 21 October 1969 (deposed)

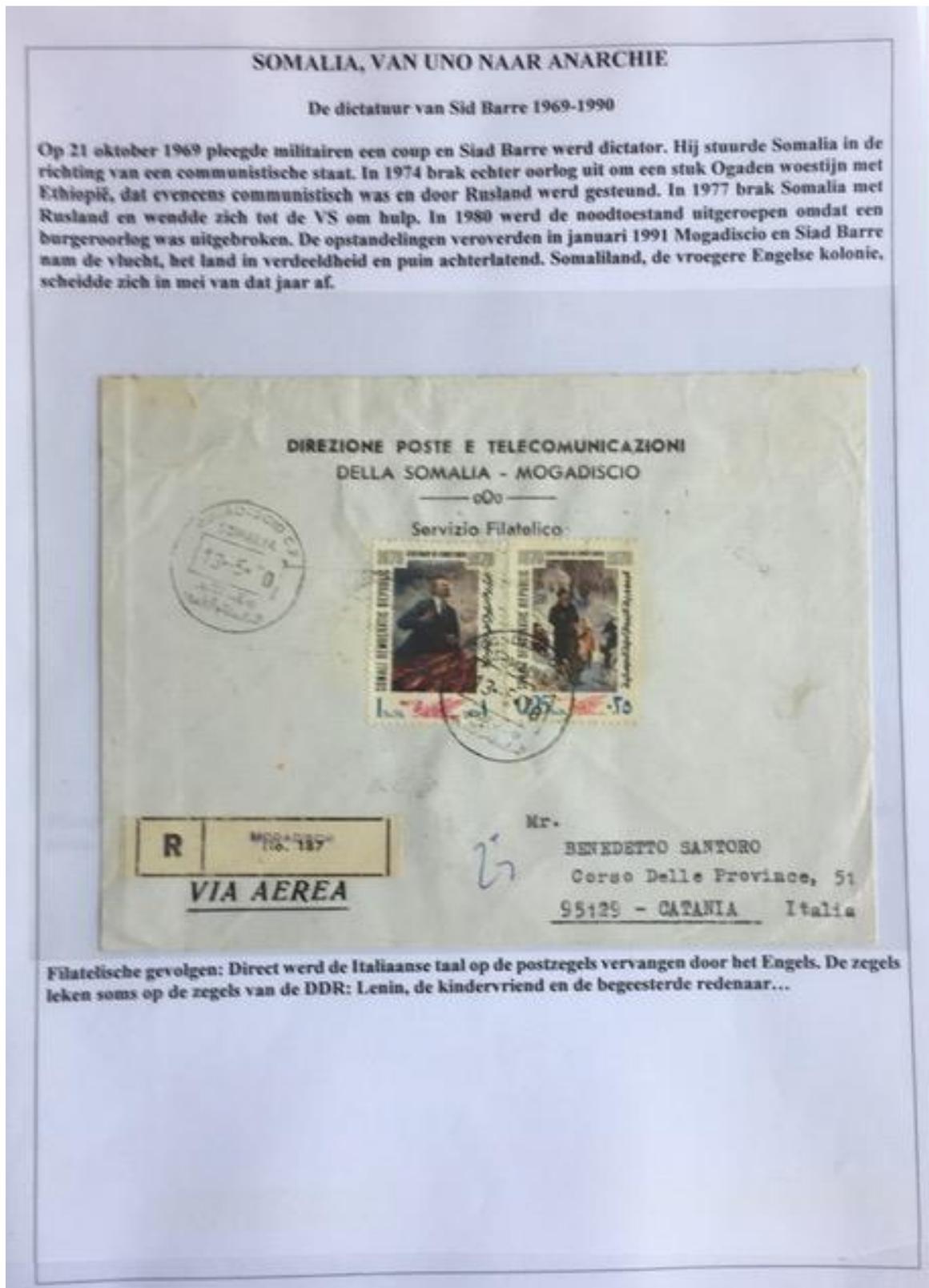
1969-1991



Siad Barre (1910-1995). Third President: 21 October 1969 – 26 January 1991 (deposed)

3.2 The revolution of 1969

A Collection Vincent Prange

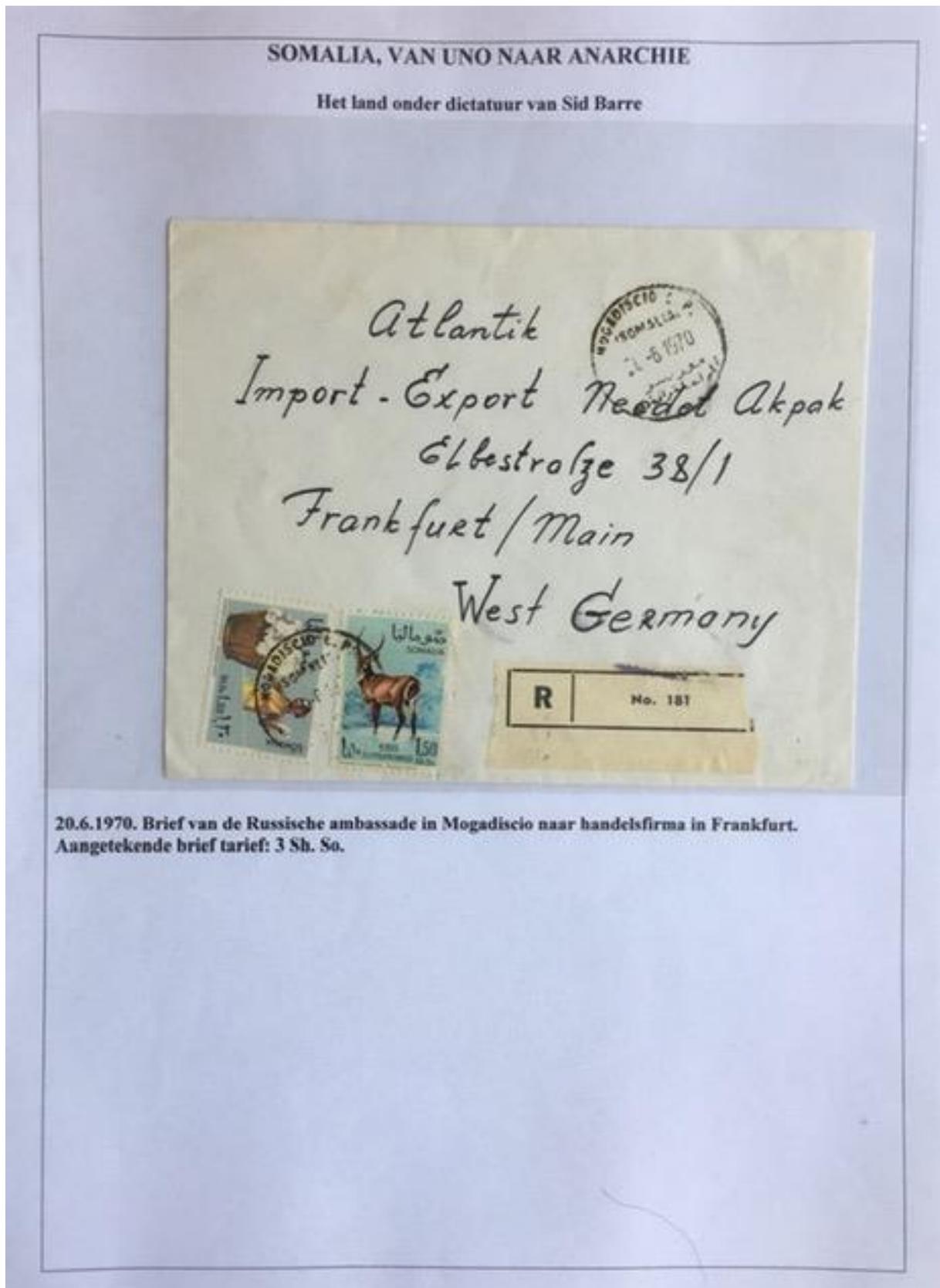


p. 59: Dictator Siad Barre, 1969-1990. On 21 October 1969 there was a military take-over with Siad Barre as its leader. He steered Somalia in the direction of a communist state. In 1974 war broke out between Somalia and Ethiopia about the Ogaden area in Ethiopia, where many ethnic Somali lived [and that belonged to the Somali Province of Italian East Africa between 1936 and 1941]. In 1975 Ethiopia had its own communist revolution and the USSR shifted sides and started to support

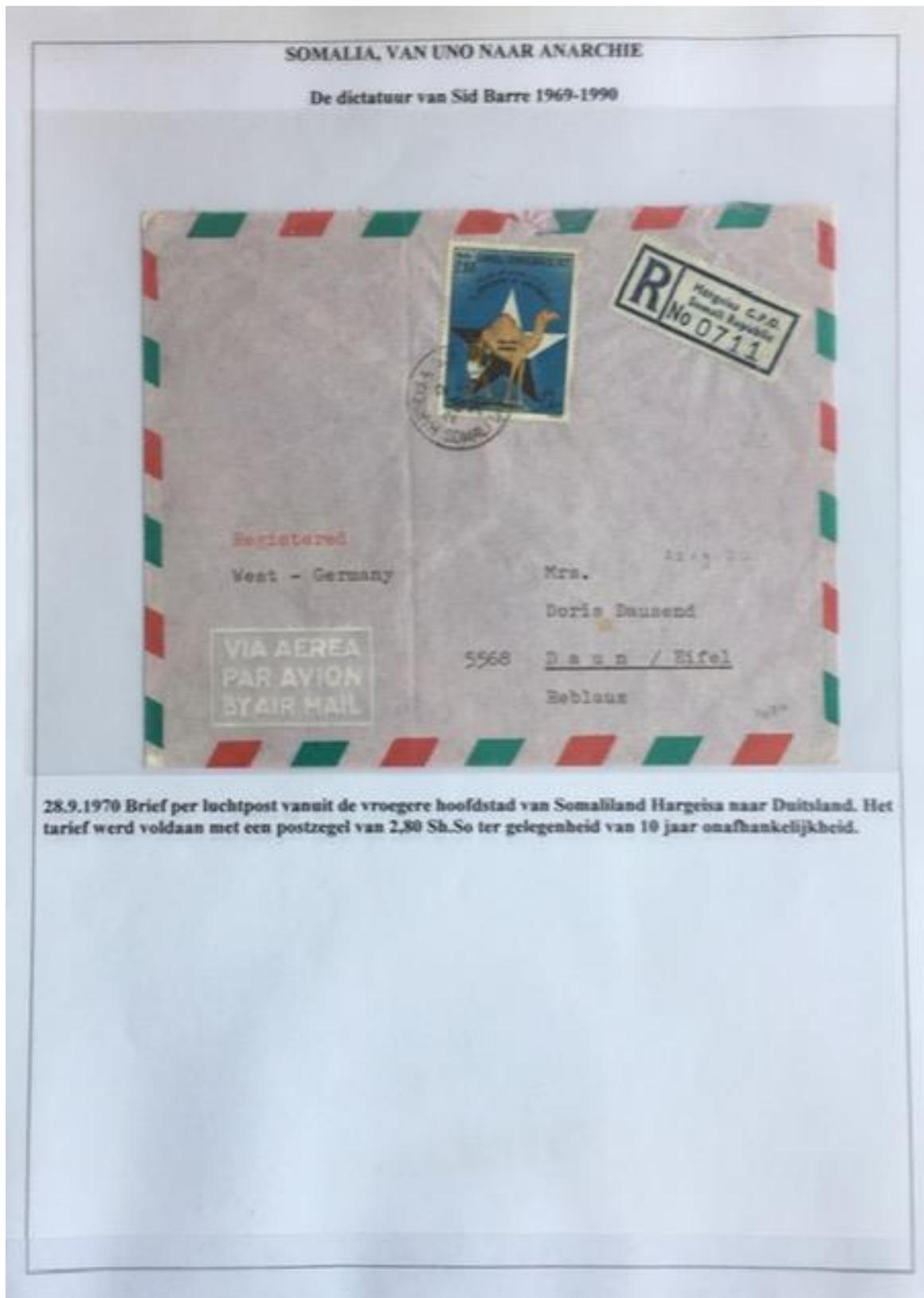
Ethiopia. In 1977 Somalia broke with the Soviet Union and asked support from the USA. However, a civil war broke out (from 1980 onwards, when a state of emergency was declared) and in 1991 Siad Barre left the country when Mogadiscio was conquered by rebel groups, and after that the country remained divided and in ruins. In May 1991 the former Somaliland declared itself an independent state. After the military take-over of Barre in 1969 the philatelic results became obvious: English took over from Italian and the country was called 'Somali Democratic Republic'. The stamps started to look like those of the German Democratic Republic, e.g. with Lenin as the orator and the friend of children... Stamps: 1SoSh and 0.25SoSh. Postmark Mogadiscio C.P. 13/5/1970.

Also:

Filitalia 17/4, p.3: "...The second President of Somalia, Abd Arrashid Ali Shermarke, was murdered by his own body guard, and General Mohamed Siad Barre became the new strong man. Overnight the Italians left the country, and the country's name changed to 'Democratic Republic of Somalia'...Siad Barre wanted to make the country a Communist Islamic Republic...The country's language changed to English, and stamps showed the friendship with the Soviet Union, e.g. the two stamps of 1970 showing Lenin... In 1976 all political parties were forbidden, with the exception of the Somali Socialist Revolutionary Party of Barre. Ever more turning to the Communist East Block, Barre wanted to regain the Ogaden area in Ethiopia, which had become part of Ethiopia [after the British occupation of Italian East Africa/Ethiopia] but where many Somalis lived. The war Barre started in 1977 did not get the expected support from the East Block and many Russian and Cuban 'technicians' had to leave the country. Barre lost the war and after some time turned to the USA to accept military support. In 1986 revolutionary movements in Northern Somalia turned against Barre and started a civil war. In 1988 Ethiopia and Somalia signed a peace treaty, but the civil war deepened. In 1991 Barre gave up and fled, leaving his country in a complete chaos. After 1976 'real mail' is very scarce, and stamps and first-day envelopes have hardly been used in the country itself, and were designed for the philatelic market outside the country".



p.60: Somalia under the dictatorship of Siad Barre. 20/6/1970: letter from the Russian Embassy in Mogadiscio to an import-export firm in Frankfurt am Main in West Germany. Registered mail 3 Sh So. Postmark Mogadiscio.



p. 61: 28/9/1970. Registered airmail letter from the former capital city of Somaliland, Hargeisa to (West) Germany. A stamp was used of 2.80 Sh So. Of the series celebrating 10 years of Independence. Postmark Hargeisa Somali Republic.



p.62: 5/9/1972. Mail from Mogadiscio to an unusual destination, the island Lundy, where the postcard was returned on 9/9/1972, with a Lundy stamp. The tariff from Mogadiscio was 1.20 Sh So.

3.3. 1970: Lenin

M159-161: 0.25, 1, 1.80 ShSo.



https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/414/933/196_001.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/BhcAAOSwf15Zw~EK/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 22 4 1970. FDC.

3.4 1970: Ten years of Independence

M162-165: 0.25, 0.35, 1, 2.80 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/FGQAAOSww9xZKYHF/s-l1600.jpg>



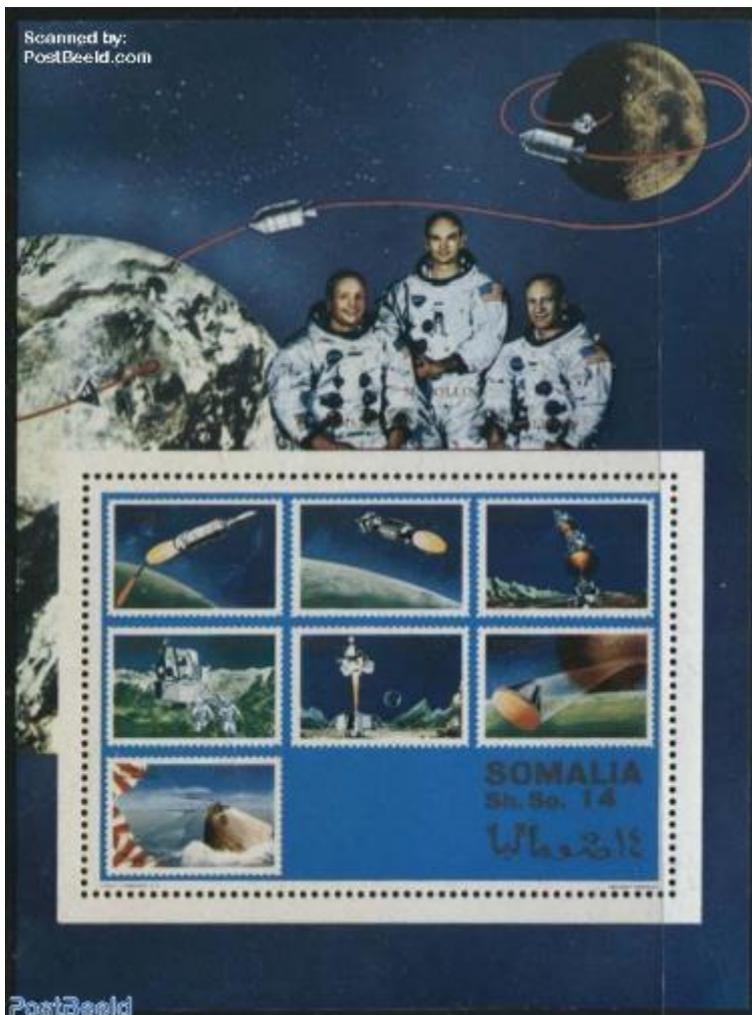
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/b8QAAOSwbl9f7K9f/s-l300.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu, 28 7 1970. FDC.

3.5 1970: Space Exploration (never officially issued)

M1-VII, and Block

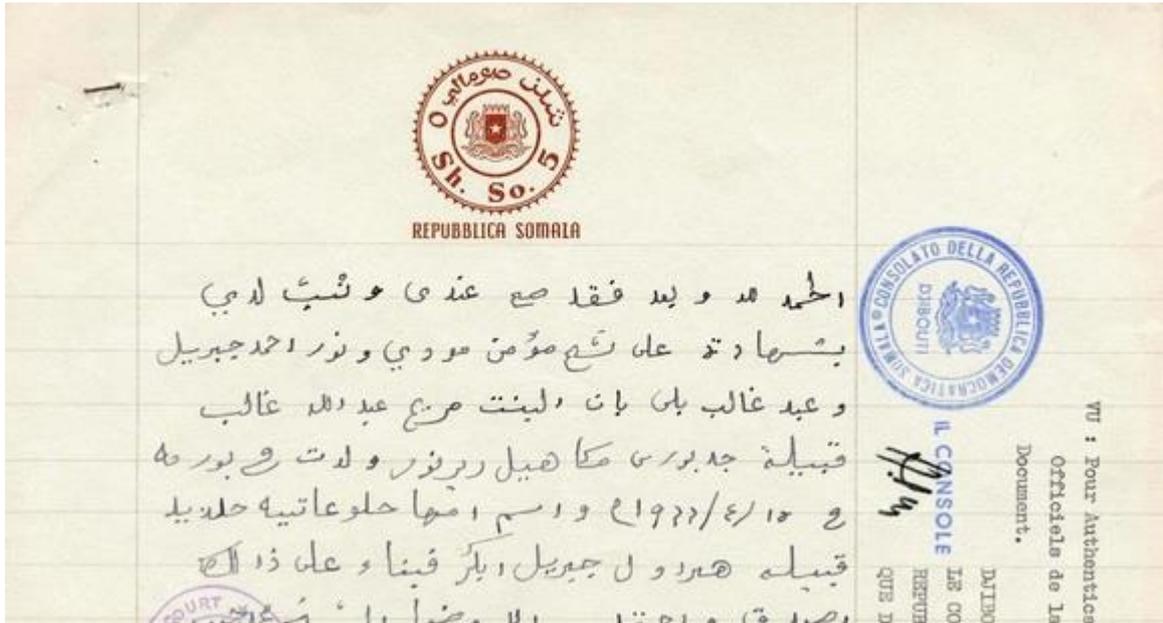


<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/~U4AAOSwTA9X3F5u/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopbi.jpg

3.6 1970s Stamp Paper



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/3951265.jpg>



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/1341405.jpg?376> : "P1-2, with image at top showing P2 on complete paper".

1970s? National emblem inside toothed-wheel motif.

P1. 3s brown

P2. 5s brown



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/581171.jpg?129>: "P11 (part) . 1970s? Scrollwork design with star in centre.

P11. 50c grey-black

This paper is known only from the single partial example shown here. Other values may exist".

3.7 1970: Revolution

M166-169: 0.35, 0.40, 1, 1.80 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/B5QAAOSw42JZKYHs/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://www.phila-art.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/VT29.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu, 21 10, 1970. FDC.

3.8 1971: Anti-Racism

M170-171; Y128-129: 1.30, 1.80 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/RIwAAOSwFqZedMO5/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://www.phila-art.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/07/VT33.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 20 6 1971.
FDC.

3.9 1971: World Telecommunication Day

M172-173; Y130-131: 0.25, 2.80 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/hwUAAOSwUi5edMO8/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312485/_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1971-telecommunications-railways-ECR.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio, 30 6 1971. FDC.

3.10 1971: Pan-African Telecommunication Circuit

M174-175; Y132-133: 1, 1.50 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0174.jpg



<https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/373684679111/Somalia-1971-Telecommunications-FDC.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 25 7 1971. FDC.

3.11 1971: Animals

M176-179; Y134-137: 0.35, 1, 1.30, 1.80 ShSo



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906209873.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/oDQAAOSw5dhbvLhL/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 25 8. 1971. FDC.

3.12 1971: Conference

M180-181; Y141-142:



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/RBAAAOSwL0tdRIUE/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/284409455325/_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1971-African-Conference-railways.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 18 10 1971. FDC.

3.13 1971: October Revolution

M182-184; Y138-140: 0,10, 1, 1.35 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0182.jpg

3.14 1971: Rinderpest Campaign

M185-186; Y143-144: 0.40, 1.80 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0185.jpg



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312523/_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1971-rinderpest-railways-ECR.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 28 12 1971. FDC.

3.15 1972: African postal Union

M187-188; Y145+A43: 1.30, 1.50 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0187.jpg



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312547/_FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1972-African-Postal-Union.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio, 25 1 1972. FDC.

3.16 1972: UNICEF

M189-190; Y146-147: 0.50, 2.80 ShSo



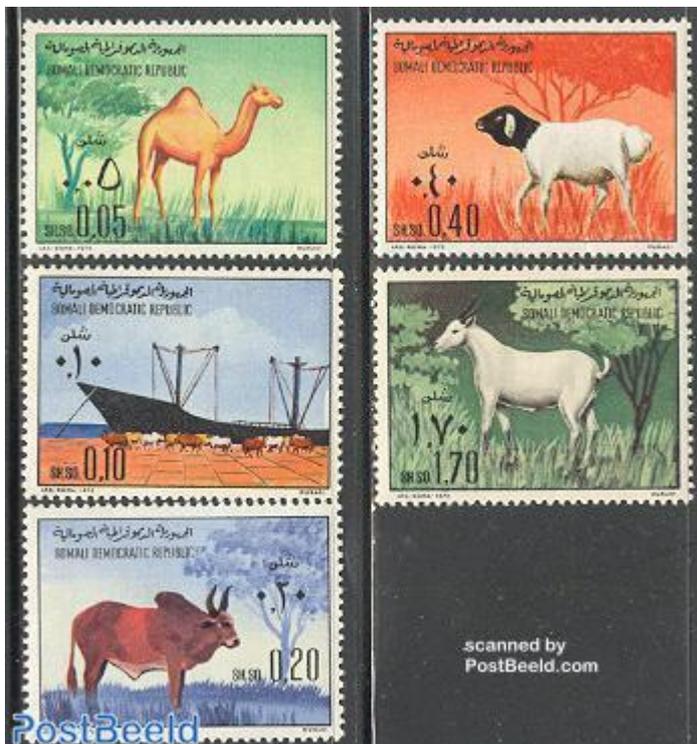
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/hOMAAOSwPp9edMPD/s-l1600.jpg>



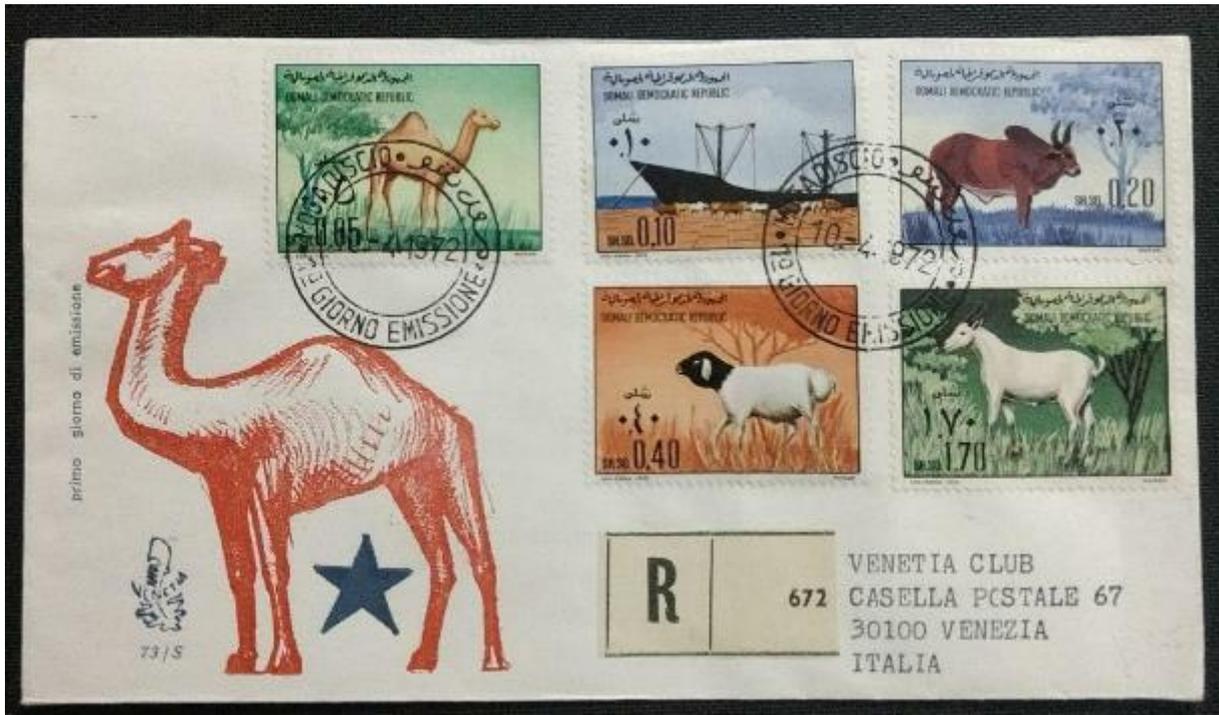
<https://www.collitshop.com/WebRoot/StoreIT5/Shops/131256/6001/C1B8/99CD/9FCC/3A9D/0A0A/B010/B0A8/1668.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 30 9 1972. FDC.

3.17 1972: Animal Husbandry and Fisheries

M191-195: 0.10, 0.20, 0.40, 0.85, 1.70 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0191.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/srEAAOSw2YZbvLPb/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 10 4 1972. FDC.

3.18 1972: Anniversary of the Revolution

M196-198; Y153-155: 0.70, 1, 1.50 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/zMwAAOSw8lpZKYH4/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.picclicking.com/d/w1600/pict/373684312495_/FDC-VENETIA-Club-Somalia-Ind-1972-October-Revolution-viaggiata.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 21 10. 1972. FDC.

3.19 1973: Folk Dancing

M199-202; Y156-159



https://www.postbeeld.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0199.jpg

3.20 1973 Machine stamps (Postage Meter Stamps)



<https://zims->

en.kiwix.campusafrika.gos.orange.com/wikibooks/en/all_maxi/l/m/Somalia_stamp_type_2.jpg :

“Similar to Type 1 but “POSTE” at top, and “SOMALIA” at bottom. With leaf ornaments at both sides. TM and slogan enclosed in greater outer border which is a continuation of the simulated perforation and straight line border of the frank. Two meters known: A. Used by the Bank of Rome, with appropriate slogan ..B. Used by the Commercial and Savings Bank of Somalia, without slogan [Extremely rare with only one cover known]”.



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/0/07/Somalia_stamp_type_3.jpg : “Similar to Type 2 but with wavy parallel line ornaments at the sides. With straight line greater outer border. Three users known so far: the Bank of Naples. Somali Savings and Credit Bank, and Monti & Loche”.



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/3/38/Somalia_stamp_type_4.jpg : "As Type 3 buy with two vertical lines at the sides. Without greater outer border. Two users reported so far: Ministry of Mining and Water Resource, and Ministry of Planning and Co-ordination".

4 Jum./Jam. Dim. Somaliya/Soomaaliya, or Soomaaliya, or J.D. Soomaaliya, or J.D. Soomaaliyeed

Presidency of Siad Barre continued, until 1991

4.1 1973: October Revolution

M203-205; Y160-162: 0.40, 1, 2 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0203.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/T8kAAOSwevdaBiOW/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu, 21 10 1973. FDC.

4.2 1974: OAU

M206-207; Y163-164: 0.40, 2.80 Sh So.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0206.jpg



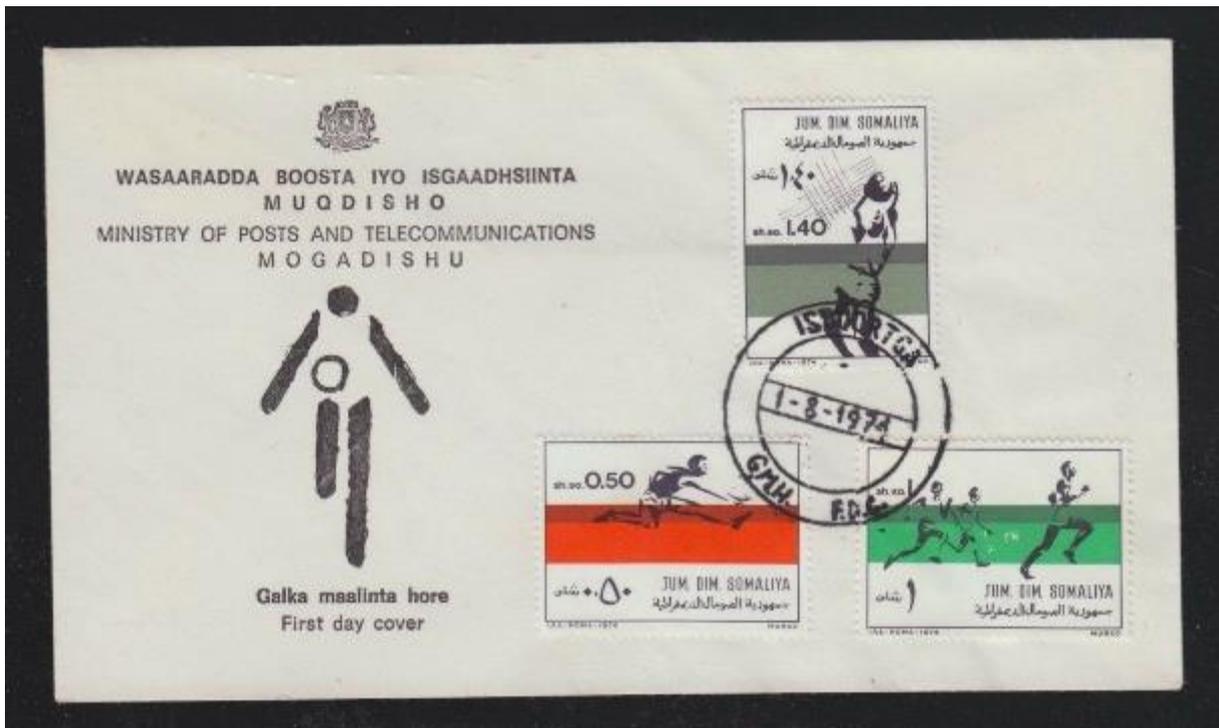
https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/322/503/204_001.jpg Postmark Mogadiscio 12 6 1974. FDC.

4.3 1974: Sports

M208-210; Y165-167: 0.50, 1, 1.40 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0208.jpg



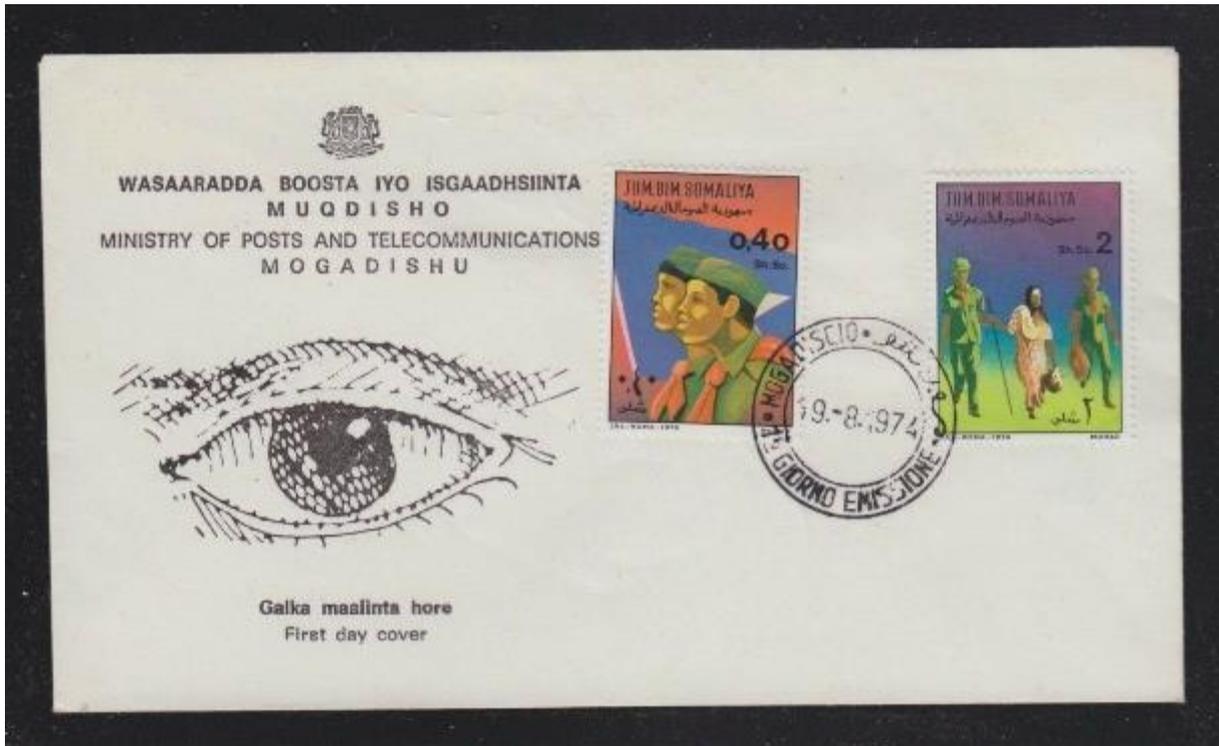
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/v1oAAOSweZJaBiOV/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark without indication of place; 1.8.1974. FDC.

4.4 1974: Scouting

M211-212; Y168-169: 0.40, 2 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0211.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/74sAAOSwDEtaBiOU/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 9 8 1974. FDC.

4.5 1974: Arab League

M213-214; Y170-171: 1.50, 1.70 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/GK0AAOSwxKheWq4f/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/qGkAAOSwoVNaBiOT/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Soomaaliya 20 9 1974.

4.6 1974: October Revolution

M215-216; Y172-173: 0.40, 2.00 Sh So



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/bxEAAOSwhvFZKYIE/s-l1600.jpg>



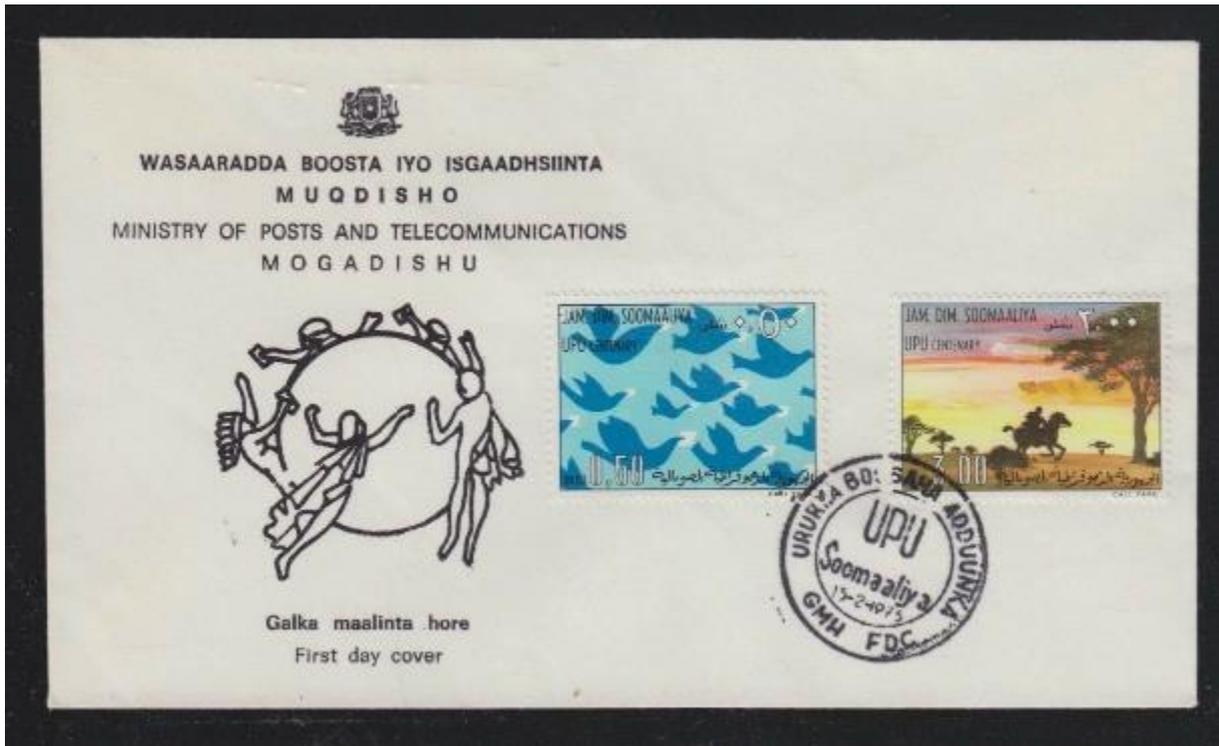
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/sOUAAOSwwApaBiOU/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Soomaaliya 21 10 1974. FDC.

4.7 1975: UPU Centenary

M219-220; Y174-175: 0.50, 3.00 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0217.jpg



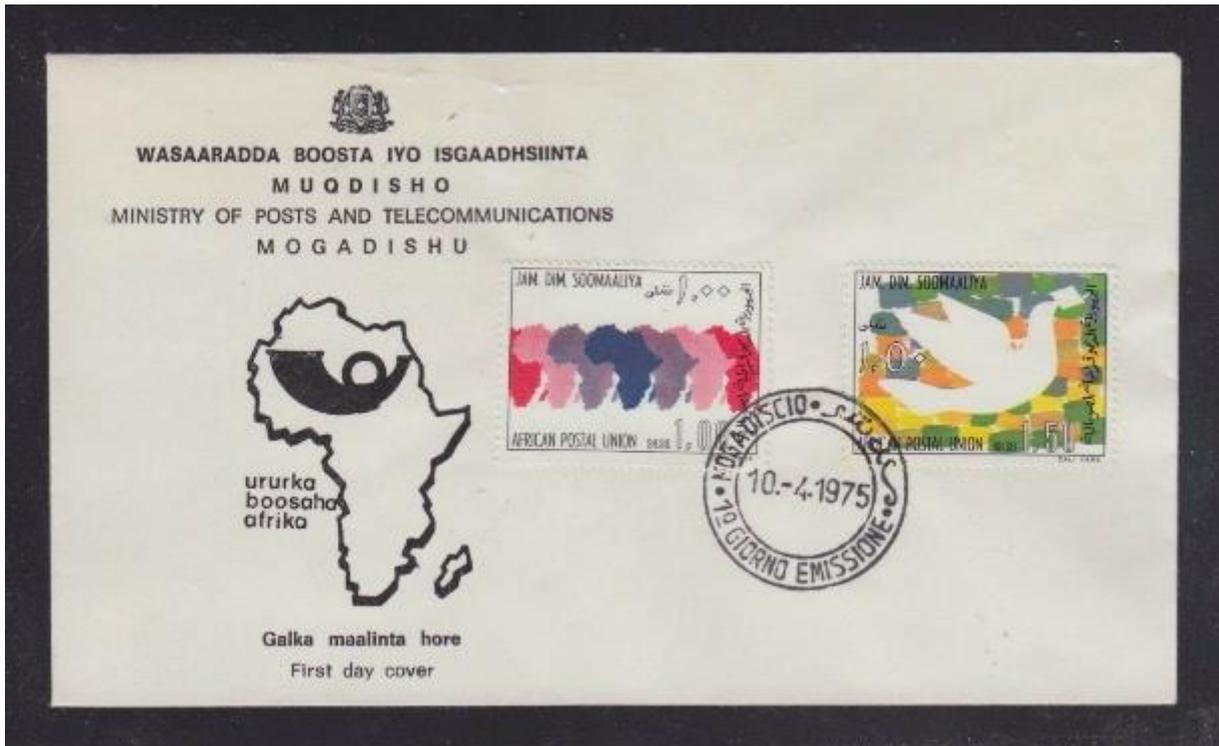
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/v1YAAOSwFO5aBiOX/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Soomaaliya 15 2 1975. FDC.

4.8 1975: African Postal Union

M219-220; Y176-177: 0.50, 1.00 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0219.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kkkAAOSwk~ZaBiOV/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 10.4. 1975. FDC.

4.9 1975: Costumes

M221-226; Y178-183: 0.10, 0.40, 0.50, 1.00, 5.00, 10.00 ShSo



https://lh3.googleusercontent.com/proxy/l8mpohaBEYIW_UBPuuZQmLkinc-YFYAcGExMsQzXn_RCiUARTqTBEVBy5U58OUdq_bSF_VyewzSyLgluvnWD04MReROOJISVjiaHnZtz0zg

A Collection Vincent Prange



p. 63: 21/10/1977: Aerogram from Burao, a city in Somaliland, the former British colony. Mail from this part of Somalia is extremely scarce. It was sent via Mogadiscio (postmark back side: 7/10/1977) to Bombay in India (arrival postmark 31/10/1977).



p.64: 24/4/1986. Letter from Lugh-Ganane, a small airfield bordering Ethiopia, to London. In the postmarks the Italian language had been changed to English now. The names of the places are hardly visible. The tariff for mail to foreign destinations was raised to 30 Sh So.

Other Illustrations:



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/1GgAAOSw5cNYcSUc/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Soomaaliya 5 7 1975. FDC.

4.10 1975: International Women's Year

M227-228; Y184-185: 0.50, 2.30 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/hisAAOSwQ0teN0Z9/s-l1600.jpg>

4.10A 1975: Stationery



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/q4IAAOSwfrFhhfTq/s-l1600.jpg>: Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section 31 3 1975

4.11 1976: Sayid M.A. Hassan

M229-232; Y184-185: 0.50, 0.60, 1.50, 2.30 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0229.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/SFEAAOSwxddfS8Yr/s-11600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 30 11 1976. FDC.

4.12 1976: Freedom from Hunger

M233-236; Y190-193; 0.75+0.25, 0.80+ 0.20, 2.40+0.10, 2.80+0.20 ShSo



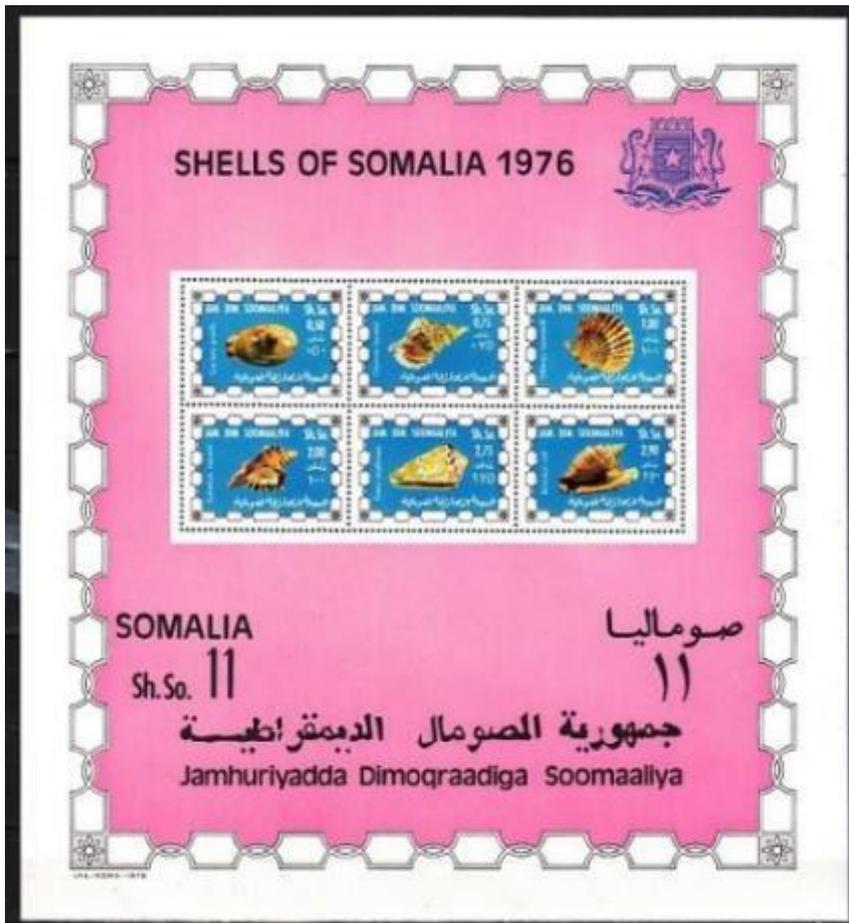
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0233.jpg

4.13 1976 Shells

M237-242 and Block 3; Y190-193: 0.50, 0.75, 1.00, 2.00, 2.75, 2.90 ShSo.



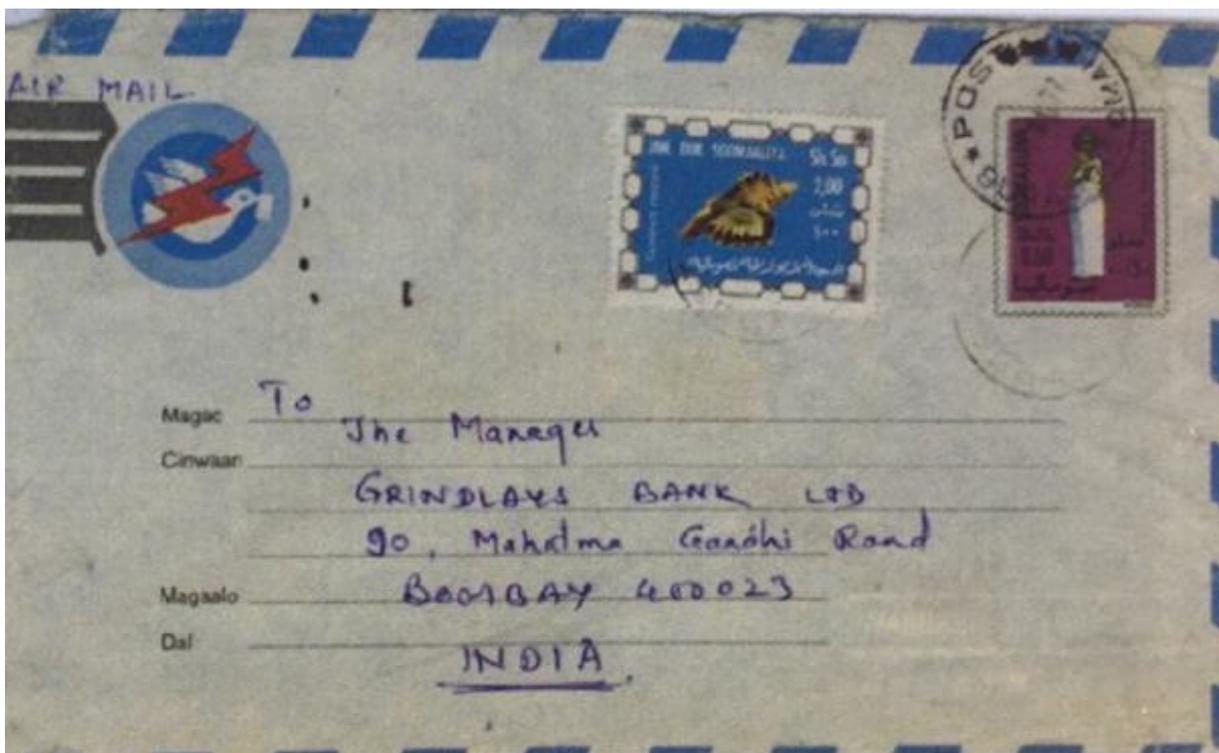
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kvAAAOSwKytZl3JH/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/pA8AAOSwN2VZT82l/s-l500.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/wlMAAOSwopRYcSdB/s-l1600.jpg> . Postmark Mogadiscio 30 12 1976. FDC.



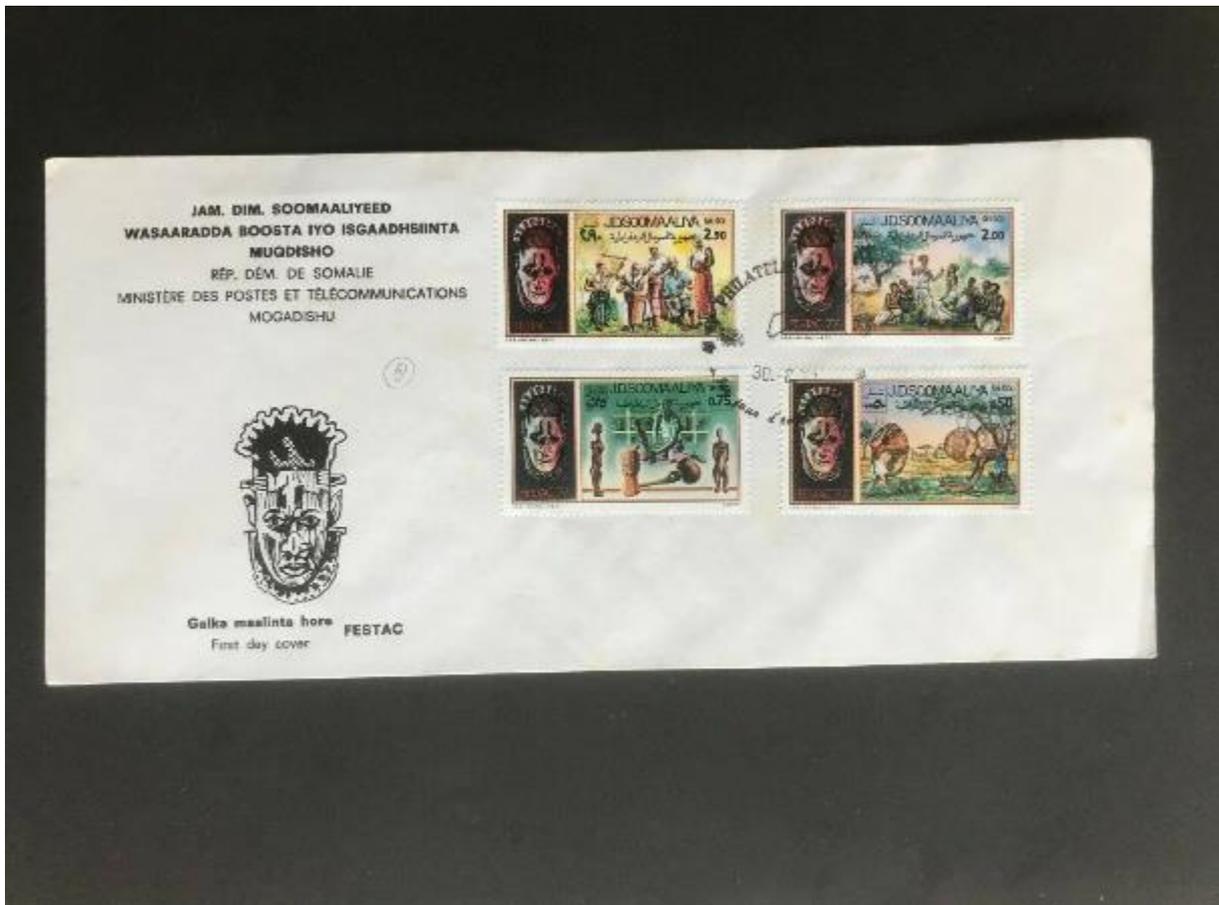
Filitalia 17/4, p. 3: "Letters sent from Somalia after 1976 are very scarce, and certainly from Northern (former British) Somalia. This is an example, sent from Burao, second city of Somaliland/Northern Somalia, and sent to India via Mogadiscio".

