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Blood Lymphocytes from Ankylosing Spondylitis Patients Fail to Induce Disease-Specific Cytotoxic T Lymphocytes

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ABSTRACT The intriguing observation made by Geczy et al {1} showing the possibility of generating specific ankylosing spondylitis-cytotoxic T lymphocytes by presenting HLA-B27 AS⁺ cells as antigen-specific stimulator cells prompted us (by using Geczy's approach) to identify cytotoxic T lymphocytes specific for this apparent B27⁺AS⁺ target structure Peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMC) of 21 healthy B27⁺ individuals were stimulated in primary and in short-term cultures with PBMC of an HLA identical sibling suffering from definite AS (n = 12) In addition PBMC in vitro modified by Geczy bacterial products from two healthy B27⁺ individuals were used to stimulate B27⁺AS lymphocytes (either autologous or from a healthy HLA identical sibling) Effector cells raised in primary AS versus AS⁺ and AS versus modified B27 mixed lymphocyte culture combinations showed no proliferative nor cytotoxic activity at all The variely observed cytotoxic reactivity of restimulated mixed lymphocyte culture was not re stricted to AS B27⁺ cells These results demonstrate that PBMC from ankylosing spondylitis patients fail to induce disease specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes and suggest that an ankylosing spondylitis-related modified B27 structure does not exist at least in the patient material tested

ABBREVIATIONS

AS	ankylosing spondylitis	MLC	mixed lymphocyte culture
CML	cell mediated	MLR	mixed lymphocyte reaction
	lymphocytotoxicity	PBL	peripheral blood
CTL	cytotoxic T lymphocyte		lymphocytes
ID	limiting dilution	PBMC	peripheral blood
minor H	minor histocompatibility		mononuclear cells

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INTRODUCTION

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The association of HLA B27 with ankylosing spondylitis (AS) still is one of the best examples of the association between human leukocyte antigens (HLA) and disease Either the B27 gene product iself or a disease susceptibility gene product in tight linkage disequilibrium with B27 must account for the observed association between HLA and disease. So far no evidence favoring one of the latter possibilities has been presented

It has been reported that antibacterial sera can distinguish lymphocytes of B27 AS patients from B27 healthy blood donors [2–5] These findings sug gested an interaction of enteric organisms (or their products) with B27 Independent laboratories have never succeeded in reproducing these results [6–8] al though blind workshops confirmed that cells from AS patients could be distinguished from control cells with the Geezy sera [9–11]

The latter observation led to the hypothesis that there might exist an alien or modified structure on AS B27 cells If so the question could be ruised whether allogencie T cells also recognize a B27 associated structure on lymphocytes of AS parients. This possibility was examined by Geezy et al. [1], who reported the recognition of an AS associated structure by cytotoxic T lymphocytes (C1L). In two independent laboratories, we performed similar experiments with an identical genetic design. In our hands, no detectable proliferative or CTL responses were induced in mixed lymphocytic cultures (MLC) of cells from healthy individuals stimulated with cells from HLA identical AS patients.

MA FFRIALS AND MLTHODS

Cells Peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBL) were isolated from defibrinated blood of randomly selected healthy B27 blood donors of definite AS patients (according to the New York eriteria) and of healthy B27 siblings who were HLA identical with the AS proband but did not have evidence of sacrollitis. This radiologie sign can be considered as a condition sine qua non for the diagno sis of AS The cells were used fresh or were stored in liquid nitrogen until use. Modified B27 AS cells were obtained by incubating cells with the culture filtrate K43 (obtained from A Γ Geezy) according to the protocol described in Materials and Methods by Geezy et al. [1]. Control cells were incubated with the culture filtrate I99

MLC The proliferative activity of effector cells with measured in MLC by incubating 5 × 10 responder cells with 5 × 10 irriduated simulator cells in 200 µl of culture medium in microtiter plates. After 5 days of incubation – H thymidine was added and 24 hr later the incorporation was measured

CIL. The generation of AS specific effector cells and the testing for specific cytotoxic activity using the standard cell mediated lymphocytotoxicity (CML) assay have been carried out according to the protocol described in Materials and Methods by Geezy et al. [1]

