

Indo-European origins of Anatolian morphology and semantics: innovations and archaisms in Hittite, Luwian and Lycian Norbruis, S.

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Indo-European Origins of Anatolian Morphology and Semantics

Innovations and Archaisms in Hittite, Luwian and Lycian

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Abbreviations and symbols

LANGUAGES AND SCRIPTS

Alb. Albanian
Arm. Armenian
Av. Avestan

CLuw. Cuneiform Luwian

Cret. Cretan Eng. English

Germ. (Modern High) German

Goth. Gothic

Gr. Ancient Greek

Hitt. Hittite

HLuw. Hieroglyphic LuwianHom. Homeric GreekIE Indo-European

It.ItalianLat.LatinLatv.LatvianLith.Lithuanian

LNS Late New Script

Luw. Luwian Lyc. Lycian

MH Middle Hittite

MHG Middle High German

MoGr. Modern Greek
MS Middle Script
Myc. Mycenaean
NH Neo-Hittite
NS Neo-Script
Nw. Norwegian

OCS Old Church Slavic

OH Old Hittite

OHG Old High German

OIr. Old Irish
OLat. Old Latin
ON Old Norse
OPruss. Old Prussian
OS Old Script

PAnat. Proto-Anatolian
PGm. Proto-Germanic
PIE Proto-Indo-European

PLuw. Proto-Luwic PSlav. Proto-Slavic

RCS Russian Church Slavic

Sab. Sabellic
Skt. Sanskrit
Sp. Spanish
Sw. Swedish
Thess. Thessalian
ToA Tocharian A
ToB Tocharian B

ToAB Tocharian A and B

VLat. Vulgar Latin

GRAMMAR

abl. ablative
acc. accusative
adj. adjective
adv. adverb
all. allative
aor. aorist

c. common (gender)

conj. conjugation dat. dative

dir. direct cases

du. dual

f. feminine (gender)

fut. future

gen. genitive, genitival gen.adj. genitival adjective

imp. imperative

impf. imperfect, imperfective

inf. infinitive intr. intransitive loc. locative

m. masculine (gender)
n. neuter (gender)
nom. nominative
obl. oblique cases

perf. perfect
pl. plural
plupf. pluperfect
PN personal name

poss.pron. possessive pronoun ppp. passive past participle

pres. present tense; present aspect

pret. preterite, past tense

ptc. participle sg. singular subj. subjunctive

subst. substantive, substantivized

tr. transitive voc. vocative

SYMBOLS

> develops into < develops from

>> is analogically replaced by </ analogically replaces

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is the derivational base of; outcome of a proportional analogy is derived from reconstructed form unattested form of an attested lexeme counterfactual form omission of part of the form comparable to, cognate with, varying with; (in example sentences) the word(s) under discussion paradigmatically alternating with // the tablets on either side are duplicates join with +Ø zero # word end Cconsonant Vvowel R resonant Н laryngeal P labial stop dental stop TK velar stop

LITERATURE

X

IBoT İstanbul Arkeoloji Müzelerinde bulunan Boğazl
--

variable in a proportional analogy

Tabletlerinden Secme Metinler

KBo Keilschrifttexte aus BoghazköiKUB Keilschrifturkunden aus Boghazköi

TL Tituli Lyciae

obv. obverse, recto, front side rev. reverse, verso, back side

RVRigveda Il.Iliad Od.Odyssey Hdt. Herodotus Cic. Cicero Amic. De amicitia Leg. De legibus NT New Testament

Rom. Romans

TEXT

c. circa; centurycf. confer, comparecont. continued

dial. dialectal

e.g. exempli gratia, for example

ed(s). editor(s) esp. especially

et al. et alii, and others

etc. etcetera

f. from page (preceding number) onward

fthc. forthcoming

i.c. in casu, in this case

i.e. id est, that is

lit. literature; literally

mr. mister n. note

p.c. personal communication

refs. references

sc. scilicet, namely, supply
s.v. sub voce, under the lemma
vel sim. vel similia/simile, or similar
viz. videlicet, to wit, namely
vs. versus, as opposed to

"Many resemblances are evident at first sight, others are discovered by more careful investigation, and the more closely we analyse the recondite structure of the kindred tongues, the more we are surprised to find them constantly developed by the same principle."

— Franz Bopp, 1820

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