4.14 1977: FESTAC

M243-246; Y200-203: 0.50, 0.75, 2.00, 2.90 ShSo



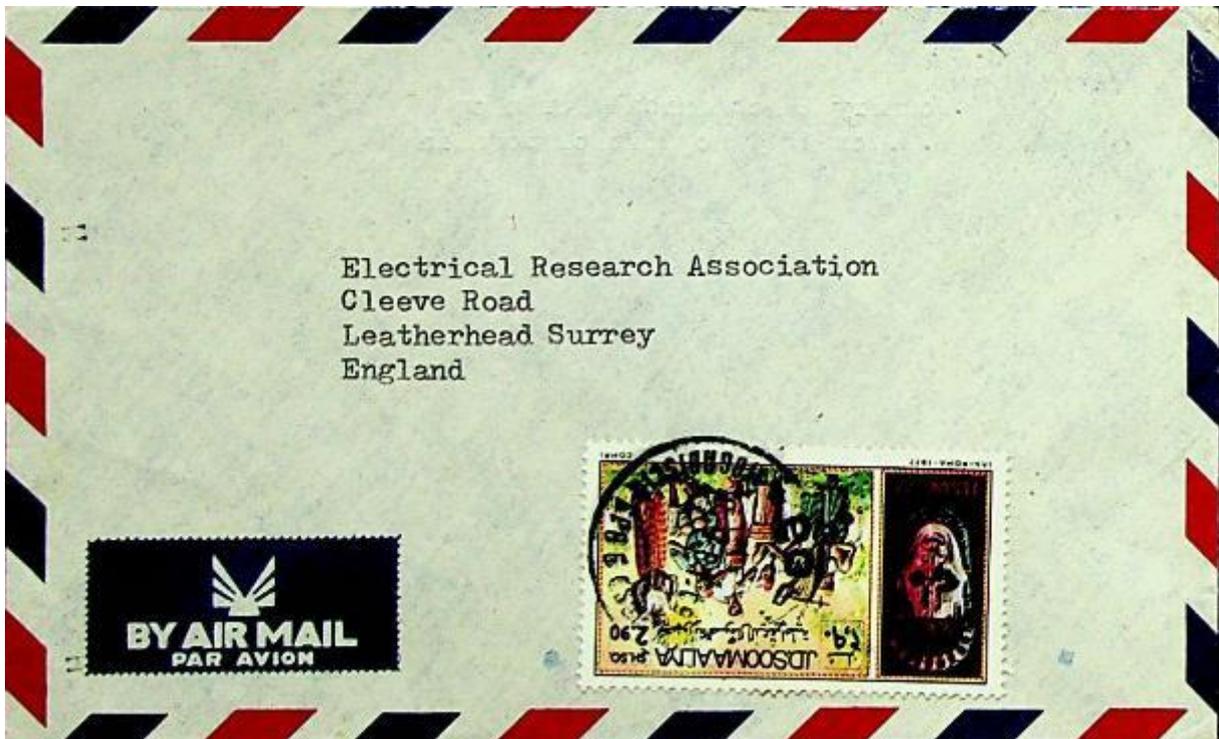
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0243.jpg



<https://www.offerche.xyz/static/4586/6154671bf0b9d9b5821020ea.jpg> Postmark 30 8 1977. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rVEAAOSwjJbhcAa/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 30.8.1977



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/4pcAAOSwmU9dmvev/s-l1600.jpg>

4.15 1977: S.S.R.P. (Somali Socialist Revolutionary Party)

M247-250; Y204-207: 0.75, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0247.jpg

This includes a stamp with President Mohamed Siad Barre (1.50 ShSo); see:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Siad_Barre



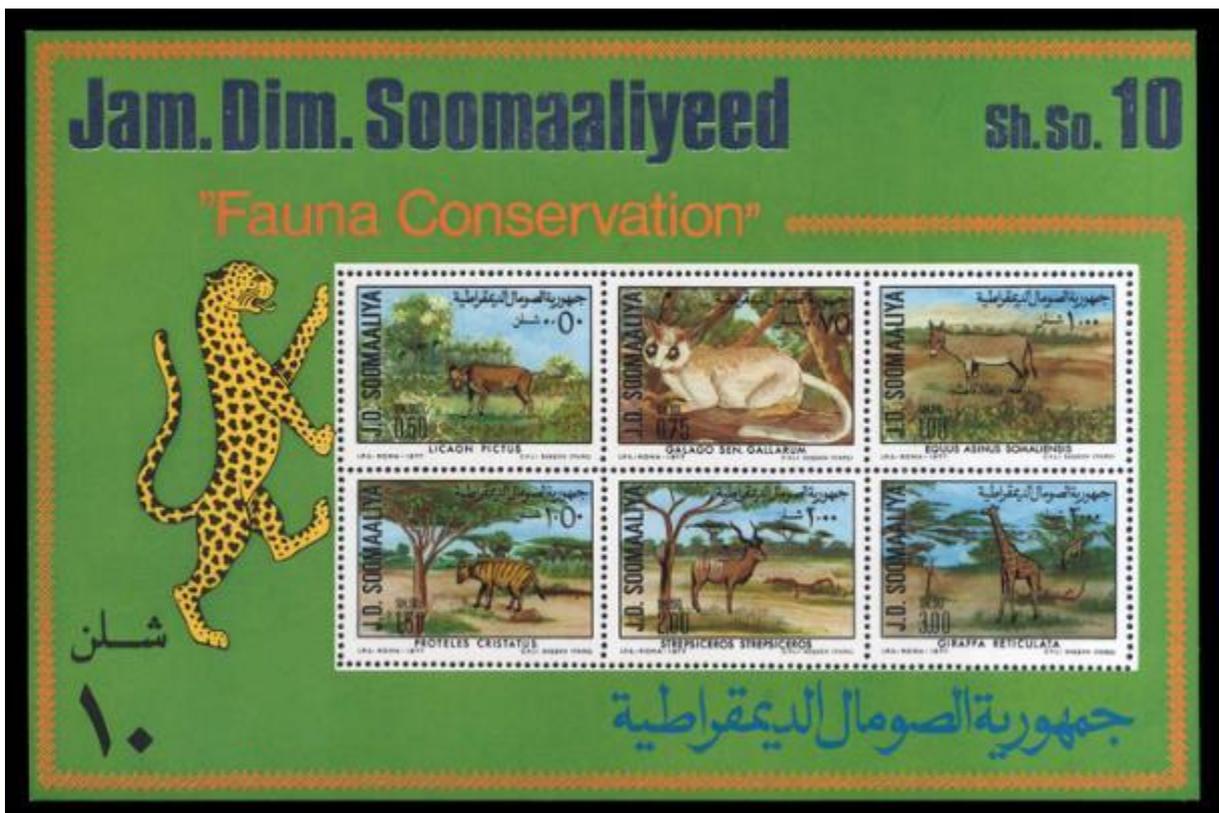
<https://i.colnect.net/f/3909/154/President-Mohammed-Siad-Barre-and-globe.jpg>

4.16 1977: Nature Conservation

M251-156 and Block 4; Y208-213: 0.50, 0.75; 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 3.00



<https://kayatana.com/images/SMLIA1977-605-610-s6-MM-4.45.jpg>



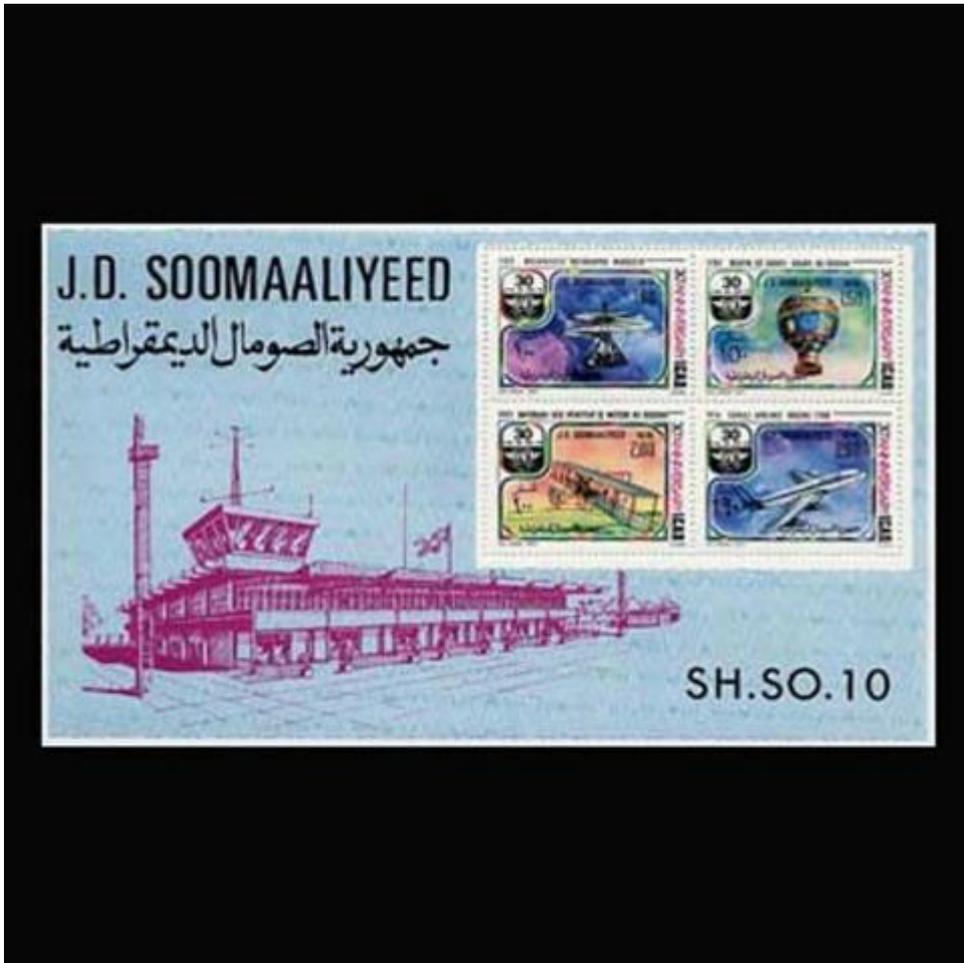
<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E18030/1803022735.jpg>

4.17 1977 I.C.A.O. (International Civil Aviation Organization)

M257-260, and Block 5; Y214-217: 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.90 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0257.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/YDEAAOSwCQIZ8Nua/s-l1600.jpg>



https://applications.icao.int/postalhistory/somalia_1977_30th_anniversary_of_icao_fichiers/image013.jpg Postmark Mogadishu 31 Dec 1977. FDC.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E15730/1573023591.jpg> Postmark Muqdisho 21 10 1979

4.18 1978: Support for Palestine

M261-262; Y218-219: 0.75, 2.00 ShSo.



4.19 1978: World Cup Football

M263-265 + Block 6; Y220-222: 1.50, 4.90, 5.50 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/400x400/730f6beb335f248cfe85fdbb46a85728/s/o/sop0263.jpg



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E17101/1710102096.jpg>



<https://s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com/static-2.malisto/customer/kmsr5267m4/full/2411561.jpg>
1st flight Lufthansa Venice – Munchen with a stamp from Somalia (13 4 1979 and Postmark Service Philatelique Mogadishu Somalia.

4.20 1978: Trees

M266-269; Y223-226: 0.40, 0.50, 0.75, 2.90 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0266.jpg

4.21 1978: Flowers

M270-273, and Block 7; Y227-230: 0.50, 1, 1.50, 2.30 ShSo.



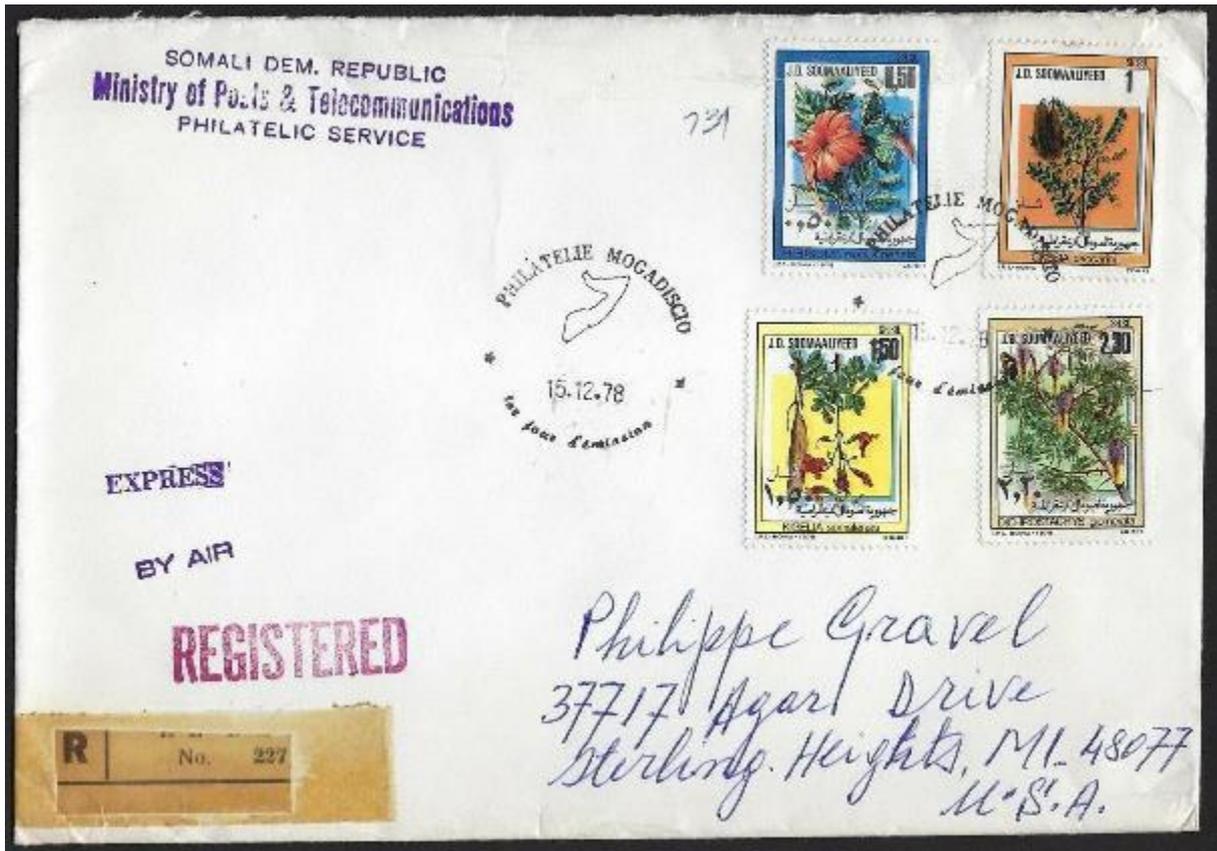
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/J1AAOSwna1Z09Ve/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rIIAOSwxQhaqLkL/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/vBgAAOSwpvZaBiOW/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Philatelia Mogadiscio, 15 12 1978. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/47IAAOSwbTbhcf/s-11600.jpg>

4.22 1979: Fishing

M274-277; Y231-234: 0.75, 0.80, 2.30, 2.50 ShSo.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09062/E09062/0906218896.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/NZcAAOSw6LZec4od/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Philatelie Mogadiscio 1.9.1979. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/~eUAAOSwV01bhcAX/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section 10 9 1979.

4.23 1979: International Year of the Child

M278-281, and Block 8; Y235-238: 0.50, 0.75, 1.50, 3.00 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0278.jpg



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E15700/1570001667.jpg>



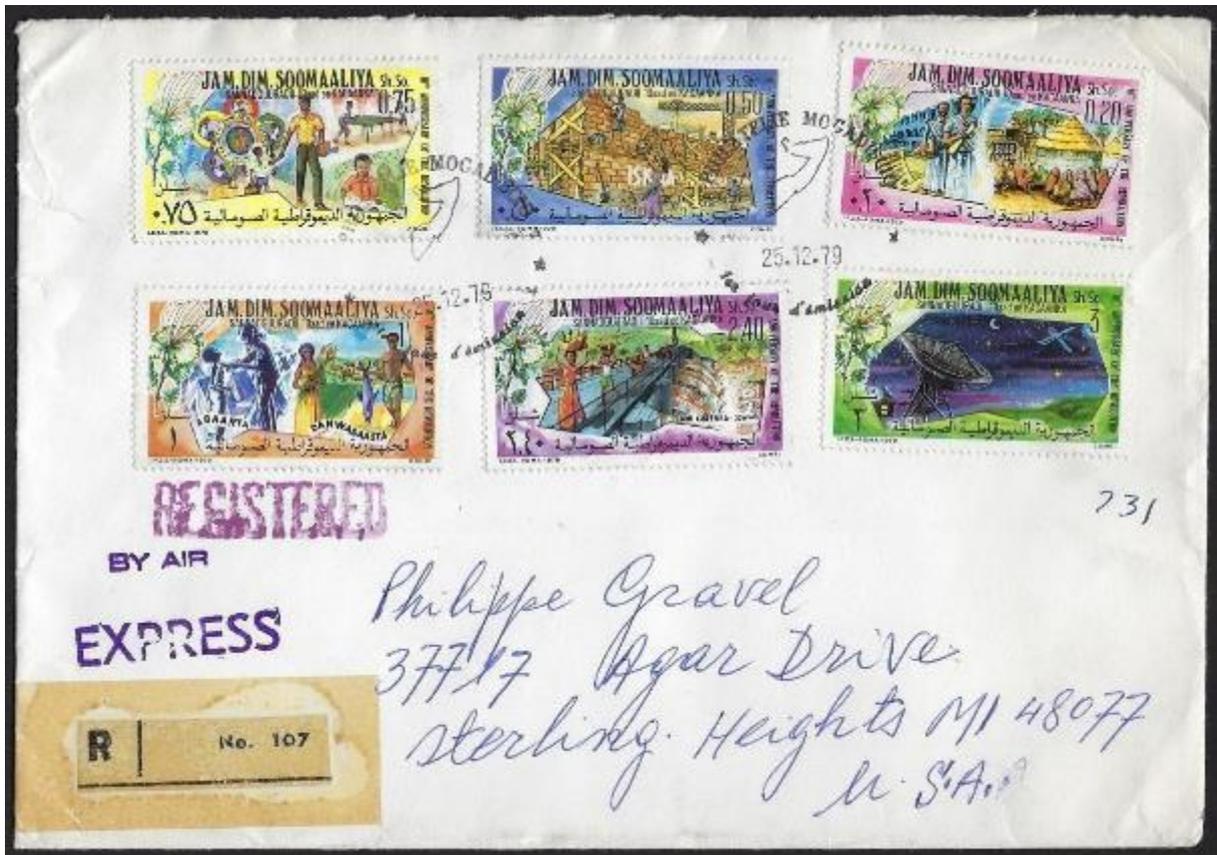
<https://www.pathovirome.com/static/3034/60f86b196854b6d1fcd58fa.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 10 9 1979. FDC.

4.24 1979: Anniversary of the Revolution

M282-287; Y239-244: 0.20, 0.50, 0.75, 1, 2.40, 3 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0282.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/sY0AAOSwFvZbhcaI/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 25 12 1979.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kDEAAOSwh-ZgiUt4/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 17 3 1980.

4.25 1979: Fish

M288-291, and Block 9; Y245-248: 0.50, 0.90, 1.00, 2.50 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0288.jpg



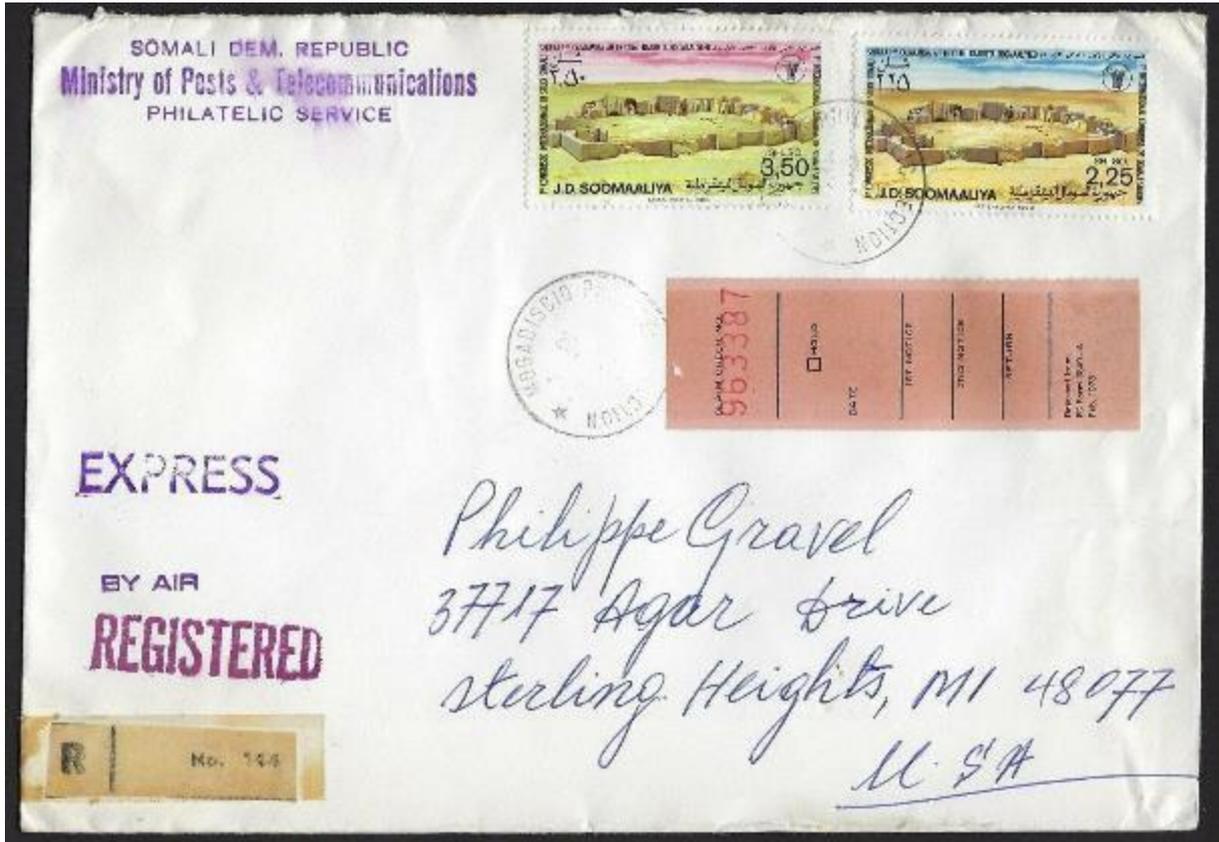
<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101769.jpg>

4.26 1980: Somalian Studies

M292-293; Y249-250: 2.25, 3.50 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/vOAAAOSwY3BZKYIk/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/fJoAAOSwIFRbhcAk/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section.

4.27 1980: Birds

M294-296 + Block 10; Y255-257: 1.00, 2.25, 5.00 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0294.jpg



https://delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/185/667/717_001.jpg?v=0

4.28 1980: Cities

M297-300; Y251-254: 0.75, 1.00, 2.30, 3.50 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0297.jpg Images of Marka, Gandershe, Afgooye and Muqdisho



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/YvoAAOSwXeJe3QHH/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu, 20 8 1980. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/1nkAAOSwCmlbhcAq/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu Philatelic Section 7 9 1980

4.29 1980 Postal Stationery

3.00 + 0.50 ShSo



https://www.quattrobajocchi.com/1581-xxl_image/1980-somalia-cartolina-postale-nuova-eusa873.jpg

4.30 1981: World Telecommunication Day

M301-303; Y258-260: 1.00, 3,00, 4.60 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/FYQAAOSwJededMO7/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/uiIAAOSwhBtfS8fd/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section 20 10 1981. FDC.

4.31 1981: World Food Day

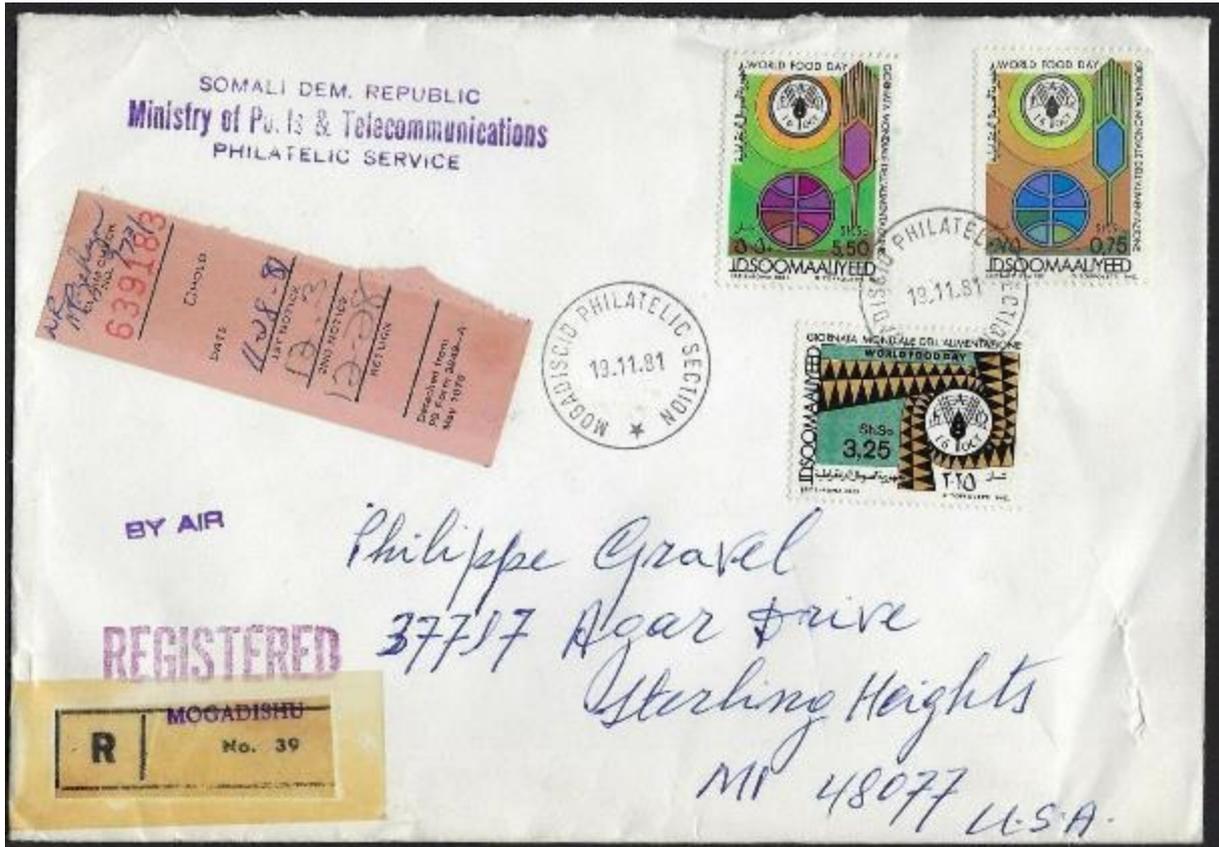
M304-306; Y261-263: 0.75, 3.25, 5.50 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rqUAAOSwgcNZLHpj/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/SO4AAOSw7NlfS8eS/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark J.D. Soomaaliya, 16 10 1981, FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/TkcAAOSwf95bhcAv/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section 13 11 1981.

4.32 1981: Refugees

M307-308 + Block 11; Y264-265: 2.00+0.50, 6.80+0.50 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/aJ8AAOSwu6ldj~CL/s-l1600.png>



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E19994/19994437055.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/2SAAAOSw47Ffs8gj/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Service Philatelique Mogadishu 5 12 1981. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/CC8AAOSw5Z5bhcaQ/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu Philatelic Section, 31 12 1981.

4.33 1981: Hedschra

M309-310; Y266-267: 1.50, 3.80 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XDYAAOSwIQdZKYlp/s-l1600.jpg>

4.34 1982: Landscapes

M311-314; Y268-271: 2.25, 4.00, 5.50, 8.30 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0311.jpg : Images of Balcad, Jowhar, Golaleey and Muqdisho.



<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-502.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-503.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-504.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-505.jpg>

4.35 1982 World Cup Football Spain

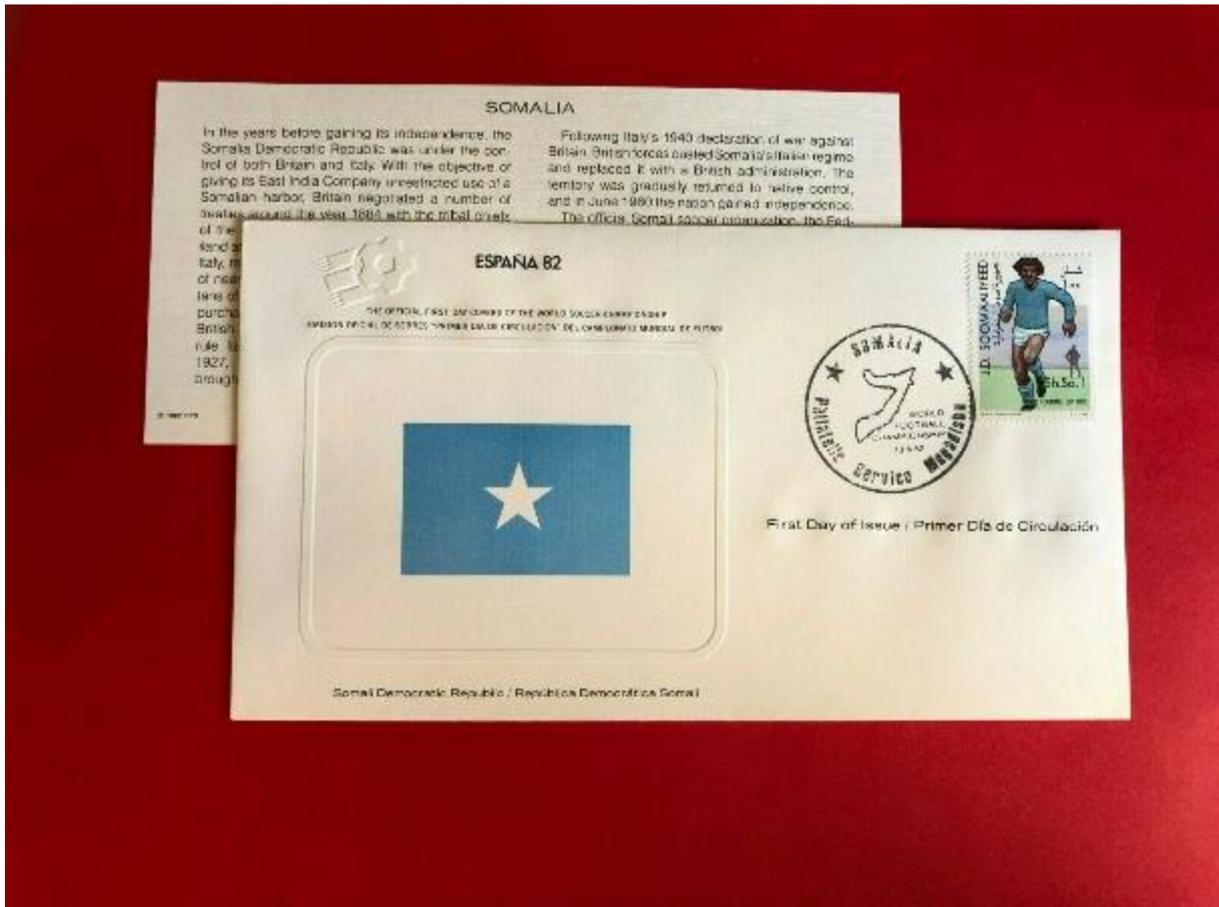
M315-317 + Block 12; Y272-274: 1, 1.50, 3.25 Sh So



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/AgoAAOSwCKBdj~CJ/s-l1600.png>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XOAAAOSwql1cwzdC/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ZMQAAOSwCrpf6JWA/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark philatelic Service Mogadishu 1982 FDC.

4.36 1982: World Telecommunication Conference, Nairobi

M318-320; Y275-277: 0.75, 3.25, 5.50 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0318.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/IIUAAOSwK5e3QhS/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Mogadishu 15 10 1982. FDC.



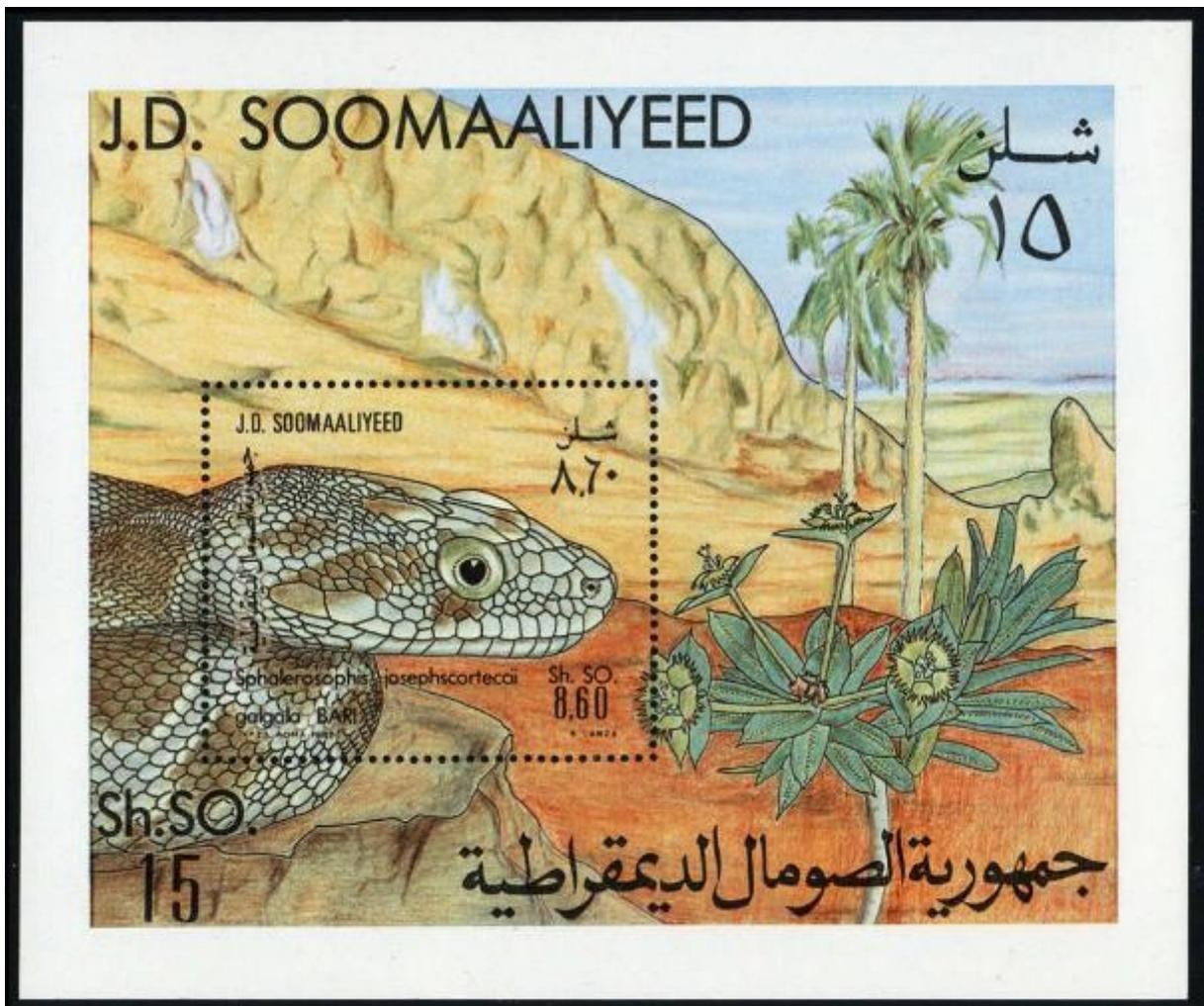
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ChUAAOSwBydbhcBB/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio Philatelic Section 22 11 1982

4.37 1982: Snakes

M321-323 + Block 13 = 324; Y278-280: 2.80, 3.20, 4.60 ShSo; Block: 8.60 ShSo



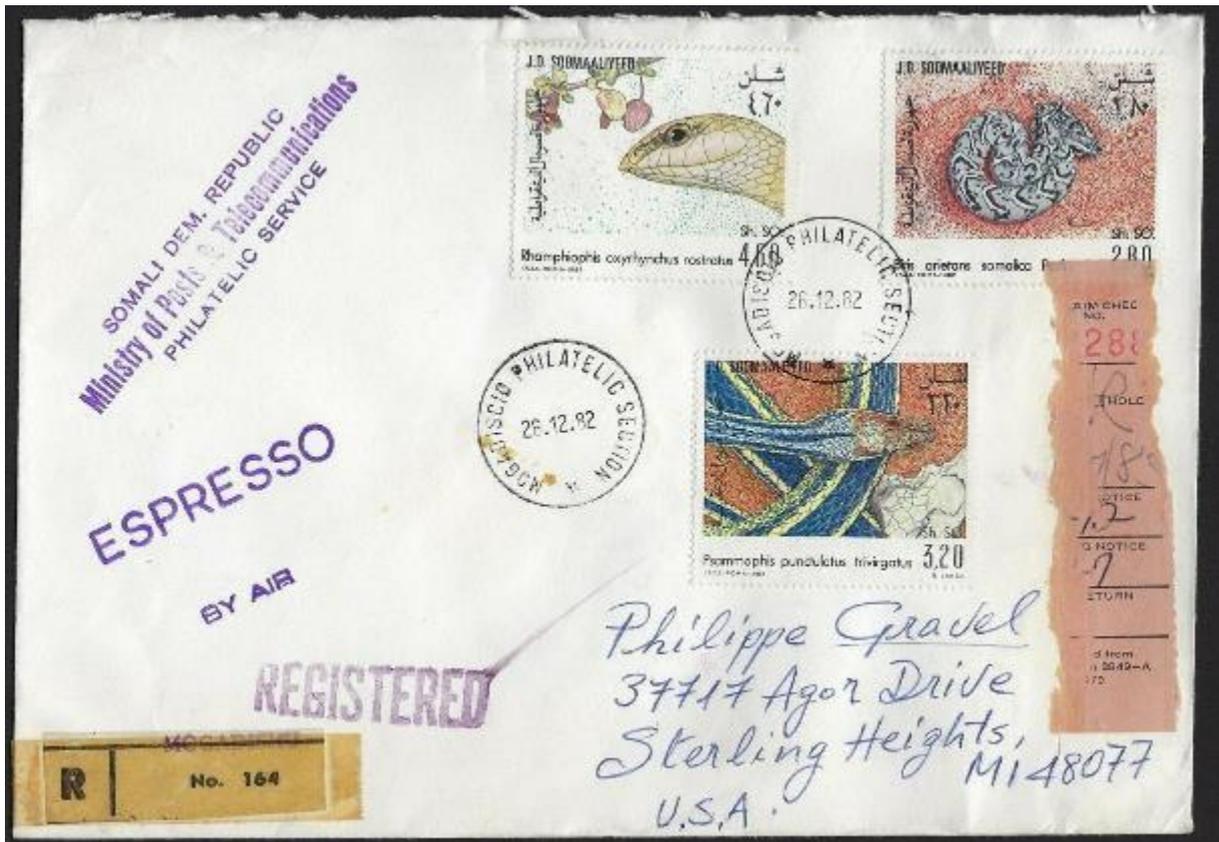
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0321.jpg



https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9196_473410/5770_Somalia/9196-19994445756.html?set_sprache=de&treparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=10&row_nr=229&breadcrumbId=1584868370.3852



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/zjsAAOSwS4he3Qpx/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Mogadishu 20 12 1982. FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/pS4AAOSwimZbhca8/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu Philatelic Section 26 12 1982.

4.38 1982: Anti-Tuberculosis

M325-326; Y281-282: 4.60+0.60, 5.80+0.60 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0325.jpg

4.39 1982: Definitives; Woman's face

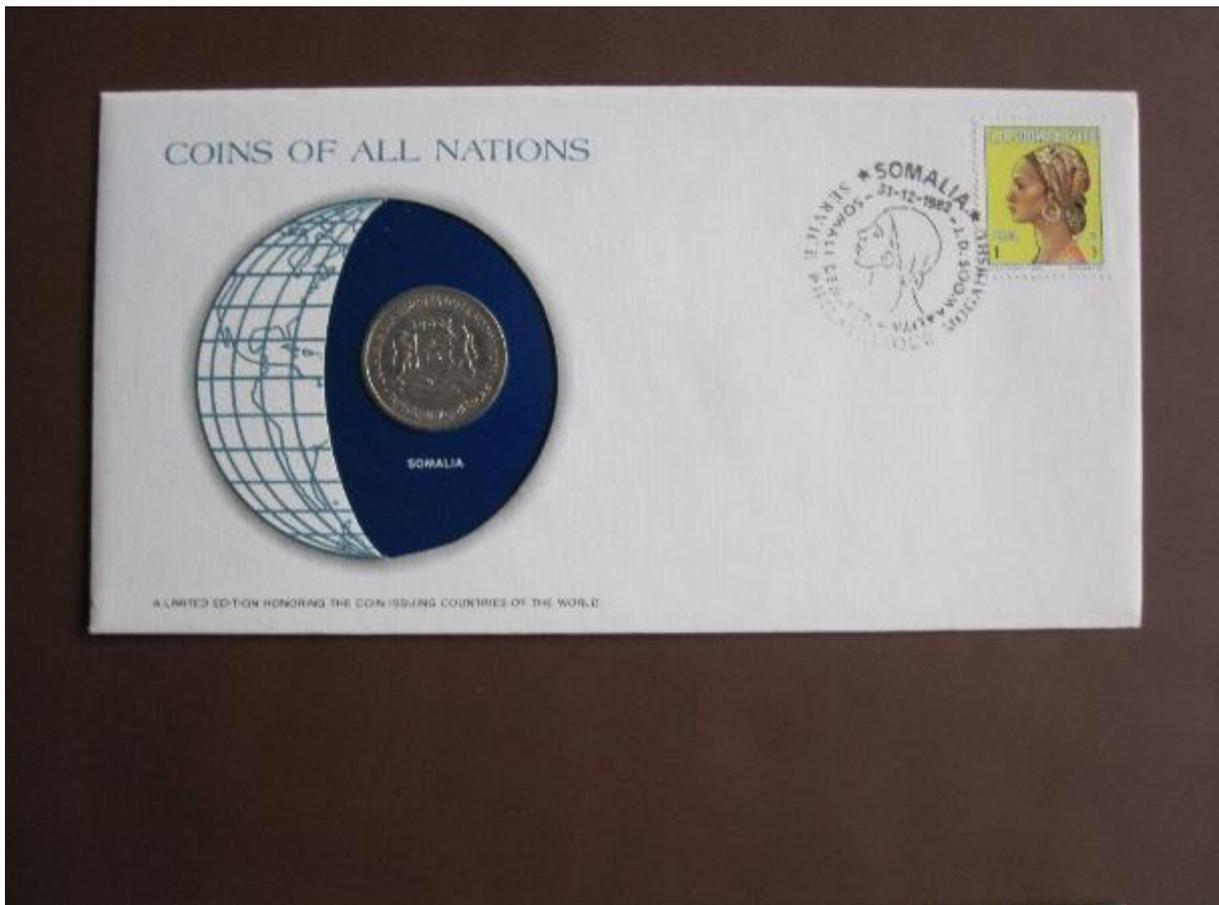
M327-332; Y283-288: 1, 5.20, 5.80, 6.40, 9.40, 25 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/2zUAAOSw7VtbxWuL/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/2KIAAOSwoA1bY~CF/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 31 12 1982, FDC.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/9SUAASwx5Vdq0gz/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 31 12 1982

4.40 1983: World Communications Year

M333-334; Y289-290: 5.20, 6.40 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0333.jpg

4.41 1983: 2d Study Congress on Somali Studies

M335-336; Y291-292: 5.20, 6.40 ShSo



<https://www.stampexindia.com/image/product/2020/07/20/15952424681.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/FTIAAOSwWHdfS8iT/s-l400.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio, 12 1983. FDC.

4.42 1983: Uniforms

M337-344: 8 x 3.20 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0337.jpg

4.43 1983: Landscapes

M345-348; Y301-304: 2.80, 3.20, 5.50, 8.60 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0345.jpg : Images of Barawe, Bur Hakaba, Baydhabo and Dooy Nuunaay.



<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-527.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-528.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-529.jpg>

<https://mapsonstampsdb.com/scans/somalia-530.jpg>

4.44 United Nations Flag Series: Somalia

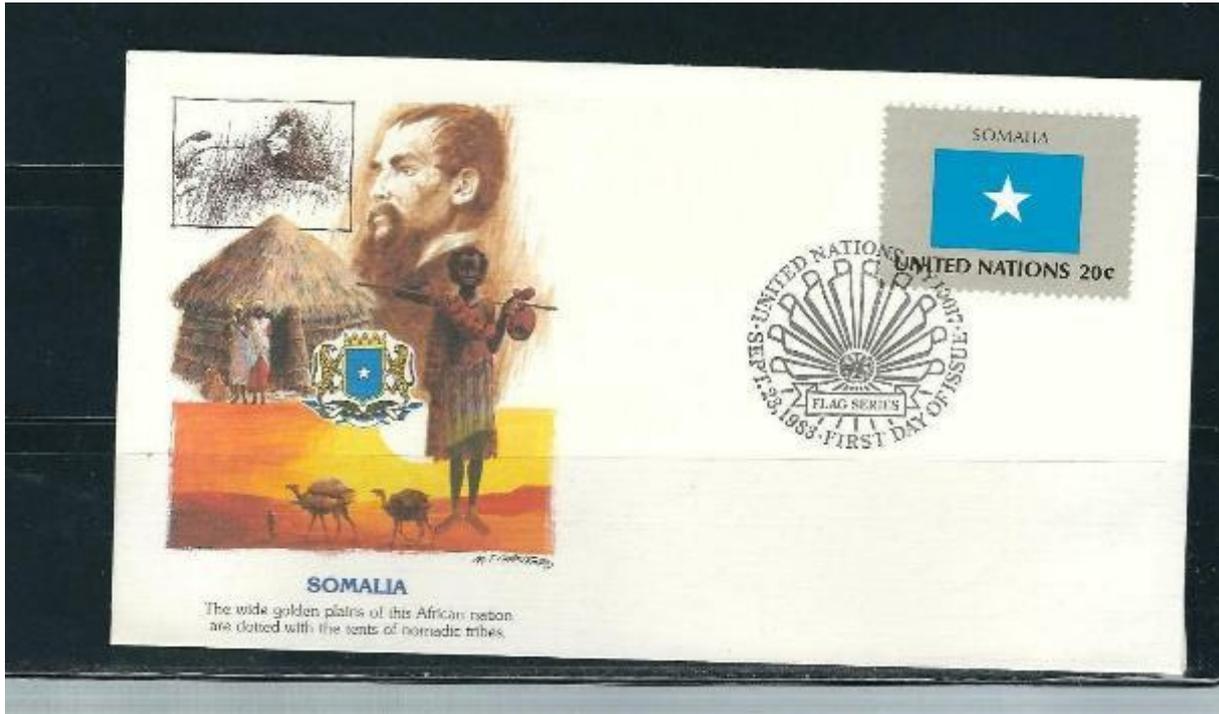
UN New York Office, 20c



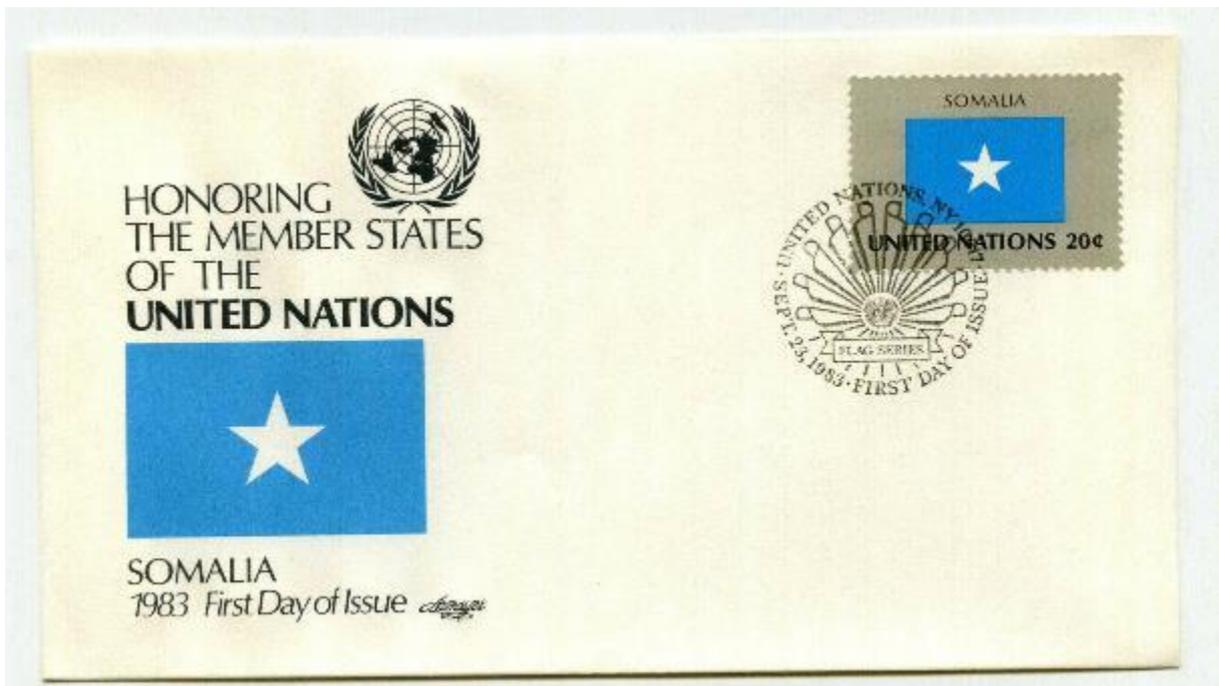
<https://therainkey.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/RK-ST-307.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kXMAAOSwyApcP-NU/s-l1600.jpg> FDC: New York 23 September 1983



https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/184876200251_/United-nations-1983-Flag-Series-SC-411.jpg Idem.



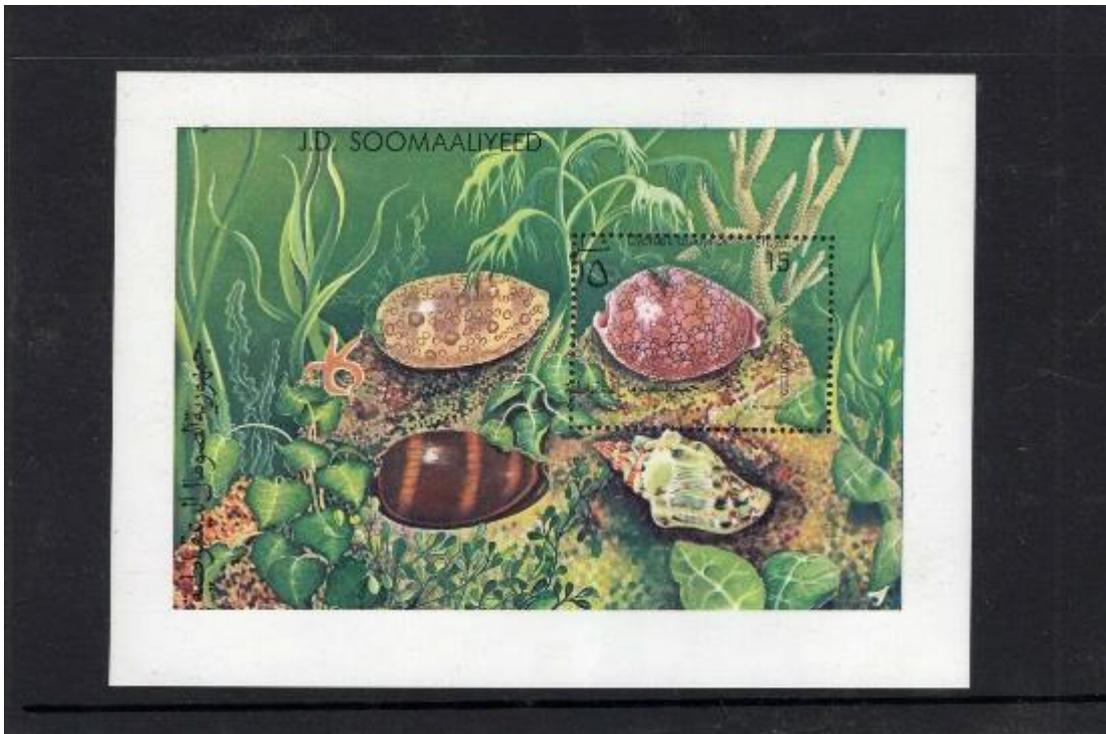
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XxlAAOSwz3JaGFju/s-l1600.jpg> Idem.

4.45 1984: Shells

M349-351 + Block 14; Y305-307: 2.80, 3.20, 5.50 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/HzIAAOSwd5xcZe2h/s-l1600.jpg>



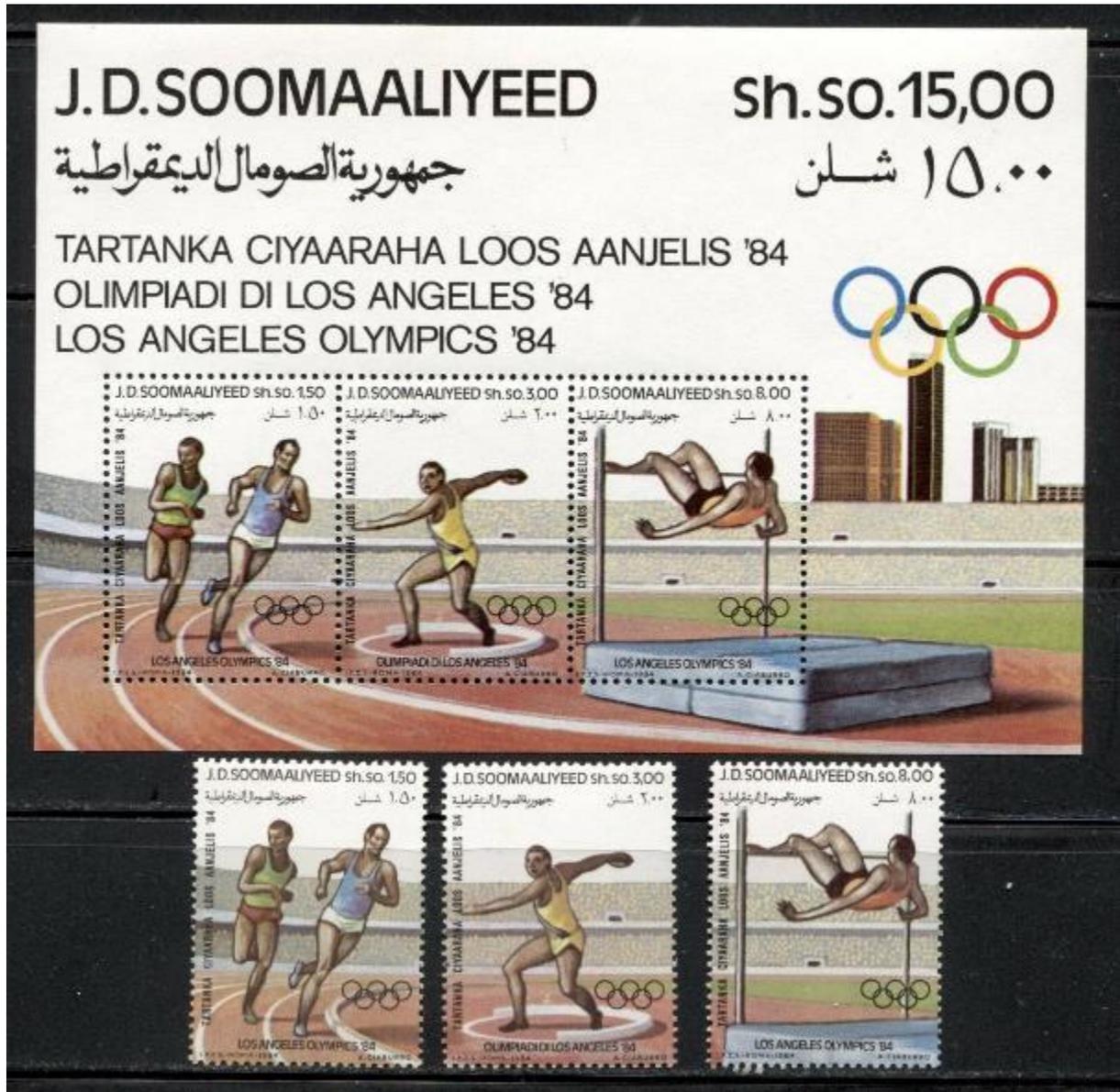
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/1aMAAOSwl-ddN5t-/s-l1600.jpg>



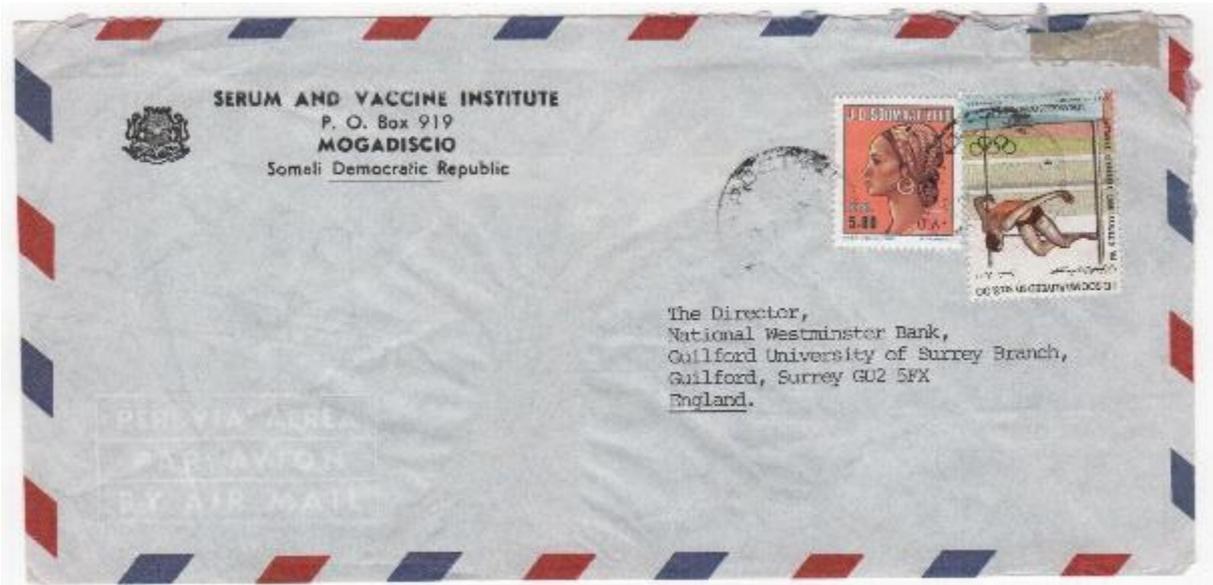
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/l2kAAOSwpUVcd8Nv/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Service Philatelique Mogadiscio 15 2 1984.