C11 lines In a limiting dilution (LD) culture system CTL lines were generated Graded numbers of responder PBL (10^3 –3 \times 10^3) were stimulated with 10^3 irradiated PBL from an HLA identical AS affected sisling in 200 µl of culture medium containing interlukin 2 (IL 2) (40 units/ml). After 6 days of incubation two samples of 50 µl of the cell culture of each well were tested for specific cytotoxicity against stimulator and another AS B27 target cell in the CML



assay The remaining cells in individual wells were restimulated with 10° stimula tor cells in 100 µl fresh medium. Another screening for cytotoxicity was performed at day 12. Those cell cultures that were found to be positive on both target cells were transferred into wells containing 1 ml of culture medium and were restimulated with 10° stimulator cells at days 13 and 19. At days 15. 22 and 24. 1 ml of medium containing II. 2 was added. Cell cultures with abundant proliferation were divided. The CTL lines were tested for AS specific B27 associated cytotoxicity at day 25 against the stimulator cells and against two addition if AS B27, and two AS B27, target cells at an effector to target ratio of 10. 1 (the number of target cells was 4 × 10°).

RFSUITS

The cytotoxic retivities of effector cells generated in 21 AS 7AS HLA identical sibling responder/stimulator purs within 10 families ind in three AS 7AS H1A class 1 identical (B27 subtype-mitthed) class II-nonidentical unrelated combinations (see Tibles 1 and 2) were tested in the CML assay. In one HLA identical sibling pair (both healthy B27 individuals) effector cells were generated using stimulator cells that were modified with either a K15 or F99 (control) culture supernation. Furthermore, cells from one randomly selected healthy B27 itoxicity was me is used after 6 days of culture. The software stimulated with utologous cells either K13 or F99 modified. Cyto texicity was me is used after 6 days of culturent as delay soft restimulation of C FL on day 14 of culture.

In combinitions of HIA identical siblings (AS AS) the MLC was law us found to be negative (proliferation was only tested in the combinations from Amsterdam). In none of the HLA identical AS /AS subling combinations did the CML issus show specific lysis above that of the medium control of the sumulation or third party AS B³⁷ (arger cells Cells from the same responders simulated against HLA cluss I= and class II=mismatched cells showed good proliferation and effectively lysed ($30-60^{\circ}r^{-34}$ C release) stimulator target cells. No specific lysis of AS (arger cells was found in the AS /AS) combinations of HLA cluss I= added and in the AS (AS) combinations of HLA cluss I= added and the CHL size stimulator target cells are found in the AS (AS) combinations of HLA cluss I= added in unrelated individuals differing in class II antigens al though all hid) i positive MLC. Moreover, in none of the CTL rused against stimulator cell respective visits of the experiments as AS specific regions.

Lekolf and Shaw [12] described in 1D culture system is a primity in vitro method to generate HLA restricted CTL specific for minor histocompatibility (minor H) intigens between HLA identical solitings. The possibility of producing AS specific CTL in such in TD system wis examined. From four AS /AS - soliting

- FABLE I Cells use	d in Amsteri	tim for the inc	luction of A	AS specific CTL
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(mbin t)	Resp. is f. r. cells	Stuaulat reells
Silli k		
HIA LE L KEEL	87 15	B27 AS
HIA class fill lent al	n 15)	(n ()
t ir lit l		
HEA class E. element	B3 A5	B27 A5
HEA class II of the a	, 3	(11 5)
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Combinar ons	Responder cells (r c)	Stimulator cells (s.c.)	Tarket cells
Siblings			
HLA class I- and class II identical	B27 AS	B27 AS	Autologous (i c r c)
	(n 6)	$\{n = 6\}$	Specific si
			Unrelated B27 AS (n - 1)
			Unrelated B27 AS (n 2)
Sibling			
HIA class I- and class II identical	B27 AS	B27 AS	Autologous (1 c r c)
	(n 1)	K43 modified	Specific s c K43 modified
			Specific sic F99 modified
	Same r c	Same sic	Unrelated B27 AS (n 1)
		F)) modified	Unrelated B27 AS (n 2)
Unrel stud	B27 AS	Autologous	
	(n - 1)	(1 C r C K43	Specific sic K43 modifiel
		modific 1)	Specific s c 192 modified
			Unrelated B?7 AS (1 1
	Smcrc	Autologous	Unrelate 1 B27 AS # 2)
		(ic rc F9)	
		modific 1)	

TABLE 2 Cells used in Leiden for the induction of AS specific CTL

All target cells are used without iny mitogenic stimulation (i.e. 6 days PBL ident ed to the protocol usel by Geery et al. [1]) as well as stimulate f.f. τ . 72 hr with phytohemagglutinin

⁴ The responder cell population was stimulated with cells from the HLA relational solution, doner module with either K13 (modifying factor) or 1.93 (regaring control supernation) both culture hitrates come from one of the cross reactive corganisms (see Materials and Methols Geeza et al. [1]).

