

Development and application of cryo-EM tools to study the ultrastructure of microbes in changing environments

Depelteau, J.S.

Citation

Depelteau, J. S. (2022, January 12). Development and application of cryo-EM tools to study the ultrastructure of microbes in changing environments. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3249707

Version: Publisher's Version

Licence agreement concerning inclusion of

License: <u>doctoral thesis in the Institutional Repository of</u>

the University of Leiden

Downloaded from: https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3249707

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Stellingen

Propositions accompanying the thesis

Development and application of cryo-EM tools to study the ultrastructure of microbes in changing environments

- Thin sample preparation for cryo-EM analysis can be easily and inexpensively expanded to less equipped labs using simplified, portable equipment. This thesis: Chapter 3 & 6
- 2. The specific conditions bacteria are exposed to inside a host can prime them for survival in the external environment. This thesis: Chapter 4
- High resolution structural information can be obtained even after UVC inactivation of the pathogen in cryogenic conditions. This thesis: Chapter 5
- 4. Multicellular tissues continue to be a sample processing challenge for cryo-EM, but progress can be made using novel combinations of existing tools and innovative ideas. This thesis: Chapter 6
- Laboratory strains are useful model systems for research but may not accurately represent what happens in the environment.
 - Stutzmann S & Blokesch M. (2016) mSphere. 1(3):1-10
- Cryo-EM will continue to become more accessible and widely applied, eventually becoming the dominant structural biology technique.
 - Hand E. (2020) Science. doi: 10.1126/science.aba9954
- 7. Regardless of the microscope, sample preparation will always be the limiting factor for structural biology.

Hand E. (2020) Science. doi: 10.1126/science.aba9954

8. Cryo-EM should not be limited to well-funded labs, but should be an accessible tool for all researchers to advance science.

Stuart D, Subramaniam S, & Abrescia N. (2016) Nature Methods. 13(8):607-608

- 9. You can learn more by breaking something than you can by observing something that always works.
- 10. Continuous learning makes you a better scientist, and a better human.
- 11. To know how something works, it is often useful to look at it carefully.

Inspired by Stuart Howes

Jamie Scott Depelteau Leiden, November 2021