4.46 1984 : Olympic Games Los Angeles

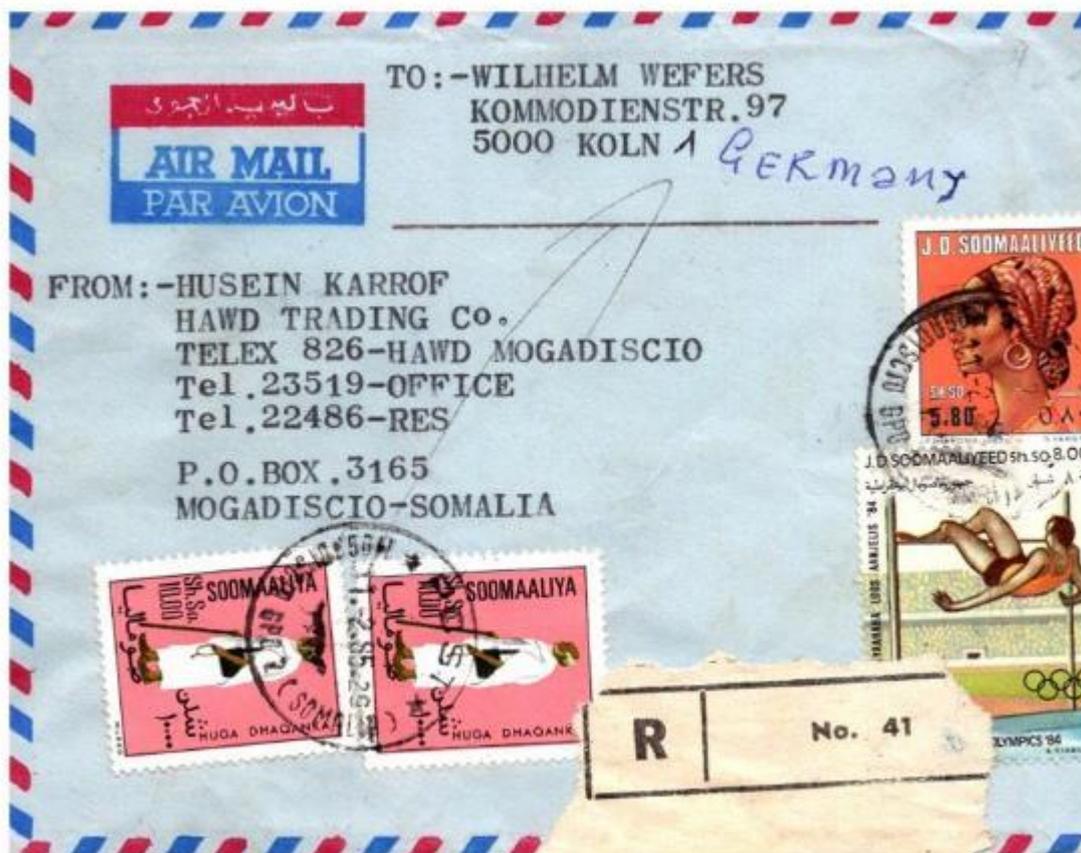
M353-355 and Block 15 : 1.50, 3.00, 8,00 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/03UAAOSwEHpZJZ9j/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/2XMAAOSwP2Bck4Rj/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://storage.googleapis.com/hipstamp/p/168454344a0e44f45d556e0fe707a96e.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 12 1985

4.47 1984: Stamp Fair Riccione

M356-357; Y315-316: 5.20, 6.40 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/Z5QAAOSwIMFZKYlu/s-l1600.jpg>

4.48 1984: Mammals

M358-361 and Block 16: 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 4.00 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0358.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb016.jpg



<https://www.picclickimg.com/d/w1600/pict/274392441516/Somalia-FDC-1984-Somali-Mammals-Animals.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 31 8 1984 FDC.

4.49 1984: I.C.A.O. (International Civil Aviation Organization)

M362-363, and Block 17: 3.60 and 6.40 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0362.jpg



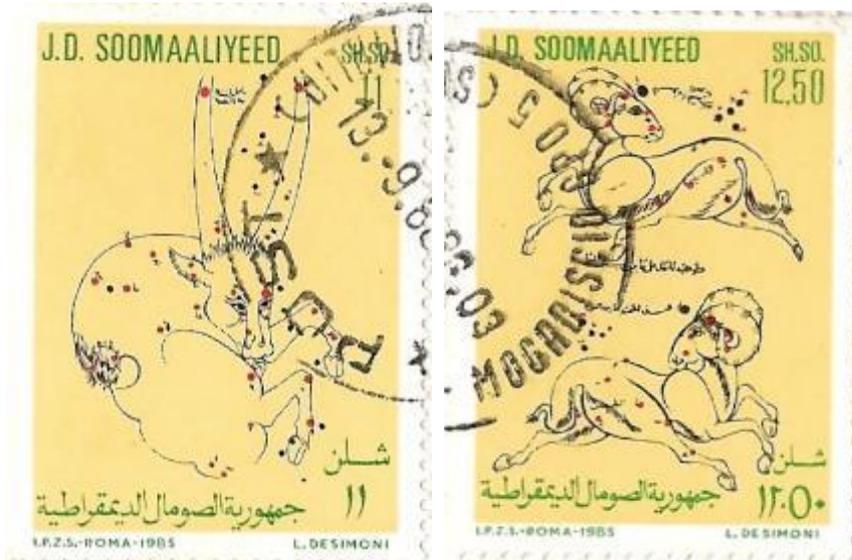
https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb017.jpg

4.50 1985: Zodiacs

M364-367; Y319-322: 4.30, 11, 12.50, 13.80 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0364.jpg



<https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-sY0YH76b5f4/Xkvj7TJpH9I/AAAAAAAAA0yk/tXkUpmLQ0V4yFuwPGtCxYbPKg9ebQWaNACLcBGAsYHQ/s1600/Scan.jpg>

<https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-W3LOLbwJpf0/Xkvj9xeHpCI/AAAAAAAAA0yo/kccIFkgMeBAnFTc6ptRo5bWUaN1Qlr95ACLcBGAsYHQ/s1600/Scan%2B1.jpg> Postmark Mogadiscio 13 9 1986.

4.51 1985: Buildings

M368-371; Y323-326: 2.00, 6.60, 10.00, 18.60 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0368.jpg

4.52 1985: World Philatelic Exhibition Italia '85

M372-373 and Block 18; Y327-328: 2.00; 20.00 ShSo.



<https://www.stampexindia.com/image/product/2020/07/20/15952432511.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb018.jpg



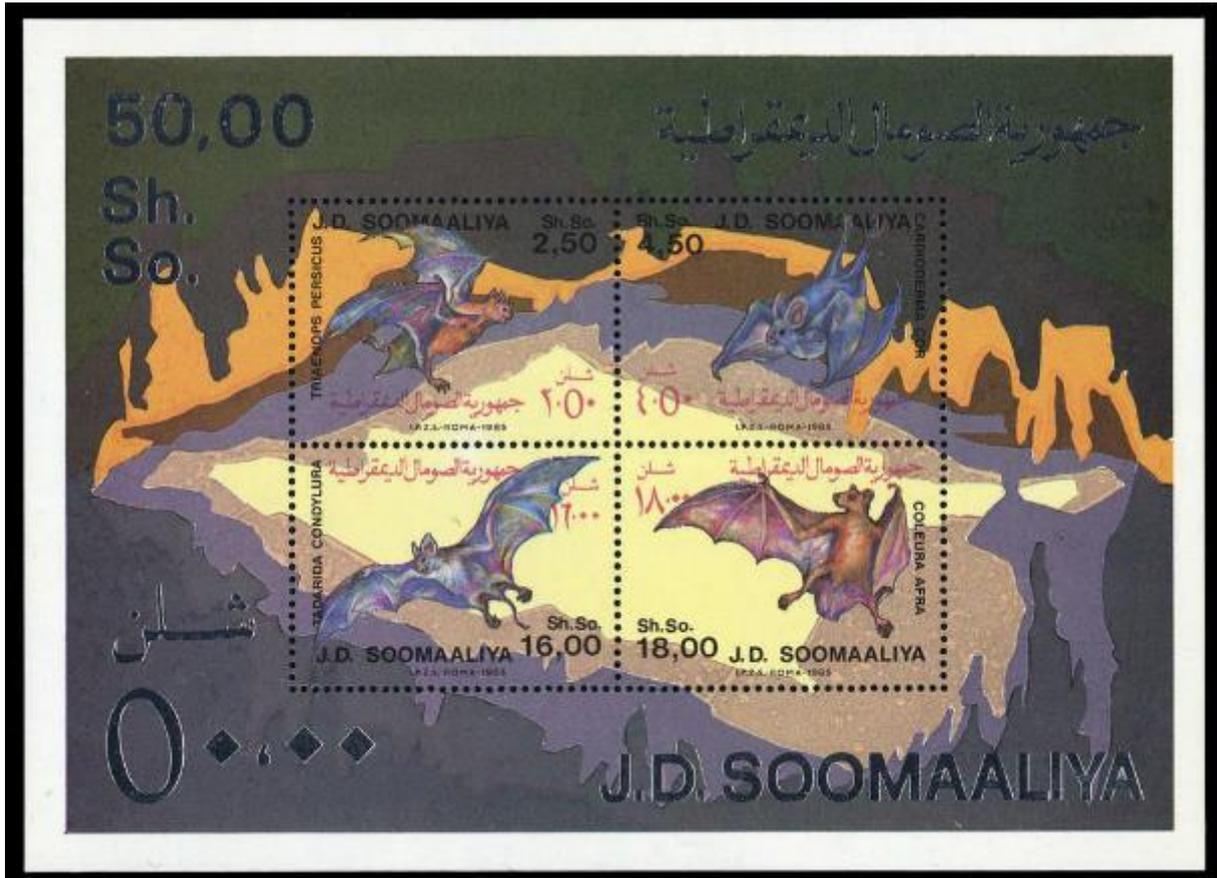
https://www.picclickimg.com/d/l400/pict/274392453926_/Somalia-FDC-1985-Stamp-Exposition-Expo-Mondial.jpg Postmark Mogadishu 25 10 1985. FDC.

4.53 1985: Bats

M374-377 and Block 19; Y329-332: 2.50, 4.50, 16.00, 18.00 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/GPsAAOSwTfNcr54s/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9196_473409/5770_Somalia/9196-19994445754.html?set_sprache=de&treeparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=9&row_nr=216&breadcrumb=1584867895.0289

4.54 1986: Cooperation with Kenya

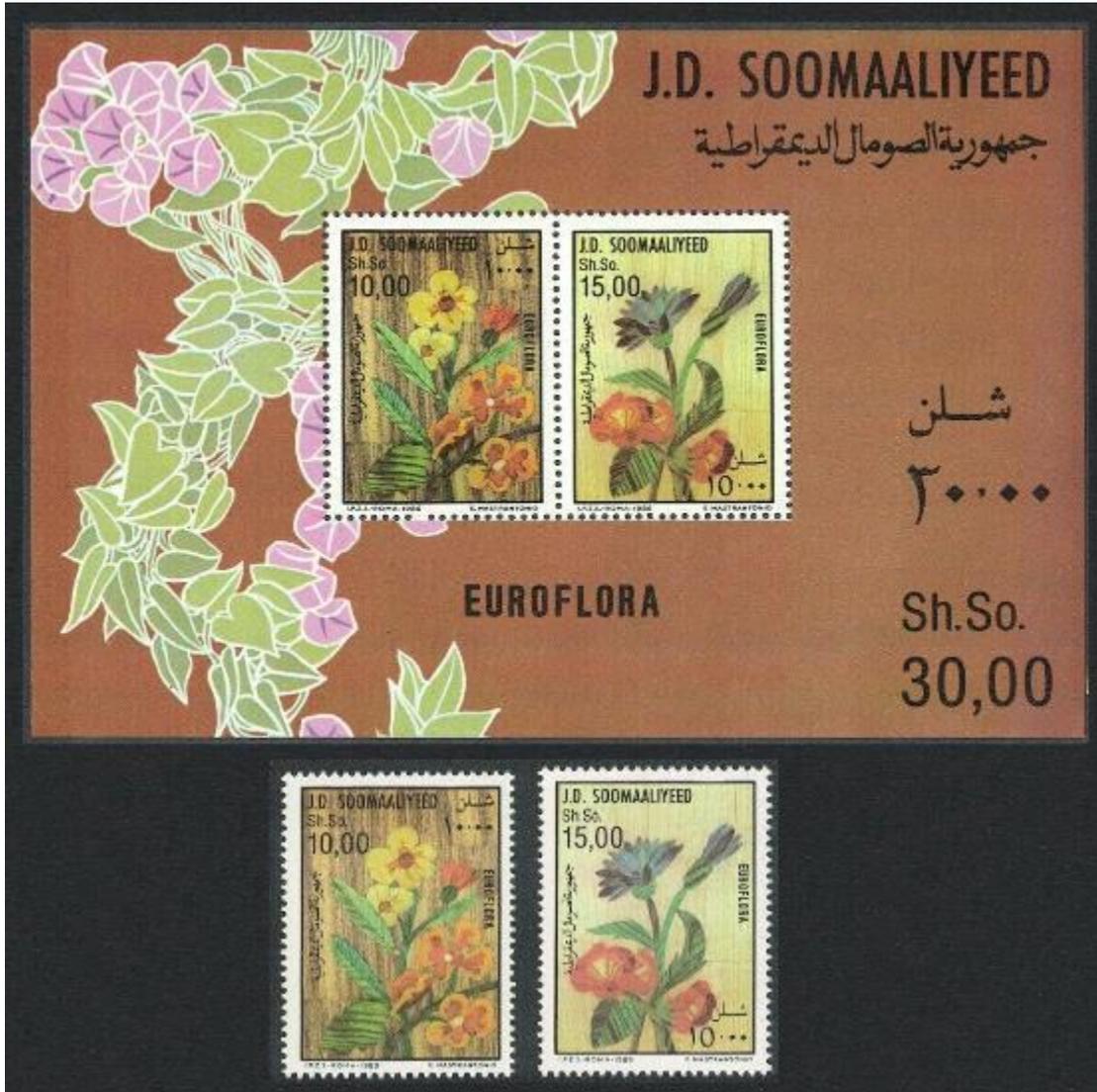
M382-383; Y 333-334: 9.00, 14.50 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0382.jpg

4.55 1986: Euroflora

M384-385 and Block 20; Y335-336: 10.00, 15.00 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/c~4AAOSwclpedMO7/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/z3cAAOSwxEde36R2/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 25 4 1986. FDC>

4.56 1986: Somalia Studies

M386-387: 11.35, 20.00 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0386.jpg



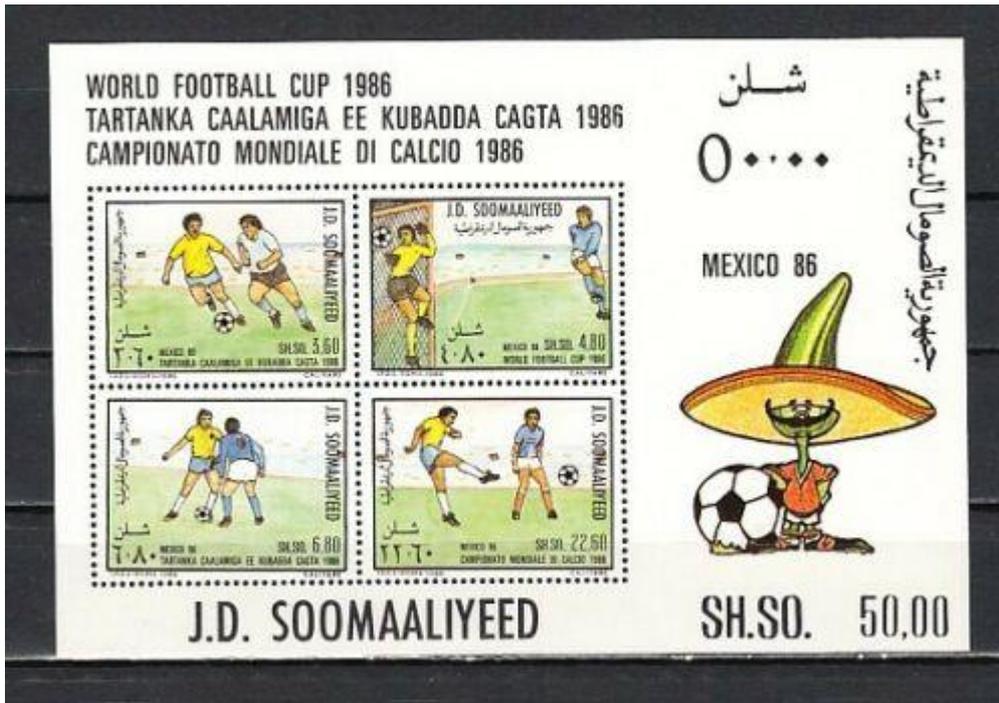
<https://i.ebayimg.com/thumbs/images/g/ZHoAAOSw7I9hMFgJ/s-l300.jpg>: Airmail letter from Mogadiscio to Iran.

4.57 1986: World Cup Football

M388-391 and Block 21; Y339-342: 3.60, 4.80, 6.80, 22.60 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0388.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/OZIAAOSw~e5ZT80j/s-l500.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/4u4AAOSwbwFe36Z2/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 31 Maggio 1986. FDC.

4.58 1986: Buildings

M392-395; Y343-346: 10.00, 15.00, 20.00, 31.00 ShSo



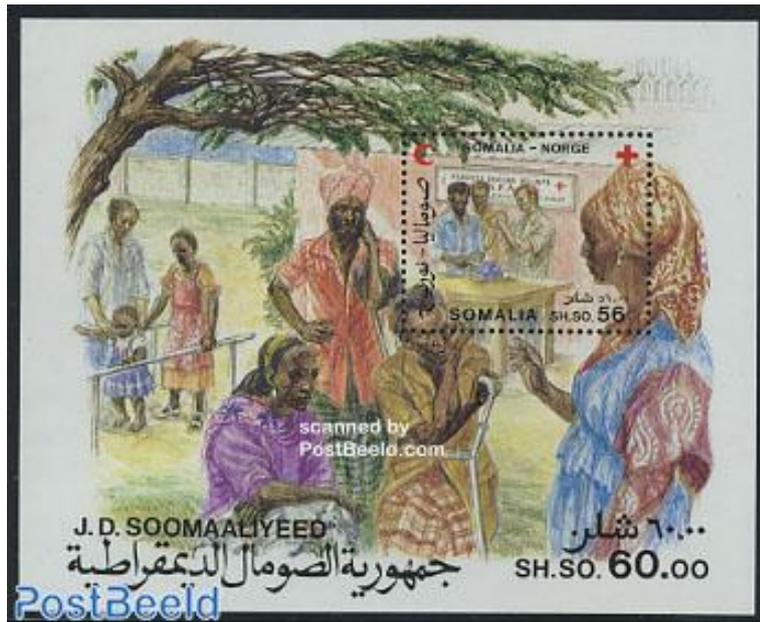
https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0392.jpg

4.59 1987: Red Cross (Joint Issue with Norway)

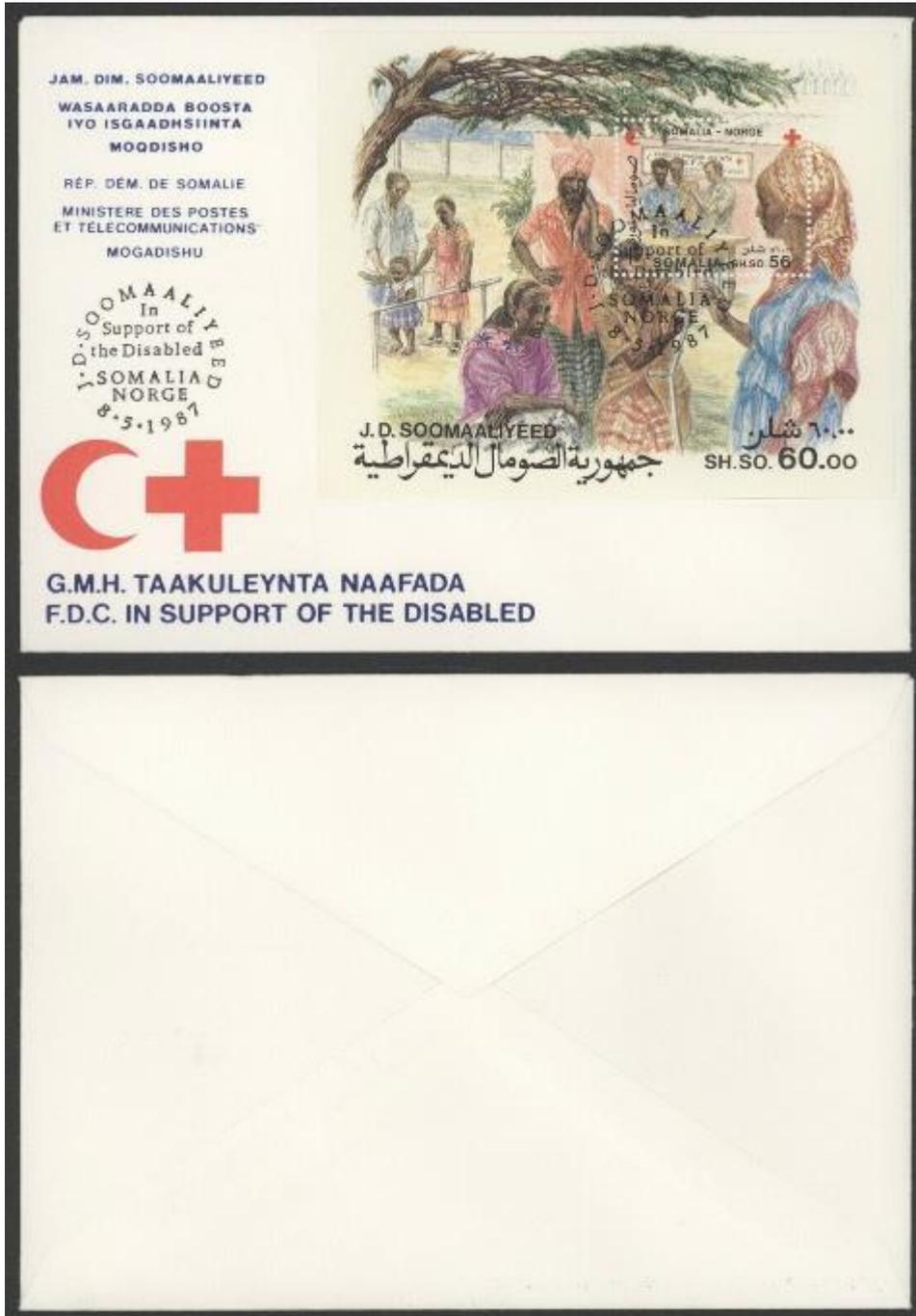
M396 + Block 22 (=397): 56.00 and 60.00 ShSo



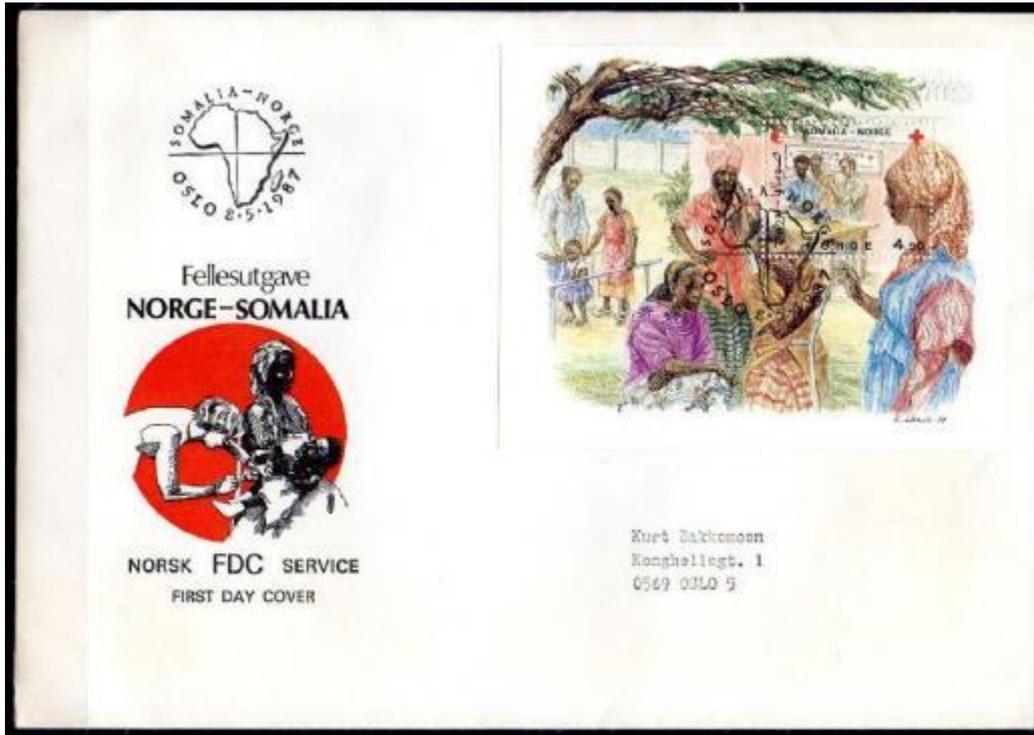
https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0396.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb022.jpg



<https://www.pathovirome.com/static/4129/60f6fe976854b6d1fc4a2ef1.jpg> FDC 8.5.1987.



<https://gibud.no/Auction/APUserImages/B17042021ID107674F1WLQWFHYLDTEI.JPG> The Norwegian stamp of the twin issue in 1987.

4.60 1987: World Olympic Philatelic Exhibition

M398-399 and Block 23; Y348-349: 20.00, 48.00 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/YcoAAOSwroJcr58c/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb023.jpg

4.61 1987: Shelter for the Homeless

M400-401: 53, 72 Sh So.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0400.jpg

4.62 1987: Geological Development

M402-405 and Block 24: 10.00, 20.00, 40.00, 50.00 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0402.jpg



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E19994/19994445763.jpg>

4.62 1988: 40 Years World Health Organization

M406-407: 50.00, 168.00 Sh So.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0406.jpg

Collection Vincent Prange



1/4/1989. Registered airmail letter from Mogadiscio to West Berlin, franked with in total 486 Sh So, proof of an enormous inflation in the country. The stamps with Siad Barre as a friend of children did not last long... Collection Vincent Prange p.65; also in Filitalia 17/4.

4.63 1989: Animals

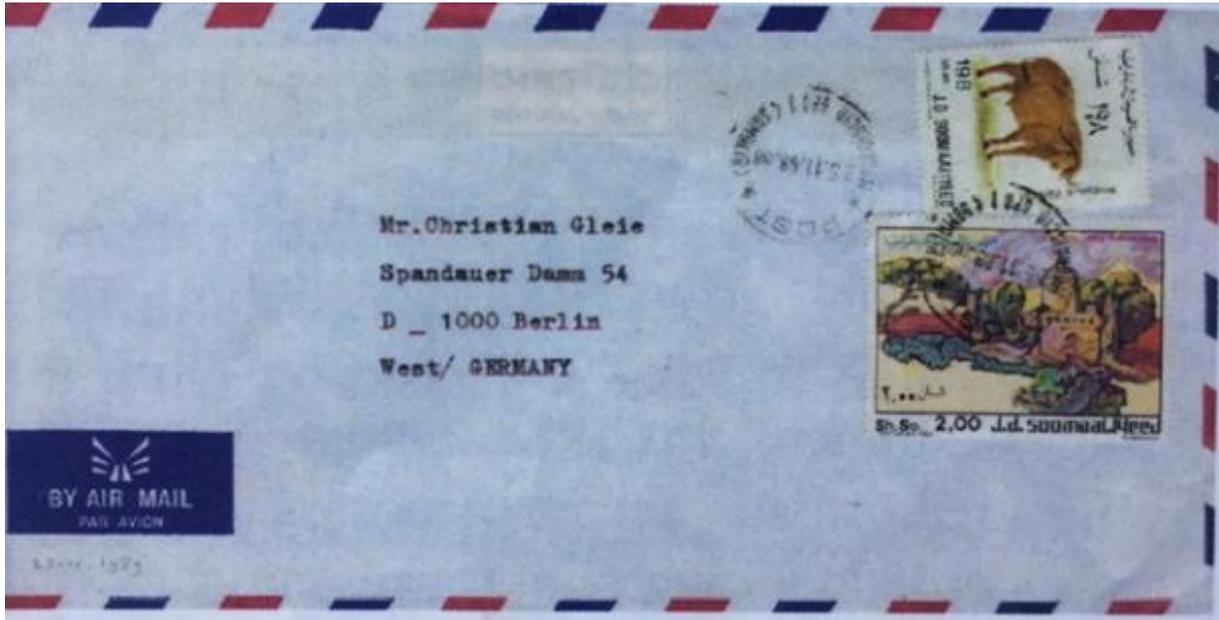
M408-411 and Block 25: 75, 198, 200, 216 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/NWwAAOSwxld6o73/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb025.jpg



Filitalia 17/4, p. 4: a second letter “from Mogadiscio to Berlin,... 25/11/1989”.

4.64 1989/1990s Revenue stamps



https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/somalia-newest_orig.jpg : “#174/181 and #191/201”.



https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/new-style-arms-imprint-piece-amc-may-2011_orig.jpg : “ #201 with printer's imprint”.

"c1990s. New types. 17 x 21 mm. No wmk. Printed by De La Rue.

a) Perf 14 x 13½

174. 4s purple-brown

181. 200s yellowish olive

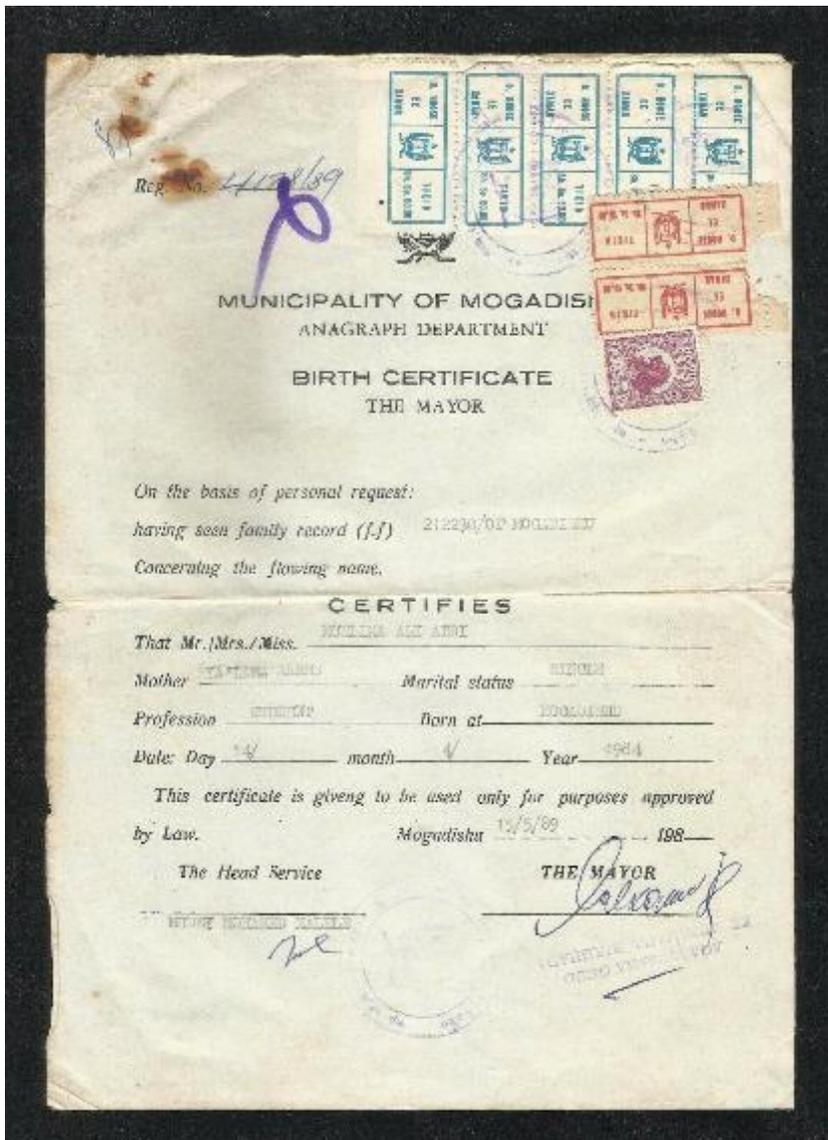
b) Perf 13

191. 1s deep ultramarine

198. 20s deep slate

201. 200s yellowish olive

Note: the imprint piece shown here proves that #201 was printed by De La Rue. I presume that the other values were also the work of DLR, though this cannot be confirmed at present".



4.65 1989: October Revolution

M412-415: 70, 100, 150, 300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0412.jpg

4.66 1990: World Cup Football

M416-419 and Block 26: 70, 100, 150, 300 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0416.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb026.jpg

On 25 December 1990 a series of football stamps arrived in the Central Post Office in Mogadiscio, but when the Post Office was bombed in January 1991 most of these stamps were destroyed. Mail with these stamps is unknown. And afterwards there were no postal connections anymore....

5. Civil War; Official postage services broken down; externally produced stamps issued as J. Soomaaliya; 1991 onwards

Political timeline/Presidents

Interim Government of Somalia: 1991-1997



Ali Mahdi Muhammad (1939-2021); President, recognized by some foreign countries: 27 January 1991 – 3 January 1997 (picture: https://static.wikia.nocookie.net/totalwar-ar/images/6/68/Ali_Mahdi_Muhammad.jpg/revision/latest?cb=20200921142243)

Chaotic Period, with Yasiin Ali Artan (1939-2021) as President, recognized by some countries: 3 January 1997 – 27 August 2000 (no picture)

Transitional National Government of Somalia: 2000-2004



Abdiqasim Salad (*1941): President 27 August 2000 – 14 October 2004

Transitional Federal Government of Somalia: 2004-2012



Abdullahi Yusuf Ahmed (1934-2012). President 14 October 2004 – 29 December 2008 (resigned)



Aden Madobe (*1956). Acting president: 29 December 2008 – 31 January 2009.



Sharif Sheikh Ahmed (*1964) President 31 January 2009 – 20 August 2012

Federal Republic of Somalia: 2012 onwards



Muse Hassan Sheikh Sayid Abdulla (*1940). Acting president 20-27 August 2012



Mohamed Osman Jawari (1945). Acting president 28 August 2012 – 16 September 2012



Hassan Sheikh Mohamed (*1955). President 16 September 2012 – 16 February 2017



Mohamed Abdullahi Mohamed (*1962). President since 16 February 2017

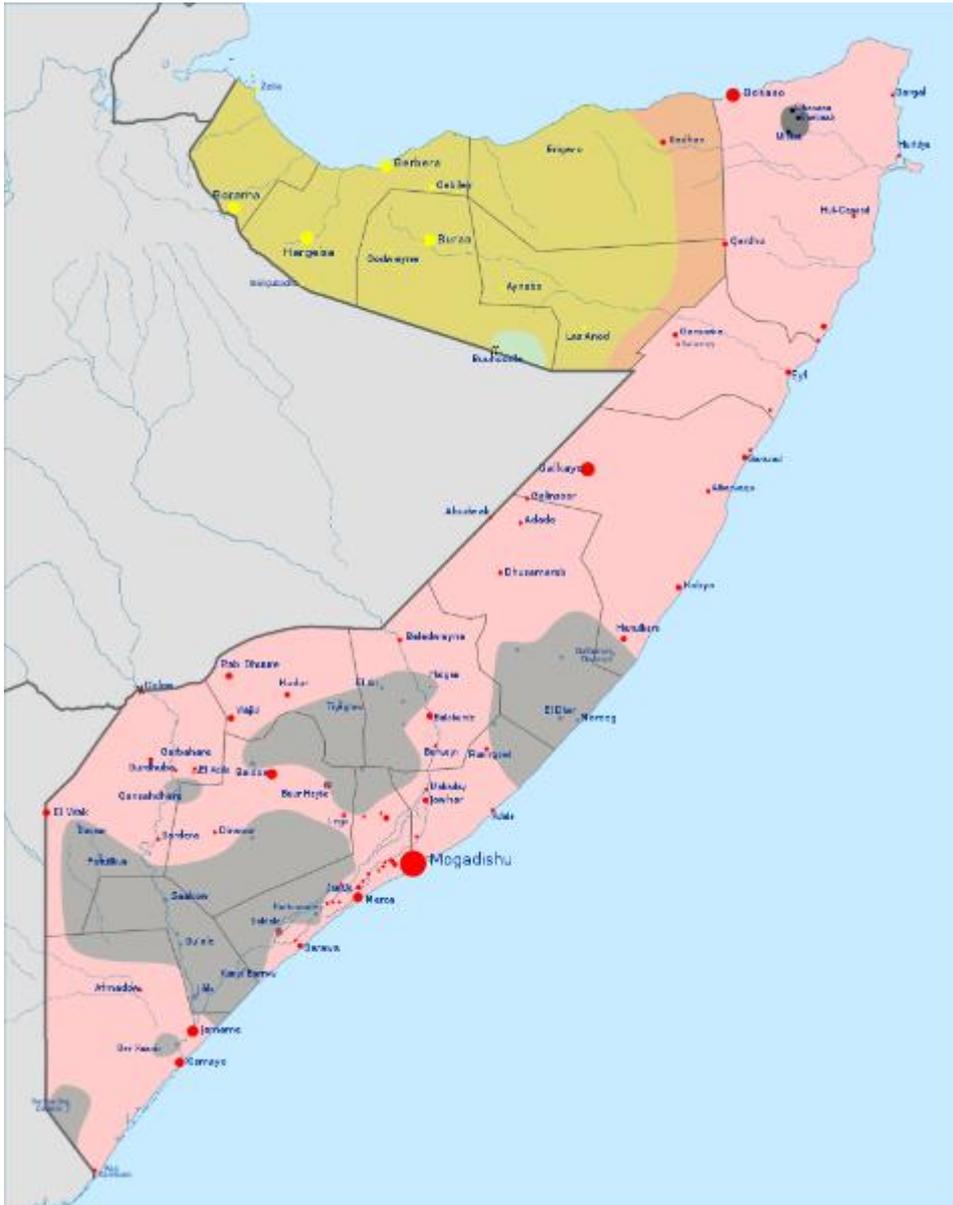
5.1. Introduction

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Somali_Civil_War : “In 1988, Siad Barre and Ethiopian dictator Mengistu Haile Mariam agreed to a secret deal whereby each would cease hosting insurgencies of one another. As a result, prompting the Somali National Movement (SNM) to launch an offensive on

Northern Somalia from its bases on the Ethiopian border. Barre's regime responded with "systematic" human rights abuses and the genocide of thousands of Isaaq tribesmen resulting in up to 200,000 civilians slaughtered and 500,000 more people seeking refuge in neighbouring Ethiopia. In response to these humanitarian abuses, Western aid donors cut funding to the Somali regime which, at the time, was heavily reliant on foreign aid. This resulted in a rapid "retreat of the state", accompanied by a severe drop in value for the Somali Shilling and mass military desertion by Somali army units. In 1990, as fighting intensified, Somalia's first President, Aden Abdullah Osman Daar, and about 100 other Somali politicians signed a manifesto advocating reconciliation. A number of the signatories were subsequently arrested. Barre's heavy-handed tactics further strengthened the appeal of the various rebel movements, although these groups' only common goal was the overthrow of his government. It also played a major role in developing piracy in Somalia.

In the north, fighting continued between SNM rebels and heavily armed pro-government militia in places like Awdal. In January 1991, in one of the final episodes of the civil war in the north, SNM militia gave chase to retreating government forces (26th Division) to the town of Dilla, where a battle took place and the town was destroyed. SNM militia then continued into Borama, the capital and largest town of Awdal, but the SNM leadership withdrew units within 24 hours to allow discussions to take place without the threat of occupation. By February 4, SNM's control extended to the entire north of Somalia, and all prisoners and pro-government ex-soldiers were released and ordered to return to their regions of origin (mainly Ethiopia), except for Hawiye ex-soldiers and ex-civil servants, who were permitted to remain in Burco since their lives would have been at risk if they had travelled through hostile pro-Barre country on their return to Mogadishu Somalia.

By mid-1990, United Somali Congress (USC) rebels had captured most towns and villages surrounding Mogadishu, which prompted some to give Barre the ironic title 'Mayor of Mogadishu.' In December the USC entered Mogadishu. Four weeks of battle between Barre's remaining troops and the USC ensued, during which the USC brought more forces into the city. By January 1991, USC rebels defeated the Red Berets, Barre's special forces, toppling Barre's hold on the government. The remainder of the government's forces then finally collapsed. Some became irregular regional forces and clan militias. After the USC's victory over Barre's troops, the other rebel groups declined to cooperate with it, as each instead drew primary support from its own constituency. Among these other opposition movements were the Somali Patriotic Movement (SPM) and Somali Democratic Alliance (SDA), a Gadabuursi group which had been formed in the northwest to counter the Somali National Movement Isaaq militia. For its part, the SNM initially refused to accept the legitimacy of the provisional government that the USC had established, but in March 1991 the SNM's former leader Ahmed Mohamed Silanyo proposed a power-sharing framework between the SNM and USC under a new transitional government. Many of the opposition groups subsequently began competing for influence in the power vacuum that followed the ousting of Barre's government. In the south, armed factions led by USC commanders General Mohamed Farah Aidid and Ali Mahdi Mohamed, in particular, clashed as each sought to exert authority over the capital. In the northwest, at the Burao conference of April–May 1991, the SNM declared an independent Republic of Somaliland in the region that had constituted the British Somaliland before independence and unification with the former colony of Italian Somaliland in 1960 electing Abdirahman Ahmed Ali Tuur as president.



 Under control of the Somali government and Allies
 Under control of the self-declared state of Somaliland
 Under control of Al-Shabaab and Allies
 Under control of Islamic State
 Under control of Khatumo State
 Disputed territory between Somaliland and Puntland

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/c/c3/Somali_Civil_War_%282009-present%29.svg/800px-Somali_Civil_War_%282009-present%29.svg.png

In 1992, after four months of heavy fighting for control of Mogadishu, a ceasefire was agreed between Ali Mahdi Mohamed and Mohamed Farah Aideed. Neither had seized control of the capital, and as a result, a 'greenline' was established between east and west that divided their areas of control”.



https://arsof-history.org/articles/images/v3n2_like_beirut_love_mogadishu/map_mogadishu.jpg

Wikipedia sources:

- Somalia : a country study. Metz, Helen Chapin, 1928-, Library of Congress. Federal Research Division., Thomas Leiper Kane Collection (Library of Congress. Hebraic Section) (4th ed.). Washington, D.C.: Federal Research Division, Library of Congress. 1993.
- Menkhaus, Ken (April 2011). "Somalia and the Horn of Africa". World Bank.
- Bloomfield, Steve (June 11, 2007). "Aden Abdulle Osman — First President of Somalia". The Independent.
- Horn of Africa Bulletin, Volumes 3–4. Life & Peace Institute. 1991. p. 14
- Renders, Marleen (January 20, 2012). Consider Somaliland: State-Building with Traditional Leaders and Institutions. BRILL.
- Walls, Michael (2011). State formation in Somaliland: Bringing deliberation to institutionalism. University College London.
- Walls, Michael (July 1, 2009). "The Emergence of a Somali State: Building Peace from Civil War in Somaliland". African Affairs. 108 (432): 371–389
- Drysdale, John Gordon Stewart (1991). Somaliland 1991: Report and Reference. Global-Stats.
- Adam, Hussein (1998). Somalia: Personal Rule, Military Rule and Militarism (in) Hutchful and Bathily, The Military and Militarism in Africa. Dakar: Council for the Development of Economic and Social Research in Africa (CODESRIA). p. 389.
- Nina J. Fitzgerald, Somalia: issues, history, and bibliography, (Nova Publishers: 2002), p.19.
- Ciisa-Salwe, Cabdisalaam M. (1996). The collapse of the Somali state: the impact of the colonial legacy. HAAN Publishing. p. 104.
- Silanyo, Ahmed M. "A Proposal to the Somali National Movement: On a Framework for a Transitional Government in Somalia"
- Library Information and Research Service, The Middle East: Abstracts and index, Volume 2, (Library Information and Research Service: 1999), p.327.
- Interpeace, 'The search for peace: A history of mediation in Somalia since 1988,' Interpeace, May 2009, 13–14.
- Clancy, Tom; Tony Zinni; Tony Koltz (2005). Battle Ready: Study in Command Commander Series. Penguin. pp. 234–236.

- Mohamed Ahmed Jama, "Securing Mogadishu: Neighbourhood Watches," in *Whose Peace is it anyway? Connecting Somali and International Peacemaking Approaches*, Accord 21, Conciliation Resources, 2010, 66.

Postage stamps and postal services in Somalia after 1991:

Filitalia 17/4, p. 4: "From December 1990 sending mail was no longer possible, because the Palazzo delle Poste in Mogadiscio had been destroyed by a bomb explosion, including many post stamps, e.g. the new football series [of 1990]. Also the last postal connections stopped functioning. From that moment onwards Independence movements (Somaliland from 1991 onwards, Puntland from 1998 onwards), war lords and the Islamic Al Shabaab movement caused long-term chaos. Post stamps from 1990 onwards are all philatelic fake products".

"In early 1991, the Somali Postal Service had 100 post offices, with a total staff of between 1,665 to 2,165 personnel. The national postal infrastructure was later completely destroyed during the civil war, with Somali Postal officially suspending operations in October 1991. Residents subsequently had to turn to traditional methods of dispatching parcels and letters. They also communicated via handwritten letters sent through acquaintances and mobile and email messaging services. Postage stamps continued to be produced illegally internationally during the war, although their subject matter suggests they were designed for external collectors. In November 2013, international postal services officially resumed. The Universal Postal Union is now assisting the re-established Somali Postal Service to develop its capacity, including providing technical assistance and basic mail processing equipment. In October 2014, the Ministry of Posts and Telecommunications also relaunched postal delivery from abroad. The postal system is slated to be implemented throughout the country via a new postal coding and numbering system. According to the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications Mohamud Ibrihim Adan, the relaunch's next phase will enable local residents to send letters to acquaintances overseas". <http://worldairmail.blogspot.com/2016/08/somalia-jamhuuriyadda-federaalka.html>

According to

http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_2002.htm : "On October 17, 2005 the postal administration for Somalia by request to K.J.S. McKeown (Director of Markets Development for the U.P.U.) posted to the Universal Postal Union a circular defining all official stamps recognized and issued between 1991 through 1999. The circular is number 328. Here is a .pdf file of the circular.

UPU Circular Number 328:

http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/Circular2005_328_upu_circular_en_Somalia.pdf

The circular shows all issues that Somalia authorized during those years. There is a lot of confusion as to what stamps are genuine and what were not authorized by the Somalia postal administration. Catalogs conflict on all levels. Dealers conflict on all levels as well. This is because of the complete breakdown of the government and postal system in Somalia. See my introduction page for more information on the history.

The printing company that produced stamps for Somalia and was in complete control of it in the 1980's forward was I.P.Z.S. which stands for Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato, Italy. We can see by the majority of stamps produced from 1994 forward that the topics in most cases had nothing to do with Somalia. We can also see that they were overproducing the stamps way in excess of postal needs of the country. This is proven by the massive quantities of mint stamps being sold on the market to this day. Where are all the covers showing postal usage? In the majority of searches there has been very little to no evidence of usage. This places this company in the same status as Impressor and Stamperija stamp issues.

At a bare minimum they are considered abusive stamps.

We still have to consider the legal issues though. According to my sources with ties to the UPU the printer had contracts with Somali post. The problem is....who after 1991 considering the postal system was destroyed?

The circular shown above was introduced by the transitional government in an attempt to counter all the counterfeit illegal stamps that were being produced in the name of Somalia, Somaliland, Puntland [both: see APH 50] and another called Maakar State [= Maakhir State; see APH 50]. Letting you know that all of them were being produced by the demon British counterfeit stamp producer except for the I.P.Z.S. issues.

So, we are quite confused now on which way to go yes?

I specialize in research on the illegal stamp phenomena and cannot therefore make a determination on the I.P.Z.S. stamps made before 1997. The catalogs list the described issues that are in the circular and they list many others not described in the circular for issues made between 1991 to 1996. In my view all of them are not authorized unless they are listed in the circular.

It is in 1997 that the British counterfeit producer turned his greedy eyes toward Somalia. In cross referencing the I.P.Z.S. issues made between 1997 through 1999, I found an exact match to all of them that are listed in the circular with the Michel and Yvert catalogs concurring and what is being sold on the market also concurring. No "outstanding" issues exist other than what is listed in the circular for the years 1997 through 1999.

But we have another problem!

The circular ends the listing of stamps through 1999. But I.P.Z.S. continued to produce stamps on an even bigger scale through 2003! Those issues are listed in Michel and Yvert. As I have stated many times, those two catalogs are very flawed because they have allowed agencies and dealers to influence their listings with complete disregard to the rules of listing stamps, one of which is....stamps produced to sell only to collectors with no evidence of postal usage, proof of authorization and massively made in excess of postal needs. Sadly, they are listed and thus create another conflict and more confusion.

The Scott and Stanley Gibbons catalogs basically ended all listings of Somalia stamps in 1992. They saw what was happening and rather than bow down to dealers and corrupt agents they stopped listing them. It is only fair to all collectors of stamps to know what they really are. Because I have

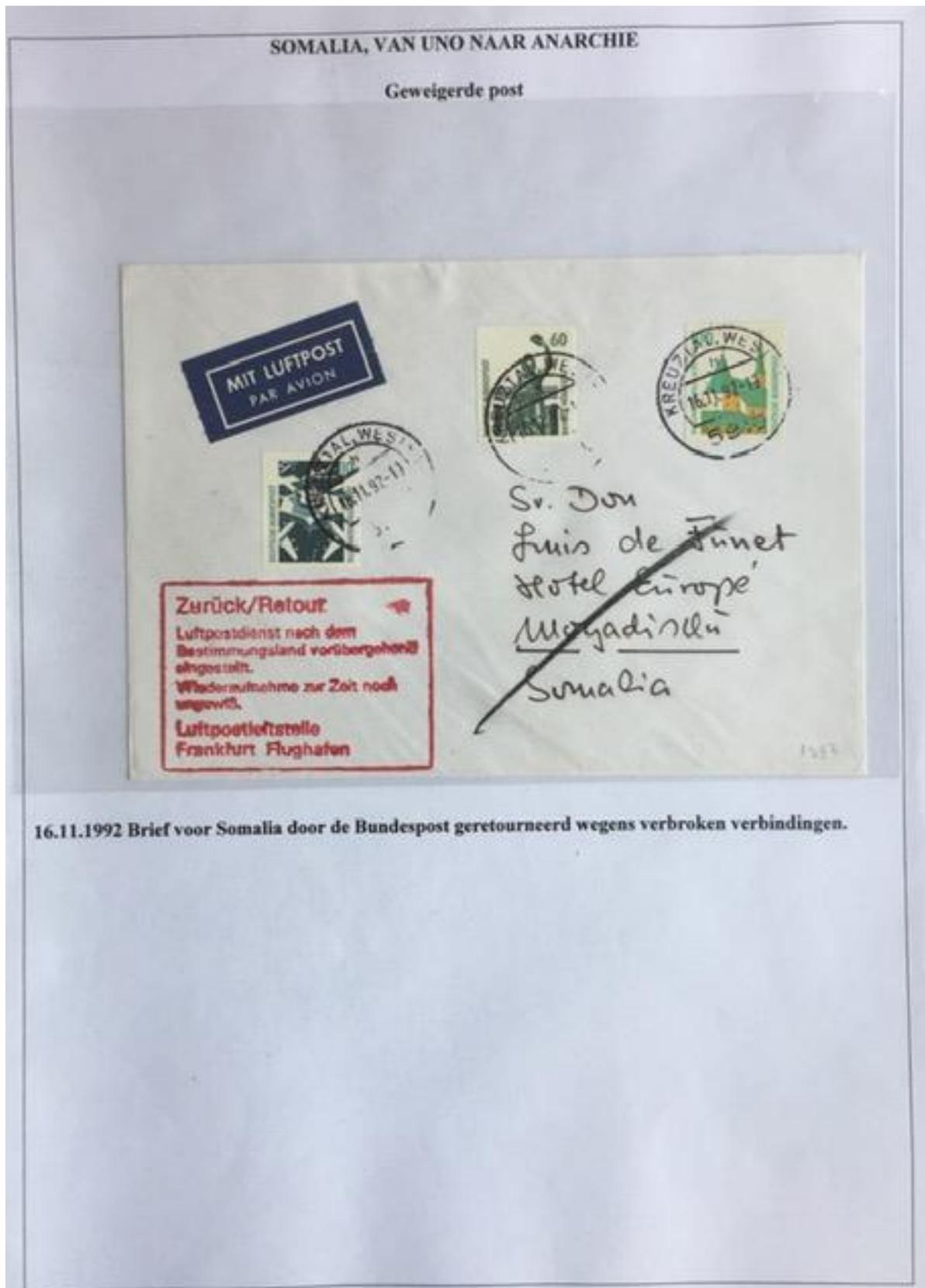
researched this so deeply in the hunt for the counterfeit illegal stamps, I can see it, and now I will show you”.

In APH 50 (chapter 3) we included more information about the production and dissemination of unauthorized and illegal stamps in the Horn of Africa.

5.2 Collection Vincent Prange



p.66: The last 'real' stamps. The northern part of Somalia, the former British colony Somaliland separated in 1991, when everywhere in Somalia civil war had broken out. The government of Somaliland issued two provisorial stamps, and the fact that they were overprinted British stamps was no coincidence.



p.67: 16/11/1992: Letter for Somalia refused and returned by the German Bundespost because of lack of postal connections with Somalia.