The rest in fer cell population has been molified with K43 as well is with 197 and used as stimulation/tarket cells.

pairs T cell lines were generated and tested for AS specific cytotoxicity. Some CTL lines were cytotoxic for stimulator target cells some third party AS B27 as well as AS B27 target cells. Other T cell lines lysed some third party target cells but were not reactive with the specific stimulator cells. None of the cell lines were able to distinguish AS. from AS target cells.

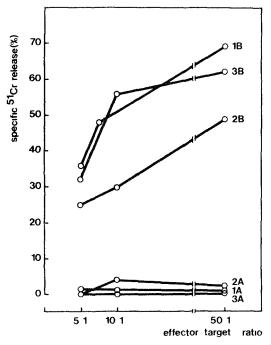
DISCUSSION

Our experiments carried out in 1 similar way to those of Geezy et al. [1] did nor produce the same results. Due to variations between laboratories in is difficult to ascertain whether the techniques employed were really identical However we are not aware of important technical differences that might account for the observed discrepancies. On the other hand, the patient (and control) selection could play a role. In the work of Geezy, the positive results emerged from two HIA identical AS /AS, sibling pures we have examined 21 such combinations (see Tables 1 and 2) without finding a single positive combination. Although there may be some differences in the patients examined it is difficult to accept such a critical degree of discrepancy in the clinical diagnosis of the disease. In fact, the latter explanation for discrepancy can be excluded due to the presence of the serologically detectable. Geezy factor, on the cells of Dutch AS patients in previous blind workshops [10, 11]. Moreover, in our experiments no CTL activity was measured in the cultures with K43 modified, stimulator cells

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HGURI 1. Illustrative examples of absence of AS specific extotoxicity. Effector cells were generate 1 in (1) HLA elenared AS/AS, sibling purs (2) unclited HLA elenared adented AS/AS, $\frac{1}{2}$ urs, and (3) AS B27. bio-1 loners somulated with autologous Geory factor K43 – and dfted cells. AS specific cytotoxic activity wis tested on the respective AS, sumulator cirect cells (1A/2A/3A). Allospecific cytotoxic activity of ellector cells from the same responders stimulated with allocancic cells was tested on the respective stimulator tract cells (1B/2B/3B).

The framework of the experiments has been extended by efforts to produce intra AS CTI lines in short term cell cultures. However, no AS speeche CTI lines could be detected the cytotoxicity between HIA identical siblini, pars observed in some cases was not restricted to B27. AS a trigget cells had might be due to the recognition of minor H antigens. From the results of car control experiments we can conclude that all cells were in good condition. Effective CTL could be generated if an appropriate allounding myspersented for stimulation. All stimlator cells used were able to induce proliferation and could be recognized. by specifically raised effector cells in HLA class I- and class II-mismatched combinations However in our experimental assay the disease and/or B27 associated structure apparently is not antigenic enough for AS specific CTL induction

In conclusion for reasons which are not clear to us we have not been able to induce AS specific CTL by MLC of B27 AS and B27⁺AS⁺ cells or by B27 AS cells modified with K43 supernatant culture filtrate. The possible modification of MHC antigens on cells with the DR2/DQ1 haplotype of patients with narco lepsy has been studied in a similar genetical set up by Strohmaier et al [13] Narcolepsy is the disease with the strongest HLA association nearly 100% of the patients are DR2/DQ1⁺ It was reported that no disease related alteration of DR2 and DQ1 molecules on cells of narcolepsy patients could be detected by normal T lymphocytes

Further experiments may elucidate whether disease specific structures do exist on lymphocytes of patients with HLA associated diseases and if so which of the variables are uniquely critical for the activation of disease specific T lympho cytes

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