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## Plasmonic enhancement of single-molecule fluorescence under one- and two-photon excitation

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### Citation

Lu, X. (2021, December 8). *Plasmonic enhancement of single-molecule fluorescence under one- and two-photon excitation*. *Casimir PhD Series*. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/3245677>

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# Stellingen

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## Plasmonic Enhancement of Single-Molecule Fluorescence under One- and Two-Photon Excitation

1. Compared to strong emitters, weak emitters with low quantum yields experience a stronger fluorescence enhancement by plasmonic nanoantennas, yet it doesn't mean they can be brighter.  
*Chapter 2, 3 of this thesis.*
2. A trade-off between the excitation rate and the fluorescence enhancement is normally needed to optimize the enhanced brightness for the ultra-weak emitters with large Stokes shifts.  
*Chapter 3 of this thesis.*
3. A simple strategy of sandwiching gold nanorod assemblies with two slides can "freeze" the assembly process at the dimer stage, enriching the fraction of dimers on the glass surfaces.  
*Chapter 4, 5 of this thesis.*
4. End-to-end gold nanorod dimers with open gaps of  $\sim 5$  nm make it possible to detect the two-photon-excited single-molecule fluorescence, through an enhancement of up to seven orders of magnitude.  
*Chapter 2, 5 of this thesis.*
5. Nanoparticle-on-mirror systems offer sub-nm cavities with enhancement factors up to  $10^8$  for two-photon-excitation, yet the hotspots are inaccessible to fresh molecules.  
*O. S. Ojambati et al., Nano Lett. 20, 4653 (2020)*
6. Plasmonic nanoantennas can not only change the intensity but also the shape of the emission of fluorescent molecules.  
*M. Ringler et al., PRL 100, 203002 (2008).*
7. A hierarchical assembly approach consisting of template-particle and particle-particle interactions ensures the fabrication of heterodimer with precise addressability.  
*J. Li et al., Nano Lett. 19, 4314 (2019).*
8. Quantum effects should be considered seriously when the plasmonic particles are placed apart at the atomic length scale.  
*K. J. Savage et al., Nature 491, 574-577 (2012).*
9. "Perfect" is sometimes the enemy of "good enough" in optical experiments.

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Leiden, December 08, 2021