Also see: Gavin Fryer (September 2009): The Postal Services in Somalia 1990-1994. The London Philatelist, 118: Nummer 1368, pp 279-294. <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/3qIAOSwJBxc7mbV/s-l1600.jpg>

Interim Government of Somalia: 1991-1997



Ali Mahdi Muhammad (1939-2021); President, recognized by some foreign countries: 27 January 1991 – 3 January 1997 (picture: https://static.wikia.nocookie.net/totalwar-ar/images/6/68/Ali_Mahdi_Muhammad.jpg/revision/latest?cb=20200921142243)

5.3 1991: Liberation

M420-422: 150, 300 ShSo; and 150ShSo with 'Freedom'.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rQkAAOSwLA9eWpdO/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0422.jpg

5.4 1991: Reconstruction

M423-426: 70, 100, 150, 300 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/CpYAAOSwmXteQtzO/s-l1600.jpg>

5.5 1991: Minarets

M427-431: 39, 40, 50, 150, 500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/KhEAAOSwLGdeWpWu/s-l1600.jpg>

+++++

“Somalia intervention, United States-led military operation in 1992–93 mounted as part of a wider international humanitarian and peacekeeping effort in Somalia that began in the summer of 1992 and ended in the spring of 1995. The intervention culminated in the so-called Battle of Mogadishu on October 3–4, 1993, in which 18 U.S. soldiers and hundreds of Somali militia fighters and civilians were killed”. And other information:

<https://www.britannica.com/event/Somalia-intervention>

“United Nations Operation in Somalia I (UNOSOM I) was the first part of a United Nations (UN) sponsored effort to provide, facilitate, and secure humanitarian relief in Somalia, as well as to monitor the first UN-brokered ceasefire of the Somali Civil War conflict in the early 1990s. The operation was established in April 1992 and ran until its duties were assumed by the Unified Task Force (UNITAF) mission in December 1992. Following the dissolution of UNITAF in May 1993, the subsequent UN mission in Somalia was known as UNOSOM II.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Operation_in_Somalia_I UNOSOM II carried on from the United States-controlled (UN-sanctioned) Unified Task Force (UNITAF). It had been active for a transition period when United Nations Operation in Somalia I (UNOSOM I) mission proved to be ineffectual. All three of these interventions were intended to establish a secure enough environment for humanitarian operations to be carried out, because there was effectively no central government and the country was increasingly subject to factional violence and was suffering from famine, in part due to the warfare and social disruption. The

UNOSOM II intervention was associated with the Battle of Mogadishu and related events in which twenty-one UN soldiers and up to 2,000 Somalis were killed”.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Operation_in_Somalia_II

+++++

5.6 1992: Animals

M432-443: 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 700, 800, 1000, 1500, 2500, 3000, 5000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/iy4AAOSwZmJcgm92/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/uQ0AAOSwScIXLab1/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Mogadishu 22 04 1992. FDCs.

5.7 1992: UNCED/WWF

M444-447: 100, 200, 300, 400 ShSo



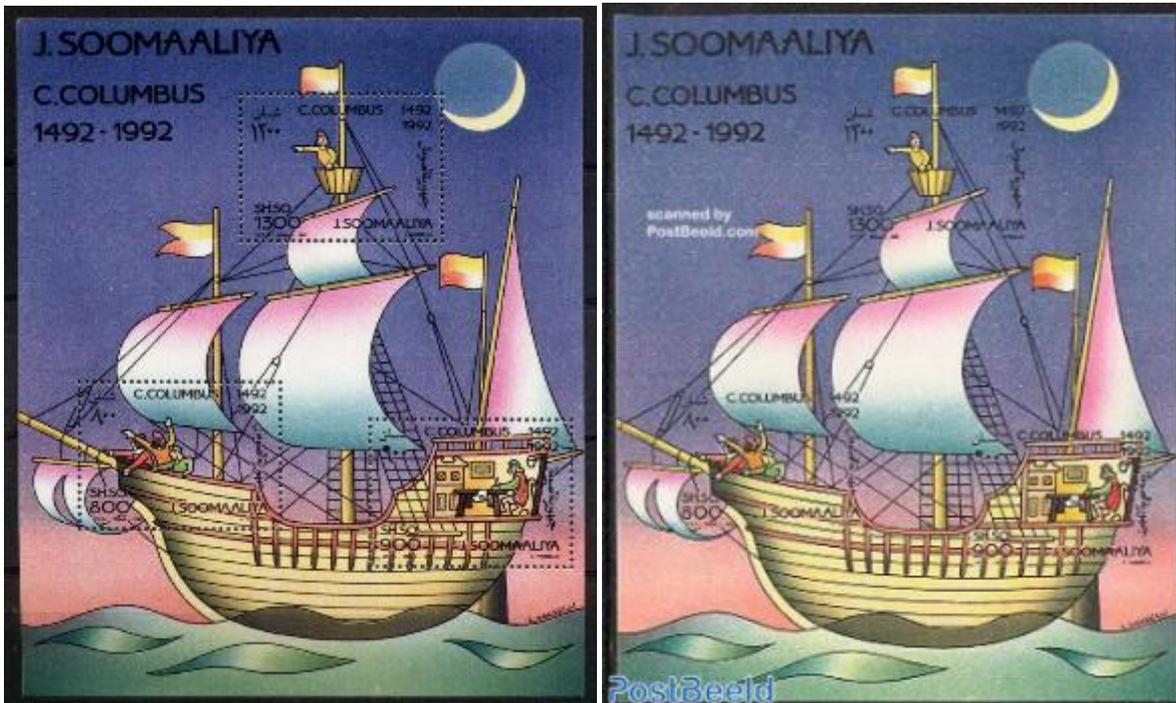
<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E19979/1997900074.jpg>

5.8 1992: Discovery of America

M448-452 + Block 27 + 27B: 100, 200, 300, 400, 2000 ShSo, as well as M453 and 454



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/9FEAAOSwT5Rdrvm8/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/gIUAAOSwHU9dzDHP/s-l1600.jpg>

https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/400x400/730f6beb335f248cfe85fdbb46a85728/s/o/sopb027b.jpg

5.9 1993: unknown

M455 (or also 454)

5.10 1993 Operation Restore Hope. Military Intervention.

M456-459: 200, 500, 800, 1000 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0456.jpg

5.11 1993: Birds

M460-467; Y403-410: 200, 500, 800, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0460.jpg

5.12 1993: Mushrooms I

M468-471: 200, 500, 800, 1500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/qv8AAOSw0UNecV3Z/s-l500.jpg>

5.13 1993: Butterflies

M472-475; Y411-414: 200, 500, 800, 1500 ShSo.



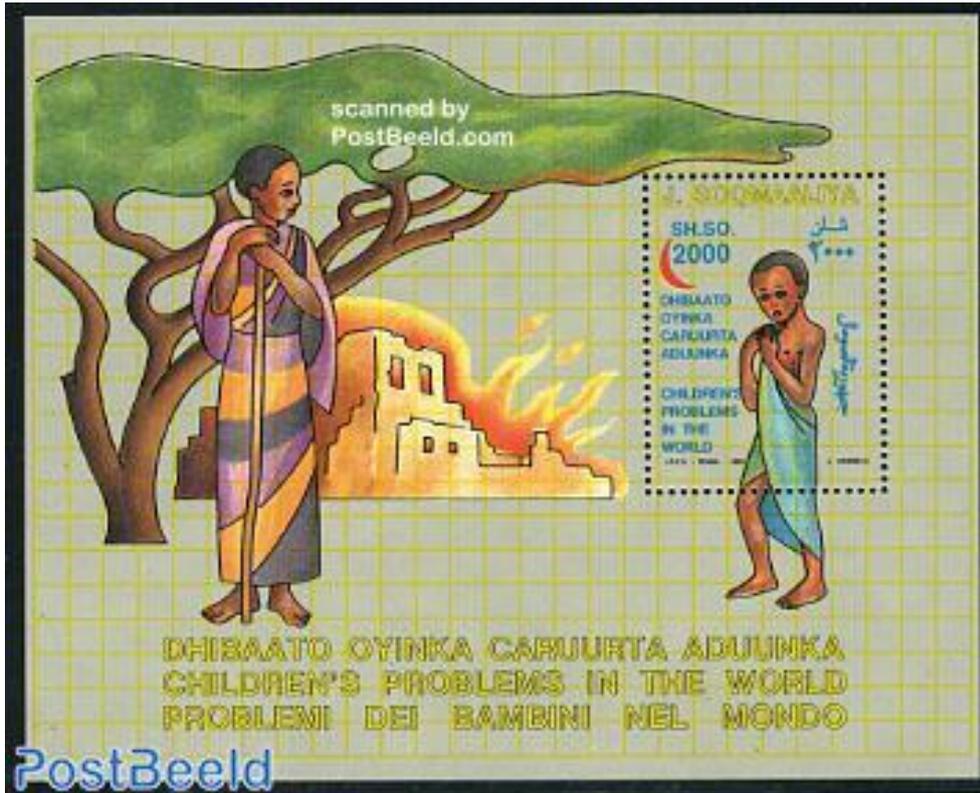
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0472.jpg

5.14 1993: Red Cross

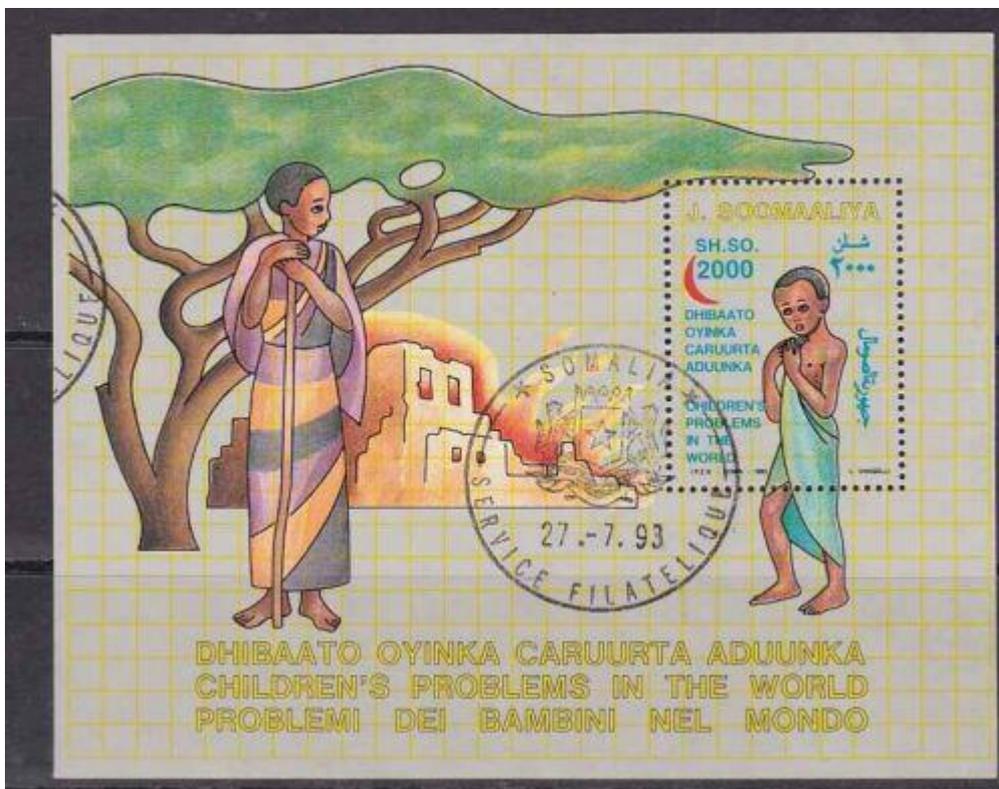
M476-479 and Block 28: 200, 500, 1000, 2000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/N1EAAOSwsEpeWpfd/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb028.jpg



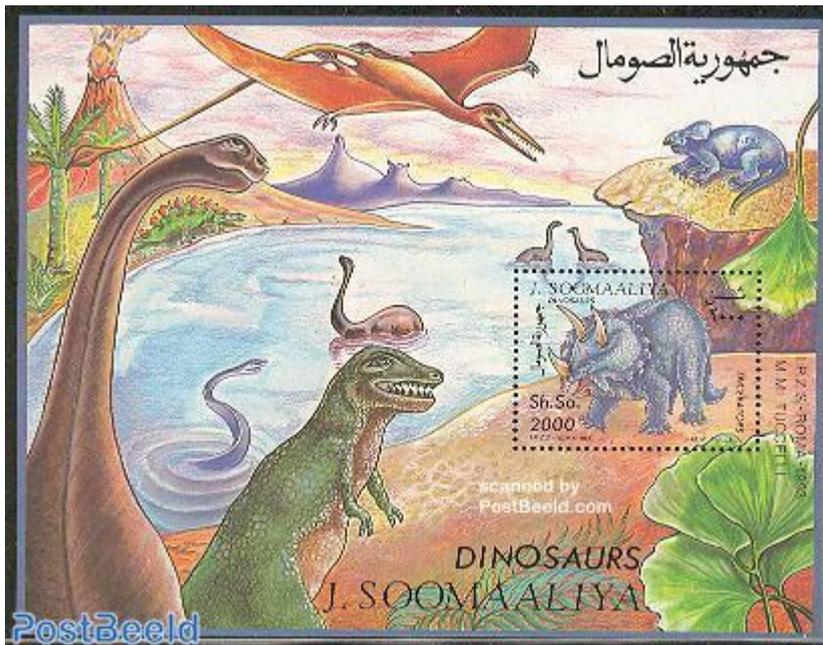
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ZEMAAOSwKtIWiuUn/s-1500.jpg> Postmark Somalia Service Filatelique, 27 7 1993.

5.15 1993: Prehistoric Animals

M480-483 and Block 29 = 484 ; Y423-426 : 200, 500, 1000, 2000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0480.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb029.jpg

5.16 1993: Aeroplanes

M485-490: 500, 1000, 1500, 2000, 2500, 3000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0485.jpg

5.17 1993/1995: UNOSOM I, UNITAF, and UNOSOM II; postal evidence

“The United Nations Operation in Somalia I (UNOSOM I) was the first part of a United Nations (UN) sponsored effort to provide, facilitate, and secure humanitarian relief in Somalia, as well as to monitor the first UN-brokered ceasefire of the Somali Civil War conflict in the early 1990s. The operation was established in April 1992 and ran until its duties were assumed by the Unified Task Force (UNITAF) mission in December 1992. Following the dissolution of UNITAF in May 1993, the subsequent UN mission in Somalia was known as UNOSOM II”. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Operation_in_Somalia_I

“The Unified Task Force (UNITAF) was a United States-led, United Nations-sanctioned multinational force which operated in Somalia from 5 December 1992 until 4 May 1993. A United States initiative (code-named Operation Restore Hope), UNITAF was charged with carrying out United Nations Security Council Resolution 794 to create a protected environment for conducting humanitarian operations in the southern half of the country”. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unified_Task_Force

“The United Nations Operation in Somalia II (UNOSOM II) was the second phase of the United Nations intervention in Somalia, from March 1993 until March 1995, after the country had become involved in civil war in 1991. UNOSOM II carried on from the United States-controlled (UN-sanctioned) Unified Task Force (UNITAF). It had been active for a transition period when United Nations Operation in Somalia I (UNOSOM I) mission proved to

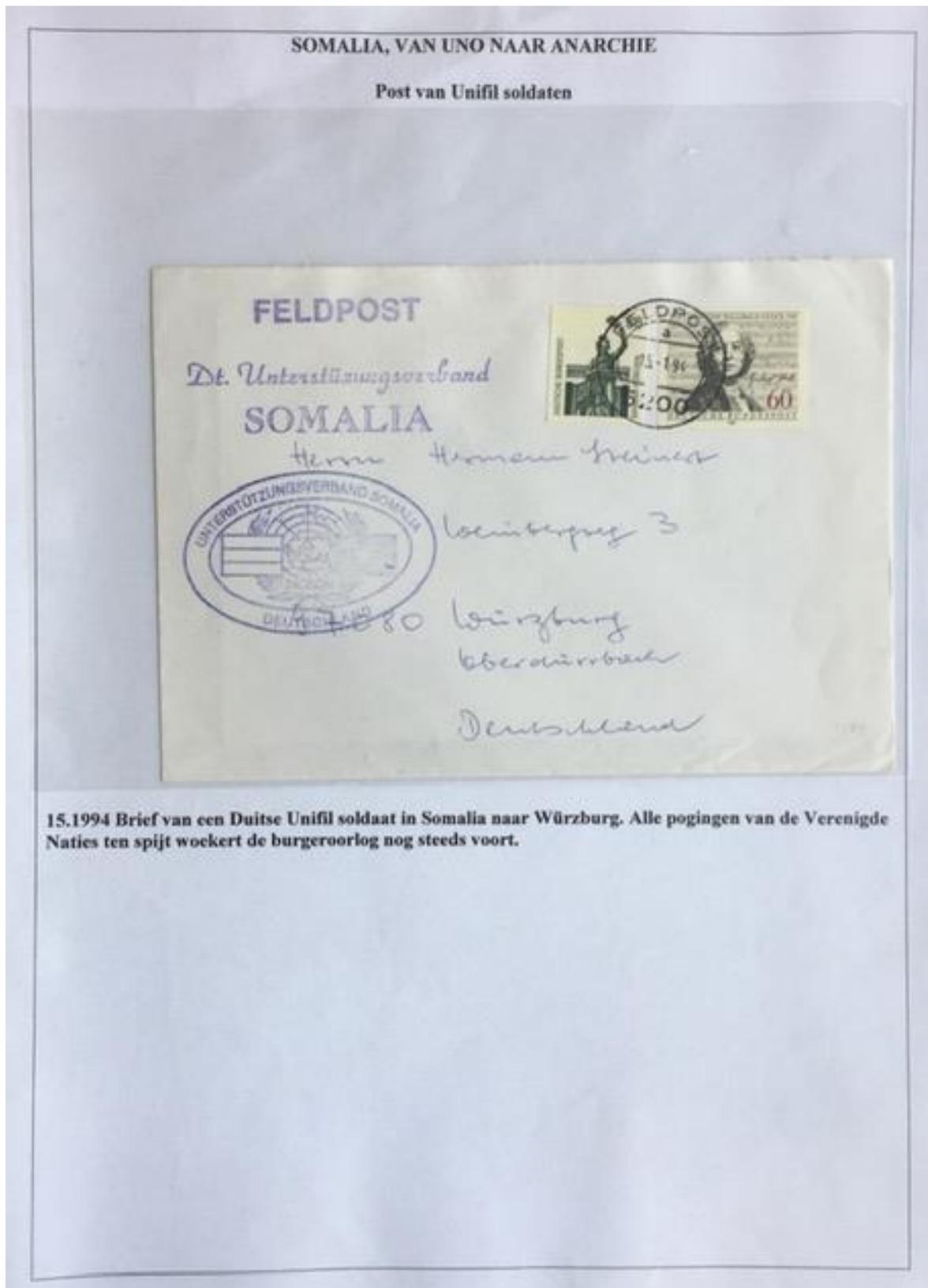
be ineffectual. All three of these interventions were intended to establish a secure enough environment for humanitarian operations to be carried out, because there was effectively no central government and the country was increasingly subject to factional violence and was suffering from famine, in part due to the warfare and social disruption. The UNOSOM II intervention was associated with the Battle of Mogadishu and related events in which twenty-one UN soldiers and up to 2,000 Somalis were killed”.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Operation_in_Somalia_II

“US soldiers completely withdrew on March 3, 1994, 28 days earlier than expected....Other Western nations, including Italy, Belgium, France and Sweden, also decided to withdraw at this time. On November 4, 1994, after peacemaking efforts by the remaining 1,900 UNOSOM II troops failed, the United Nations Security Council (UNSC) voted unanimously to withdraw all forces in Resolution 954. Subsequently on November 16, the UNSC authorized Resolution 955, placing new emphasis on peacemaking and reconstruction and returning to a less reactive role. The withdrawal of the remaining UN military and police troops from Somalia was completed on March 28, 1995, thereby ending UNOSOM II's mandate. Various reconciliation talks were carried out over the next few months providing for a ceasefire, the disarmament of militias and a conference to appoint a new Government. However, preparations for the conference were repeatedly postponed and many faction leaders simply ignored the agreements at will”

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/United_Nations_Operation_in_Somalia_II

Collection Vincent Prange: German Military mail:

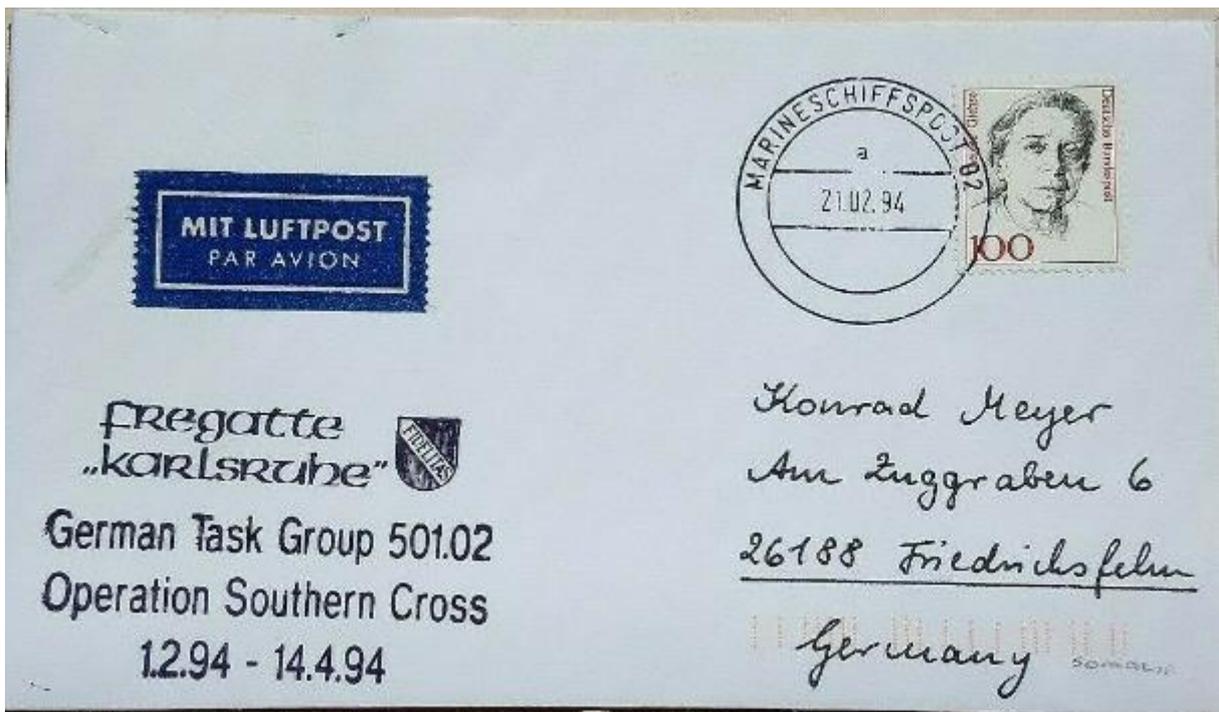


p. 68 (last page): 1/5/1994. Letter from a German UNIFIL soldier in Somalia to Würzburg in Germany. Despite all efforts of the United Nations the civil war continues.... Same illustration: Filitalia 17/4, p. 4: "UN troops in Somalia, who tried to maintain some form of order in Mogadiscio, organized field post. This is an example for German UN troops, in 1994, 'Feldpost' [5200]"

Other illustration for German military mail in Somalia during UNOSOM:



<https://img.oldthing.net/28741/36167828/0/n/Feldpost-Unterstuetzungsverband-SOMALIA-UNOSOM-II-Brief-FELDPOST-5200-41193.jpg> : "Feldpost Unterstützungsverband SOMALIA UNOSOM II, Brief FELDPPOST 5200 - 4.11.93".





<https://assets.museum-digital.org/berlin/images/201204/13092256127.jpg>



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/e/e4/German_UN_Soldiers_during_UNOSOM_II_1993.jpg/800px-German_UN_Soldiers_during_UNOSOM_II_1993.jpg : "German Army soldiers from 261th Parachute Infantry Battalion onboard an armored personnel carrier (APC) Fuchs on hand for the dedication of a well which they dug for the Somalis. Germany's Defense Minister dedicated the well as part of his nations contribution to the relief effort. Datum: 18 december 1993".



<https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/72/SomaliaUNSOMII.jpg/440px-SomaliaUNSOMII.jpg>

Also see: <https://www.bw-feldpost-portal.de/Einsaetze-mit-Feldpostversorgung/UNOSOM-1993-1994> and some of its illustrations:

Vorrauskommando ohne Feldpostamt:



https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToj/0c/98/8d/d6/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff8286ac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Feldpostamt Belet Uen 5200 a:



https://www.bw-feldpost-portal.de/cm4all/uproc.php/0/FpA%20UNOSOM/.Scan_2020-April-05_084156718.jpg/picture-2600?_id=171491e4dd8

Feldpostamt Belet Uen 5200 b:



https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToi/60/b7/e4/d5/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff8278ac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Feldpostamt Belet Uen 7331:



https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToi/c3/bb/bc/c0/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff82b8ac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Feldpostamt Djibouti 7321:



https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToi/37/b3/55/4a/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff8284ac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Feldpostamt Mogadischu 7331 ab 4. Februar 1994:



https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToi/36/fd/e2/f1/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff82b3ac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Marineinsatz "Operation Southern Cross" (Rückverlegung):



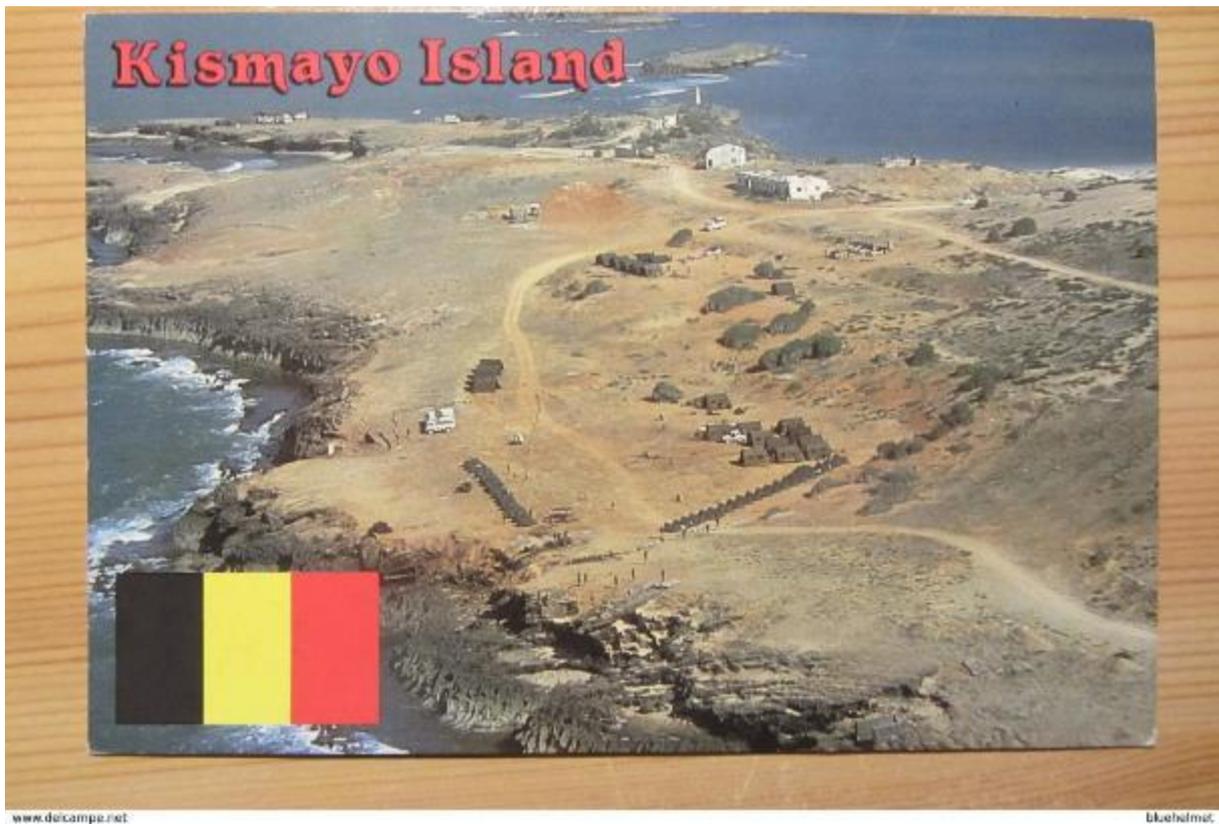
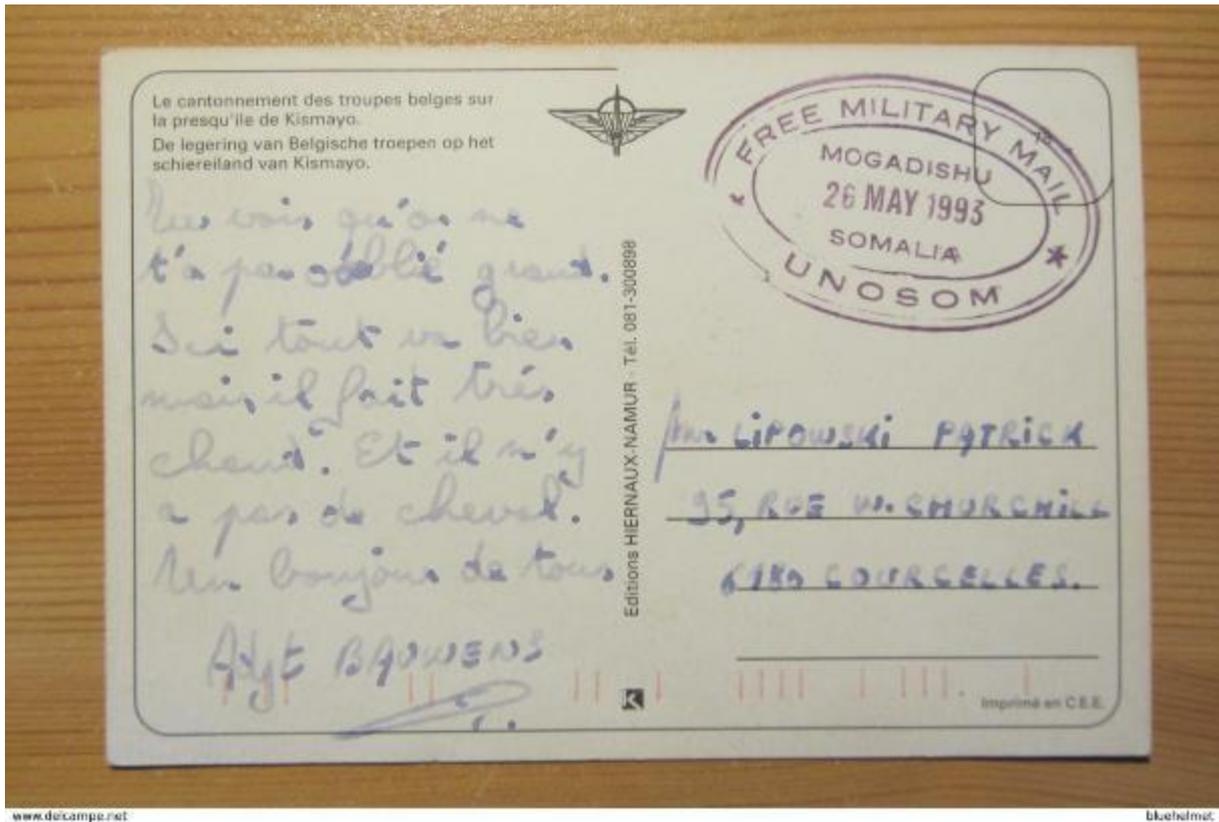
https://homepagedesigner.telekom.de/imageprocessor/processor.cls/DUMMY/cm4all/com/widgets/PhotoToi/4d/d3/77/a9/f9e8b6ea79ca755cffff826fac14422e.jpg/scale_800_600%3Bdonotenlarge/

Feldpostämter

Feldpostamt Belet Uen	Feldpoststempel 5200 a	Zeitraum: 24.7.1993 - 25.2.1994
Feldpostamt Belet Uen	Feldpoststempel 5200 b	Zeitraum: 24.7.1993 - 25.2.1994
Feldpostamt Belet Uen	Feldpoststempel 7331	zeitweise eingesetzt (Gefälligkeitstempel, hohes Postaufkommen)
Feldpostamt Djibouti	Feldpoststempel 7321	Zeitraum: 13.8.1993 - 21.3.1994
Feldpostamt Mogadischu	Feldpoststempel 7331	Zeitraum: 4.2 - 6.3.1994

<https://www.bw-feldpost-portal.de/Einsaetze-mit-Feldpostversorgung/UNOSOM-1993-1994>

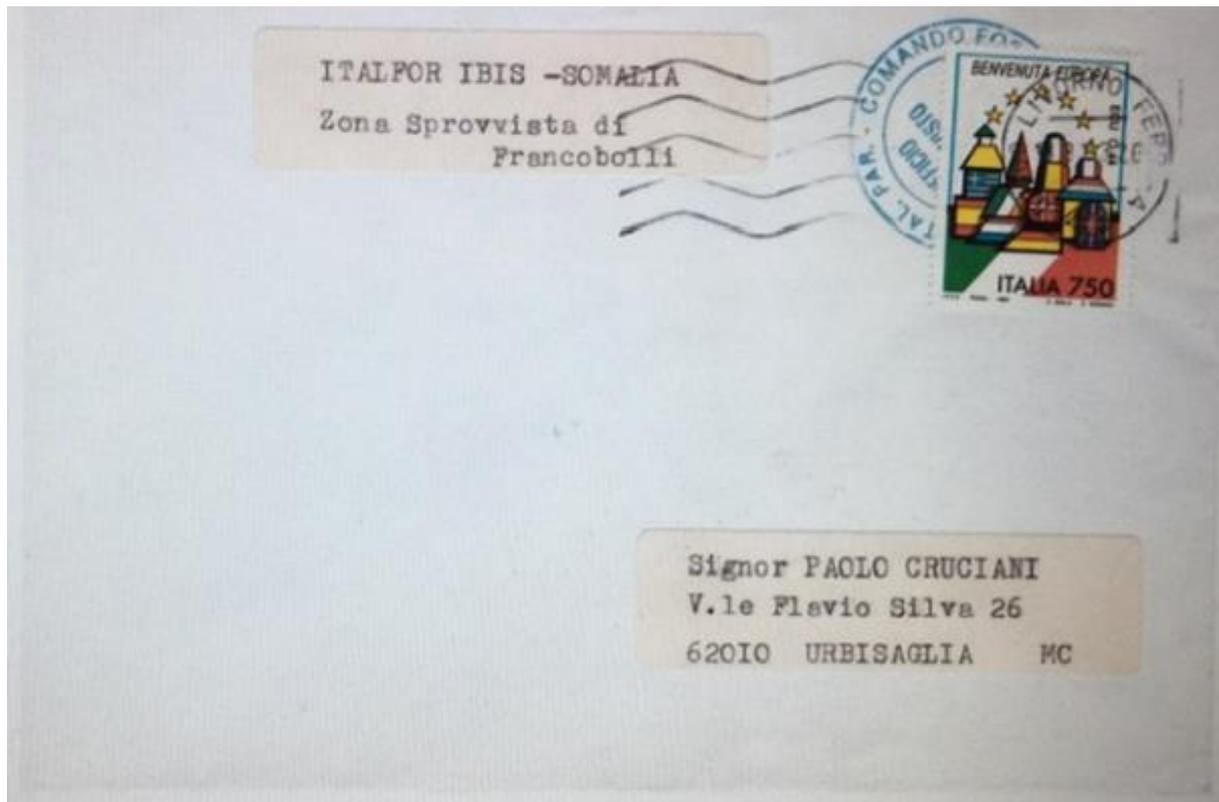
Belgian military mail UNOSOM, 1993.



https://www.delcampe.net/static/img_large/auction/000/527/556/697_002.jpg?v=30 and
https://www.delcampe.net/static/img_large/auction/000/527/556/697_001.jpg?v=30

Italian military mail UNOSOM-I, part of 'Restore Hope'

Ibis-1



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "RESTORE HOPE OPERATION / ITALFOR IBIS 1 (Mogadishu - Somalia, December 13th, 1992 - May 6th, 1993) Restoring order and legality after the fall of the Siad Barre government The postal history of the IBIS contingent, with an almost constant presence of over 2400 soldiers, is the largest and most complex of all military peace missions and therefore the mail that has traveled to and from Somalia is the largest. The correspondences were concentrated at the Roma 13 post office, but due to the amount of work also caused by the Pellicano mission, starting from January 1993, the mail arrived by air at several Italian military or civil airports, was forwarded from those places, without going through Rome. -"ITALFOR – IBIS- SOMALIA" postmark, used from January 11th to September 4th, 1993".

ibis

FRATELLI SOMALI,

LE UNITA' ITALIANE HANNO RESO POSSIBILE UN COLLEGAMENTO POSTALE DI EMERGENZA TRA MOGADISCIO E L'ITALIA.

PER SPEDIRE UNA LETTERA AI VOSTRI CARI DOVETE RECAPITARE LE VOSTRE LETTERE (PACCHI ESCLUSI) ALL'UFFICIO POSTALE DI COMPETENZA NEL SETTORE NORD

(VIA _____)
O NEL SETTORE SUD

(VIA _____)

L'EVENTUALE RISPOSTA PERVERRA' NELL'UFFICIO POSTALE DI COMPETENZA.

ERANDO DI AIUTARVI A SENTIRVI VICINI AI VOSTRI FAMILIARI ED AMICI IN ITALIA.

  **LE FORZE ARMATE ITALIANE**



B. & C. Livorno - Italy

WALAALAYAAL SOOMAALIYEED

DAWLADDA TALYAANIGU WAXAY SUURTO-GELISAY IN LA HELO XIRIIR ISGAARSIINEED OO DEG-DEG AH, OO U DHAXEYO MUQDISHO ILAA IYO ITAALIYA.

SI AAD SAAXIBBAYAASHINA IYO EHELLADIINA UGU DIRTAAN WARQADO ISAGANA WAR-QABTAAN.

HADDABA, WAA INAAD WARQADAHAAAS KU SOO HAGAAJIDAAN (AYAGA OO AY KU JIRAAN BAQSHADO) XAFIISKA ISGAARSIINTA DHANKA WAQOYGA

(WADDO _____)
AMA DHANA KOOFUR

(WADDO _____)

JAWAABTA WARQADAHAAASU, WAXAY KU SOO NOQON DOONAAN ISLA XAFIISKA KORBAXA USAN OO AY MARKA HORE KA BAXEEN.

YNO INAAD SI BUUXDA ISAGA WAR HAYDAAN (SASKIINNA AMABA EHELLADIINA.

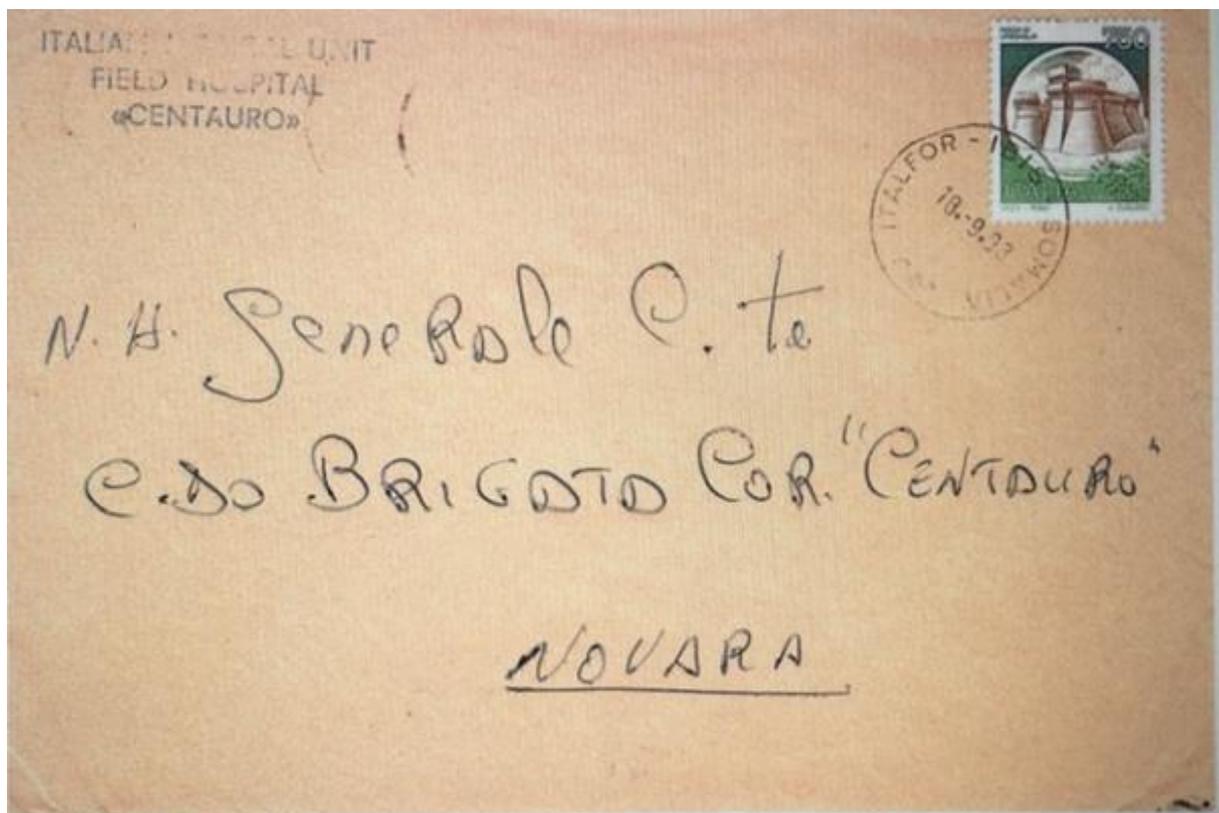
XOOGGAGGA CIIDANKA TALYAANIGA

Advertising flyer to stimulate postal items, bilingual printed by B. & C. Livorno company. They were distributed to the Somali population by hand in the streets of Mogadishu and in the localities controlled by the Italian military.

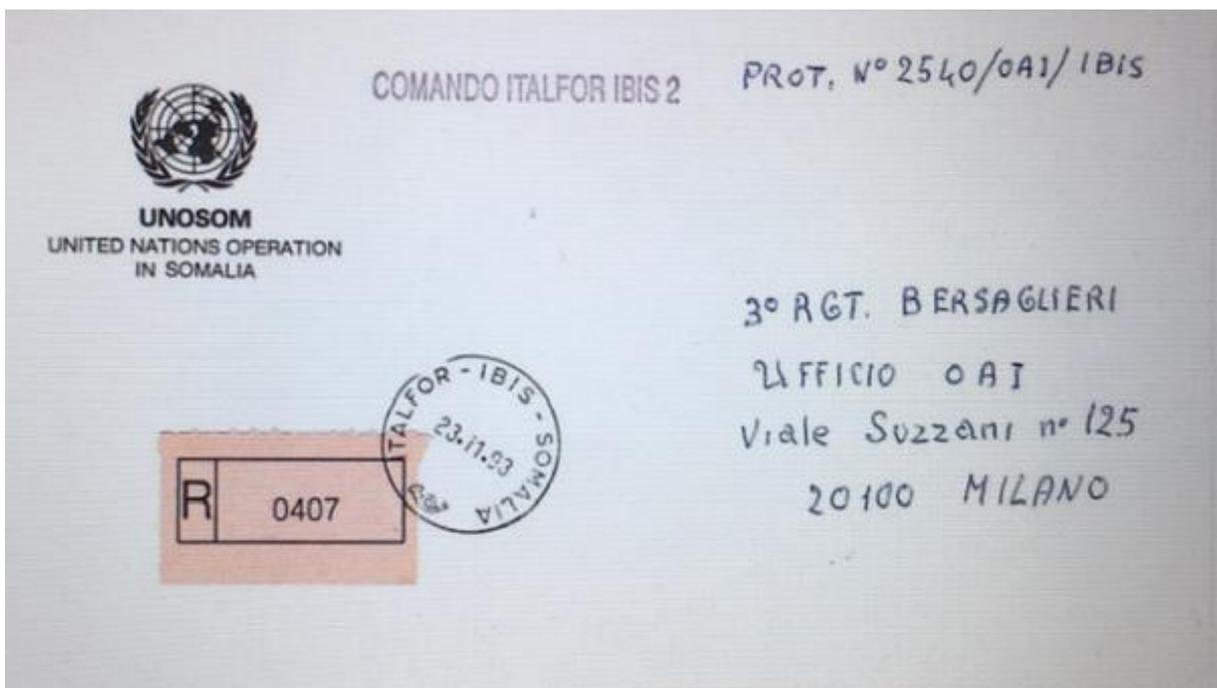
<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: see text in picture.

IBIS-2

<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf> : "ITALFOR IBIS 2 OPERATION/ UNOSOM 2 (Mogadishu - Somalia, May 7th, 1993 - April 13th, 1994) Restoring order and legality after the fall of the Siad Barre government Postal history differed from Ibis 1 to August 1993 due to the worsening of the military situation in Mogadishu and uncertainty of keeping the contingent in Somalia, the stamps for free postage were missing. The correspondence arrived in Pisa and delivered at first to Folgore department, were settled providing for the postage at the expense of the Folgore itself. To compensate the mission costs, mainly the Kenyan postal service was used at the end of 1993, as the tariffs were very cheap, so the contingent post office was supplied with stamps from neighboring Kenya, bringing with helicopters service which often went to make purchases in Kenya, also that mail. -"ITALFOR- IBIS- SOMALIA" postmark, used from May 7th, 1993 to March 28th, 1994"



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf> : "September 18th ,1993; Service letter, forwarded by Johar - Somalia to Novara, franked with 750 Castles, still in free distribution. It bears the linear stamp of the "Centauro" Field Hospital".



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: " November 23rd, 1993; Service letters in insurance and registered with related labels supplied to Ibis, for official correspondence use only. Administrative postmark "COMANDO ITALFOR IBIS 2" .



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "January 26th, 1994; Illustrated postcard homage of the Councilor Tourism Commune of Bergamo. Distributed by postage with 650 £ Castles series and 2 Kenyan stamps in the last months of the mission".



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "March 3rd, 1994; Illustrated postcard franked with a Kenyan stamp and forwarded to Gigiri (Kenya). Administrative postmark and signature of the Commander of the Mission, General Carmine FIORE".



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "May 4th, 1993; Illustrated postcard in memory Operation Restore Hope "Made by Antonio Torre", a military of the contingent, and printed in Mogadishu by the Folgore paratrooper Brigade. On the reverse the postcard reproduction, portraying the borders of Somalia with our bases locations".

IBIS-3:

"UNITED SHIELD OPERATION / ITALFOR IBIS 3 (Coast of Somalia, January 11th, 1995 – March 22nd, 1995) Withdrawal of ONU troops from Somalia The postal history of this short mission has a great relevance but of modest consistency because our soldiers were seated on the ships of the 26th Naval Group and touched the ground for a few hours. Consequently the post offices which had the task of assistance for soldiers in the 61 days of the mission were those of the 5 ships belonging to Navy Force (Garibaldi, S. Marco, S. Giorgio, Stromboli and Libeccio). Those post offices were operating from January 21st, to March 28th, 1995".



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "February 12th, 1995; Postcard sent by San Giorgio ship Commander Ludovico FE' D'OSTIANI Vassel Captain. Immunity postmark applied for courtesy".

5.18 1994: Fish

M491-498: 100, 300, 400, 900, 1200, 1800, 2200, 3300 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/AocAAOSwUFxeHMwN/s-l1600.jpg>

5.19 1994: Ships

M499-502: 150, 350, 600, 1400 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0499.jpg

5.20 1994: Mushrooms II

M503-506; Y441-444: 300, 400, 900, 1000 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/JD0AAOSwajVUSpce/s-l1600.jpg>

5.21 1994: Shells

M507-510: 100, 400, 700, 1300 ShSo.



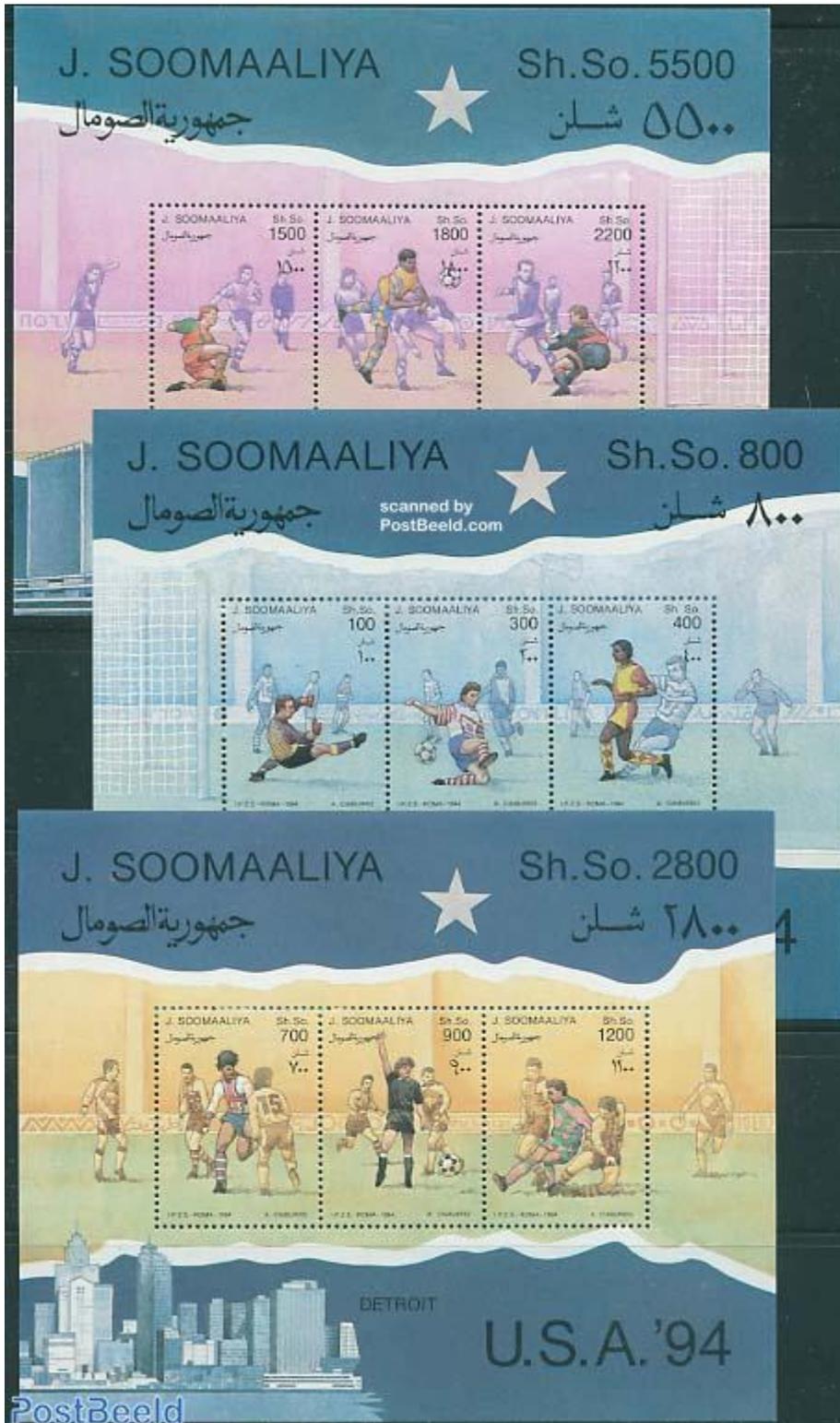
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0507.jpg

5.22 1994: World Cup Football

M511-519 + Blocks 30-32: 100, 300, 400, 700, 900, 1200, 1500, 1800, 2200



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/YPEAAOSw40pbvk8C/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb030.jpg

5.23 1994: Monkeys

M520-523; Y462-465: 300, 400, 900, 1000 ShSo.



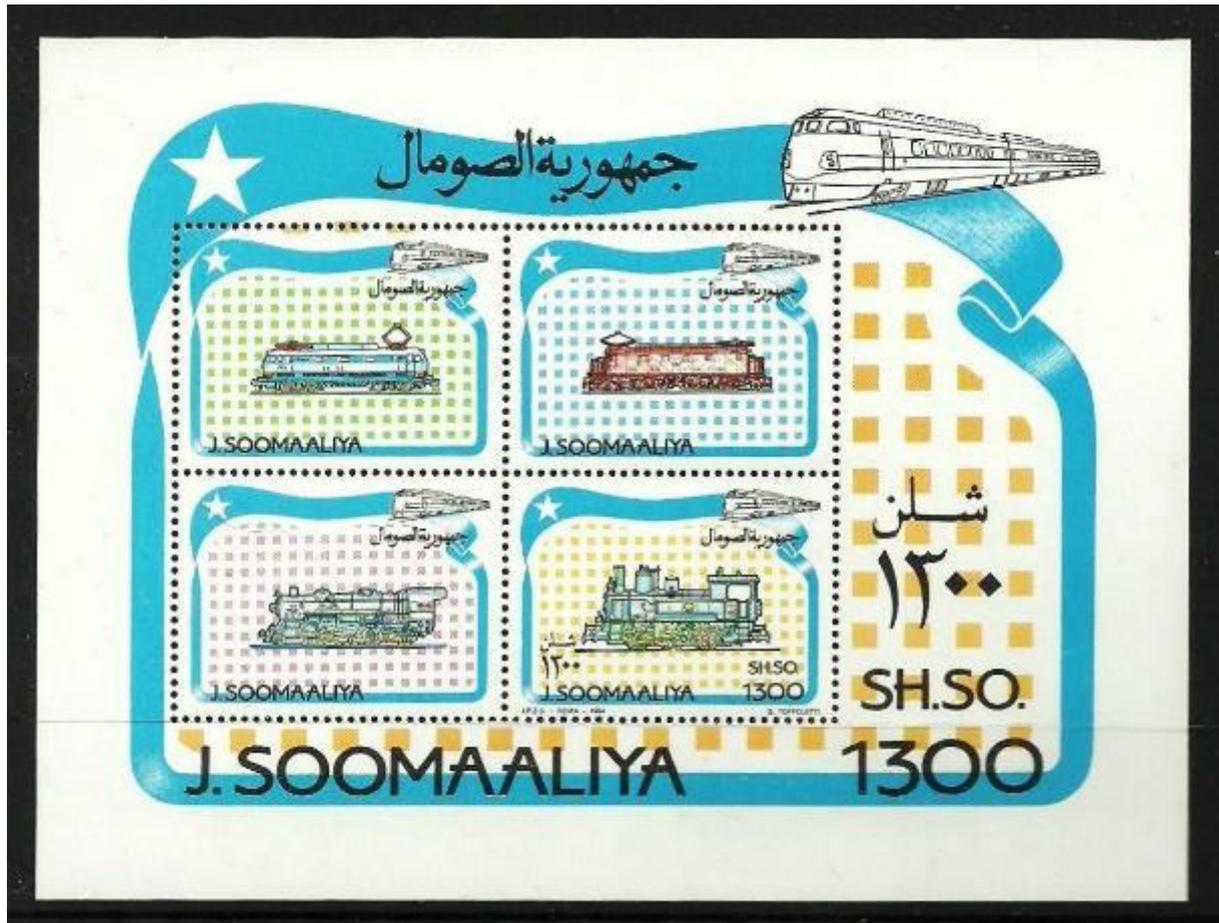
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/C5cAAOSwFnxbv1L2/s-l1600.jpg>

5.24 1994: Locomotives

M524-527 and Block 33: 100, 400, 700, 1300 Sh So. (Block 1300 Sh So. and three stamps without values).



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/~HQAASwRhtcPix9/s-l500.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/tO4AAOSw6CRcPixo/s-l1600.jpg>

5.25 1994: Snakes (with: "J.D. Soomaaliyeed")

M528-531; Y466-469: 150, 350, 600, 1400 ShSo.



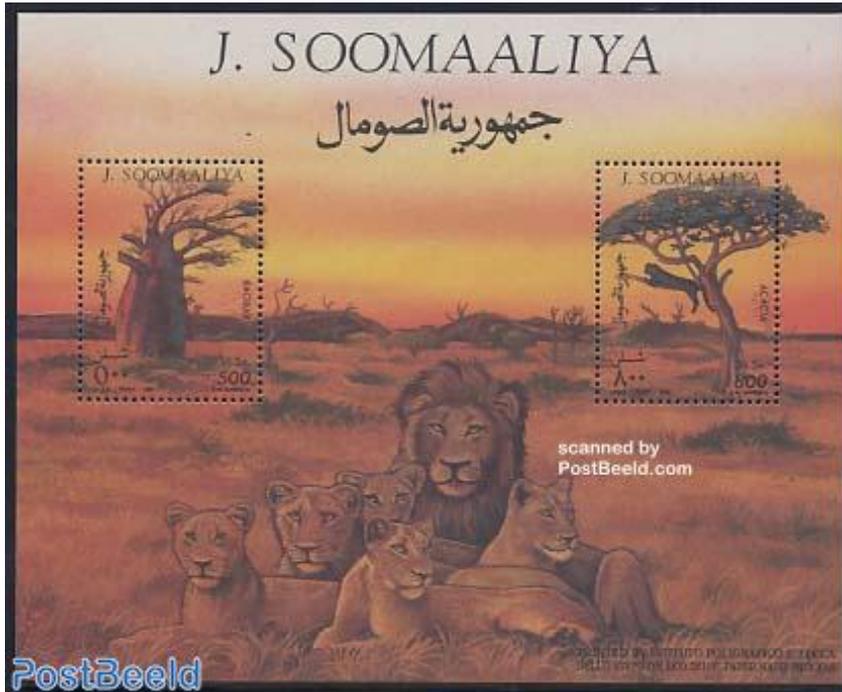
https://assets.lastdodo.com/image/ld_medium/plain/assets/catalog/assets/2021/2/27/5/7/5/pdf_575a2c66-790a-11eb-9d12-657b2e4a1a5d.jpg

5.26 1994: Trees

M532-536 + Block 34 (=537-538); Y470-474 + Block 32: 100, 200, 400, 600, 1000, and blocks: 500, 800 ShSo



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0532.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb034.jpg

5.27 1995: Insects

M539-542: 2 x 700, 2 x 1700 ShSo.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09196/E19994/19994445746.jpg>

5.28 1995: Succulents

M543-550: 4 x 550, 4 x 1750 ShSo.



https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9196_473408/5770_Somalia/9196-19994445748.html?set_sprache=de&treeparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=8&row_nr=192&breadcrumbId=1584867270.1731

5.28 1995: Landscapes

M551-554: 100, 500, 800, 2000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/CqkAAOSwnAJeQtw8/s-l1600.jpg>

5.29 1995: Minerals

M555-558: 2 x 350, 2 x 1400 ShSo



http://mineralstamps.com/images/thumbs/billietite_uranotile_somalia_1995_t.800.jpg

http://mineralstamps.com/images/thumbs/anorthoclase_somalia_1995_t.800.jpg

http://mineralstamps.com/images/smithsonite_somalia_1995.jpg

http://mineralstamps.com/images/erythrite_somalia_1995.jpg

5.30 1995: Film Centenary

M559-563 + Block 35 (= 564-566): 100, 200, 300, 700, 2000 ShSo.; in block: 200, 300, 700 ShSo in different design.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0559.jpg



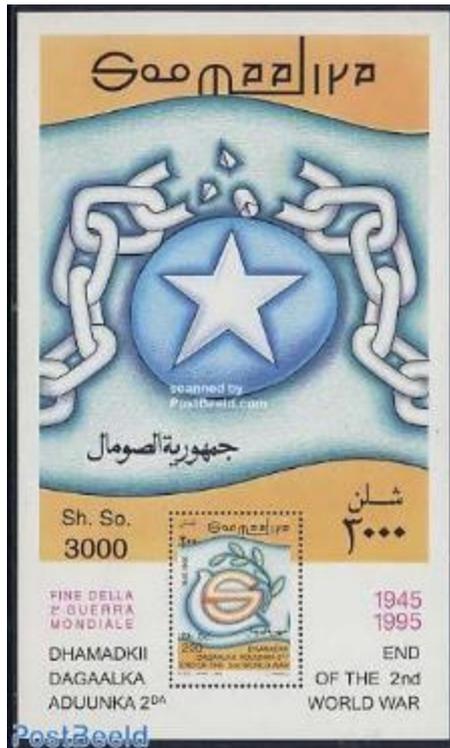
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb035.jpg

5.31 1995: End of World War II

M567-570 + Block 36: 200, 300, 500, 3500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/jh8AAOSwms1eWpTt/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb036.jpg

6 Soomaaliya

1995-1997: chaotic period; presidency of Ali Mahdi Muhammad continued, but only recognised by a few countries.

6.1 1995: Jellyfish

M571-574 and Block 37 (=575): 200, 300, 500, 2500 ShSo; block: 500 ShSo other design.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101768.jpg>



https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9043_165848/5770_Somalia/9043-0000101767.html?set_sprache=de&treeparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=10&row_nr=241&breadcrumbId=1584868504.0917

6.2 1995: Mosque in Mecca

M576-579: 200, 300, 500, 2500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0576.jpg

6.3 1996: Reptiles

M580-583; Y512-515: 200, 300, 500, 2500 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0580.jpg

6.4 1996: Fairy Tales

M584-587; Y504-507: 100, 500, 800, 2000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0584.jpg

6.5 1996: Horses

M588-591; Y508-511: 200, 400, 700, 2500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0588.jpg

6.6 1996: Olympic Games in Atlanta

M592-595 + Block 38: 200, 300, 500, 2000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0592.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/KzAAOSwry1aTM6C/s-l1600.jpg>

6.7 1996: UNICEF

M596-597: 2 x 500 ShSo



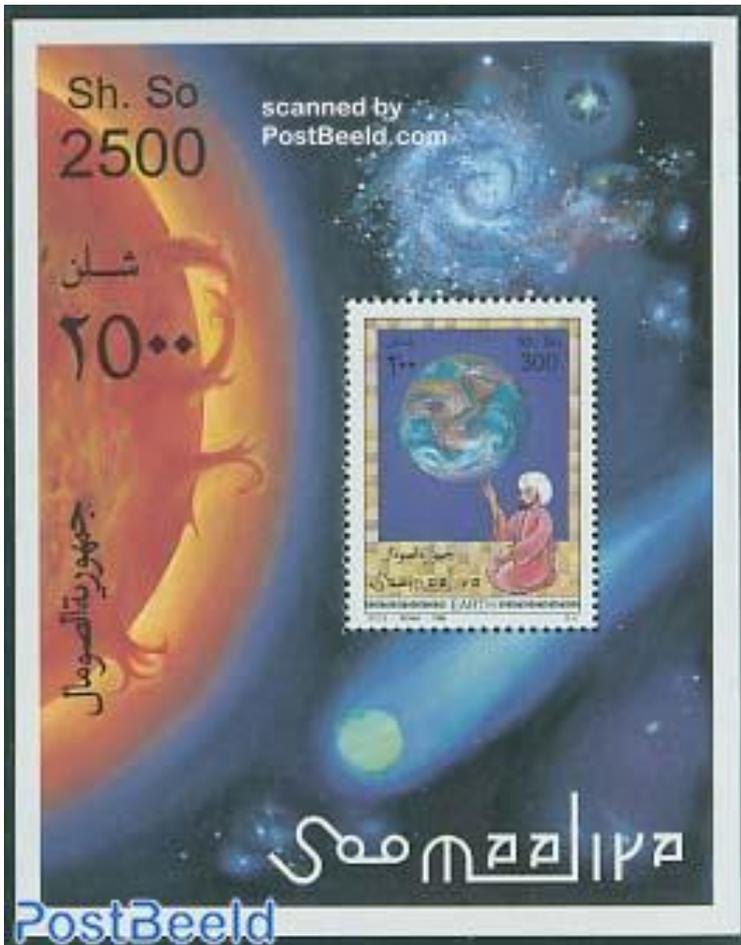
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rU4AAOSwQ-JeWpb1/s-l1600.jpg>

6.8 1996: Planets

M598-606 + Block 39: 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 3400



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/jgMAAOSwTbdanU7X/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb039.jpg

6.9 1996: Fruits

M607-610: 100, 500, 800, 2000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/h38AAOSw~p1bkZu2/s-l1600.jpg>

6.10 1996: Coins

M611-614: 100, 500, 800, 3000 ShSo.



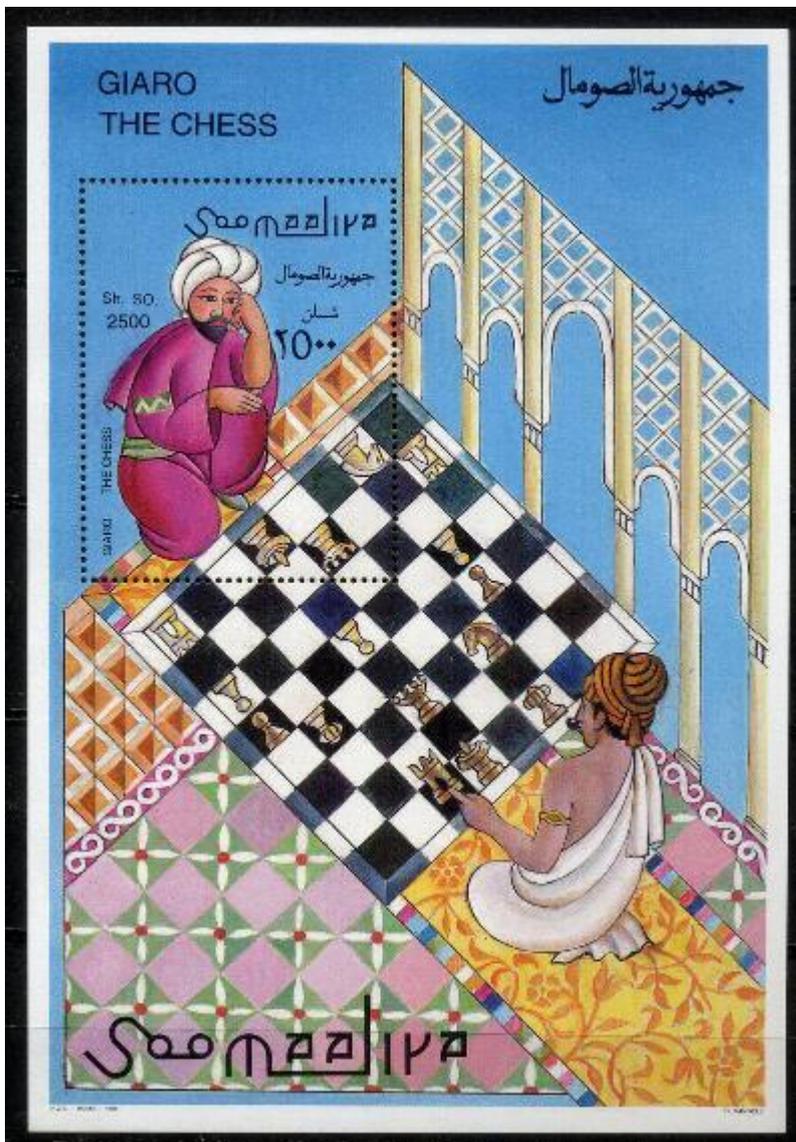
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/h9wAAOSw76heWpVL/s-l1600.jpg>

6.11 1996: Chess

M615-618 + Block 40 (= 619): 200, 400, 700, 2500 ShSo, + Block 2500 ShSo, other design.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/2hQAAOSwLxYFli6/s-l500.jpg> : “Somalia, Mi cat. 615-618. Arabic Chess issue”.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/qTMAAOSwZPVeWpha/s-l1600.jpg>

1997-2000

Chaotic Period, with Yasiin Ali Artan (1939-2021) as President, recognized by some countries:
3 January 1997 – 27 August 2000 (no picture)

6.12 1997: Medicinal Plants

M620-623: 200, 300, 500, 2500 ShSo.



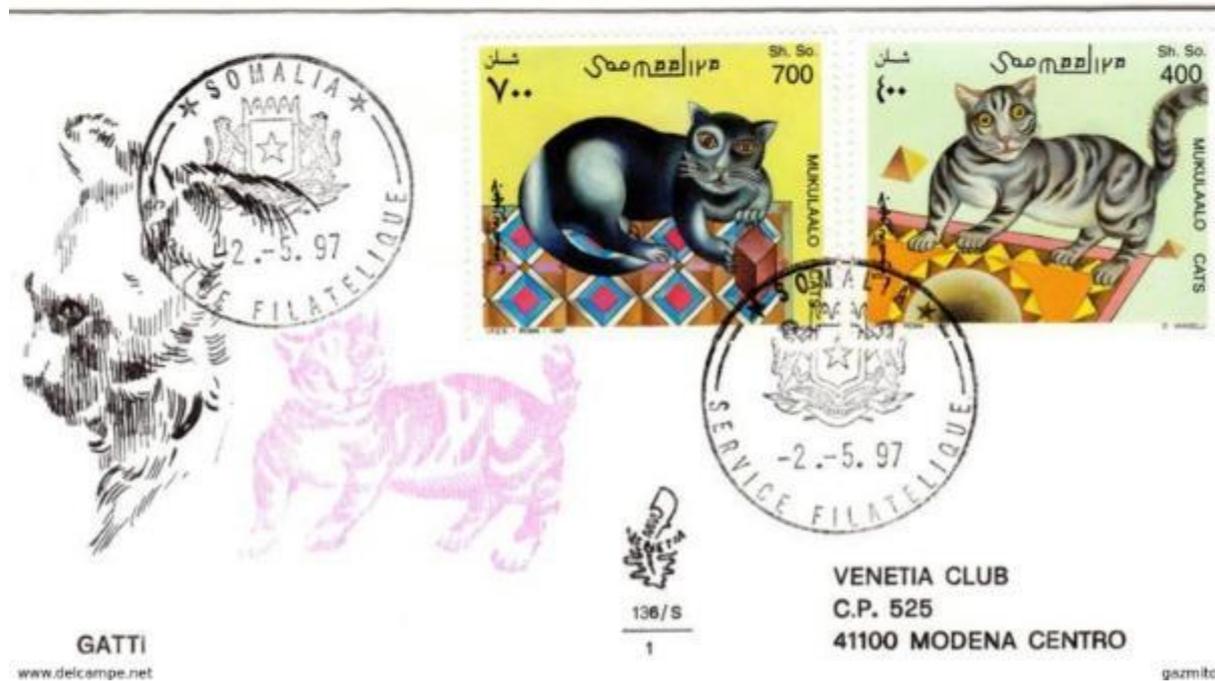
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0620.jpg

6.13 1997: Cats

M624-627: 200, 400, 700, 2500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0624.jpg



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_1997_genuine_stamps_cats_fdc.jpg: "Somalia 1997 Cats Fantasy Drawings Michel 624-627 First Day Covers. Issued May 2, 1997 Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato".

6.14 1997: Fossiles

M628-631: 200, 300, 500, 3000 ShSo.



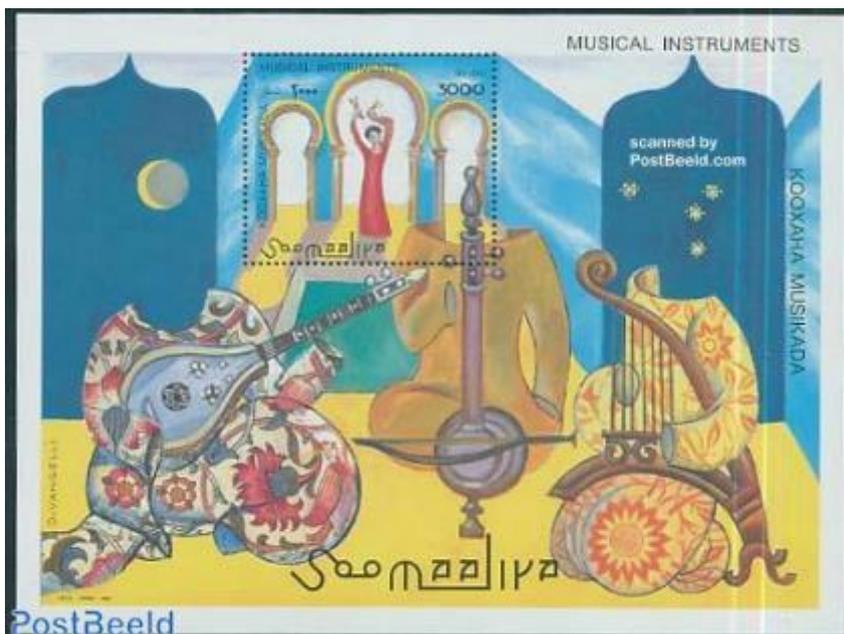
https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9043_165847/5770_Somalia/9043-0000101766.html?set_sprache=de&treeparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=8&row_nr=199&breadcrumbid=1584867326.9982

6.15 1997: Musical Instruments

M632-634 + Block 41 (= 635): 200, 300, 2500, and in Block 3000 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/mxwAAOSwK7panU7o/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb041.jpg

6.16 1997: Butterflies

M636-639 + Block 42 (= 640): 200, 400, 700, 2500, and Block: 250 ShSo, other design



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/dAMAAOSwknJXy3Ry/s-l1600.jpg>

6.17 1997: Arab Costumes

M641-648: 100, 200, 300, 400, 700, 1000, 1500, 5500 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0641.jpg

6.18 1997: Arab Fairy Tales

M649-652: 200, 300, 500, 3000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0649.jpg

6.19 1997: Roses

M653-656:200, 300, 500, 3500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/cM0AAMXQQQdRHFts/s-l1600.jpg>

6.20 1997: Rome Mosque

M657-660: 200, 300, 600, 2800 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0657.jpg

6.21 1997: Golden Art Objects

M661-663 + Block 43 (= 664): 200, 300, 2500, and in Block 2500 ShSo other design.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0661.jpg



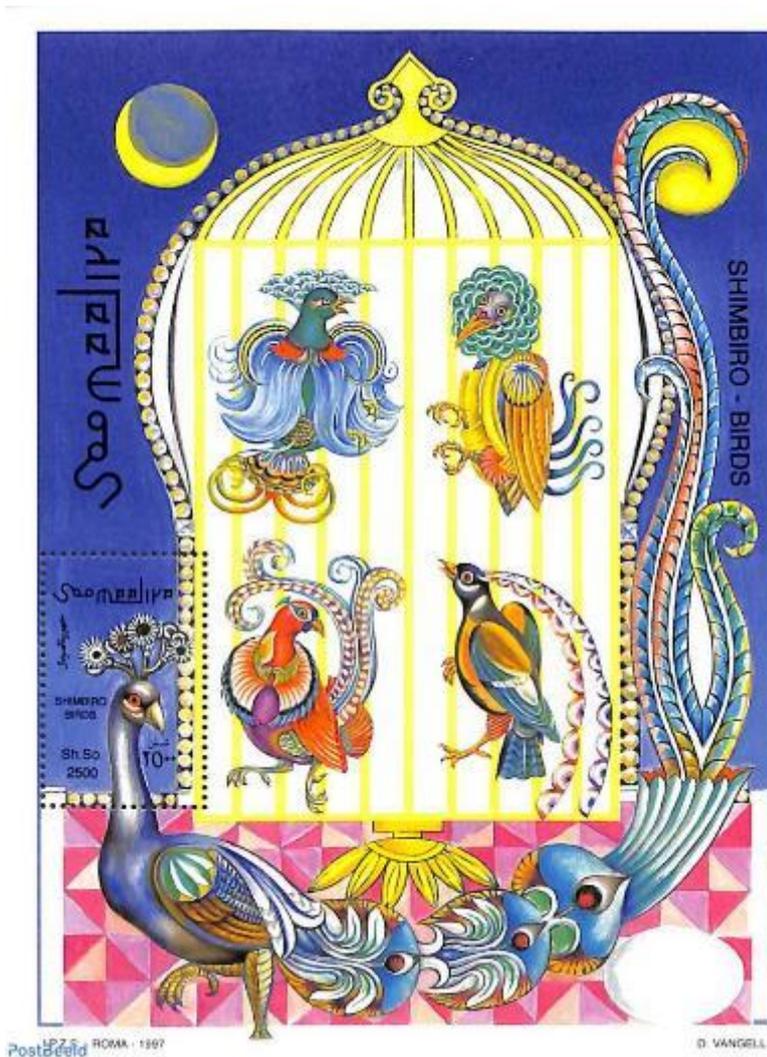
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb043.jpg

6.22 1997: Birds

M665-668 + Block 44 (= 669): 200, 400, 700, 2500, and in Block 2500 other design



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0665.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sob044_0.jpg

+++++

According to John Lowe in 1998 some stamps can be regarded as 'official' (recognised by the Somali government) and others as unauthorized:

http://golowesstamps.com/reference/illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_1998.htm ; but please note: "As is my standard, first I will show you the "official" stamp issues. These should still be considered to be abusive stamps even though they are considered official in the circular. Namely because there are a ton of them on the market and very few in Somalia as noted by visitors to the Somali post in recent times. I note that in this year 2020 Somali Post is still using them with verification that no new stamp issues have been made for Somalia since 1999. In 1998 Somalia officially issued 14 stamp sets according to circular 328 [which was sent to the UPU in 2005]. The printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato in Rome, which continued as the printer/producer of Somalia stamps despite the fact that the postal services had stopped functioning.

+++++

6.23 1998: Children Aid / Princess Diana (officially acknowledged series)

M670-672 + B45 (= 673): 50, 150, 3800 ShSo and 2800 ShSo in Block.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/UysAAOSwnRZeQt1C/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/iaAAAOSw7bZeQt3F/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/Z3MAAOSw1PxeuUkg/s-l1600.jpg> Postmark Somalia Service Filatelique 16 1 1998.

6.24 1998: World Cup Football (officially acknowledged series)

M674-681 + Block 46 (= 682): 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 700, 1200, 5500 ShSo and in Block 3000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0674.jpg



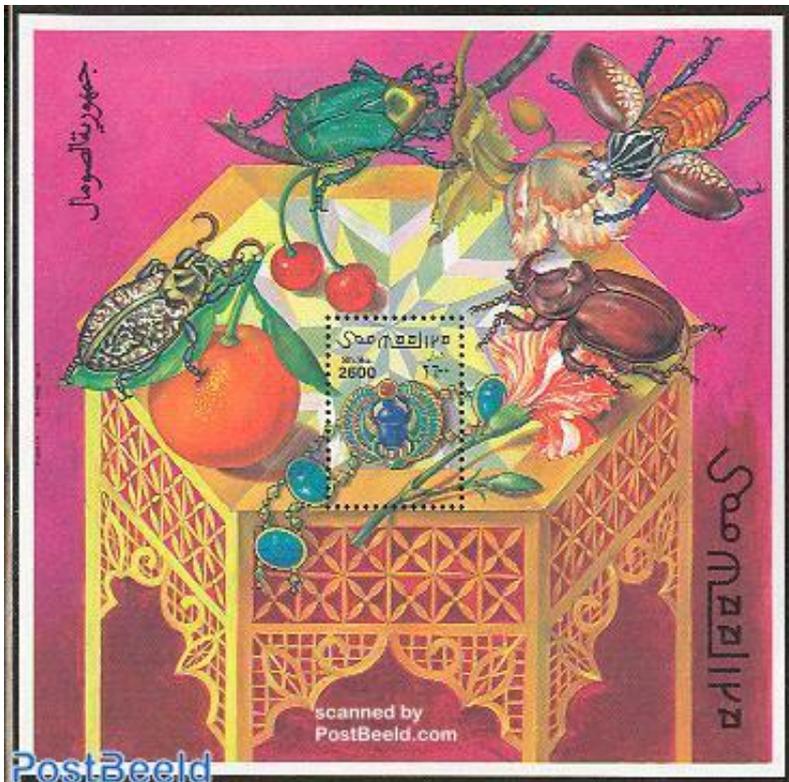
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/js0AAOSw3qRbucGL/s-l1600.jpg>

6.25 1998: Beetles (officially acknowledged series)

M683-686 + Block 47 (= 687): 200, 300, 400, 2800 ShSo and 2600 ShSo in Block



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/OtkAAOSwENZdqHOY/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb047.jpg

6.26 1998: Milano Fair (officially acknowledged series)

M688-690 + Blocks 48 and 49 (= 691-692): 3 x 100 ShSo in 200, 400 and 3200 ShSo, and Blocks with 3200, and 4500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0688.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb048.jpg

6.27 1998: Poetry (officially acknowledged series)

M693-695: 100, 200, 3000 ShSo.



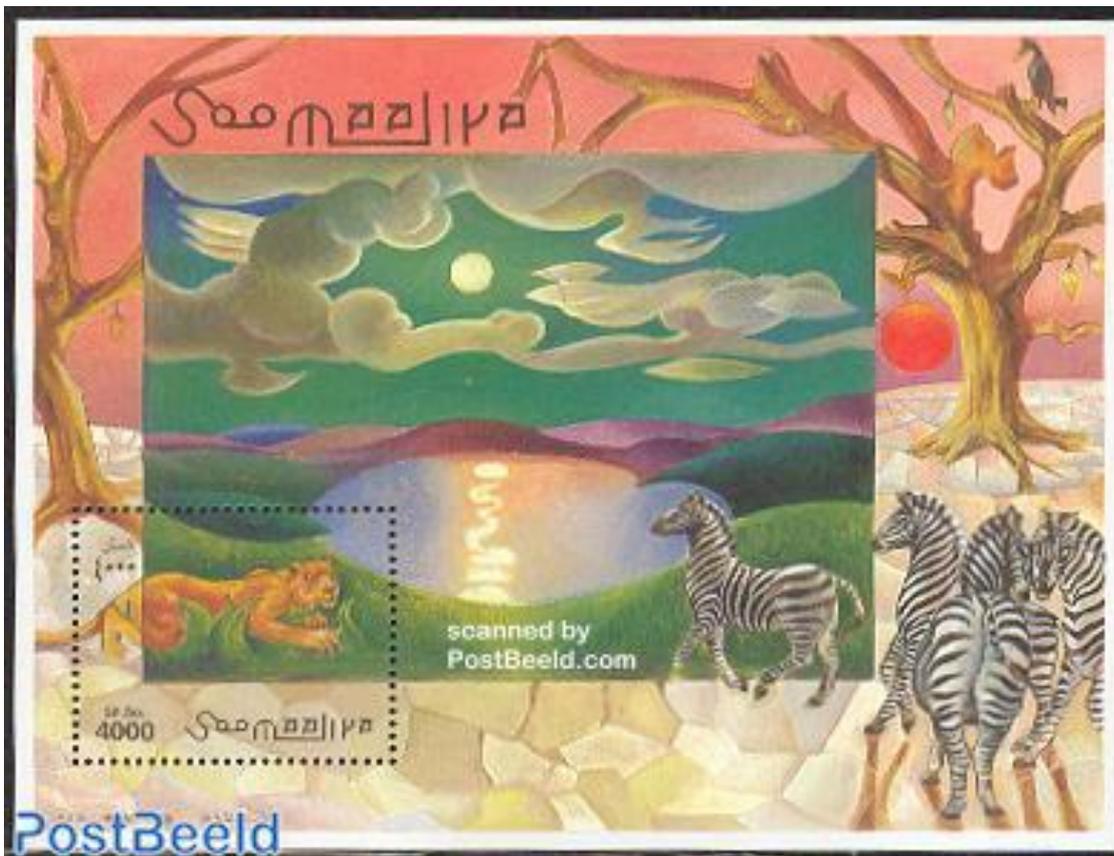
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0693.jpg

6.28 1998: Big Cats (officially acknowledged series)

M696-699 + Block 50 (= 700): 200, 300, 500, 4000 ShSo, and 400 ShSo in Block, different design.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/gD0AAOSwX61ZLHsl/s-l1600.jpg>



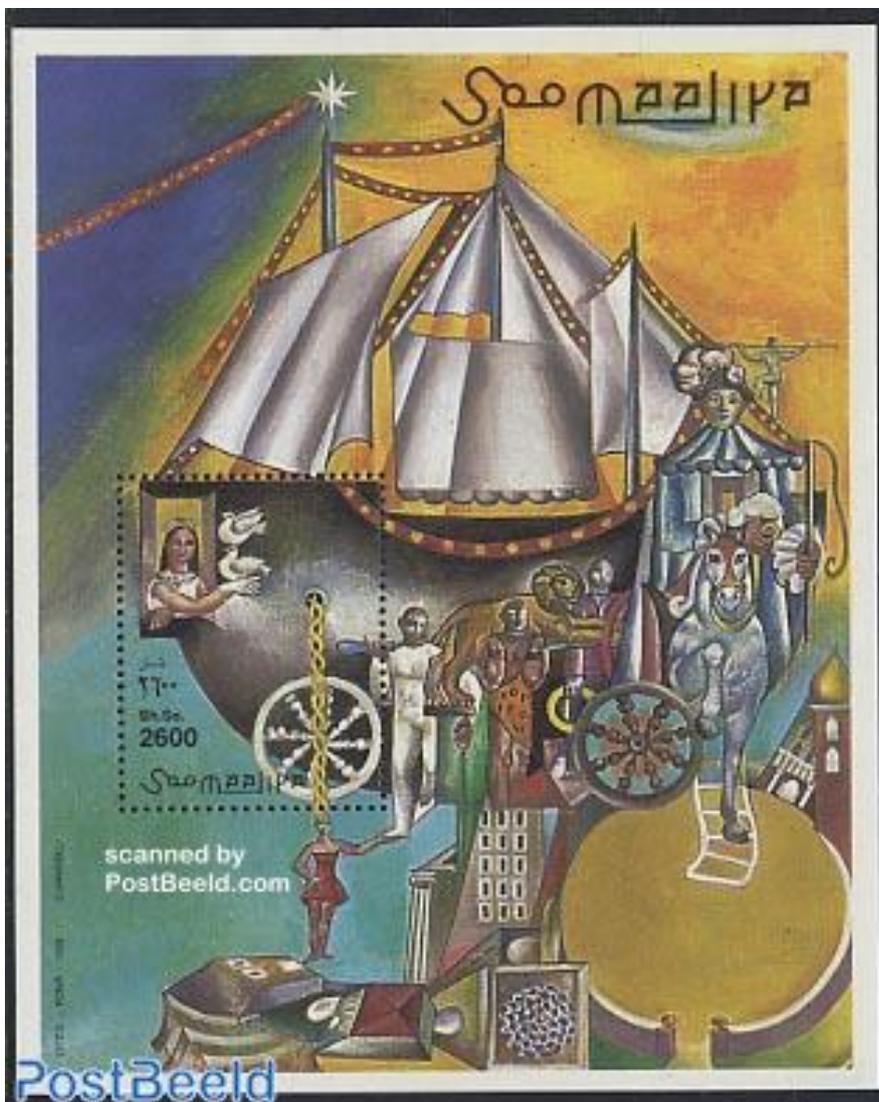
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb050.jpg

6.29 1998: Circus (officially acknowledged series)

M701-703 + Block 51 (= 704): 100, 200, 2800 ShSo and in Block 2600 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0701.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb051.jpg

6.30 1998: Crabs (officially acknowledged series)

M705-708 + Block 52 (= 709): 200, 300, 400, 3300 Sh So and Block: 2700 ShSo.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101765.jpg>



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101763.jpg>

6.31 1998: Chess (officially acknowledged series)

M710-712; Y638-640: 200, 300, 3500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0710.jpg

6.32 1998: International Ocean Year (officially acknowledged series)

M713-715 + Block 53 (= 716): 100, 400, 3500 ShSo and in Block 2800 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0713.jpg



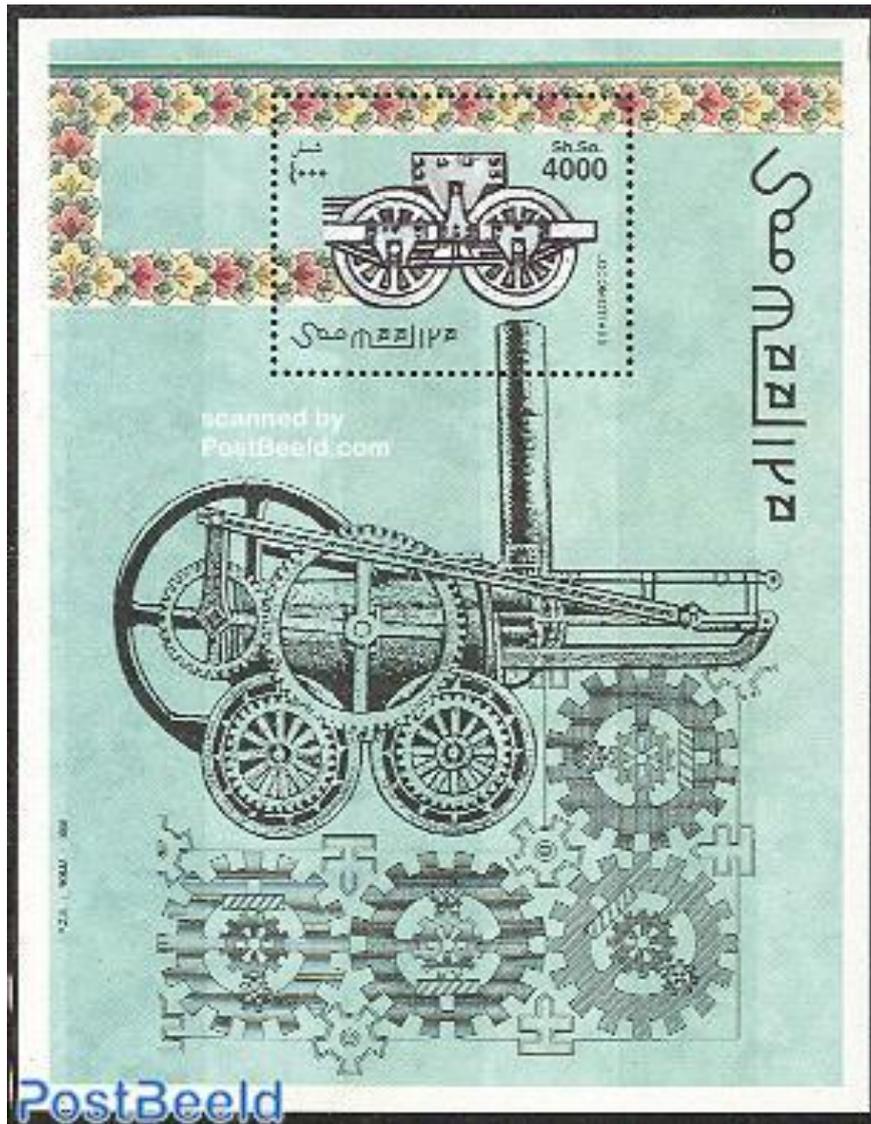
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb053.jpg

6.33 1998: Locomotives (officially acknowledged series)

M717-720 + Block 54 (= 721); Y631-634: 100, 200, 600, 3300, and in Block 4000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0717.jpg



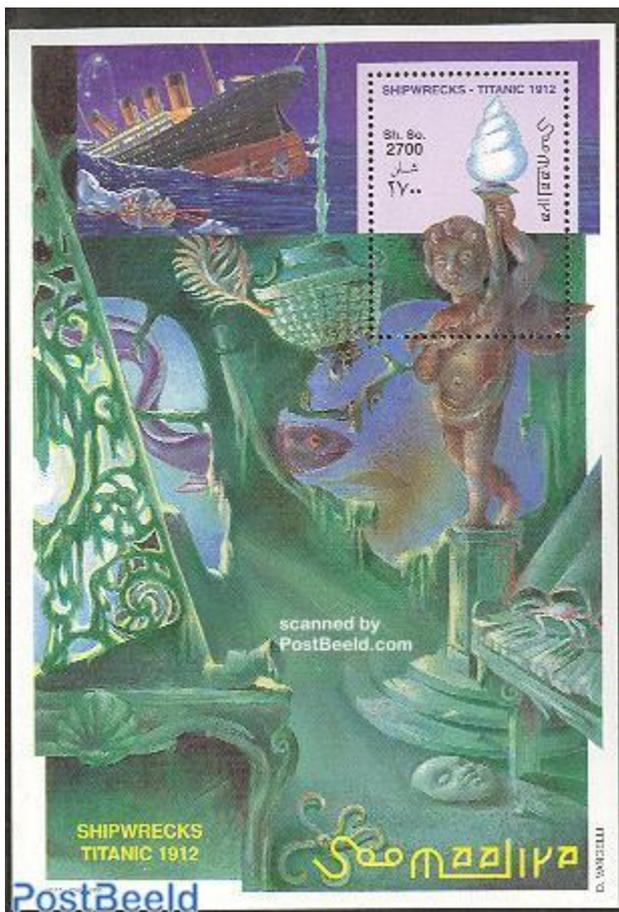
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb054.jpg

6.34 1998: Titanic (officially acknowledged series)

M722-724 + Block 55 (= 725); Y628-630: 200, 400, 3200 ShSo, and in Block 2700 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/fQgAAOSw1G1ZsQM/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb055.jpg

6.35 1998: Flamingoes (officially acknowledged series)

M726-728 + Block 56 (= 729): 200, 400, 3300 Sh So, and Block: 2500 ShSo.



<https://cdn.philasearch.com/A09189/E00200/0020083129.jpg>



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb056.jpg

6.36 1998: Corals (officially acknowledged series)

M730-733 + Block 57 (= 734); Y624-627: 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo and in Block 2700 ShSo



https://www.philasearch.com/de/i_9043_165841/5770_Somalia/9043-0000101760.html?set_sprache=de&treeparent=COSUBGRP-31370&postype=PH&page=9&row_nr=202&breadcrumbId=1584867424.9497



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101759.jpg>

+++++

According to

http://golowesstamps.com/reference/illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_1999.htm : "In 1999 Somalia officially issued 13 stamp sets according to

circular 328 [sent to the UPU in 2005]”. Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato in Rome.

+++++

6.37 1999: Orchids (officially acknowledged series)

M735-738: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0735.jpg

6.38 1999: Arab Horses (officially acknowledged series)

M739-741: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



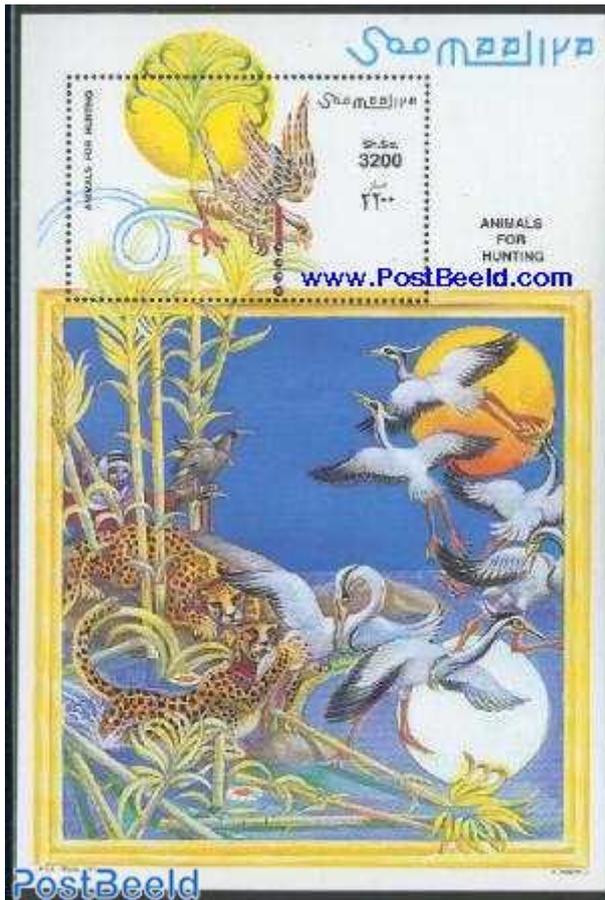
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/gCoAAOSwCQZZLHr1/s-l1600.jpg>

6.39 1999: Animals for Hunting (officially acknowledged series)

M742-744 + Block 58 (= 745); Y645-647: 100, 400, 3500 ShSo and in Block 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0742.jpg



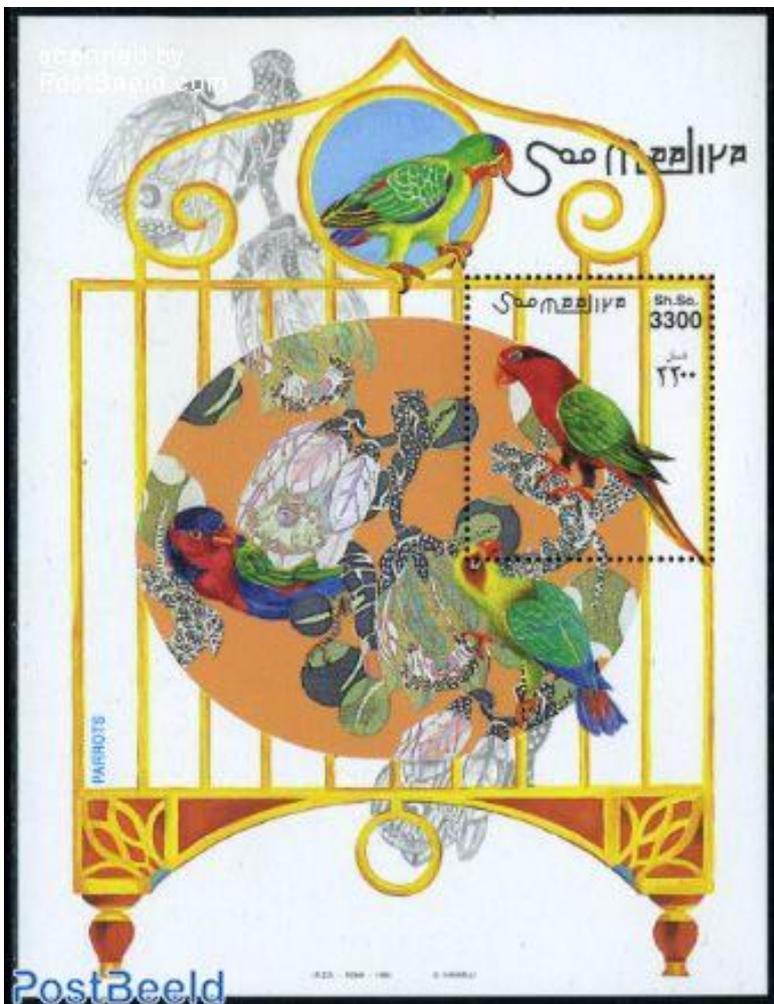
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb058.jpg

6.40 1999: Parrots (officially acknowledged series)

M746-748 + Block 59 (= 749); Y648-650: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo and in Block 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0746.jpg



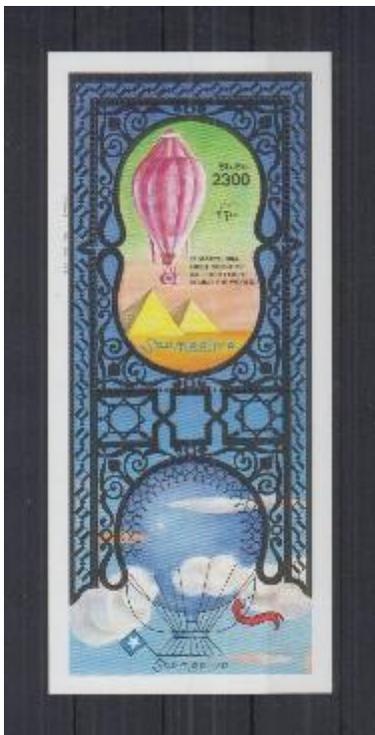
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb059.jpg

6.41 1999: Balloons (officially acknowledged series)

M750-752 + Block 60 (= 753): 200, 300, 3500 ShSo and in Block 2300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0750.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/vdMAAOSw5dlaTNdr/s-l1600.jpg>

6.42 1999: Insects (officially acknowledged series)

M754-756 + Block 61 (= 757); Y661-663: 200, 400, 3200 and in Block 3000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0754.jpg



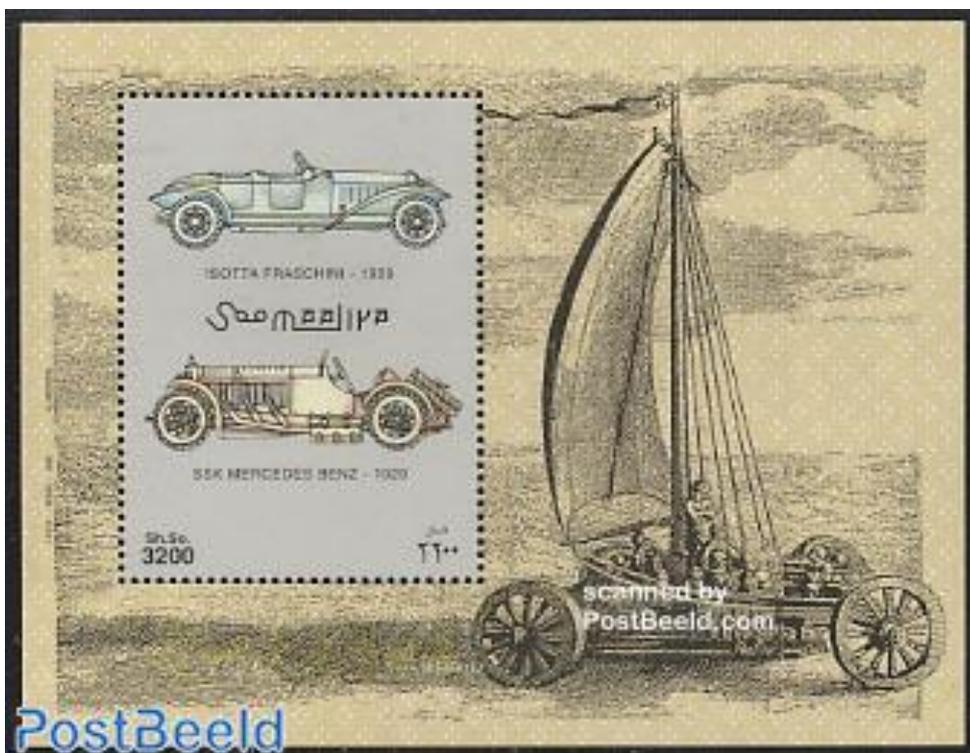
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb061.jpg

6.43 1999: Automobiles (officially acknowledged series)

M758-761 + Block 61 (= 757); Y641-644: 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo and in Block 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0758.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb062.jpg

6.44 1999: Airmail (not officially acknowledged series)

M763-766: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/uysAAOSwVXdelEt/s-l1600.jpg>

http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_1999.htm writes: "This is where the conflict between circular 328 and the Michel and Yvert catalogs begins. Because the following issue and all I.P.Z.S. issues made through 2003 are not listed in circular 328 they are considered unauthorized printings. Because of the massive quantity placed on the market it is obvious what this company did. They continued to print stamps for a postal system that was not even functioning. This is and was abusive to collectors who they were obviously targeting and it places all of them as illegal productions. Prove that this company had a valid contract to produce them and proof of usage (which is obviously impossible) and we can change the status of them on this page and the subsequent 2000-2003 pages. I must note again that stamp catalog editors are not authorities by any means on what stamps are valid and official which has been proven time and time again. Namely that as stated by several, "We cannot afford to do full research on postage stamps." This means they take the word of agencies and dealers many times without verifying them with the country of origins postal administrations. Some of these agencies and dealers have been proven to be liars and are corrupt to the core with every intent to get unauthorized, unissued, counterfeit and forged stamps listed in the catalogs purely to legitimize and make profits from them. I have seen this and dealt with it several times to the point of getting newly listed forgeries delisted". Hence Golowestamps publishes these stamps as follows:



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_1999_unauthorized_stamps_airmail.jpg

6.45 1999: Tennis (officially acknowledged series)

M767-769; Y680-682: 200, 300, 2500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/5LgAAMXQ~6VQ6XQO/s-l1600.jpg>

6.46 1999: Discoveries (officially acknowledged series)

M770-773: 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0770.jpg

6.47 1999: Greeting stamps (officially acknowledged series)

M774-775: 400, 2200 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0774.jpg

6.48 1999: Zodiac (officially acknowledged series)

M776-787 + Block 63 (= 788): 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 800, 900, 1000, 1200, 1500, 2000 ShSo, and in Block 2500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0776.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb063.jpg

6.49 1999: Sea mammals (officially acknowledged series)

M789-792 + Block 64 (= 793); Y664-667: 100, 500, 600, 3000 ShSo; and in Block: 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0789.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb064.jpg

6.50 1999: Nudibranches (officially acknowledged series)

M794-796 + Block 65 (= 797); Y693-695: 200, 400, 3200 ShSo and in Block: 3000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0794.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb065.jpg

+++++

Transitional National Government of Somalia: 2000-2004



Abdiqasim Salad (*1941): President 27 August 2000 – 14 October 2004

From 2000 onwards there has never been a circular from the postal authorities in Somalia, sent to the UPU to acknowledge stamps that have been authorized by Somalia. According to Golowestamps the Printing company in Rome continued producing and selling Soomaaliya

stamps between 2000 and 2003, which can be regarded as unauthorized, unless (in future) authorization happens. In 2003 the Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato in Rome discontinued producing stamps for Somalia.

6.51 2000: Anemones

M798-801; Y712-715: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0798.jpg

6.52 2000: Diving

M802-804: 200, 300, 3500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/AugAAOSwDQ1dBuS1/s-l1600.jpg>

6.53 2000: Bees

M805-807; Y719-721: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0805.jpg

6.54 2000: Giraffes

M808-810: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0808.jpg

6.55 2000: Helicopters

M811-813 + Block 66 (= 814): 100, 400, 3500 ShSo and in Block: 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0811.jpg



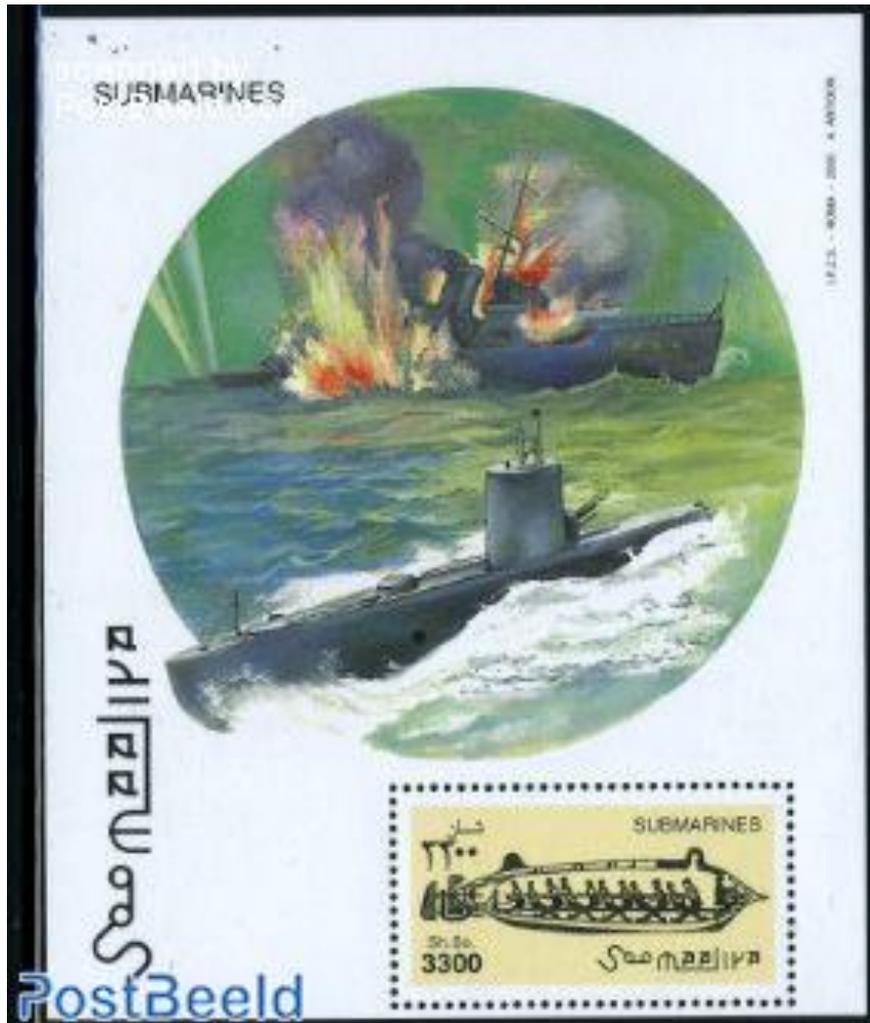
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb066.jpg

6.56 2000: Submarines

M815-817 + Block 67 (= 818): 100, 500, 3000 ShSo, and 3300 ShSo in Block



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0815.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb067.jpg

6.57 2000: Bicycles

M819-821 + Block 68: 200, 400, 3200 ShSo and 3000 ShSo in Block



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/m1EAAOSworh bucEY/s-l500.jpg>



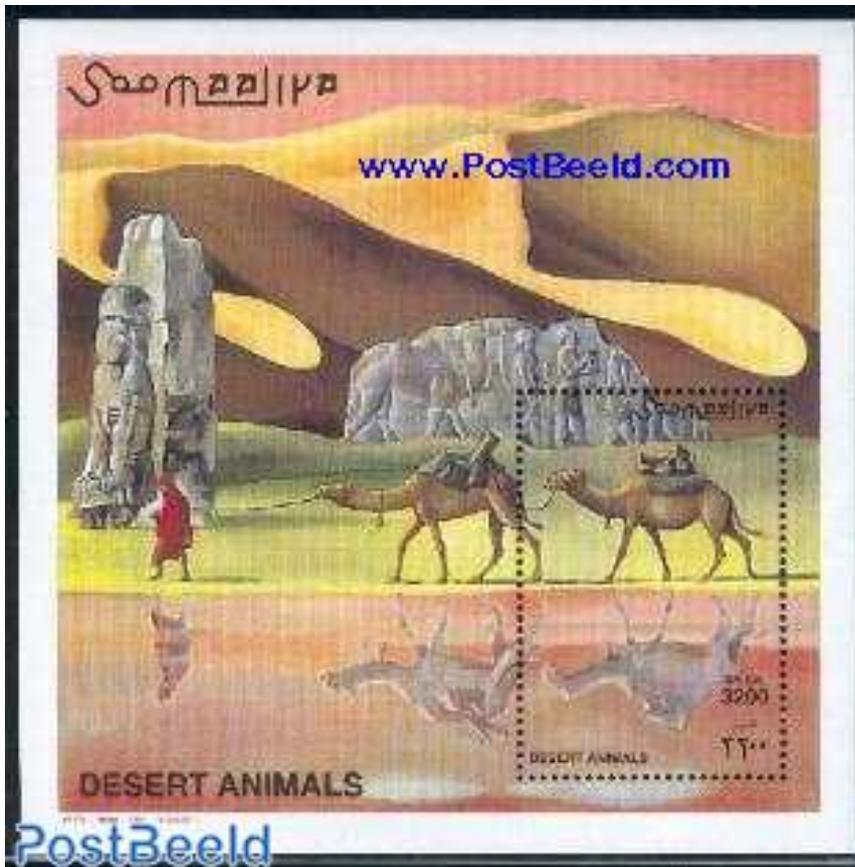
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb068.jpg

6.58 2000: Desert Animals

M823-826 + Block 69 (= 827): 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo and in Block 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0823.jpg



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb069.jpg

6.59 2000: Octopus

M828-831: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0828.jpg

6.60 2000: Horse Racing

M832-835; Y725-728: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/KrQAAOSwwf5Z2jKh/s-l1600.jpg>

6.61 2000: Table Tennis

M836-838; Y735-737: 200, 300, 3500 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0836.jpg



<https://www.loudaiwang.com/static/1313/60eea1196854b6d1fccf73e1.jpg>

6.62 2000: Crocodiles

M839-841 + Block 70 (= 842): 100, 400, 3500 ShSo and in Block 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0839.jpg



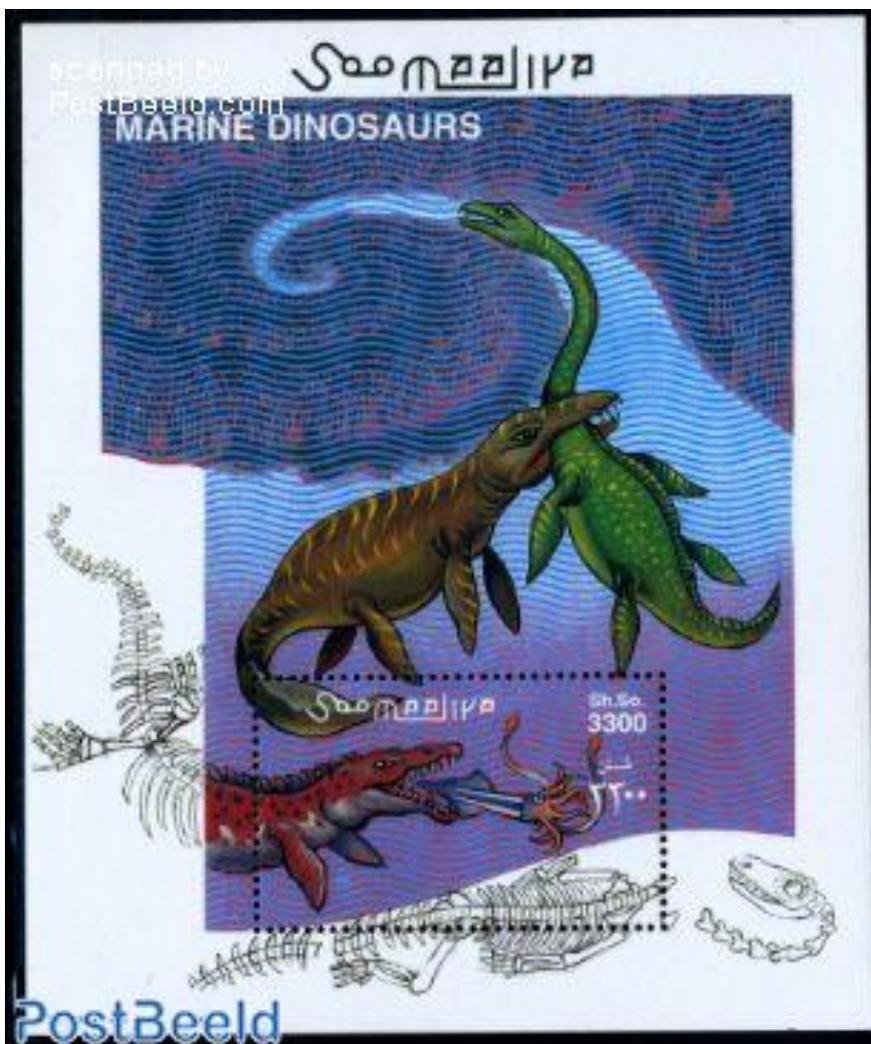
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb070.jpg

6.63 2000: Prehistoric Animals

M843-845 + Block 71 (= 846); Y742-744: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo and 3300 ShSo in Block.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0843.jpg



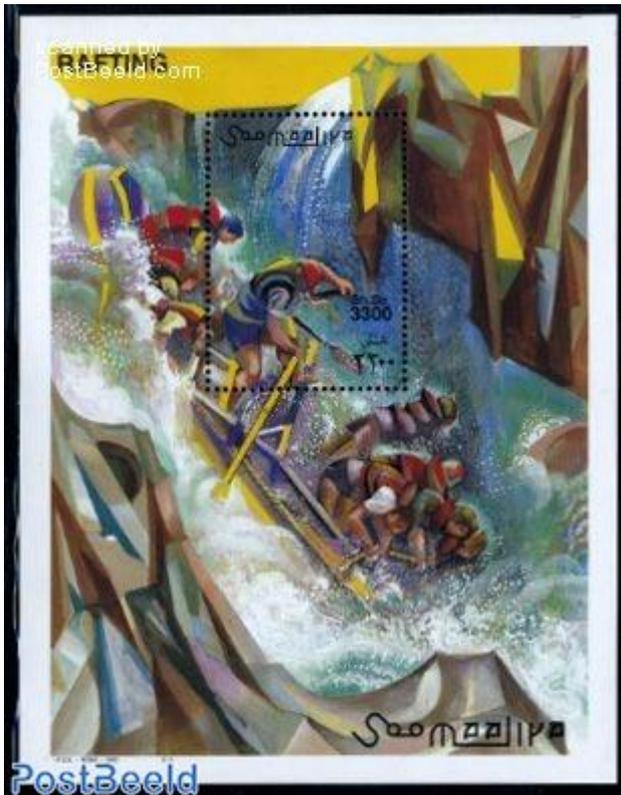
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb071.jpg

6.64 2000: Wild Water Kayak

M847-849 + Block 72 (= 850); Y722-724: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo, and 3300 ShSo in Block.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/Q00AAOSwHt1bwe-e/s-l1600.jpg>



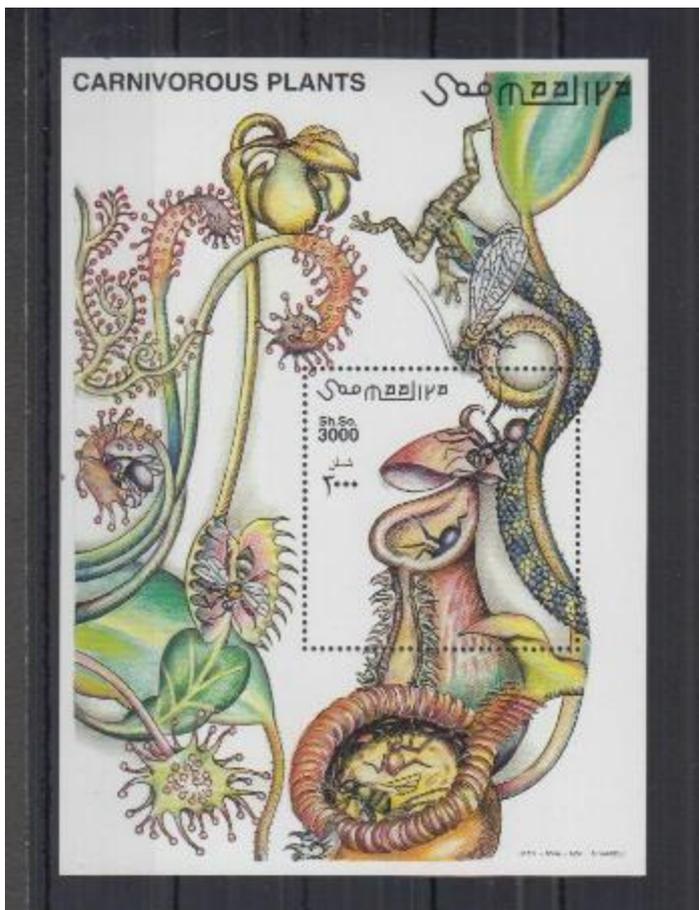
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb072.jpg

6.65 2000: Carnivorous plants

M851-853 + Block 73 (= 854): 200, 400, 3200 ShSo. And 3000 ShSo in Block.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0851.jpg



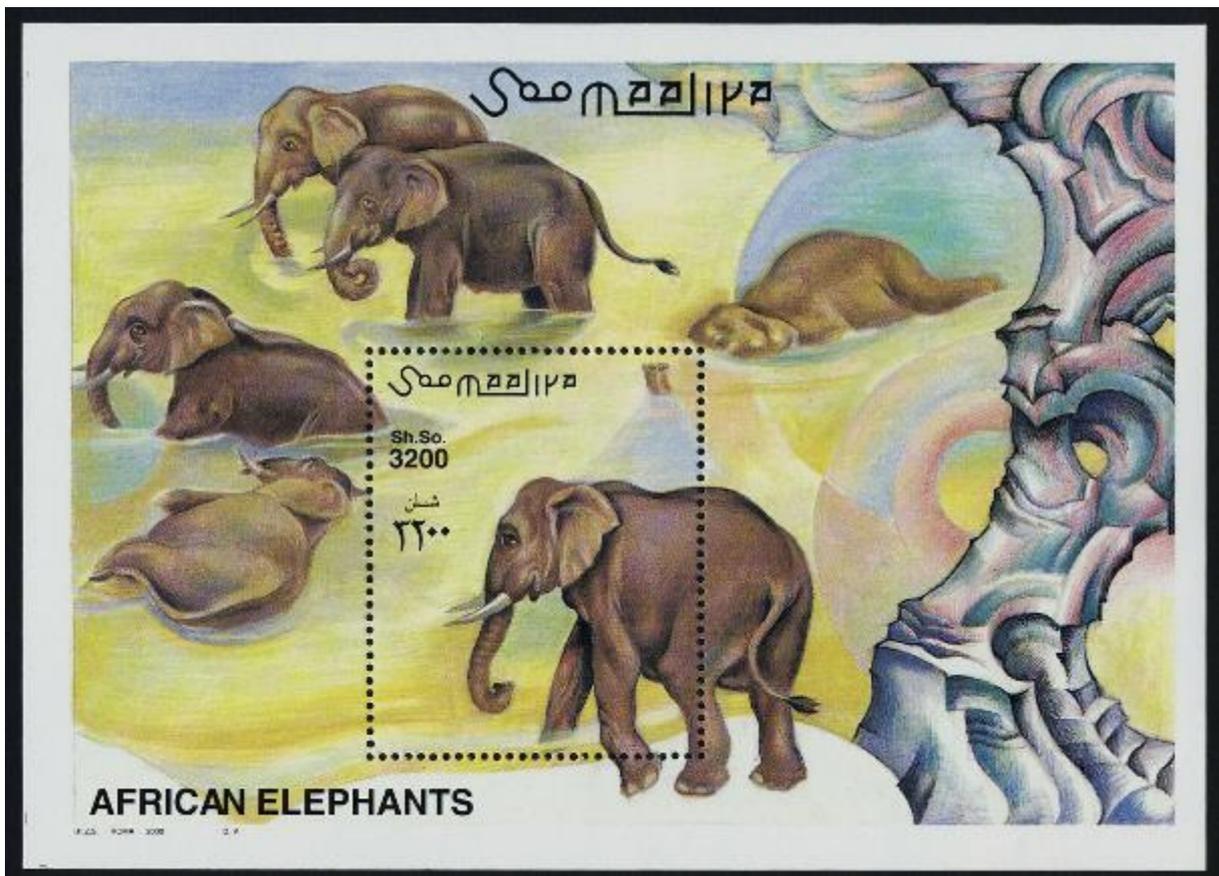
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/0egAAOSwFSxaTNXq/s-l1600.jpg>

6.66 2000: Elephants

M855-858 + Block 74 (= 859): 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo and 3200 ShSo in Block



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0855.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/FpAAOSwTPRasqu8/s-l1600.jpg>

6.67 c2000: Mogadiscio Municipality Revenues



<https://www.revrevd.com/uploads/3/2/2/0/3220955/3854478.jpg?391>: "M21-22. c2000. Arms design, crudely printed. Inscribed 'D HOOSE EE XAMAR' (or 'XeMAR'). 33 x 13 mm (M21) or 35 x 13 (M22). Imperf, but apparently with perforations printed at edge of design. No wmk.

M21. 40s black and yellow

M22. 100s black and yellow

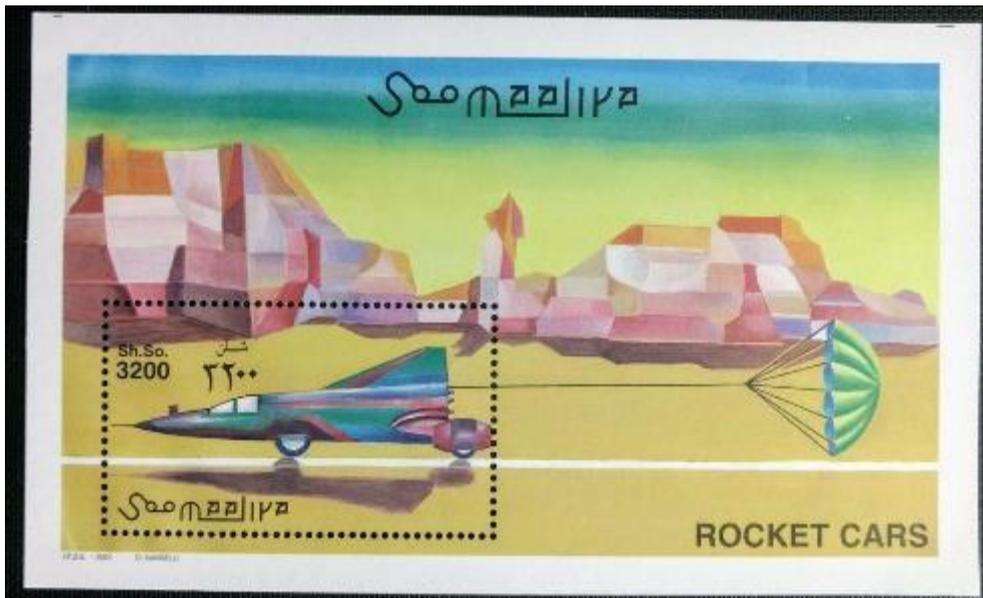
Note: these stamps are found used on identity cards in conjunction with #160".

6.68 2001: Rocket Cars

M860-862 + Block 75 (= 863): 100, 400, 3500 and in Block: 3200 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/zGcAAOSwax5Ysz7A/s-l1600.jpg> M860-862



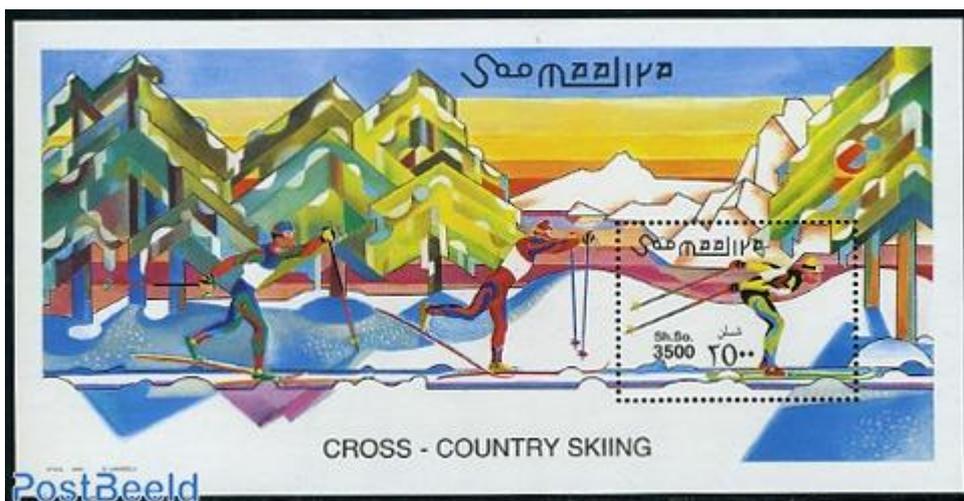
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kelAAOSwWfIZ7Kbu/s-l1600.jpg>

6.69 2001: Langlauf

M864-866 + Block 76 (= 867): 100, 500, 3000 ShSo, and 3500 ShSo in Block.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/o70AAMXQfJQRqQ7/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb076.jpg

6.70 2001: Penguins

M868-871 + Block 77 (= 872): 200, 300, 400, 3300 ShSo and in Block 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0868.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/1o0AAOSwtltbu5tG/s-l500.jpg>

6.71 2001: Bowling

M873-875; Y758-760: 200, 300, 3500 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/i5wAAOSwdGFYqCQt/s-l1600.jpg>

6.72 2001: Peace

M876-878: 200, 300, 3500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/NowAAOSwsEpeWpaQ/s-l1600.jpg>

6.73 2001: Fire Engines

M879-881; Y771-773: 200, 400, 3200 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/VDAAAOSwal5YKKAC/s-l1600.jpg> M771-773

6.74 2001: Chameleons

M882-884 + Block 78 (= 885): 200, 400, 3200 ShSo, and 3000 ShSo in Block



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0882.jpg M882-884



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb078.jpg

6.75 2001: Philanippon

M886-888 + Block 79 (= 889); Y752-754: 200, 400, 3300 and in Block 5000 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0886.jpg Y752-754



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb079.jpg

6.76 2001: Ferrari

M890-895: 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 2500 ShSo.



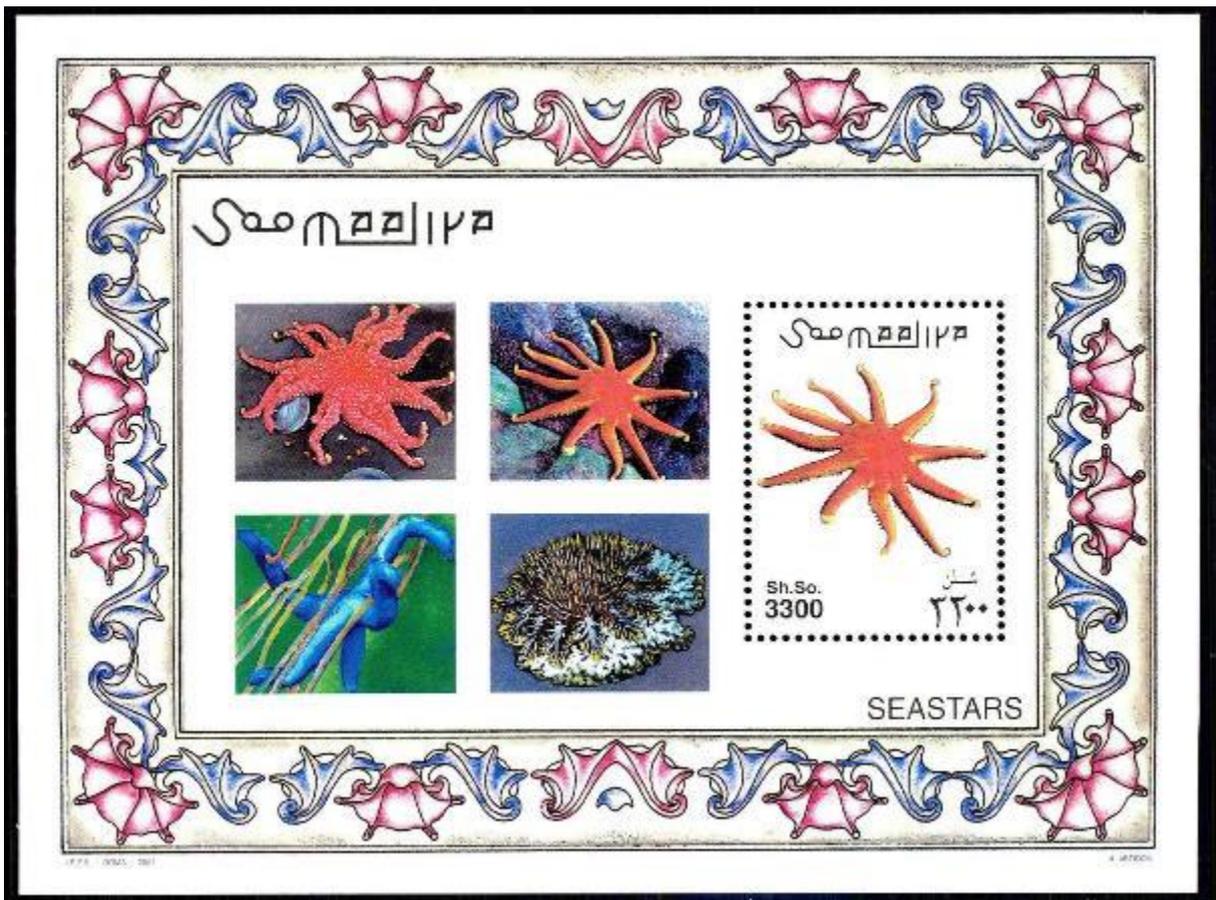
https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0890.jpg M890-895

6.77 2001: Starfish

M896-899 + Block 80 (= 900): 100, 200, 500, 3000, and in Block: 3300 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XLAAOSwKsZbjRLr/s-l500.jpg>



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101754.jpg>

6.78 2001: Archaeology

M901-904 + Block 81 (= 905): 100, 200, 600, 3300, and in Block: 3000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/p1wAAOSwIYteWpYO/s-l1600.jpg>



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb081.jpg

6.79 2001: Transcontinental Flights

M906-909 + Block 82 (= 910): 100, 200, 600, 3300 and in Block: 3000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/r5MAAOSwYlpdbm1T/s-l1600.jpg>



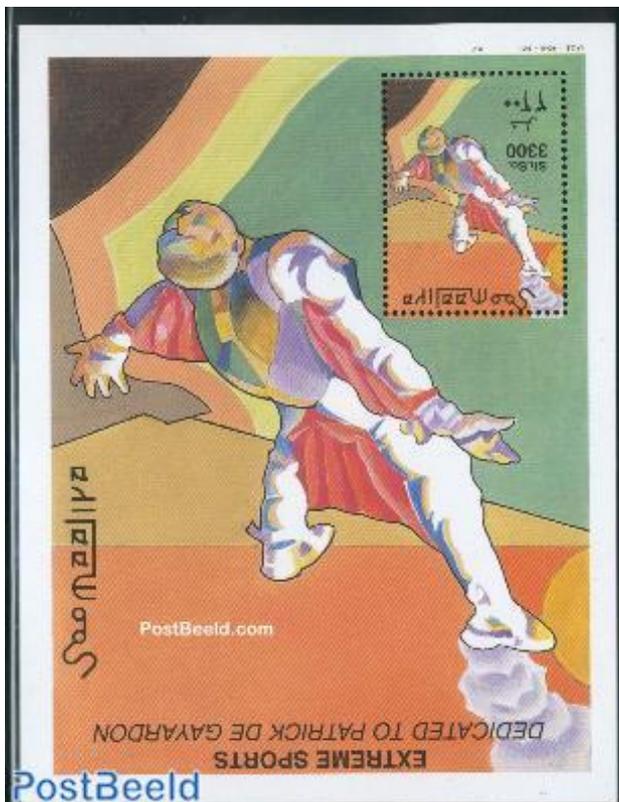
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/dLgAAOSwzXxaTNLo/s-l1600.jpg>

6.80 2001: Extreme Sports

M911-913 + Block 83 (= 914): 100, 500, 3000, and in Block 3300 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn1s3a.jpg



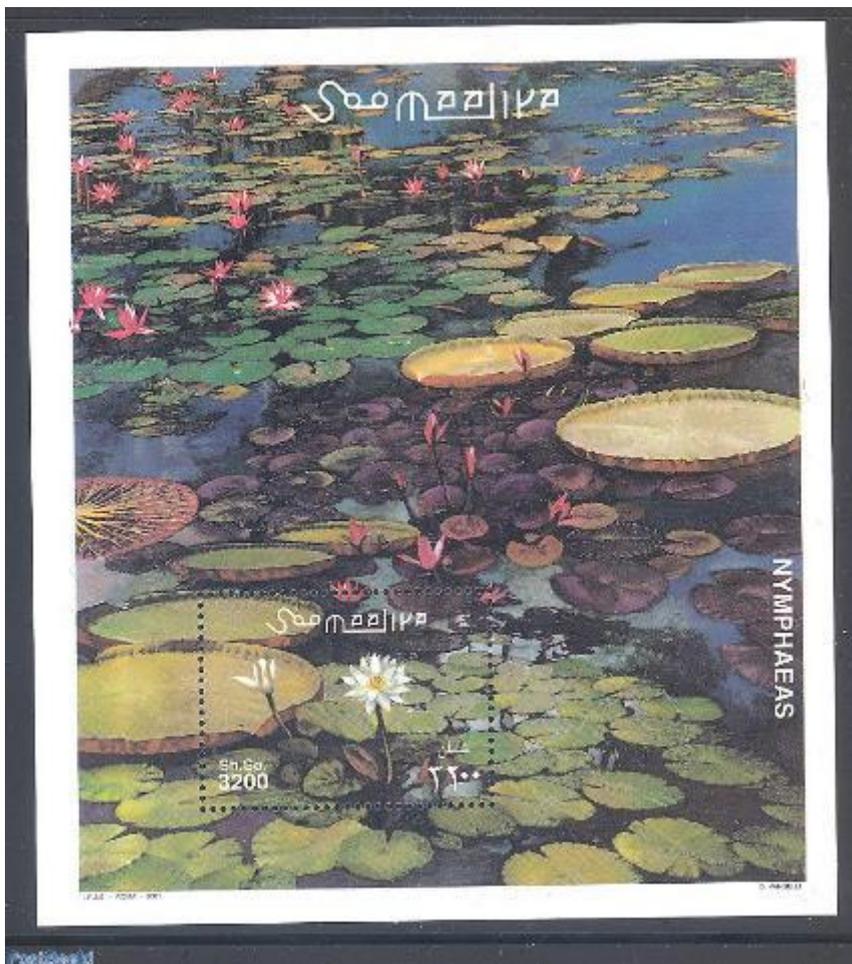
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn1s3b.jpg

6.81 2001: Sea Roses

M915-918 + Block 84 (= 919): 200, 300, 400, 3300 and in Block: 3200 ShSo.



https://www.postbeeld.nl/media/catalog/product/cache/1/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0915.jpg M915-918



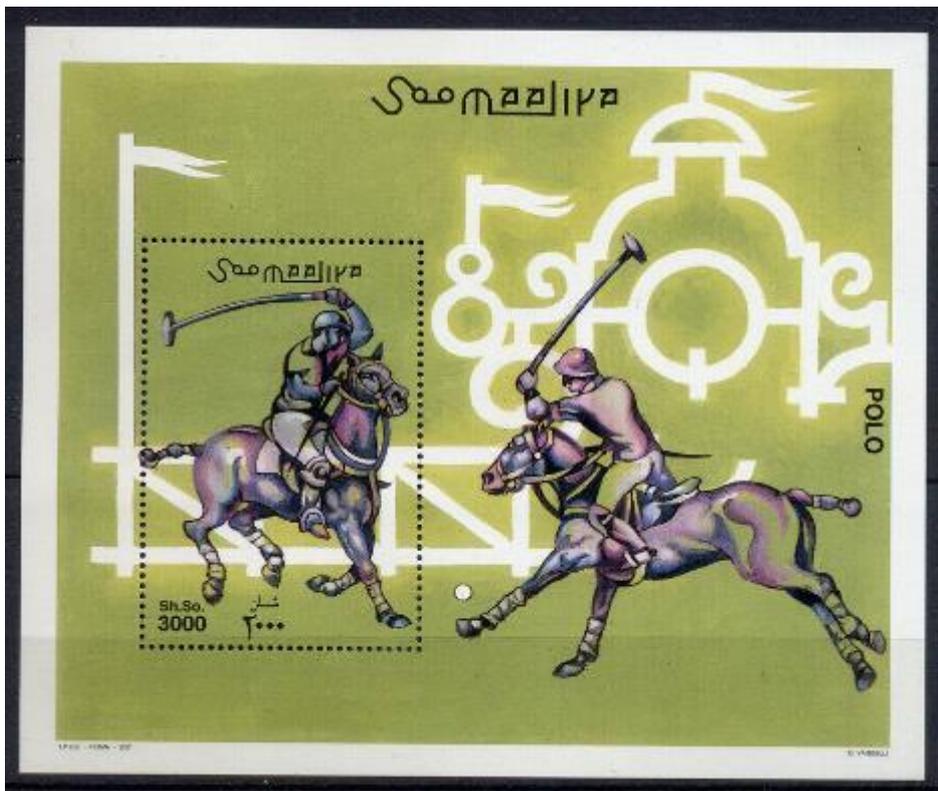
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb084.jpg

6.82 2001: Polo Sports

M920-922 + Block 85 (= 923): 200, 400, 3200, and in Block: 3000 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/q78AAOSwub9dWPr6/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/54MAAOSwztdWPtz/s-l1600.jpg>

6.83 2001: Marine Life

M924-926: 200, 400, 3300 Sh So.



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101755.jpg>

6.84 2001 Revenue stamp used in Muqdisho



Filitalia 17/4, p. 4: "Identity card (unused) from Somalia, from 2001, with a revenue stamp of 40 Shilling and a Marca da Bolla stamp of ten Shilling, with a very old design".

6.85 2002: World Cup Football

M927-930 + Blocks 86 (= 931) and 87 (= 932): 100, 200, 600, 3300 and 2x 3300 ShSo, in Blocks



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2v7a.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2v7b.jpg



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2002_unauthorized_stamps_world_football_cup_fdc.jpg

6.86 2002: Playing Cards

M933-936 + Block 88 (= 937): 100, 200, 600, 3300 and in Block: 3400 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/s/sso0933.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/OQIAAOSwMLNeWpIT/s-l1600.jpg>

6.87 2002: Marconi

M938-940 + Block 89 (= 941) : 100, 400, 3500 and 3200 ShSo in Block.



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2002_unauthorized_stamps_guglielmo_marconi.jpg



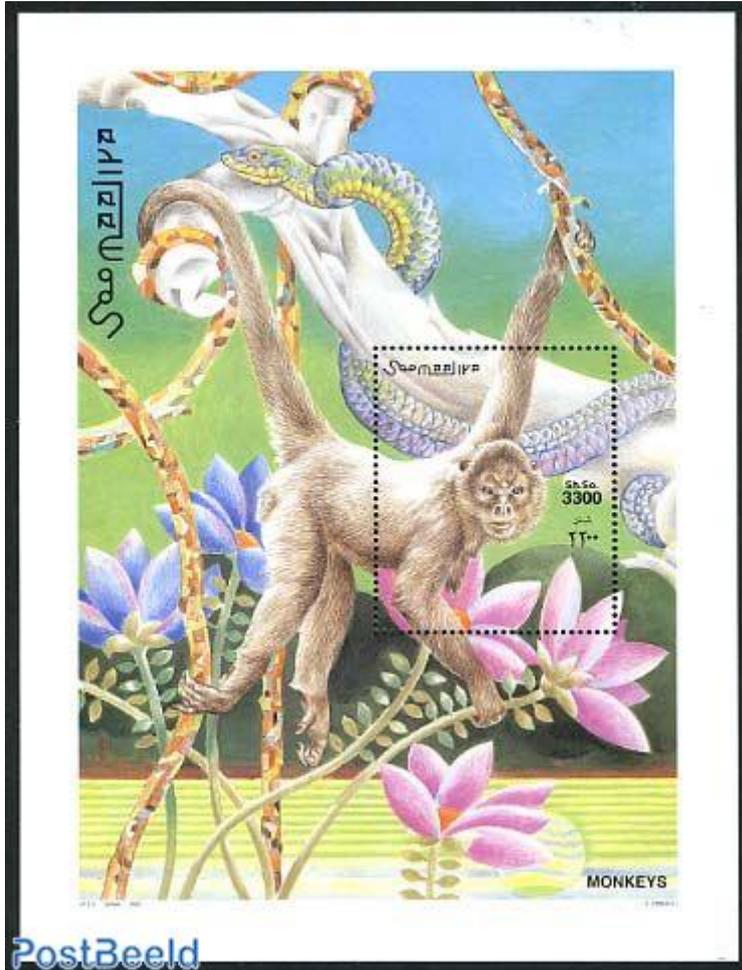
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/s/ssob089.jpg

6.88 2002: Monkeys

M942-944 + Block 90 (= 945): 100, 500, 3000 ShSo, and 3300 ShSo in Block.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2apa.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2apb.jpg

6.89 2002: Cave Paintings

M946-948 + Block 91 (= 949): 100, 500, 3000, and in Block 3700 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/s/sso0946.jpg



6.90 2002: Space Stations

M950-953 + Block 92 (= 954): 200, 300, 400, 3300 and in Block 3400 ShSo



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/mvAAAOSwc4Fc~rZK/s-l1600.jpg>



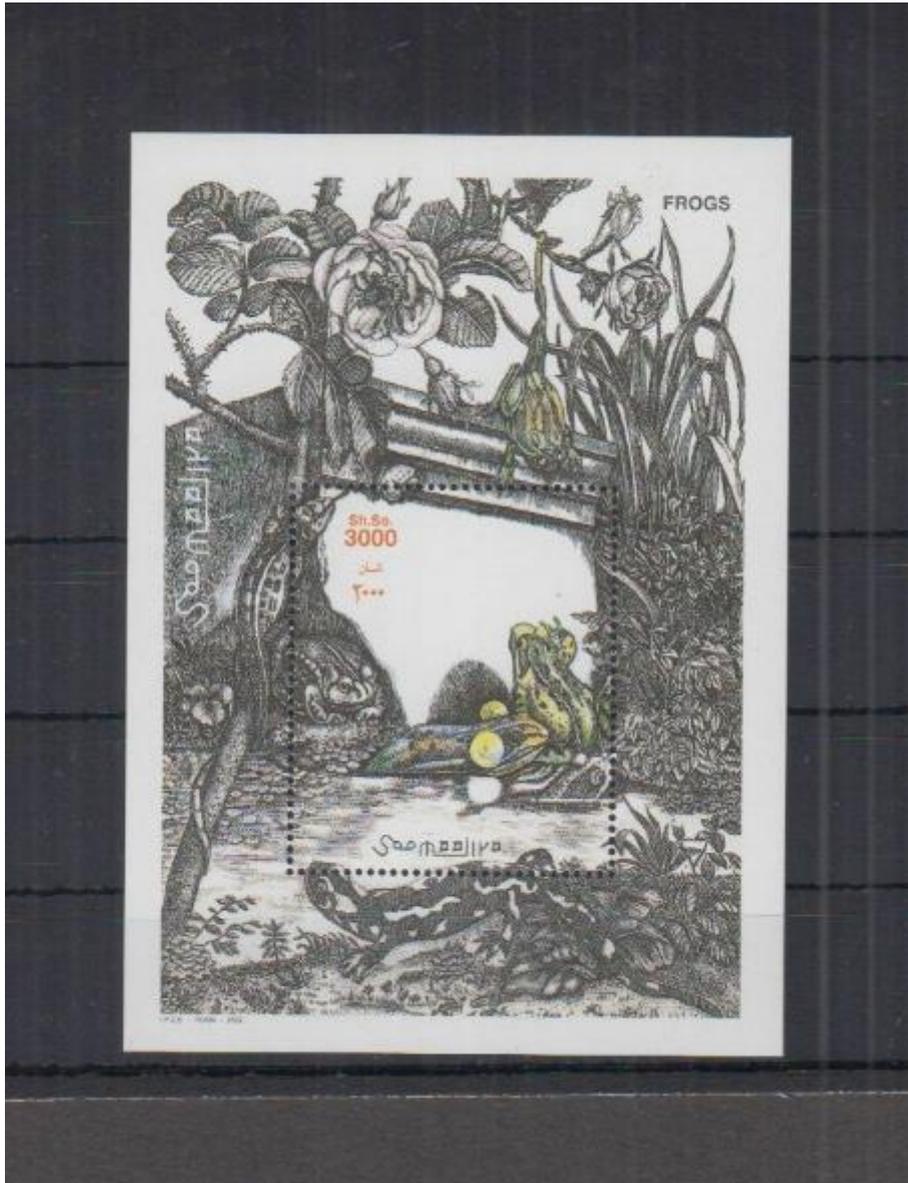
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/oUcAAOSwr~lYsz4G/s-l1600.jpg>

6.91 2002: Frogs

M955-957 + Block 93 (= 958): 200, 400, 3200, and 3000 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2k9a.jpg



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/VZ0AAOSwLdBaTNPZ/s-l1600.jpg>

6.92 2002: Gymnastics

M959-961: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



<https://www.stampboards.com/images/tinypic/sovfcw.jpg>: “By Kennethsequeira » 20 Jan 2013; I guess currently Stamperija - Lithuania are their printers. Last production shows 2001 - 2002 issues”.

6.93 2002: Mushrooms

M962-965 + Block 94 (= 966): 100, 200, 600, 3300 and in Block:



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/UK0AAOSw7vxbjRGP/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rCIAAOSwWHBaTNVJ/s-l1600.jpg>

6.94 2002: Paris-Dakar Rally

M967-970 + Block 95 (= 971): 100, 200, 600, 3300, and 3500 ShSo in Block.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2ara.jpg



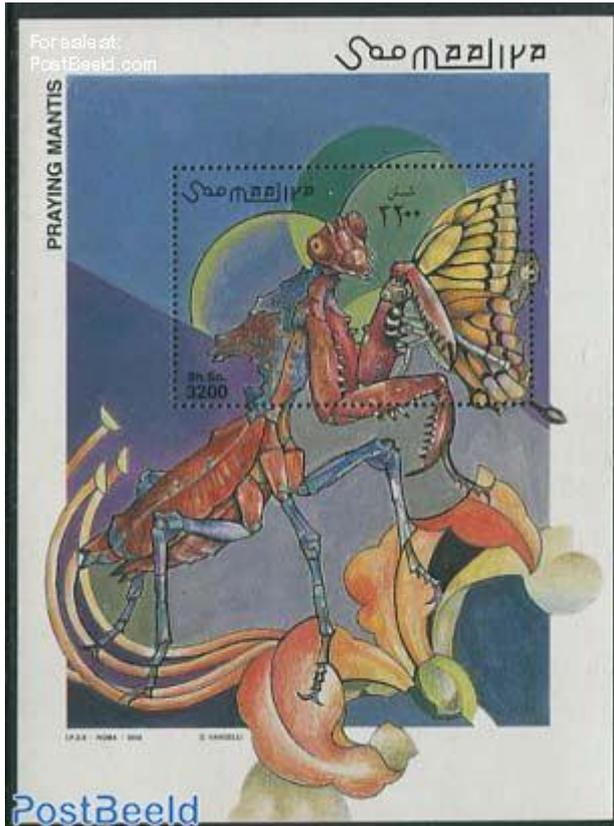
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/6hMAAOSwq4dbjRDE/s-l1600.jpg>

6.95 2002: Insects

M972-974 + Block 96 (= 975): 100, 400, 3500 ShSo, and 3200 ShSo in Block.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0972.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb096.jpg

6.96 2002: Old Light Houses

M976-978: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo.



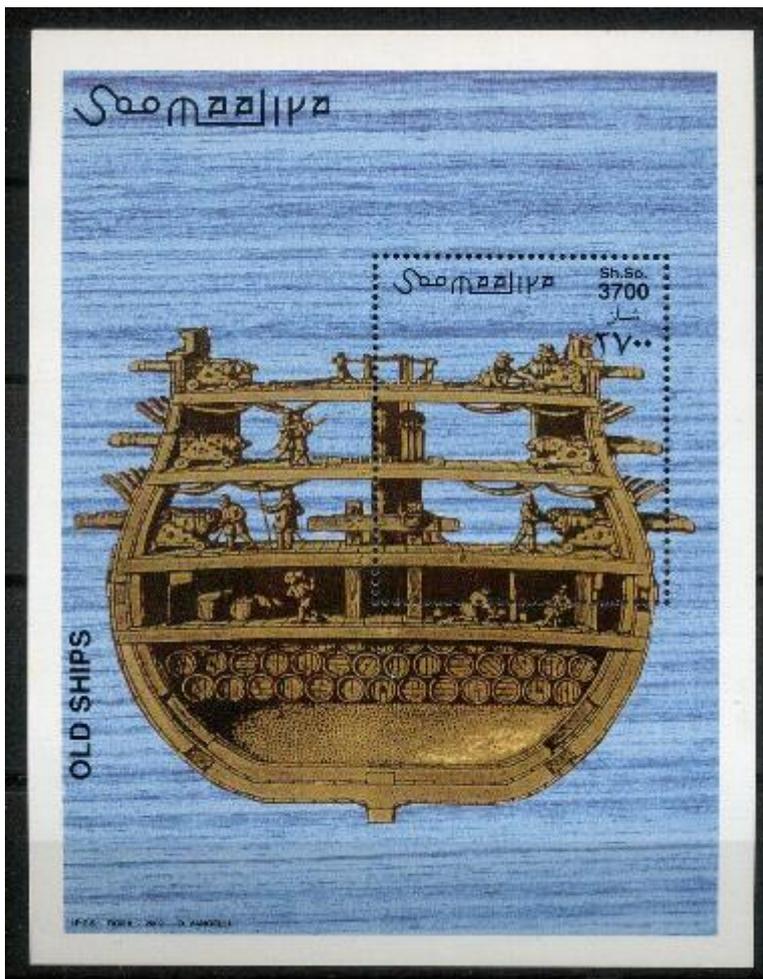
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn2v9a.jpg

6.97 2002: Ships

M979-981 + Block 97 (= 982): 100, 500, 3000 and in Block 3700 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/a44AAOSw2Rdd9668/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/AcUAAOSwrxpd968~/s-l1600.jpg>

6.98 2002: Flowers

M983-990: 200, 300, 400, 500, 800, 1000, 3300, 5000 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0983.jpg

6.99 2002: Spiders

M991-993 + Block M98 (= 994): 200, 400, 3200 ShSo, and in Block: 3000 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0991.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopb098.jpg

6.100 2002: Gliding

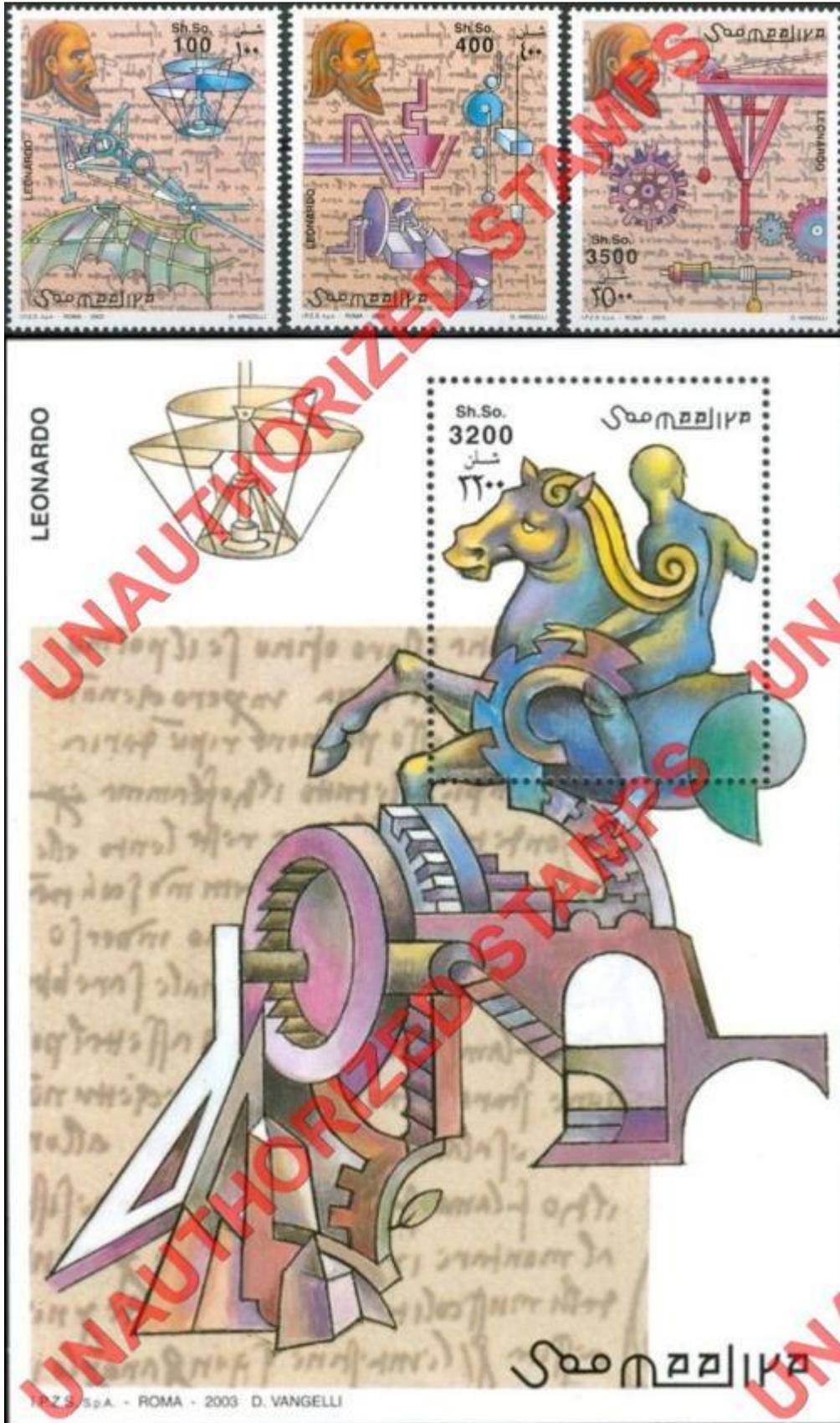
M995-997: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop0995.jpg

6.101 2003: Leonardo da Vinci. Not issued

Y863-865 + Block Y96: 100, 400, 3500, and 3200 ShSo in Block.



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_leonardo.jpg: ""IPZS became a public limited company (società per azioni or

SpA) with the Italian Ministry of Economy and Finance (Ministero dell'Economia e delle Finanze) as sole shareholder." This is why the new "SpA" inscription has been added on all the 2003 stamps. Somalia 2003 Leonardo da Vinci Yvert 863-865 BF 96. NOT ISSUED Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato".

6.102 2003: Dogs

Y866-869 and Block Y97: 200, 400, 600, 3300 + 3300 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30320.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30320a.jpg

6.103 2003: Termites

Y870-872: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30319.jpg

6.104 2003: Toucans

Y873-875 and Block Y98: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo + 3700 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30317.jpg



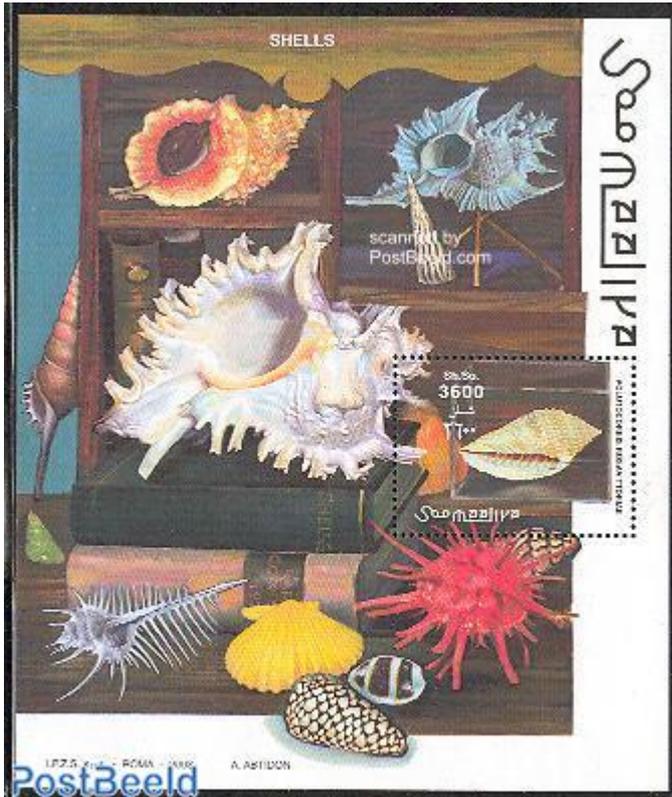
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/400x400/730f6beb335f248cfe85fdbb46a85728/s/o/sop30317a.jpg

6.105 2003: Shells

Y876-878 + Block Y99: 200, 800, 1000, 2200 ShSo and 2600 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3s7a.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3s7b.jpg

6.106 2002: Sharks

Y 880-882 and Block Y100: 200, 400, 3200 ShSo + 3000 ShSo in Block



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101753.jpg>



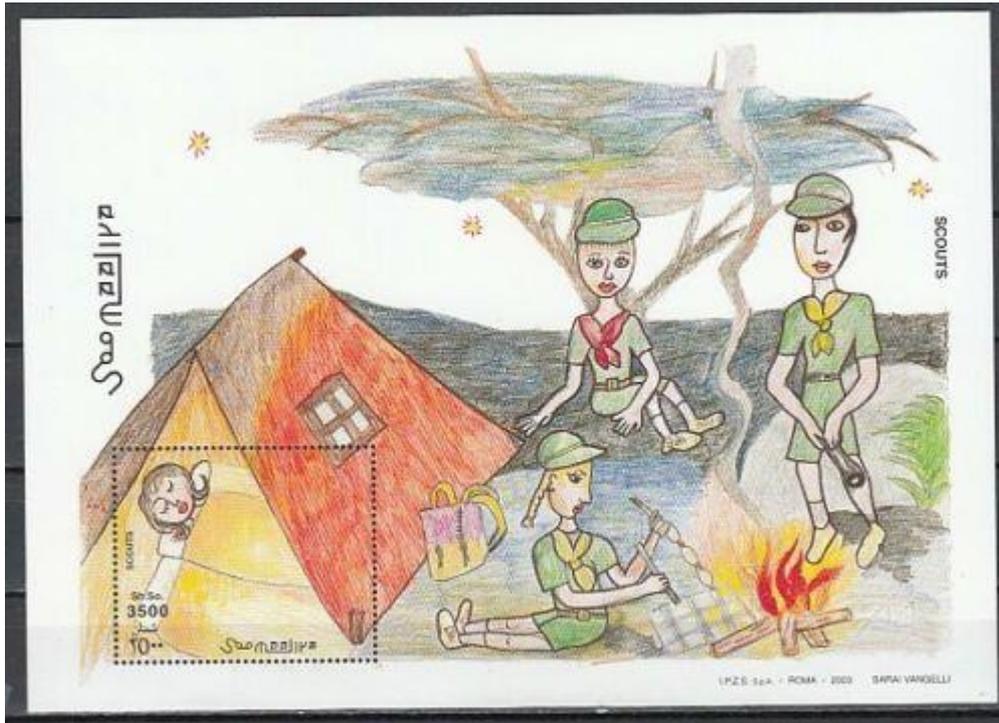
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30315a.jpg

6.107 2003: Scouting

Y883-885 and Block 101: 100, 200, 600, 3300 and in Block: 3500 ShSo.



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/qNIAAOSwC2VbP-G9/s-l500.jpg>



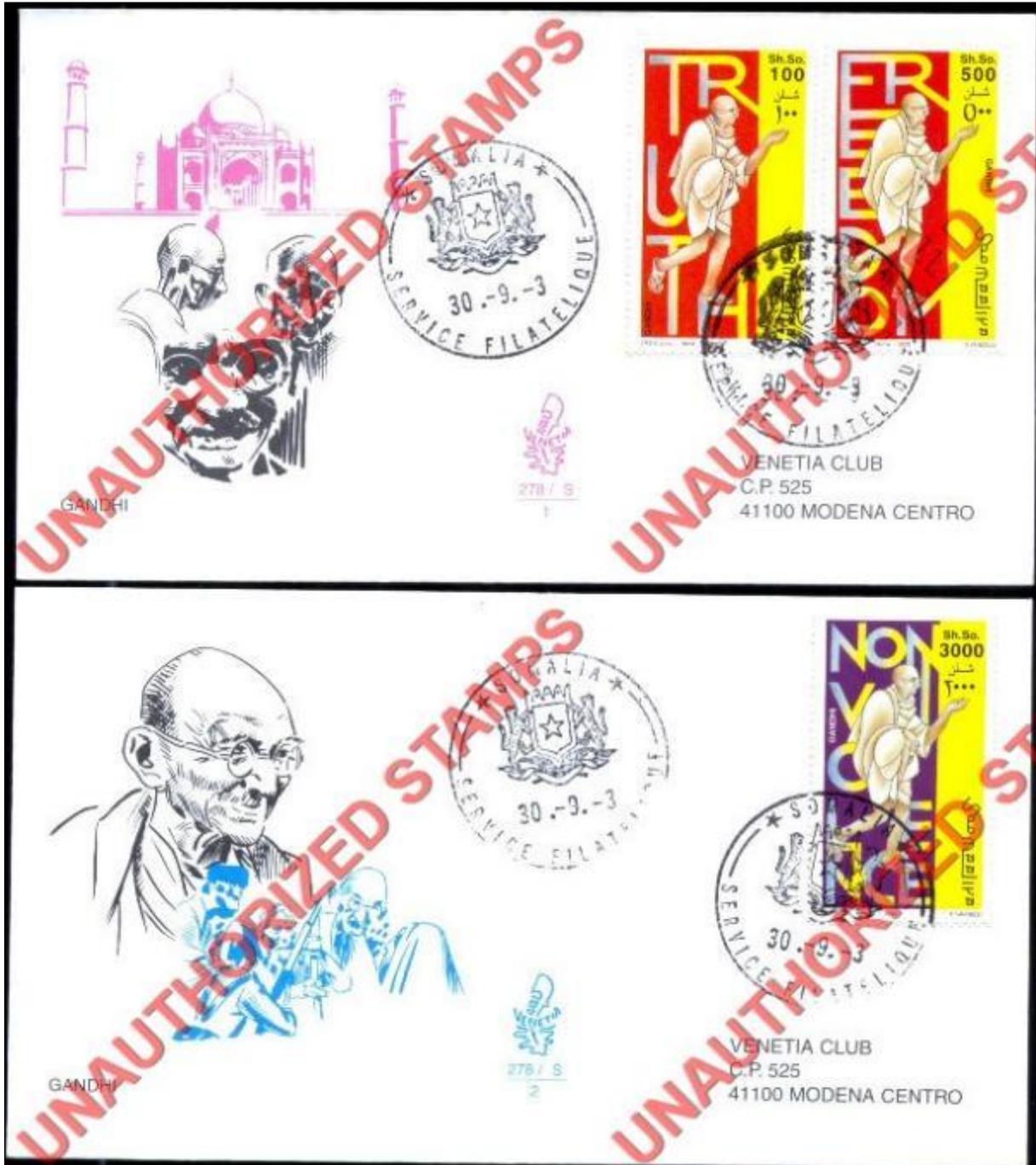
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/5acAAOSwmSZbP-E7/s-l500.jpg>

6.108 2003: Gandhi, Not Issued

Y887-889: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo.



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_gandhi.jpg: "Somalia 2003 Gandhi Yvert 887-889. NOT ISSUED Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato".



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_gandhi_fdc.jpg: "oting the cancels used on these covers. The cancel device was acquired by the British counterfeit stamp producer in this year. This then brings into question, did I.P.Z.S. create these covers or was it the counterfeit producer who did it to legitimize the issue? Either way, these covers were never "issued" and definitely were never mailed to the name on the address! Somalia 2003 Gandhi Yvert 887-889 on First Day Covers. NOT ISSUED Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato".

6.109 2003: Soldiers on Horses

Y890-892 + Block 102: 200, 400, 3200 + 3000 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3p1a.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3p1b.jpg

6.109 2003: Ancient Arab Medicine, Not issued

Y893-895: 100, 500, 3000 ShSo.



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_ancient_arabic_medicine.jpg

6.110 2003: Dragonflies

Y896-99 and Block Y103: 200, 800, 1000, 2200 ShSo + 3600 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30316.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30316a.jpg

6.111 2003: Astronomic Observatory. Not issued

Y900-902: 200, 400, 3300 ShSo.



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_astronomic_observatories.jpg

6.112 2003: Armadillos, Not issued

Y903-906 and Block Y 105: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo and 3300 ShSo in Block



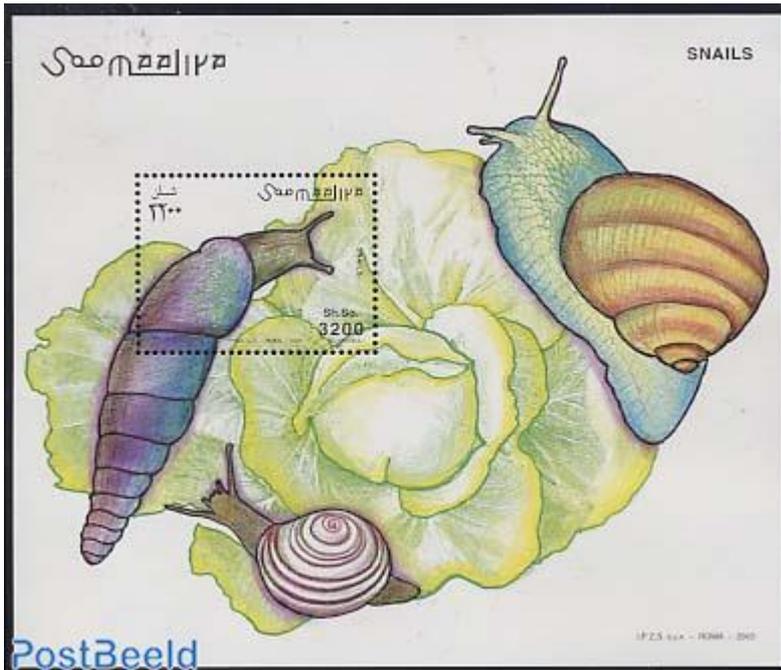
Source: Golowestamps

6.113: 2003: Snails

Y 907-909 and Block 106: 100, 400, 3500 + 3200 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3s7c.jpg



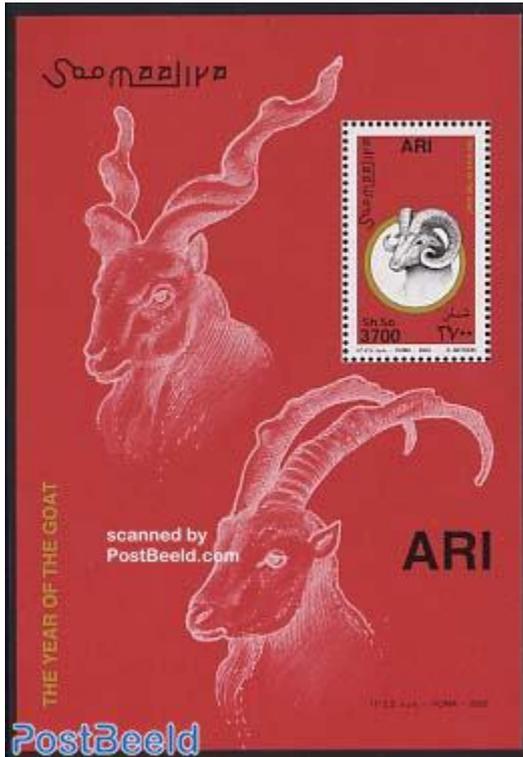
https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3s7d.jpg

6.114 2003: Chinese Year of the Goat

Y 910-912 and Block Y107: 100, 500, 3000 + 3700 ShSo in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3nja.jpg



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sopn3njib.jpg

6.115 2003: Motorcycling

Y?: 100, 200, 600, 3300 ShSo, and 3500 in Block



https://www.freestampcatalogue.com/media/catalog/product/cache/2/small_image/cda336a043e3dd4940536205f9a4466b/s/o/sop30318.jpg



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_unauthorized_stamps_motorcycling.jpg

+++++

At the end of 2003 the Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato in Rome stopped producing and selling stamps of Soomaaliya.

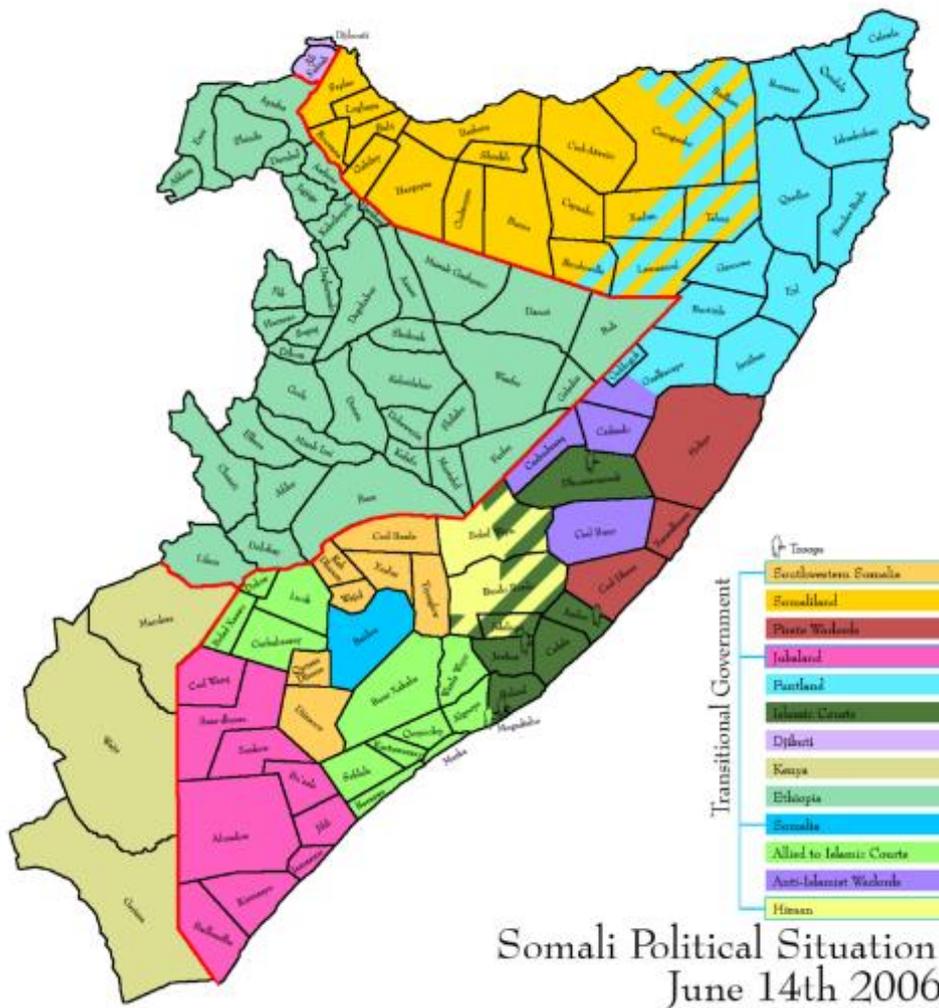
+++++

7 Transitional Federal Government of Somalia: 2004-2012

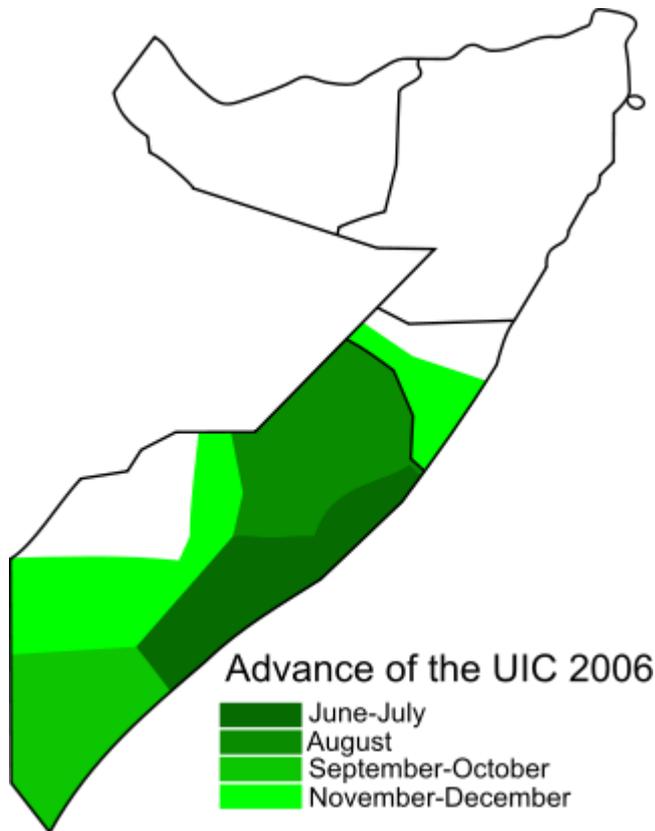
7.1 Political situation



Abdullahi Yusuf Ahmed (1934-2012). President 14 October 2004 – 29 December 2008 (resigned)

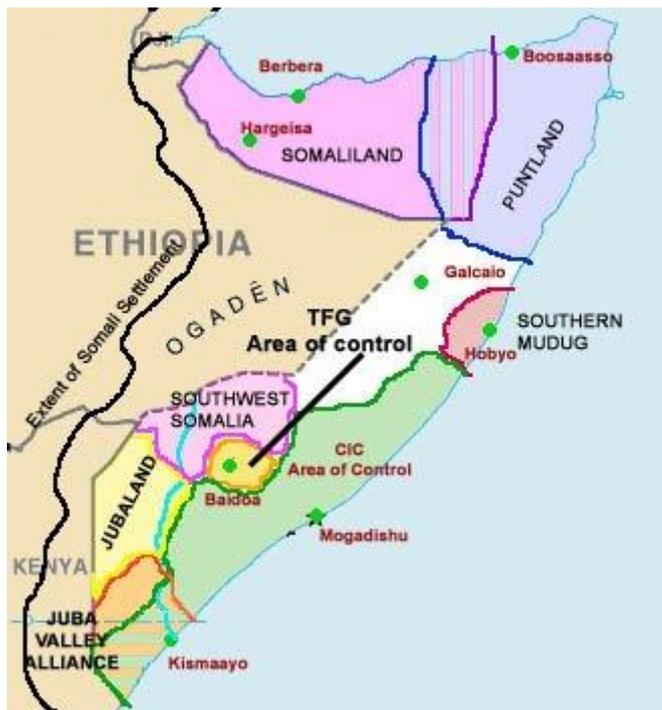


https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/e/e7/Somali_land_2006_06_14.png/800px-Somali_land_2006_06_14.png



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/1/1c/2006_ICU.svg/320px-2006_ICU.svg.png?1640812303308 UIC = Islamic Courts

On a personal website of a US soldier one can find the following map and description about the situation in 2006:



<http://photos1.blogger.com/blogger/7243/644/1600/Smittys%20Somalia.jpg>: **Somaliland** is the reasonably stable and secure northern bit of old Somalia (purple on the map), about the size of x, which has been run somewhat successfully by a functional democratic government with several competing parties for at least the last eight years. It exists within the old borders of the colony of British Somaliland and believes this gives it the right to exist as an independent nation, apart from the rest of Somalia, which was a former Italian colony.... **Transitional Federal Government of Somalia** (TFG), orange on the map, which nominally is the government for the whole patch of territory formerly called Somalia, including Somaliland. Recognizing Somaliland would imply downgrading the importance of the TFG. If the country is to be recognized, it will be by the AU acting as a unified body with one voice; right now the political will isn't there, for a variety of reasons, some of which I'll get into later. Consequently, Somaliland exists in a sort of diplomatic limbo, as do its people. To the east is **Puntland**, blue on the map, which like Somaliland has declared independence and has been reasonably democratic and stable, though not so much as Somaliland. However, Puntland's government officially wishes to rejoin a united Somalia (which places it at odds with Somaliland), But the Puntland government has not in the past considered the TFG legitimate and so remains apart from the group. Puntland also wishes to rejoin a secular Somalia, not an Islamist one, and this brings it into conflict with the **Council of Islamic Courts (CIC)**, green on the map, which currently controls Mogadishu. Thus Puntland is at odds with every one of its neighbors, and has been criticized by the West and Yemen for allowing mass migration from its shores across the Gulf of Aden to Yemen, which has porous if extremely dangerous borders with its rich neighbor Saudi Arabia; that's where many Somalis and Oromo (an Ethiopian tribe that is about 60% Muslim and 40% Christian) are headed. Puntland in the past month has started to gravitate towards the TFG, because although Puntland's leaders don't see the TFG as legitimate, they see the CIC as a graver threat. Allying with the TFG may or may not be a good idea; in any event, we should assume that although Puntland might call on the TFG if attacked by the CIC, Puntland would not likely come to the TFG's defense. There are several other smaller pseudo-states; those marked on the map include Southwest Somalia, Southern Mudug, Jubaland, and the Juba Valley Alliance. **Southern Mudug**, red on the map,

is mostly an outpost of the northern subclans of the Hawiye clan, centered around the small port of Hobyo (red on the map). The CIC is mostly controlled by Hawiye clansmen. Southern Mudug is a quiet entity and will likely accept CIC control when the courts and their militia come knocking. This will likely occur before year-end. **Jubaland** (if the Juba Valley Alliance is included) more or less matches the old boundaries of an Omani and then British client-state that exist in the 18th C. under the same name. This area has no claim to independence similar to Somaliland, and in any event is run by a warlord and has not made a serious effort to assert itself as a state. The leader of Jubaland (which is yellow on the map) has thrown in with the TFG and is a member of the cabinet. **Southwest Somalia** (pink on the map), like Jubaland, associates with the TFG, but the warlords who control the eastern and western sections of it, although cabinet members in the TFG, maintain the autonomy of Southwest Somalia. Political this is fairly sensible, since the TFG is never more than a few days away from collapse. If the government collapses either under its own weight or under attack from the CIC, the warlords will retreat to their redoubts and fight on from there. That leaves the **TFG and CIC**, which are headquartered in the towns of **Baidoa and Mogadishu**, respectively. These towns are barely 100 km apart, and a number of smaller towns between them have changed hands between the CIC and TFG several times. The TFG, which never was able to successfully bring order to Mogadishu, controls very little territory outside Baidoa. The CIC, on the other hand, which receives significant support from abroad, has managed to threaten, cajole, and in some cases buy off the local clan leaders in several areas around Mogadishu and as far afield as Galcaio to the north and Kismaayo to the south. **Kismaayo** had been run by a fellow named Barre Hirale, who ran the area around the city under the name **Juba Valley Alliance (JVA)** (red-orange on the map) and acted much as the government of Puntland does.” <http://thehappysmith.blogspot.com/2006/10/why-is-smitty-in-djibouti-part-i.html>

2008-2009



Aden Madobe (*1956). Acting president: 29 December 2008 – 31 January 2009.

2009-2012



Sharif Sheikh Ahmed (*1964) President 31 January 2009 – 20 August 2012

Political situation in 2009



Filitalia 17/4, p. 4: "map of the political situation in Somalia, February 3, 2009".

7.2 2009: International Philatelic Exhibition

The Transitional Federal Government only effectively ruled a small part of the territory of Somalia, and never restarted postal services. In fact Mogadiscio and most of Central Somalia was ever more in the hands of the Islamic Courts. However, in 2009 suddenly two stamps appeared that, according to John Lowe, were unauthorized.

90 and 2300 ShSo.



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2009_unauthorized_stamps_international_philatelic_exhibition.jpg : “Oddly enough there are no counterfeit illegal stamps dating 2009 [see chapters 9-11]. Well, except one set not made by the British counterfeit producer I am afraid. Somalia 2009 International Philatelic Exhibition. NOT ISSUED Printer was Istituto Poligrafico e Zecca dello Stato” [they had stopped producing Soomaaliya stamps in 2003]. Golowestamps adds: “So, the question is when did I.P.Z.S. get any kind of contract to print these considering there still was no postal system during these years. The set was only offered by one dealer on Delcampe and it is no longer for sale. In 2010 the British producer creates a few more of the counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of Somalia [see chapter 9]. Sadly, a new monster arrives that is plaguing Somalia with counterfeit illegal stamps to this day”.

8 Federal Republic of Somalia: 2012 onwards

8.1 Political situation 2012 and onwards

2012-2017



Muse Hassan Sheikh Sayid Abdulla (*1940). Acting president 20-27 August 2012

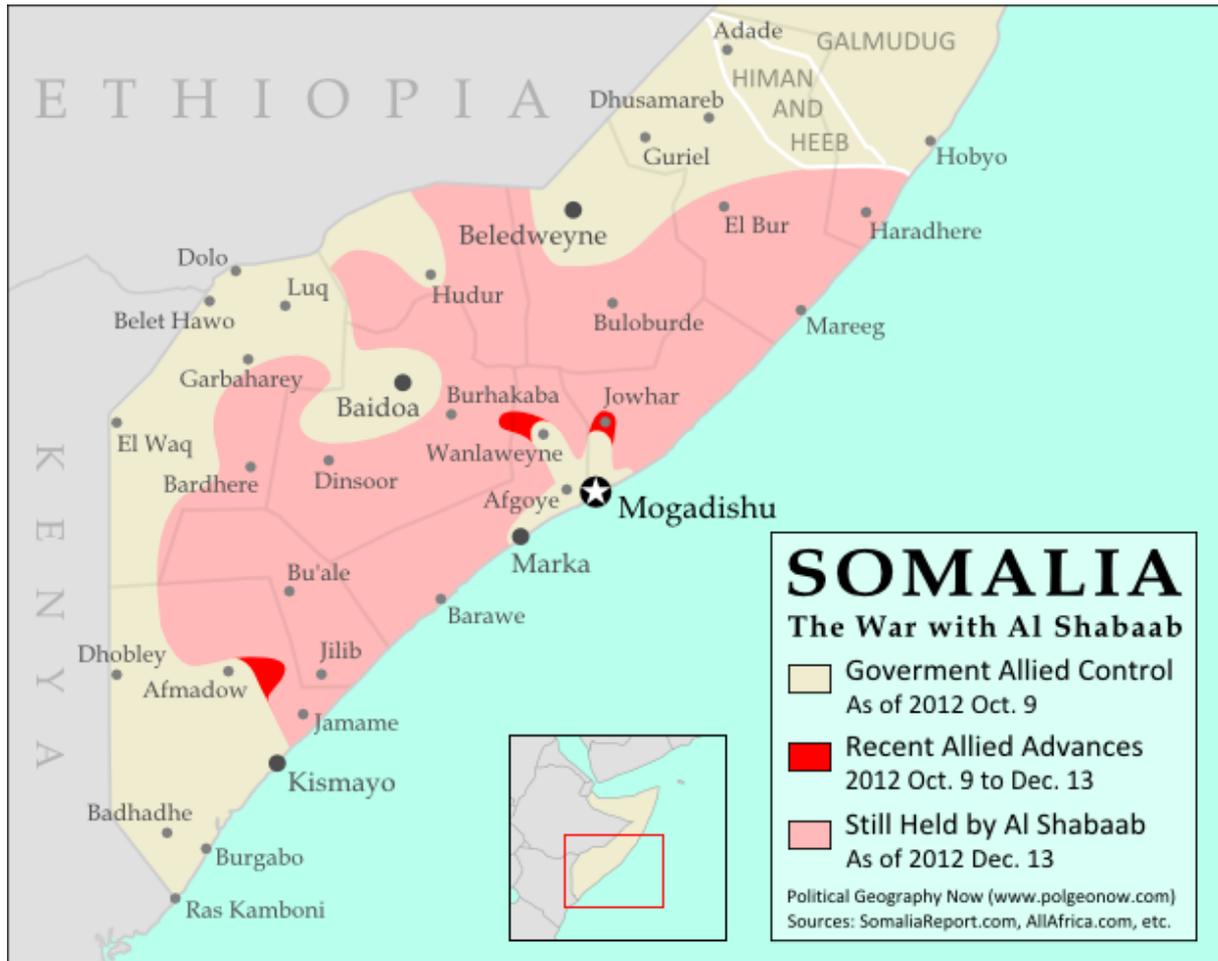


Mohamed Osman Jawari (1945). Acting president 28 August 2012 – 16 September 2012



Hassan Sheikh Mohamed (*1955). President 16 September 2012 – 16 February 2017

Political Situation between October and December 2012:



https://4.bp.blogspot.com/-iFAhAOMyCeQ/UMnqW6Wbqgl/AAAAAAAAA-8/sbMogRFfxMM/s1600/somalia_shabaab_map_2012-12-13.png (with permission from Evan Centanni; PolGeoNow)

See https://lh3.ggpht.com/-zijuO3utjKQ/UaedFk_1kj/AAAAAAAAABcA/yhjSryAu5y8/s1600/somalia_war_shabaab_control_map_2013-05-30.png for a map showing the changes in the Political Situation between December 2012 and May 2013.

Political Situation in 2014

Who runs Somalia?

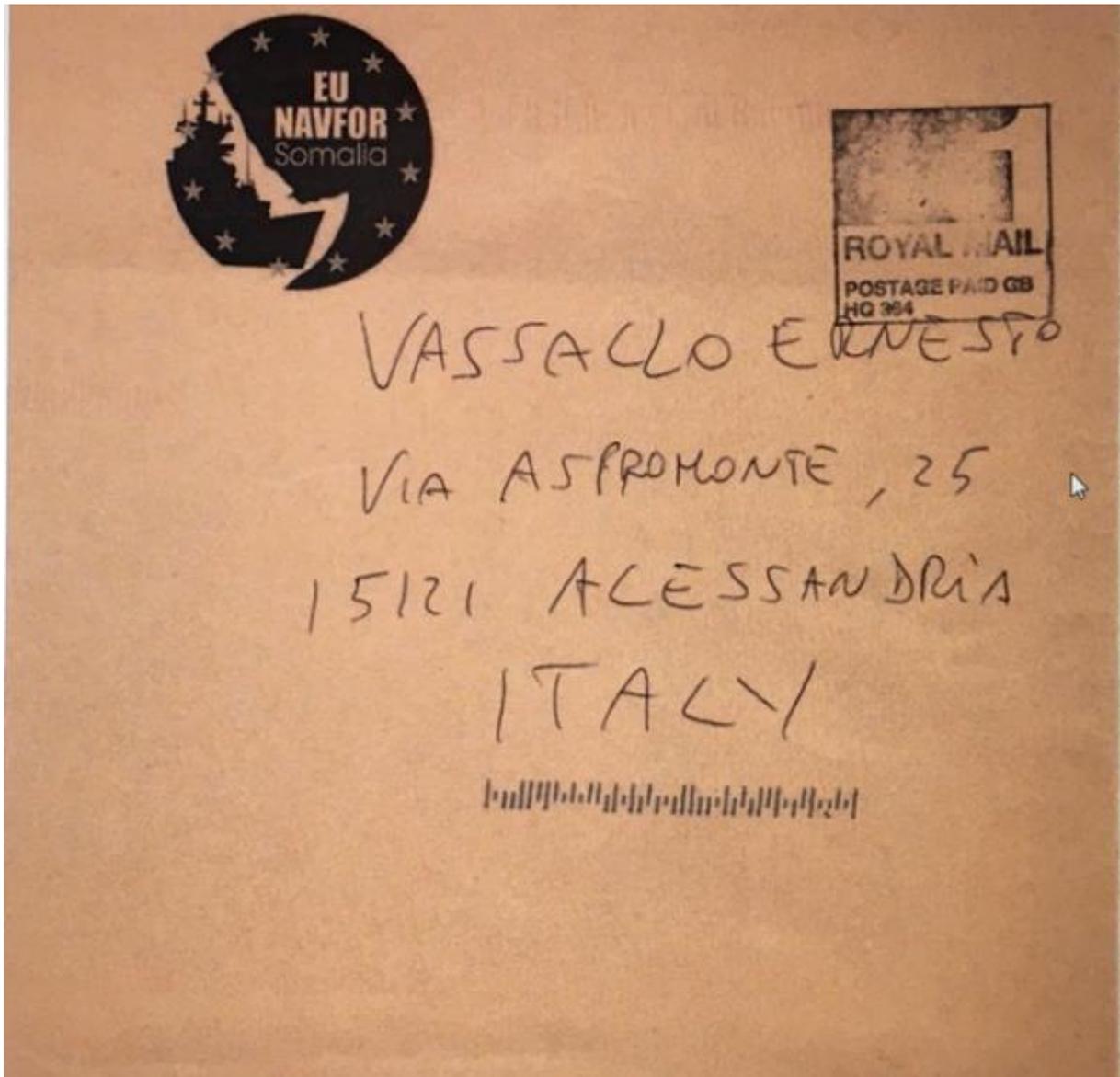


https://ichef.bbci.co.uk/news/976/mcs/media/images/76685000/jpg/76685732_76685731.jpg
(2014)

8.2 (2008)/2014/2016: Operation Atlanta of the European Union Naval Force Somalia

<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: ATALANTA OPERATION. (Gulf of Aden – Indian Ocean, from December 8th, 2008 – ongoing)

European Union naval operation to prevent and suppress maritime piracy acts along the coasts of Somalia. The military force linked to the Atalanta mission today sees the permanent participation of nine members (Belgium, France, Germany, Greece, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Spain and Italy from March 7th, 2009) which, according to the periods, counts no more than twenty ships. The mail is sent from the ships to the Italian base of Djibouti and from it with the aircraft of the 46th, Airbrigade it is sent with a bullet to Marinapost to be forwarded to the national postal circuit”.



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf>: "March 12th, 2014; 1st class letter sent from the European mission headquarters to Northwood -United Kingdom, bound for Alexandria. Logo of Operation Atalanta".



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf> : “February 25th, 2015; Letter forwarded through the Djibouti civil mail. Administrative stamp of the logistics component Aerial of the Italian land base”.



<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020/exhibits/45BertaQVJuMjN2.pdf> : “March 1st, 2016; First port letter sent by CARABINIERE ship from the Gulf of Aden and mailed to ROMA PRATI, on the credit account of Marinapost. Unused but canceled stamp with circular ship postmark. Mission administrative postmark in the folder.

8.3 Restart of postal services: 2016

A foreign philatelist visited Mogadishu in August 2016 and had an interview with the Director General of the Ministry of Post and Telecommunications, who explained the situation, and allowed some pictures to be taken.

<http://postcardsandtravel.blogspot.com/2016/08/post-office-mogadishu-somalia.html>: “There is no outgoing mail at present , just incoming with an arrangement with Emirates Post. The mail arrives twice a week . If they put a mobile number on the package or letter the Post office will call you and you can collect. Here is the breaking news - The DG Ahmed Haji Abdi, has just come back from a meeting with Djibouti Government. As a result of this Somalia will launch outgoing mail in early 2017, so a full functioning Post Office. All outgoing mail will go via Djibouti. New Stamps are being planned at this time for release”



“Here is the Director General of the Post after our meeting in Mogadishu”.

“That outside of the Post office known still as the GPO. This is the original Post office from the 1970 and has been somewhat restored”.



“The entrance to the Post Office. The only function at the present is to collect mail. You must pass a security check”.

“The inside of the GPO now restored and getting ready for business in early 2017”.



“I was delighted to find that Somalia still has issues available. I had asked had they any stamps and was surprised and delighted find yes they did. These stamps were from the "Philatelic [Section]"”.

“Here I am with a Postcard I brought with me and some of the stamps that the Post office has. These are now new issues but from their stock. As you can see there is in fact a new postmark”.



“Post office boxes that will be back in use”.

“Incoming mail from Emirates Post. This is the mail they have that they can't find the person. A phone number is needed on the address or else it can't be delivered”.



<https://lh3.googleusercontent.com/->

[J0uFDs4vMW4/V61Oo4qQOkI/AAAAAABGPY/xgQYWSPjSSY/s640/blogger-image--127103019.jpg](https://lh3.googleusercontent.com/-J0uFDs4vMW4/V61Oo4qQOkI/AAAAAABGPY/xgQYWSPjSSY/s640/blogger-image--127103019.jpg):

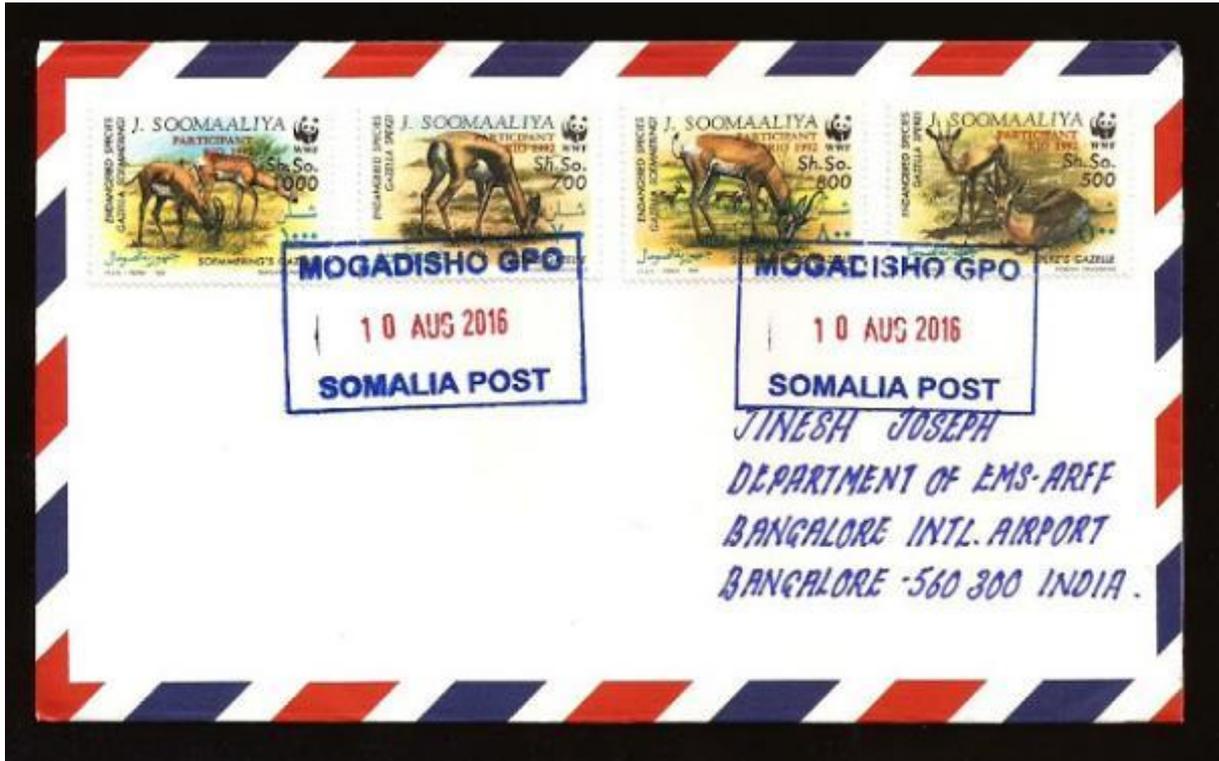
“Here is the new cancellation. First time to be seen. Somalia Post to open 3 post offices in early 2017. Staff just back from training in Djibouti. New stamps will be released”. [but not much happened afterwards...].

Also another foreign philatelist had visited Mogadiscio in August 2016 and posted some letters to his home address in India. Like David Langan, this Joseph Jinesh used stamps that still were available at the restarted post office.



<https://4.bp.blogspot.com/->

[7JeOodB_ZFs/W5rrGQsMFwI/AAAAAAA75Y/BzbwmerXJ84hXd8eoWVWeKliVW7japiCgCLcBGAs/s1600/a%2BSOMALIA%2BMogadisho%2B8.2016.jpg](https://4.bp.blogspot.com/-7JeOodB_ZFs/W5rrGQsMFwI/AAAAAAA75Y/BzbwmerXJ84hXd8eoWVWeKliVW7japiCgCLcBGAs/s1600/a%2BSOMALIA%2BMogadisho%2B8.2016.jpg): “MOGADISHO, Somalia. Postmark (2016)”.



https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-6sZe8pHGILE/V7s5sRdySBI/AAAAAAAAEzU/VMmw2NZy4fQYOScMrv1zgT0le5SnOf0WACLcB/s640/Scan_20160822%2B-%2BCopy.jpg

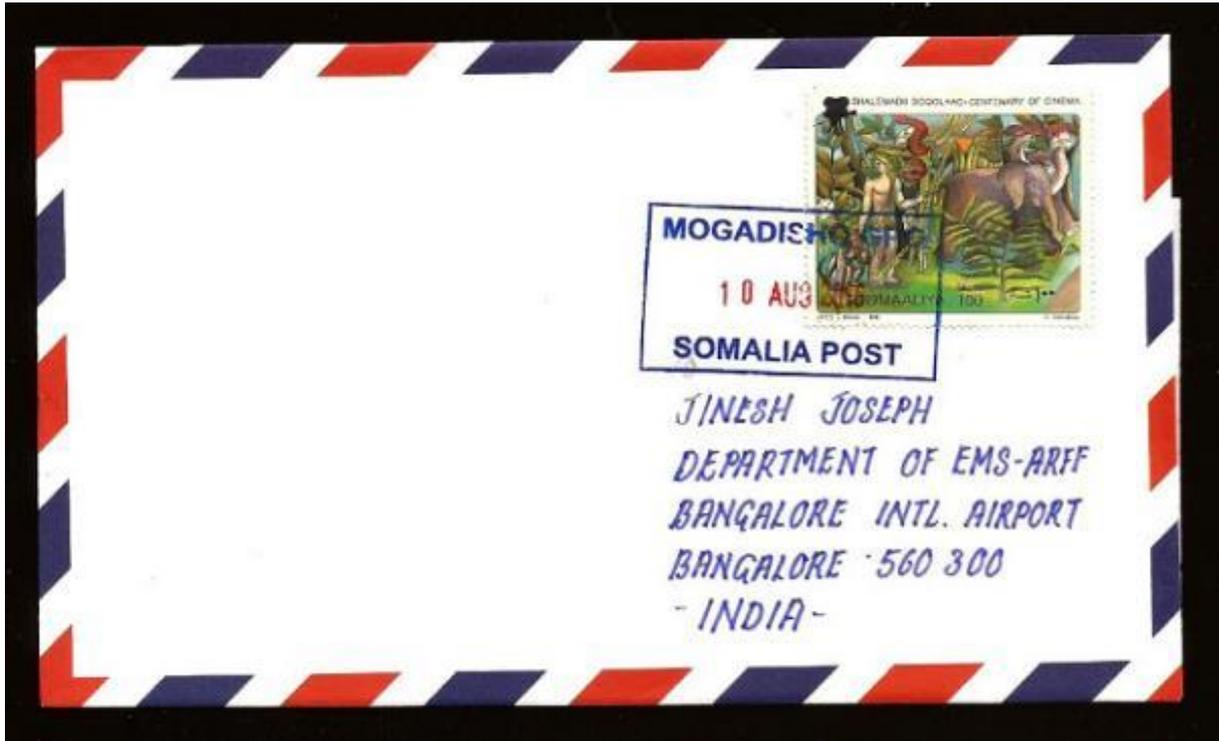


https://2.bp.blogspot.com/-jOyesPabNoY/V7s56KQoEDI/AAAAAAAAEzY/oErTks7xVI4iZCuVZ7pJ0rTQhV8cgsTAQCLcB/s640/Scan_20160822%2B%25282%2529%2B-%2BCopy.jpg: "The country has changed a lot, opened new post

offices, and also going to start international mail service by early January of 2017. They also going to start new post offices in the self-declared Somaliland capital Hargeisa, as Somalia Post. Now they have limited internal postal service, found it better than we expected. The existing mail services is done via Djibouti. When they start international mail service in advanced way, Djibouti will be the transit hub...The Mogadisho General post office has a working philatelic section but it is not exactly meant so because there is no news stamps or fully operational postal service. We found some old series stamps too. It is very rare in the market because the country has very limited stamps since 1991 sold via post offices. Somalia stamps were printed by the Italian printing company IPZS, they issued stamps till 2002 even the postal service not in function. The stamps issued till 1999 are listed in main catalogues.”.

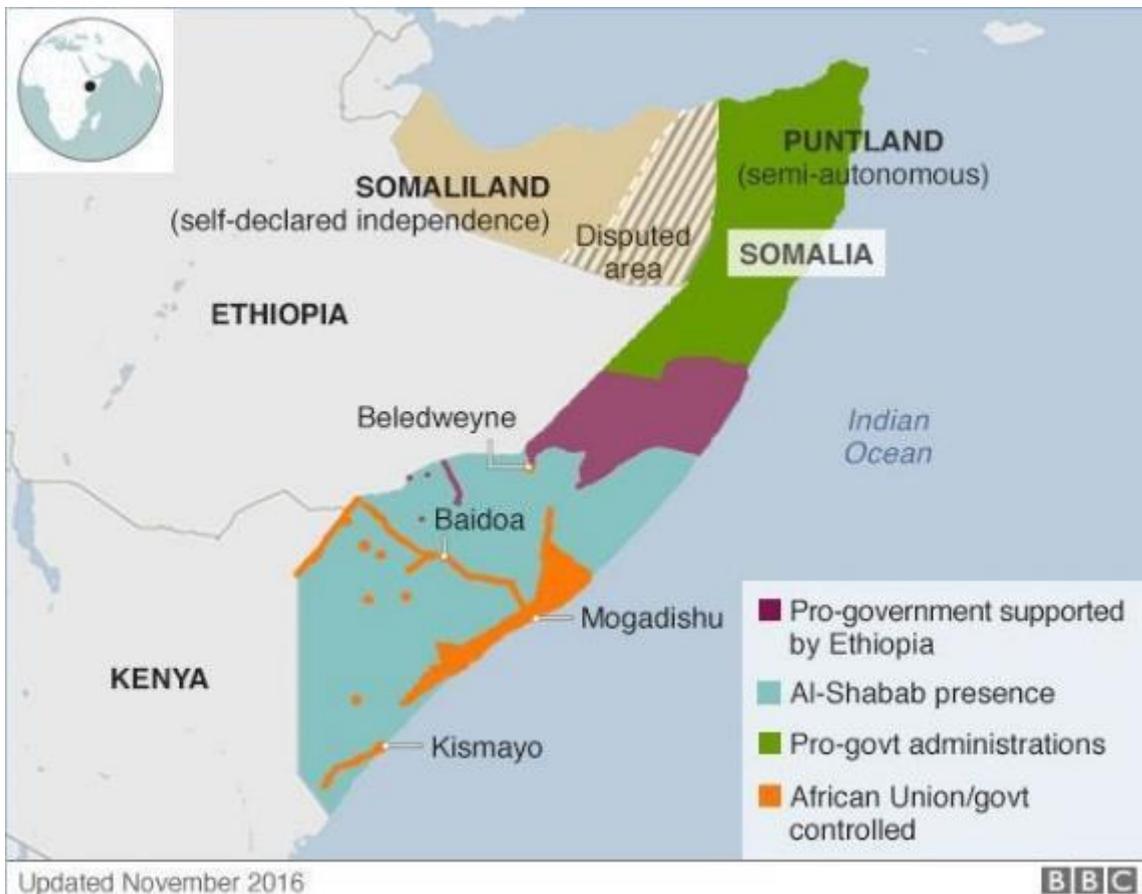


https://2.bp.blogspot.com/-btDMA81eA5w/V7s6RZFtBI/AAAAAAAAAEzg/U11RWyPMg88P1Lcm_OVDi9-KrwzTg5sQwCLcB/s640/Scan_20160822.jpg



https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-AsUI2iz13_g/V7s6dHRurBI/AAAAAAAAAEzk/O1-UZ0qZlcwE2raQNYDTuudPe9snBI2AACLCB/s640/Scan_20160822%2B%25282%2529.jpg

8.4 Political Situation in 2016:



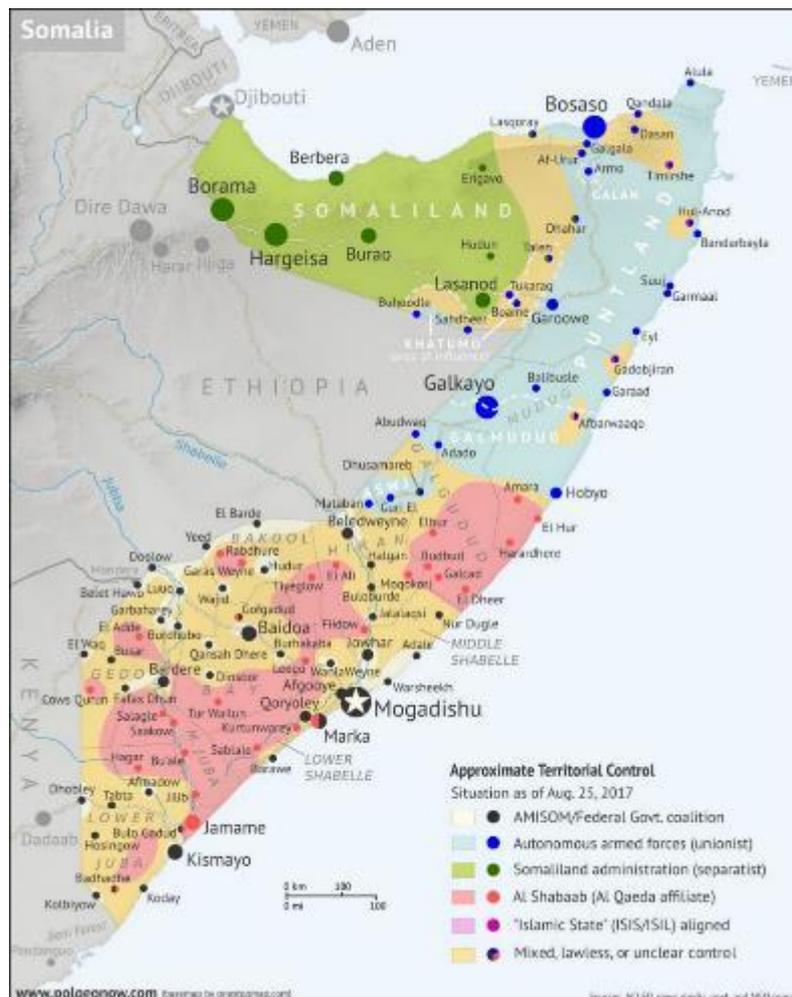
<https://external-preview.redd.it/mtoMRaVLdaeJeMrY7LIYgX4DAixAVBz5oOusPf6anMg.jpg?auto=webp&s=31e64529f4f8fde83789e70b3e59fd4ff4f9e029>

8.5 2017 onwards



Mohamed Abdullahi Mohamed (*1962). President since 16 February 2017

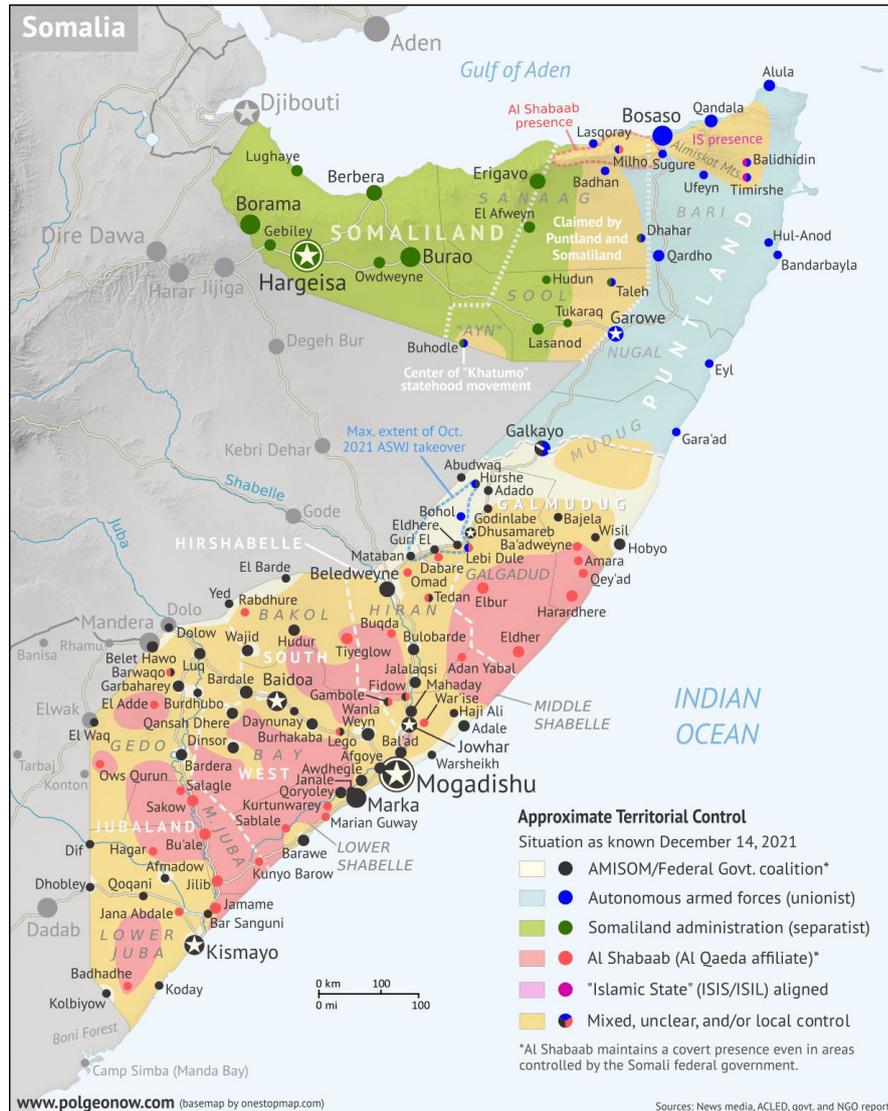
Political Situation in August 2017:



https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-wrojcbRHJFc/XVj20jqdc9I/AAAAAAAAAC1U/JAwHyU8b-GAhlTnCAKnKfNF-FXetiqwClcBGAs/s1600/2017-08-25_somalia-map-of-control-2017.jpg

For the political situation in August 2019, see: https://1.bp.blogspot.com/-5aID6HH3_HI/XVOnZ53HUTI/AAAAAAAAACOM/L0ahnF7Vdt4MGAzhtXLZ1T2FT6wNIaPfACLcBGAs/s1600/2019-08-13_who-controls-somalia-map-with-states.jpg.

Situation in 2021, December: see: <https://www.polgeonow.com/2021/12/who-controls-somalia-crisis-timeline.html> (includes the following map).



<https://blogger.googleusercontent.com/img/a/AVvXsEgU6vliUYABqQG8Vsrz4CATwx3Af0mAAJcvmu7IC0rzWZEa3gBPpFv89zSmllkOGWQQKUZJUGQDGSgkPz3QhGjxFYeTDzYQOGrI3jYPSXaso1zWEHfiOM96WAXFuEwwMfTHA1WO3K4tjMYUbo8PkwS0HNLzLtkvbnlad9qMksNG5lnRLKHwUjRdwx>

9 Somali Republic and Republic of Somalia, Illegal Stamps 1997-2007

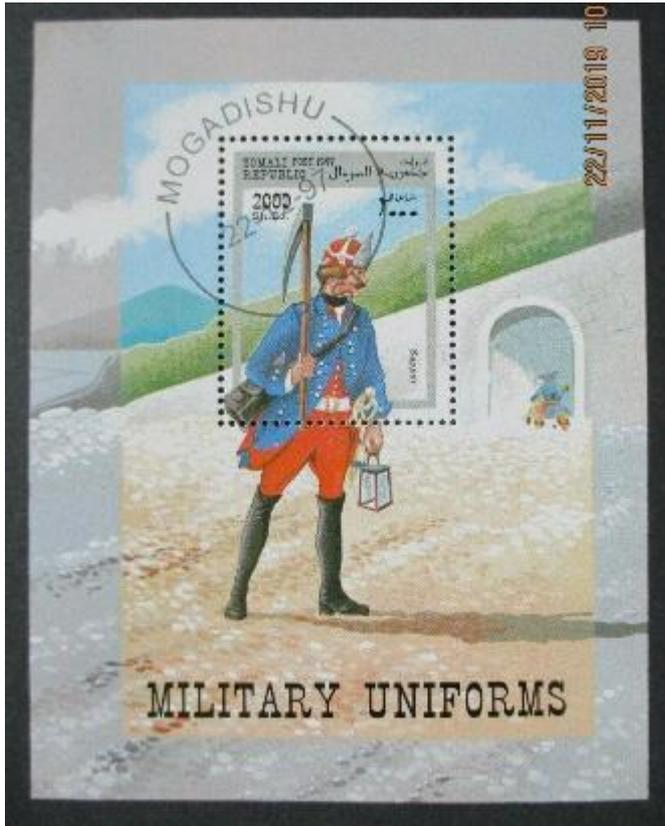
http://golowesstamps.com/reference/illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_1998.htm : “Online research shows that the first counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of Somalia were produced in 1997. Although Somalia is a member of the Universal Postal Union, up to this time (March 2020) they have never formally posted a UPU circular denouncing any of them. We are working toward having this done soon...The first sets produced in the name of Somalia were created by the British counterfeit producer I reference on many pages for many countries. This producer was heavily into producing counterfeits in the name of many countries starting in the early 1990's. This counterfeit producer was in control of all Somalia illegal stamps until 2008”.

We will give one or two examples of these counterfeit stamps per year.

9.1 1997: Uniforms



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ZRwAAOSwJ89cUywx/s-l1600.jpg>. Postmark Mogadishu

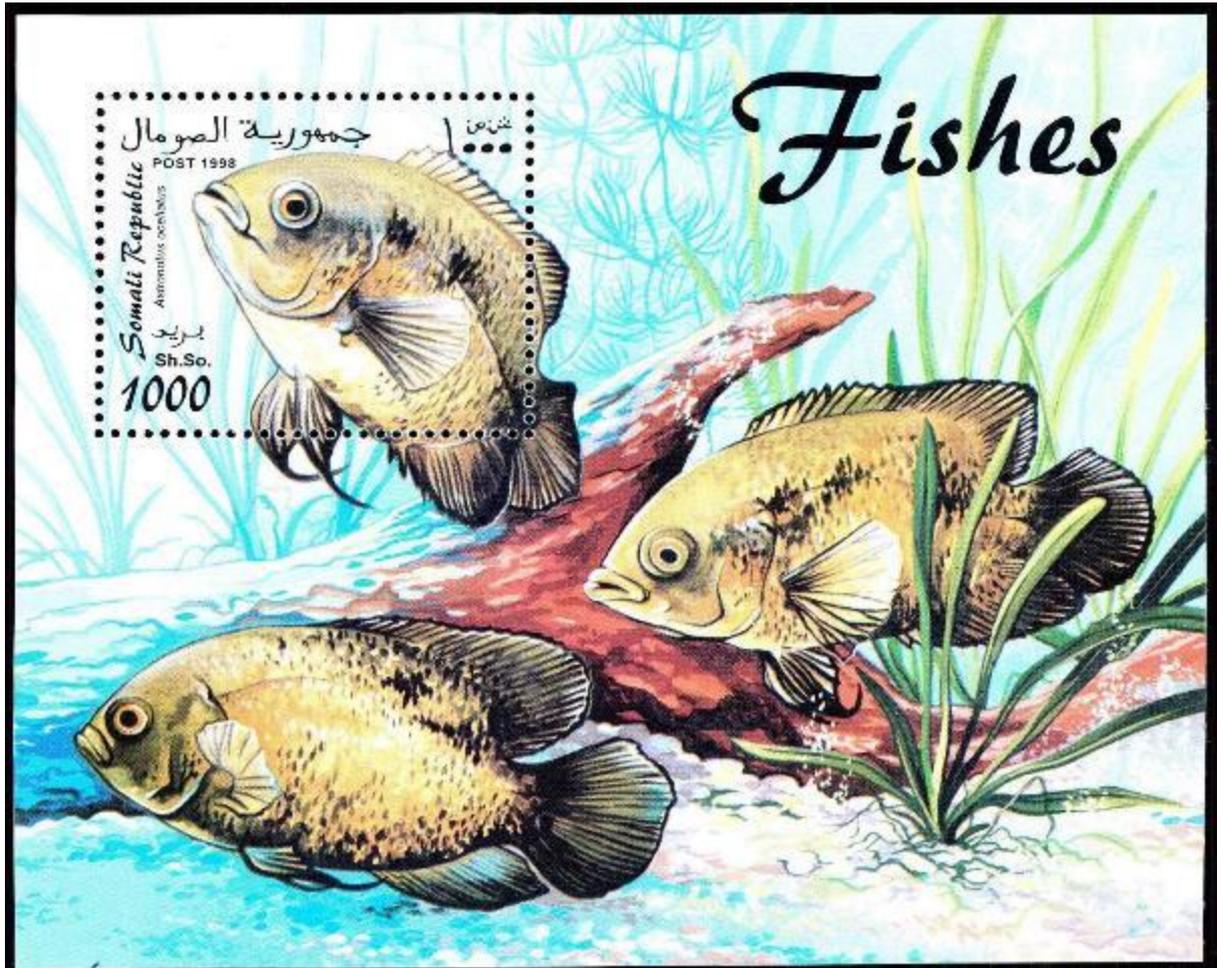


<https://www.ebay.it/itm/Republik-Somalia-Blockausgabe-Historische-Uniformen-aus-1997-gestempelt/202936520097?hash=item2f3ff58da1:g:49oAAOSwfVtd16SY>. Postmark Mogadishu

9.2 Somali Republic 1997: Flag, Map and Arms

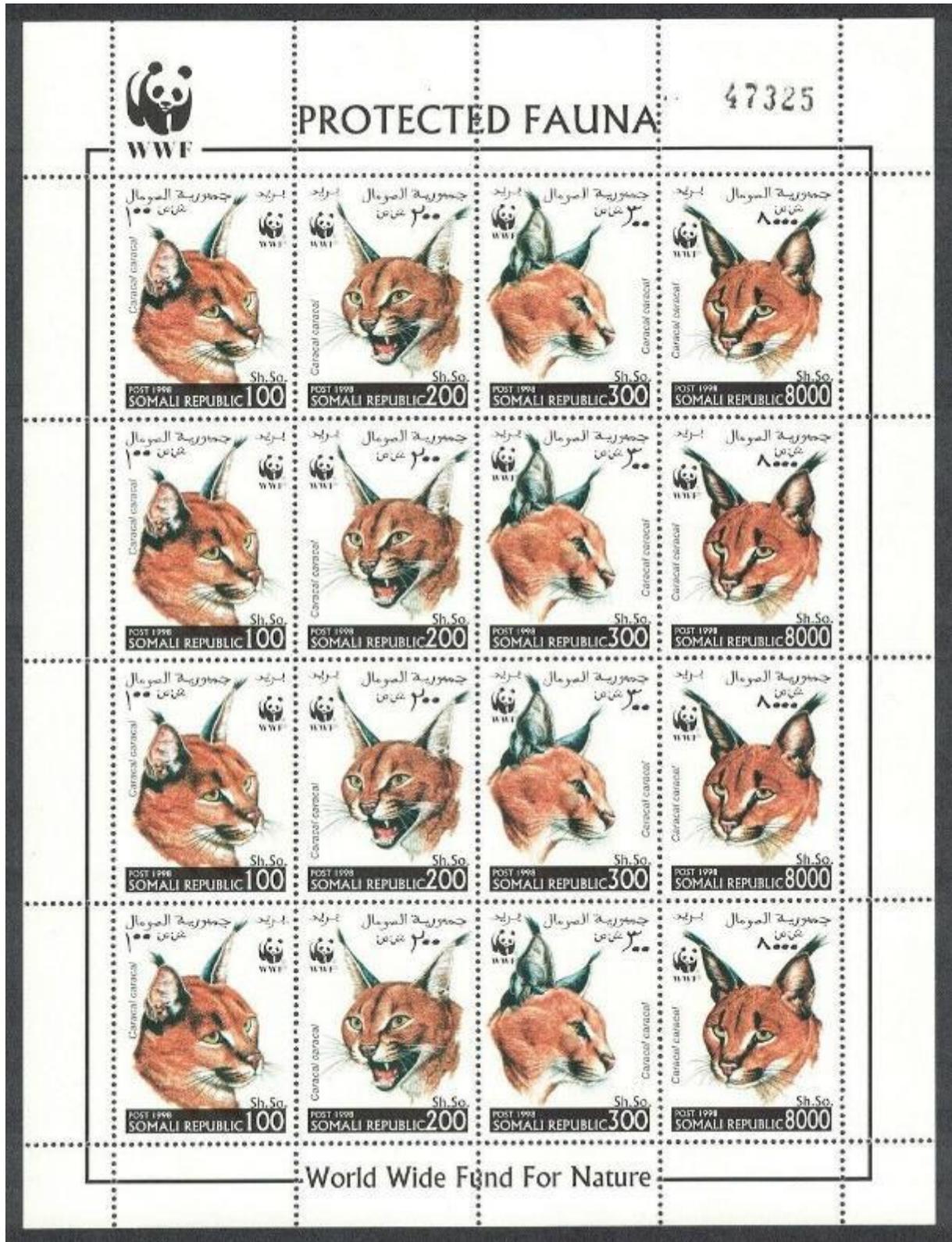


9.3 Somali Republic, 1998: Fishes



<https://pictures.philasearch.com/A09043/E00001/0000101764.jpg>

9.4 Somali Republic, 1998: Protected Fauna, Caracals



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/Y1YAAOSwGTRedMO6/s-l1600.jpg>



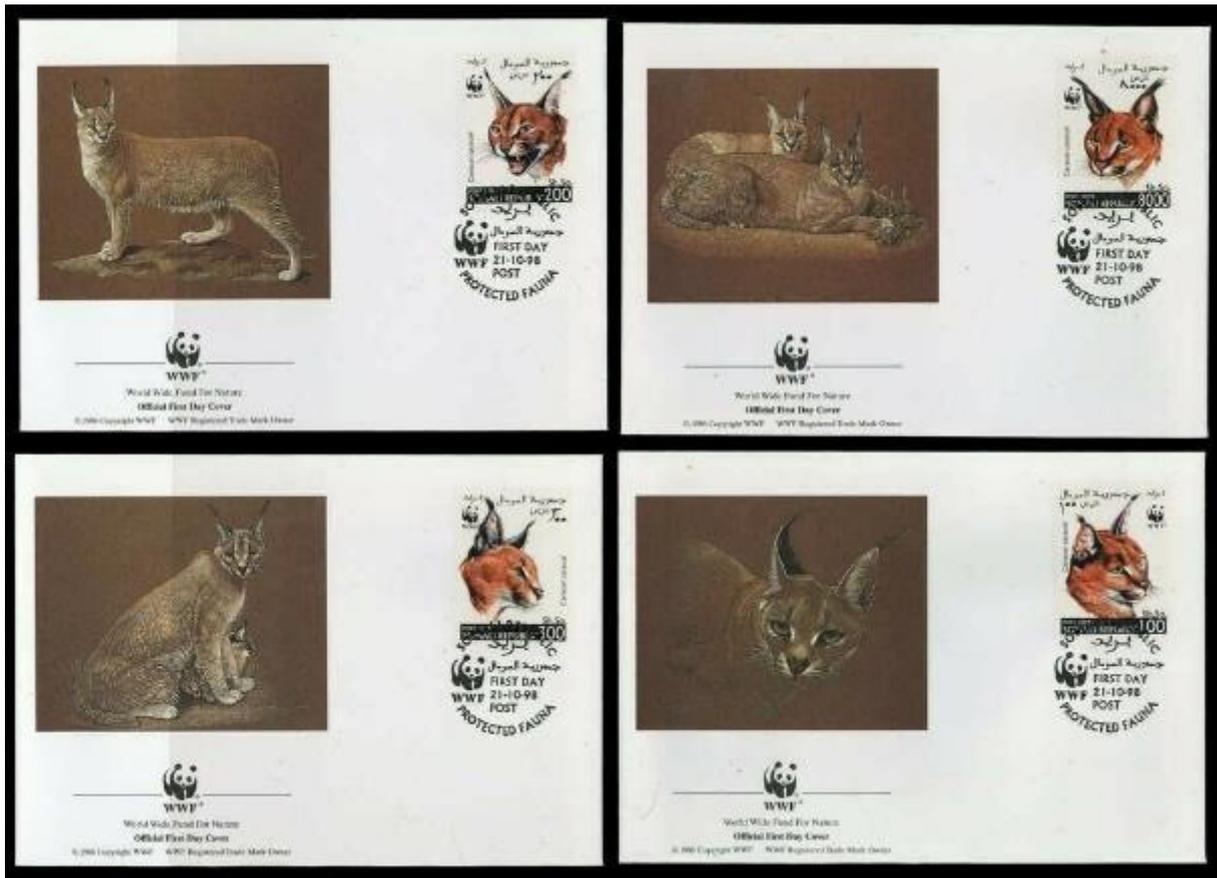
100sh: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/GEYAAOSwa8dZv8Yz/s-l1600.jpg>

200sh: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/pKkAAOSwwf5Zv8ab/s-l1600.jpg>



300sh: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/kqUAAOSw5VtZv8bX/s-l1600.jpg>

8000sh: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/rCEAAOSwA2hZv8cN/s-l1600.jpg>



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/wIUAAOSwU~9fWRTx/s-l1600.jpg> FDCs 21 10 1998.

9.5 Somali Republic 1999: Shells



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/TV8AAOSwQApeA8IE/s-l1600.jpg>

9.6 Somali Republic, 1999, Wild Animals



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_1999_illegal_stamps_wild_animals.jpg



https://castlerockstamps.com/img/p/3/2/9/9/6/32996-large_default.jpg FDC 30 9 1999.

9.7 Somali Republic, 2000: Millennium Issue



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/OaIAOSwHUhalbkH/s-l1600.jpg>

9.8 Somali Republic: Agatha Christie



<https://i.pinimg.com/236x/01/ea/c9/01eac9397c7237aa66cee2ed9198e4bf.jpg>

9.9 Somali Republic, 2001: Walt Disney



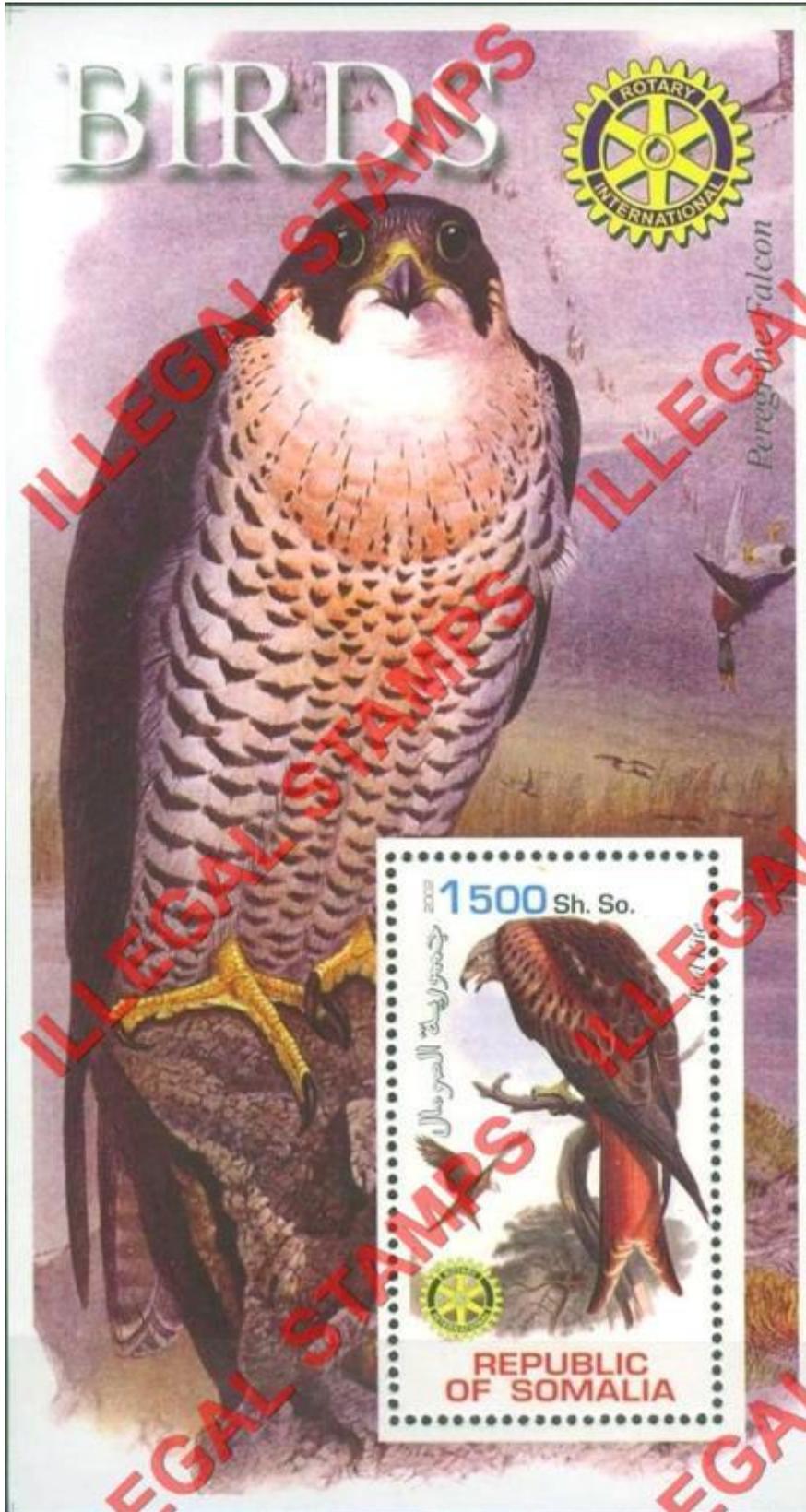
http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2001_illegal_stamps_walt_disney_ss.jpg

9.10 Somali Republic, 2002: Diana



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2002_illegal_stamps_princess_diana_ss.jpg

9.11 Republic of Somalia 2002: Eagle



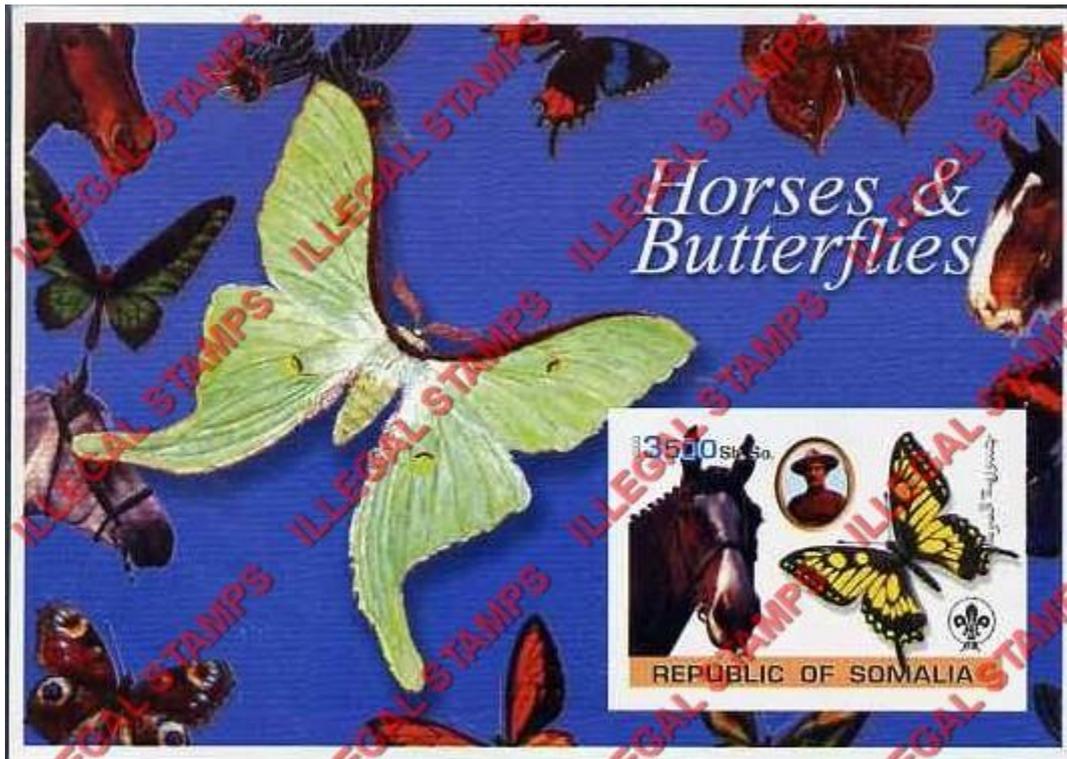
http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2002_illegal_stamps_birds_ss1.jpg

9.12 Somali Republic, 2003: Dogs ('Les Chiens', in French...)



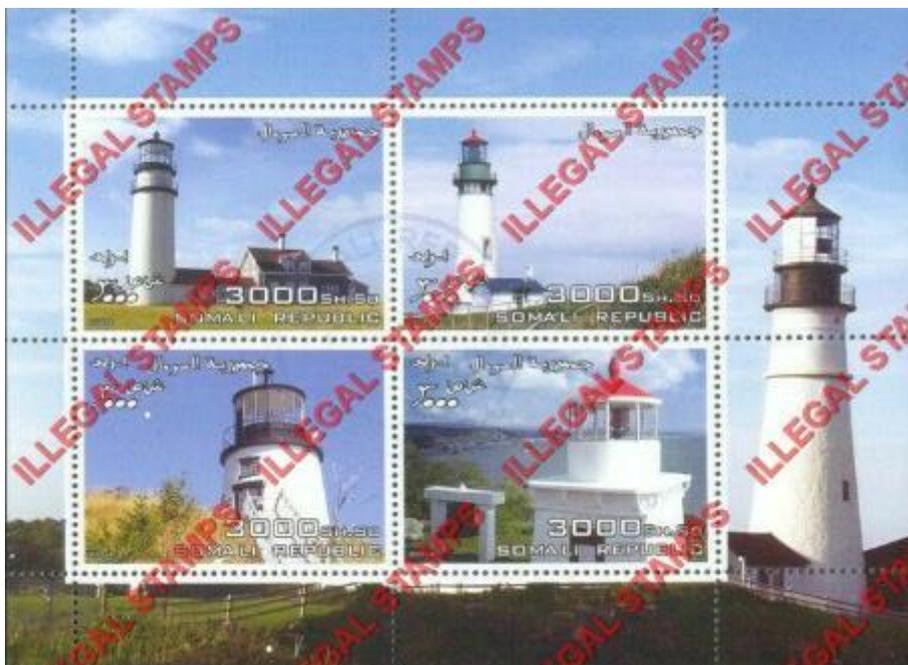
<https://www.ebay.ca/itm/Somaliland-2003-DOGS-> etc.

9.13 Republic of Somalia, 2003: Horses and Butterflies



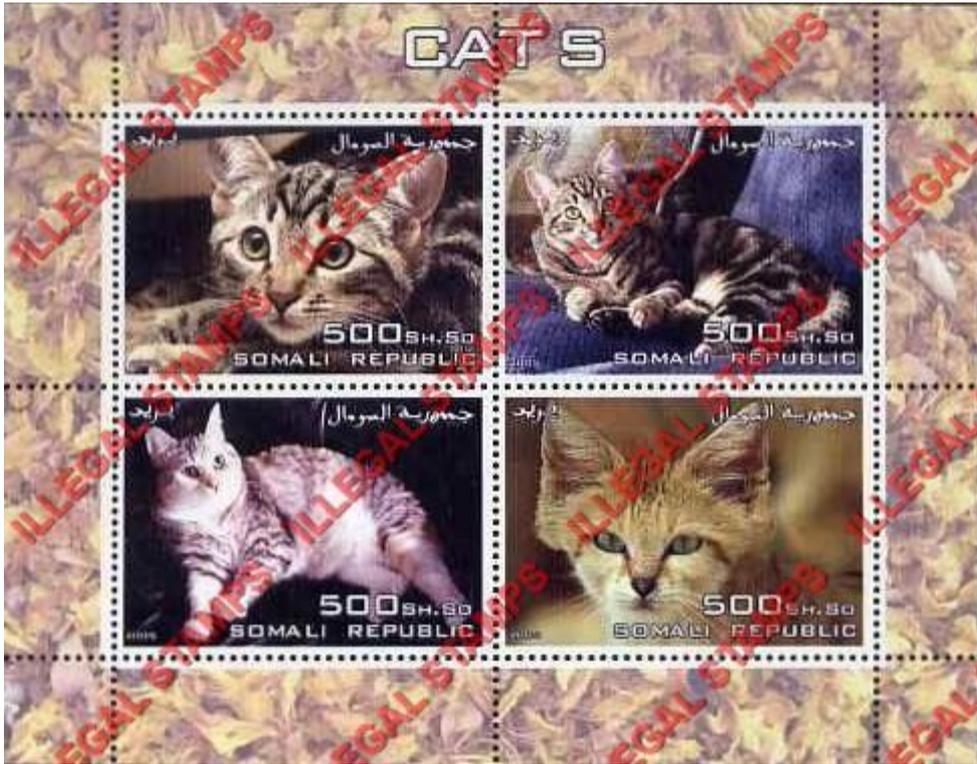
http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_illegal_stamps_horses_and_butterflies_ss1.jpg

9.14 Somali Republic, 2004: Lighthouses



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2004_illegal_stamps_lighthouses_ss.jpg

9.15 Somali Republic: 2005: Cats



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2005_illegal_stamps_cats_ss.jpg

9.16 Republic of Somalia, 2005: Beatles



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2005_illegal_stamps_the_beatles_ss.jpg

9.17 Somali Republic, 2006: Cinderella



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2006_illegal_stamps_cinderella_ss.jpg

9.18 Somali Republic 2007: Disney characters



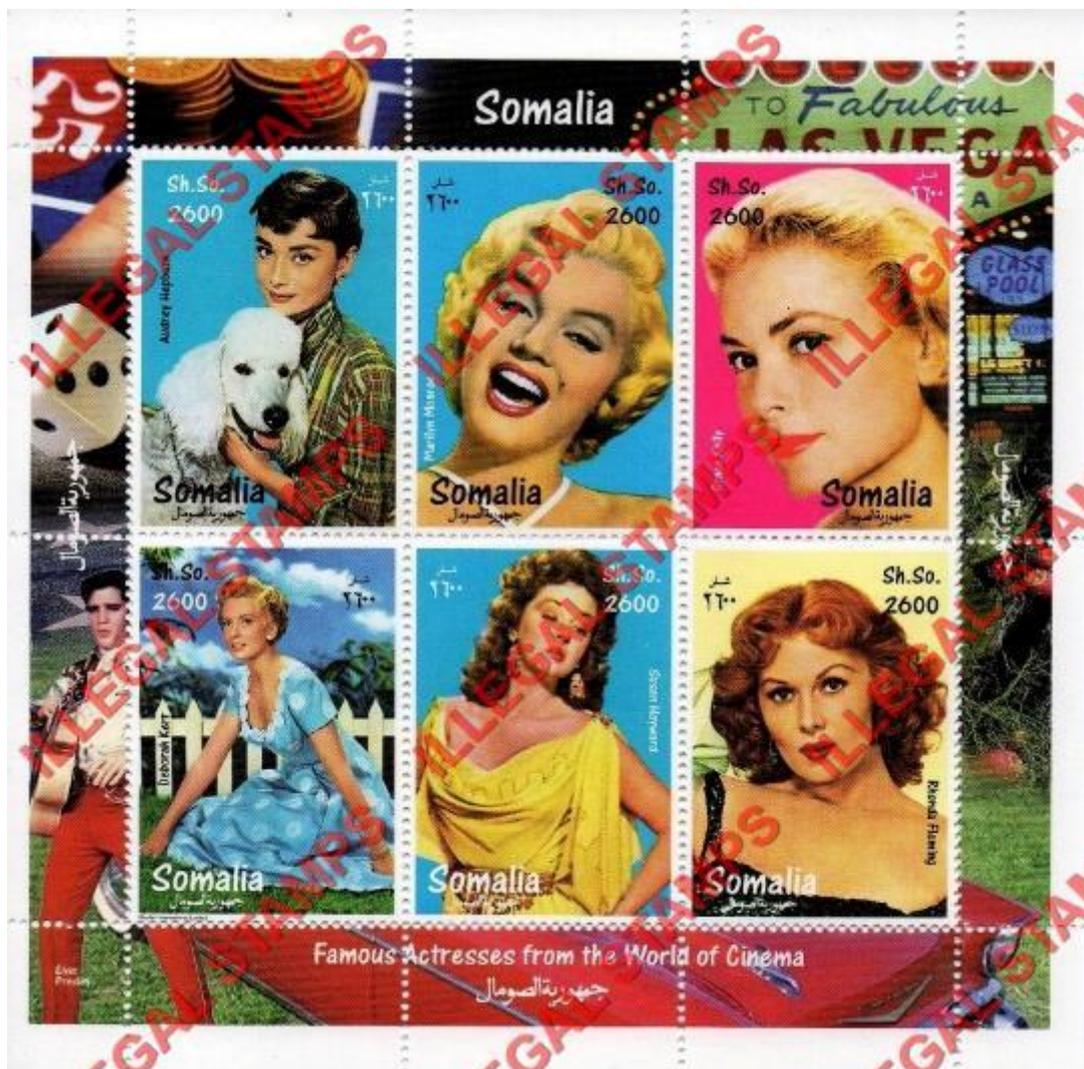
http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2007_illegal_stamps_disney_characters_olympics_ss2.jpg : “The first sets produced in the name of Somalia were created by the British counterfeit producer I reference on many pages for many countries. This producer was heavily into producing counterfeits in the name of many countries starting in the early 1990"s. This counterfeit producer was in control of all Somalia illegal stamps until 2008. In 2007 the producer reduced production of the counterfeits to just one big set. At least that is all that was listed on the Avion website and all I could find on the market”.

10 Somalia, illegal stamps, 1999-2010

http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_1998.htm: "In 1998 [a] British counterfeit producer made a major change. He began producing two different "types" of Somalia counterfeit illegal stamps. The "original" type inscribed "SOMALI REPUBLIC" [see chapter 7] and the new "type" inscribed simply "SOMALIA". I will therefore from this point forward list them in separate categories as some of them use the same topics".

Again, I will show one or two examples per year. On the website of Glowestamps you can find many more; where I have taken the examples from this website they always show: "Illegal Stamps", when from EBay or other sources it is as if these are 'real' stamps.

10.11998 Famous Actresses from the world of Cinema



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_1998_s_illegal_stamps_cinema_actors_and_actresses_ss1.jpg

10.2 Somalia 1999: The Chinese Year of the Rabbit



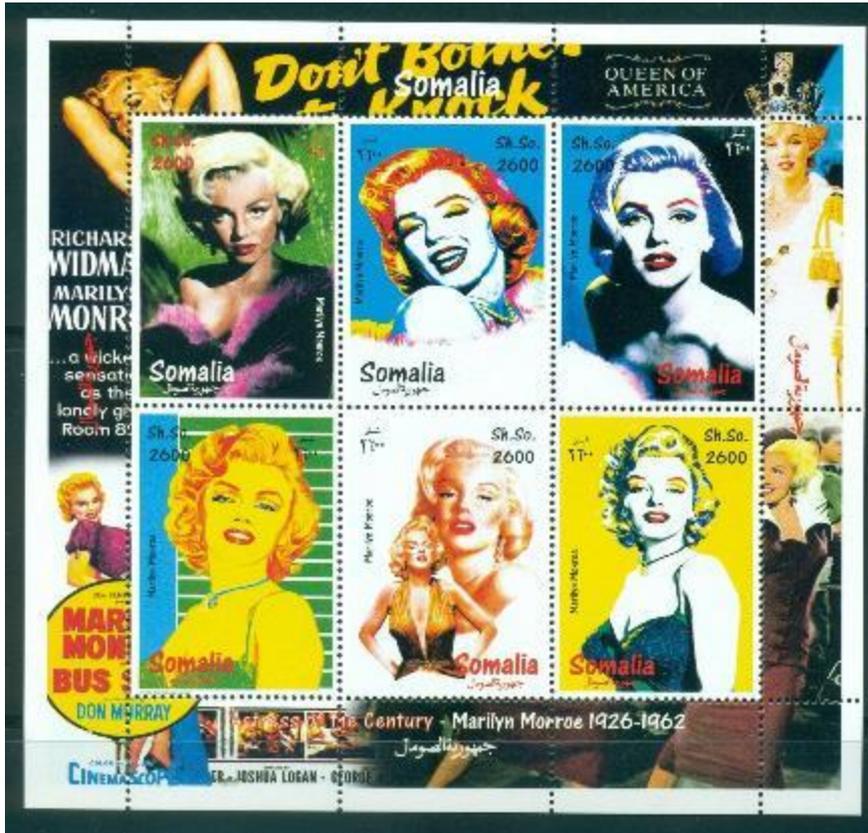
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/eNAAOSwLYBalaFL/s-l1600.jpg>

10.3 Somalia, 1999: Fishes



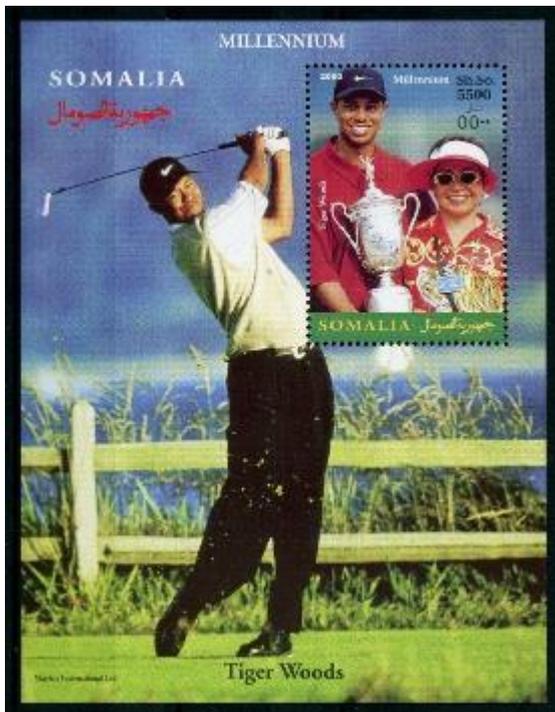
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/8EkAAOSwPa1cyhKH/s-l1600.jpg>

10.4 Somalia, 2000: Marilyn Monroe



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/WA4AAOSwqfNXob9U/s-l1600.jpg>

10.5 Somalia 2000: Tiger Woods



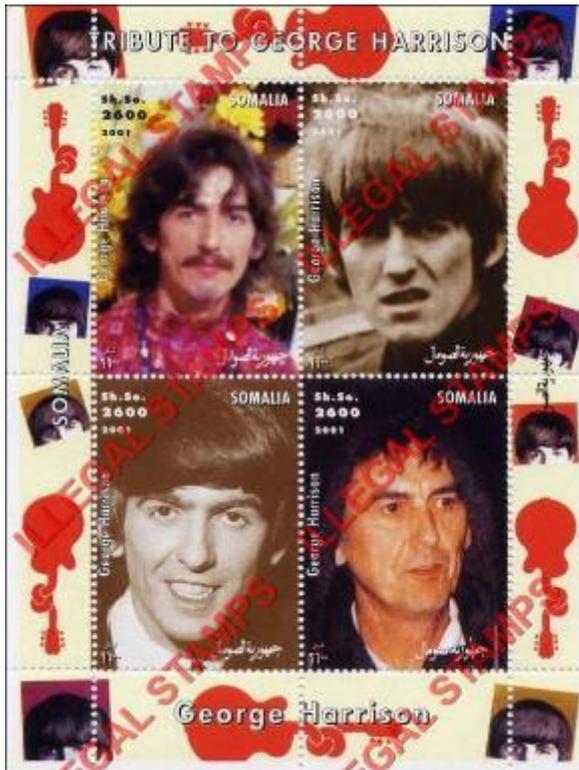
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ObMAAOSwDKVaJE05/s-l1600.jpg>

10.6 Somalia, 2001: Michelangelo



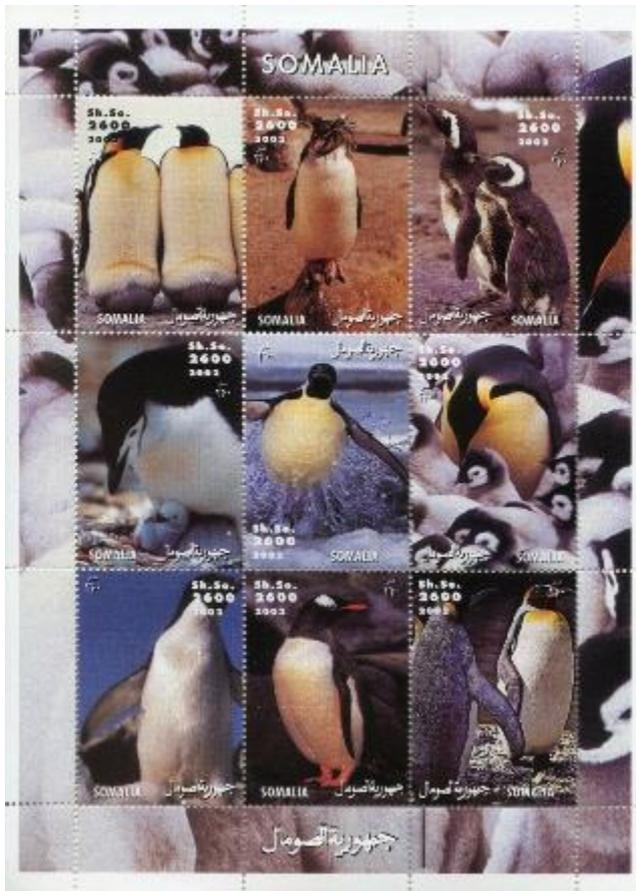
<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/HvIAAOSwyXNaDdeC/s-l1600.jpg>

10.7 Somalia 2001: George Harrison (Beatles)



Golwesstamps

10.8 Somalia 2002: Penguins



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XUYAAOSwsBtalj2R/s-l1600.jpg>

10.9 Somalia 2002: Princess Diana



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/6lwAAOSwIFtaJEGy/s-l1600.jpg>

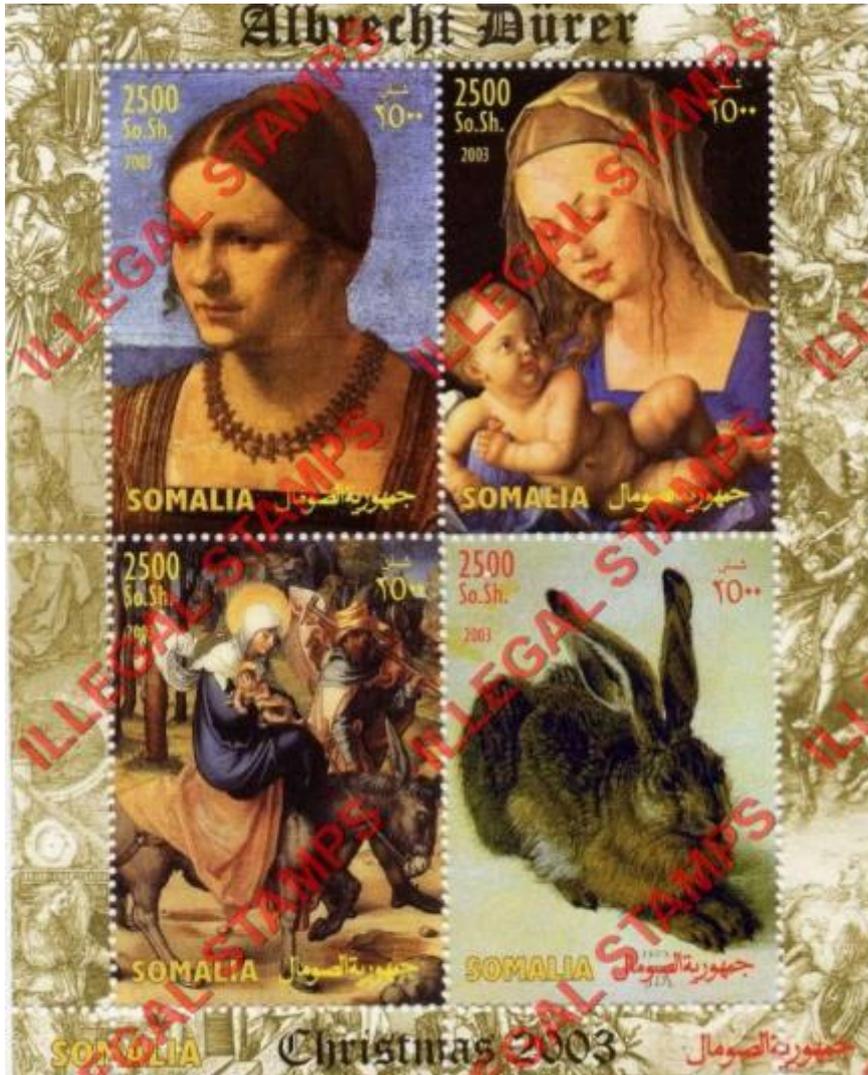
10.10 Somalia 2003: Pornography on stamps



https://mancrymf.files.wordpress.com/2018/08/fullsizeoutput_2c81.jpeg?w=436&h=486: "As you may know, Somalia is firmly in the Muslim world. Sunni Islam is the official religion and it is home to the oldest mosque in Africa. As you also may know, Islam has very conservative rules and customs

about women and women's display that would never countenance this kind of bare-breasted exhibition on its postage stamps. Therefore, even if you didn't know that Somalia's postal service went defunct back oil 1991, you would be pretty sure these racy stamps never got close to a post office in Mogadishu., and that they are complete phonies."

10.11 Somalia 2003: Christmas 2003



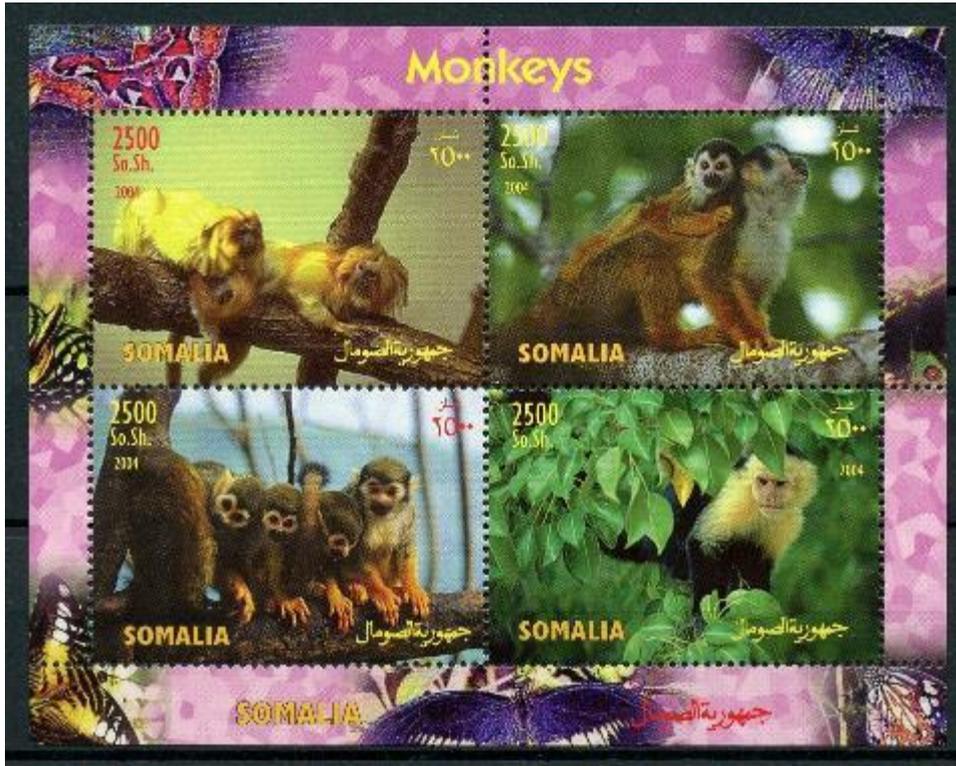
http://golowestamps.com/reference/illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2003_s_illegal_stamps_paintings_albrecht_durer_ss.jpg

10.12 Somalia 2004: Paintings



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/~3sAAOSwi3xb5Ccy/s-l1600.jpg>

10.13 Somalia 2004: Monkeys



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/MrEAAOSwn7Rb5CYt/s-l1600.jpg>

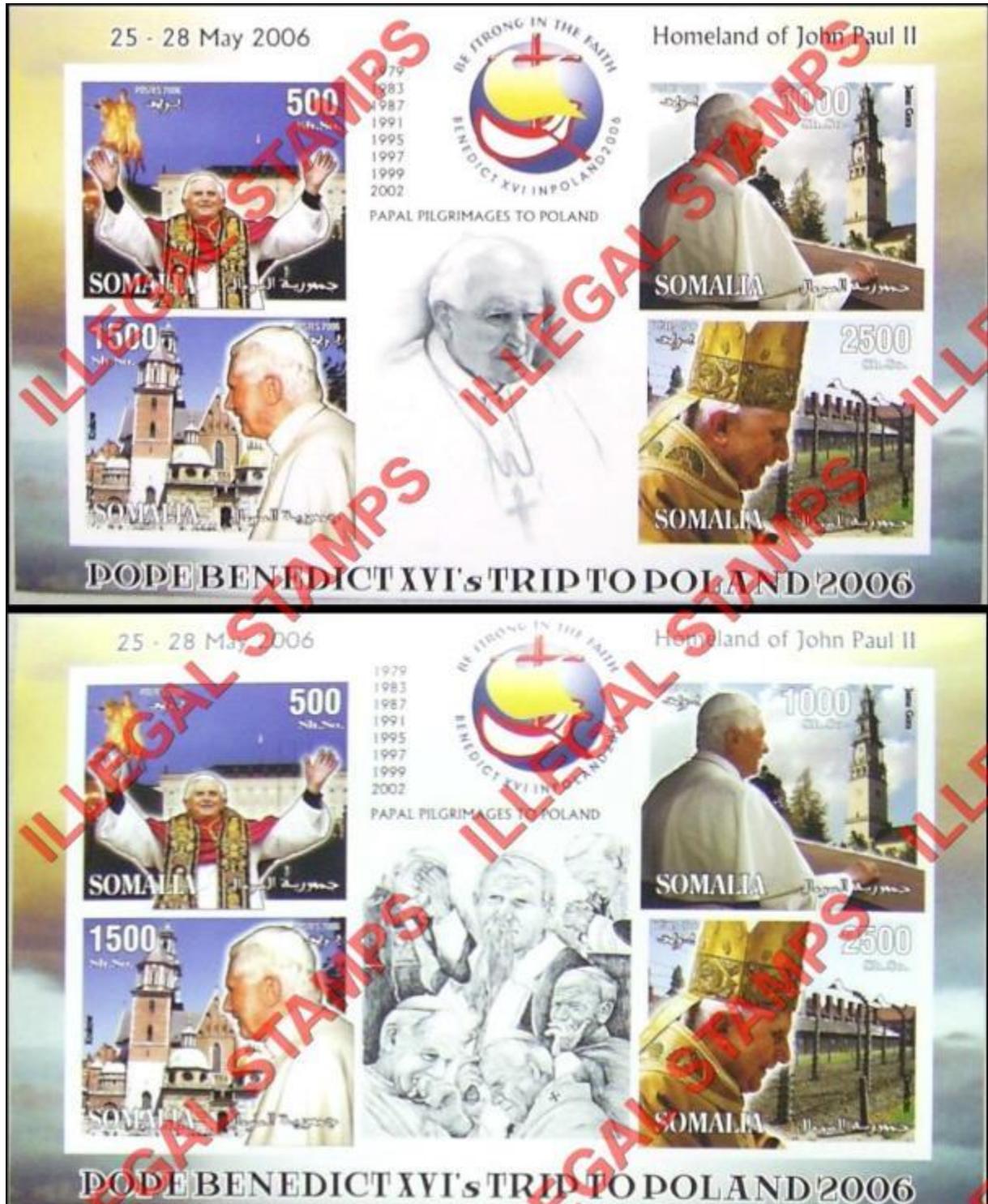
10.14 2005: James Bond Dr No



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2005_s_illegal_stamps_james_bond_dr_no_ss.jpg: "In 2005 the British producer made a large decrease

in production of counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of Somalia. Most likely because people were getting wise to it. Also it is in 2005 that Somalia issued the UPU circular”.

10.15 Somalia, 2006: Pope Benedict and Pope John Paul II



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2006_s_illegal_stamps_pope_benedicts_trip_to_poland_ss1.jpg : “In 2006 it appears the British

counterfeit producer only produced one large set on the topic of the popes. I found only one user that is really "pushing" these on eBay. That user is none other than europolstamps".



<https://cdn.collectorbazar.com/products/somalia-2006-pope-john-paul-mnh-cindrella-ms-05142-11232-1.jpg>

10.16 Somalia, 2008: Olympic Legends



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2008_illegal_stamps_china_olympic_sports_players_ss1.jpg

+++++

http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_2010-15.htm: "Oddly enough there are no counterfeit illegal stamps dating ... In 2010 the British producer creates a few more of the counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of Somalia. Sadly, a new monster arrives that is plaguing Somalia with counterfeit illegal stamps to this day".

10.17 Somalia 2010: Chinese Emperors



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/XEGAAOSwRjNXNvsr/s-l1600.jpg>

10.18 Somalia 2010: Chinese Architecture



<https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/WHIAAOSwdV1XNvm4/s-l1600.jpg> : “And that appears to be the last we see of the British counterfeit producers work in the name of Somalia”.

11 Soomaaliya and others: Illegal stamps from 2010 onwards

http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_2010-15.htm : "In 2010 the Russian based dealers who I believe are also the producers appear. The company is called Topnimarka.com located in Moscow Russia. The user name was kir30kirill on eBay (account suspended November 2019). They have created a new website called stamps-world.eu as well in 2019. Everything they are selling on both sites is fake and counterfeit stamps. They are of pure evil not listing on eBay by country name to avoid detection and mass producing counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of many countries. The "styles" unique to themselves, these people are producing and selling counterfeit stamps at a massive rate dating to current times. They are even producing fake stamps for countries controlled by Stamperija. Stamperija's owner has stated that he knows who most of the counterfeit producers are and has some control over stopping their productions at least for countries he has contracts with. This is not the case for this producer. Being located in Russia, I guess they believe that nobody can stop them. I am exposing them which is the first step. I will note them all "Russian Made Counterfeit Illegal Stamps".".

11.1 Soomaaliya, 2010: Winter Games



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2010_illegal_stamps_winter_olympic_games_ss1.jpg

11.2 2011: Post and Arabic inscription for Somalia



<https://www.stampboards.com/images/mpstar78/somalianeu-1.jpg>: “In one of the last issues of the German philatelic magazine "Michel Rundschau" a friend of mine had written an article about a recent official issue from Somalia. The sheet was printed last year in Beijing, the official printing company of the PR China. Orderer was the foreign ministry of (Rest-) Somalia. The stamps differ from the "picture" labels offered on ebay or from some dealers in the last years, showing now motives from Mogadischu and Somalia. But it seems impossible that they will be used really on covers in the next years, I think. Regards Manuel”.

Also see:



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_illegal_stamps_2010-15.htm: “A souvenir sheet of 12 appeared in 2011 that was purported to have been printed in China in 2010 that depicts historical locations in Mogadischu and Somalia. Since there was no postal service then, the bogus information is being promoted by a bogus stamp dealer. The reasons this counterfeit souvenir sheet cannot be legitimate were laid out clearly by another collector in the forum this sheet was displayed and discussed about. They are as stated by the member five years after the original posting: I think by now (5 years later) we can say this was not a real postage stamp issue.

1. Printed in 2010, while a new postal system hadn't been set up until 2013.
2. The country's name is only added in Arab and not in Somali which uses the Latin alphabet.
3. The name says Republic of Somalia. The official name however is Federal Republic of Somalia.
4. The face value of 1000 Shilling was only 3 US cents at the time.

Maybe it was only a promotional issue of some kind. I can't find it anywhere online except for on Stampboards. No offers on eBay and Delcampe.

And that is where this counterfeit souvenir sheet stands to this day”.

11.3 2012, Soomaaliya: Olympic Games



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2012_illegal_stamps_olympic_games_ss.jpg: “In 2012 the Russian counterfeit producer puts his grubby feelers out again producing one more set in the name of Somalia. 2012 Olympic Games in London Souvenir Sheets of 3. Russian Made Counterfeit Illegal Stamps being pushed by this Topnimarka.com”.

11.4 Soomaaliya, 2015: Cars and Dogs



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2015_illegal_stamps_small_dogs_and_small_cars_ss.jpg: “2013 and 2014 No counterfeit illegal stamps in the name of Somalia detected. 2015: In 2015 the Russian counterfeit producer again only produces one illegal stamp set in the name of Somalia. 2015 Small Dogs and Small Cars Souvenir Sheets of 3 Russian Made Counterfeit Illegal Stamps being pushed by this Topnimarka.com”.

11.5 J. Soomaaliya, 2016: Great Dictators of the World



Gaddafi: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/MbwAAOSw8w1X-IC4/s-l500.jpg>

Pinochet: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/h6cAAOSwijRdil-Y/s-l1600.jpg>



Saddam Hussein: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/nFEAAOSwzaJX-IGA/s-l500.jpg>

Somoza: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/hMCAAOSwopRYj0e0/s-l500.jpg>



Alfredo Stroessner: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/uc4AAOSwLgpcTIHw/s-l1600.jpg>

Fidel Castro: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/L5IAOSwA3dYj0hf/s-l1600.jpg>



Vladimir Putin: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/ppIAOSw8gVX-9RO/s-l500.jpg>

Idi Amin: <https://i.ebayimg.com/images/g/4iQAAOSwoEFcQ2Ki/s-l300.jpg>

11.6 Somalia, 2016: Trump and Putin



http://golowestamps.com/reference/illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2016_illegal_ee_produced_stamps_trump_and_putin_ss.jpg : “In 2016 the Russian counterfeit producer attacks in full force...They produced 21 sets dating 2016. They are producing counterfeit illegal stamps to this day in 2020 on a massive scale and nobody will stop them. It is a simple task to accomplish. Only the victimized countries with the UPU can do it. So far...all are sitting on their hands. We are fighting to make a change in that status. First I start off with a batch of counterfeits produced by the Eastern European producer. His counterfeit illegal stamps pale in comparison to what the Russian producer put out though. This set called "Great Dictators" is being pushed by a user on eBay named hmaraboss777 located in the Ukraine. These are produced by the Eastern European counterfeit producer. From what I can see with this users lower feedback ratings and the tons of counterfeit illegal stamps offered....avoid at all cost!!”.

11.7 J. Soomaaliya / Somalia Post, 2017: local images



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2017_illegal_stamps_national_symbols_ss.jpg : “This set depicting national symbols of Somalia is being pushed by a user on Delcampe named StampsOutlet located in Lithuania. From what I can see with this users sales on Delcampe, all they offer are abusive Impressor S.A. and Stamperija issues. This one set is the only Somalia set this user offers and it is being exclusively offered only by this user. There was and is no J. SOOMAALIYA and therefore these are counterfeit illegal stamps. Prove otherwise and this can be revised”. Also: “In 2018 the Russian counterfeit producer intensifies the "attacks" producing 36 more of these counterfeit sets! The nightmare continues for Somalian stamps but something happens.....”.

11.8 Soomaaliya, 2018: Moscow Circus



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2018_illegal_stamps_circus_ss.jpg : "In 2018 the Russian counterfeit producer Topnimarka.com dominates production of counterfeits in the name of Somalia... They produced 36 sets dating 2018. They are producing counterfeit illegal stamps to this day in 2020 on a massive scale and nobody will stop them. It is a simple task to accomplish. Only the victimized countries with the UPU can do it. So far...all are sitting on their hands. We are fighting to make a change in that status. All the other counterfeit producers being namely the British producer, globalphila and the Eastern Europe producer appear to have "given up" production of counterfeits in the name of Somalia. All the following sets to the end of this page are the Russian Made Counterfeit Illegal Stamps being pushed by this Topnimarka.com. At this time April 2020 this counterfeiters goods are stuck mostly in Russia. We removed this guy several times on eBay and Delcampe and if they are spotted again or one of their associates attempts to move these counterfeits on either site....we will take immediate action to insure their account is removed permanently. We have eyes everywhere now. I note this con is producing numerous sets in later years and "back dating" them so the year on the stamps now virtually means nothing with these."

11.9 Soomaaliya 2019: Cars



http://golowesstamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2019_illegal_stamps_sport_cars_ss.jpg: "In 2019 the Russian counterfeit producer virtually stopped production of counterfeit stamps in the name of Somalia producing only one set dating 2019."

11.10 Soomaaliya 2020: Lenin and Stalin



http://golowestamps.com/reference/Illegal%20Stamps/Somalia%20Illegal%20Stamps/somalia_2020_illegal_stamps_stalin_and_lenin_ss1.jpg: “In 2020 they have produced another set. You guessed it...same old garbage topic and same old garbage photoshop style....2020 Stalin and Lenin Souvenir Sheets of 3”.

12 Postmarks used in Somalia after Independence in 1960

Alula



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5231>: "E' noto anche un annullo a cerchio semplice riscontrato dopo l'Indipendenza (impronta parziale in viola)."

Berbera

In this APH paper: 2.34

Burao

In this APH paper: 4.9, 4.12

Chisimaio

In this APH paper: 2.35

Dolo



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5252>: "-Dolo: ufficio di III classe aperto nel 1953. L'annullo (cerchio semplice) DOLO (SOMALIA) e' noto solo su materiale successivo all'Indipendenza".

Galcaio



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5258>: "E' noto anche un annullo a cerchio semplice GALCAIO (SOMALIA) trovato su francobolli sciolti emessi dopo l'Indipendenza".

Hargeisa

In this APH paper: 2.1 and 3.2

Isha Baidoa



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5234>: "Esiste, ma e' noto solo su documenti postali successivi all'Indipendenza, un annullo a cerchio semplice "ISHA BAIDOA (SOMALIA)".

Lugh Ganane

In this APH paper: 4.9

Merca



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5269>: "E' noto anche un annullo a cerchio semplice MERCA (SOMALIA) su documenti postali successivi all'Indipendenza"

In this APH paper: 2.9 and 2.28

Mogadiscio / Mogadishu / Muqdisho

In this APH paper:

2.2, 2.5, 2.8, 2.9, 2.10, 2.11, 2.12, 2.12°, 2.13, 2.14, 2.15, 2.16, 2.18, 2.19, 2.20, 2.21, 2.21A, 2.22, 2.23, 2.24, 2.25, 2.26, 2.27, 2.28, 2.29, 2.30, 2.31, 2.31A, 2.32, 2.33, 2.34, 2.35, 2.36, 2.37, 2.38, 2.39, 2.41, 2.42

3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.7, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10, 3.11, 3.12, 3.14, 3.15, 3.16, 3.17, 3.18, 3.20

4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.8, 4.9, 4.10A, 4.11, 4.12, 4.13, 4.17, 4.19, 4.21, 4.22, 4.23, 4.24, 4.26, 4.28, 4.30, 4.31, 4.32, 4.35, 4.36, 4.37, 4.39, 4.41, 4.45, 4.46, 4.48, 4.50, 4.52, 4.55, 4.56, 4.57, 4.62, 4.63

5.6

6.67, 6.84

9.1

10.16

Mogadiscio Corr Pacchi

In this APH paper: 2.16, 2.17, 2.33, 2.35

Mogadisho GPO

In this APH paper: 8.3

Mogadiscio Telegrafo



<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5292&sid=8aabea862ff19c793170ff270f1359ea> : MOGADISCIO TELEGRAFO. Non e' stato sinora riscontrato alcun uso degli annulli del telegrafo in periodo Afis. Qui sotto sono indicati gli annulli visti su materiale successivo all'Indipendenza: -primo tipo".

<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5293&sid=8aabea862ff19c793170ff270f1359ea>: "-secondo tipo".

<http://forum.aicpm.net/download/file.php?id=5294&sid=8aabea862ff19c793170ff270f1359ea>: “-terzo tipo”.

Somali Republic In this APH paper: 9.4, 9.6

Somalia Service Filatelique In this APH paper: 5.14, 6.13, 6.23, 6.108

UNOSOM

- **Feldpost 5200** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Feldpost 7321** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Feldpostamt Belet Uen 5200a, 5200b, 7331** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Feldpostamt Djibouti** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Feldpostamt Mogadishu** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Itallos – Ibis – Somalia** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Marineschiffspost 02** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Mogadishu** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Nave “San Giorgio”** In this APH paper: 5.17
- **Task Force Air Gibuti** In this APH paper: 8.2

13 A note on Sources

Part of the illustrations in this APH paper come from the philatelic collection of Vincent Prange, indicated as such, as well as from Filitalia, a Dutch philatelic journal for philatelists collecting Italy and its various colonies and areas.

All other illustrations and texts come from various websites. These are general (philatelic) websites like EBay, Delcampe, Hipstamp, and Picclick, or they can be general websites as well as specialized philatelic websites.

General websites:

<https://applications.icao.int>

<https://arsof-history.org>

<https://assets.museum-digital.org>

<https://ichef.bbc.co.uk>

<https://4.bp.blogspot.com>, and <https://www.polgeonow.com> [Evan Centanni (PolGeoNow)]

<https://www.britannica.com>

<https://external-preview.redd.it>

<http://thehappysmith.blogspot.com>

<https://i.pinimg.com>

<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki>

<https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia>

<https://static.wikia.nocookie.net>

Specialized philatelic websites:

<https://assets.catawiki.nl>

<https://assets.lastdodo.com>

<https://1.bp.blogspot.com>, and <https://2.bp.blogspot.com> [Joseph Jinesh]

<https://www.briefmarken-muenzen-shop.de>

<https://castlerockstamps.com>

<https://cdn.shopify.com>

<https://s3.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com>

<https://cloud10.todocoleccion.online>
<https://cdn.collectorbazar.com>
<https://www.collitshop.com>
<https://i.colnect.net>
<http://expo.fsfi.it/aicpmnet2020>
<https://www.bw-feldpost-portal.de>
<https://www.filatelialongobardi.it>
<http://forum.aicpm.net>
<http://www.francobollitematici.it>
<https://www.freestampcatalogue.com> [part of Postbeeld]
<https://gibud.no>
<http://golowesstamps.com> [John Lowe]
<https://kayatana.com>
<https://www.loudaiwang.com>
<https://lh3.googleusercontent.com>
<https://mancrymf.files.wordpress.com>
<https://mapsonstampsdb.com>
<http://mineralstamps.com>
<https://www.offerche.xyz>
<https://img.oldthing.net>
<https://www.pathovirome.com>
<https://www.phila-art.com>
<https://pictures.philasearch.com>
<https://postalmuseum.si.edu>
<https://www.postbeeld.com>
<http://postcardsandtravel.blogspot.com> [David Langan]
<https://www.quattrobaocchi.com>

<https://www.revrevd.com>

<https://stampboards.com>

<https://www.stampexindia.com>

www.stampworldhistory.com [Gerben van Gelder]

<https://therainkey.com>

<http://worldairmail.blogspot.com>

<http://xoomer.virgilio.it>

<https://zims-en.kiwix.campusafrika.gos.orange.com>