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Monitoring migrations: the Habsburg-Ottoman border in the eighteenth century

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APPENDIX

The appendix contains twelve texts of different lengths, relating to the argument in chapters 3, 5 and 6. They help create a more complete picture of border controls, without saddling the main study with technical discussions and long digressions. The first three deal with the border soldiers. They provide additional information on the engagement of border troops in preventing illegal immigration and smuggling and in the organization border markets. The next two texts help us to better understand the relative significance of the Pančevo quarantine station, as well as the artisans and merchants on the Military Border. The last seven include a list of migrants registered in the preserved Pancevo quarantine tables 1752-1756. They also explain in detail some of the categories from the Pančevo migrant records, such as religion, ethnicity, as well as how the migrants' data were analyzed before being used in the main argument of the book.

3.1. Border Military Troops Engaged in the Sanitary Cordon during Different Regimes

Table A.1. Minimal Number of Guards on the Habsburg-Ottoman Border in 1823.⁷¹⁹

<i>Military Border section</i>	<i>Healthy regime</i>	<i>Suspicious regime</i>	<i>Pestilent regime</i>
Karlovac	766	1,262	1,898
Banal	338	1,009	1,266
Slavonian	1,317	2,003	2,360
Banat	634	746	1,150
Transylvanian	1,124	1,778	3,392
Total:	4,179	6,798	10,066

While on river sections of the border, in Slavonia and Banat, there was about an 80% increase in troops during pestilent (as opposed to healthy) regimes, on the sections where natural obstacles but only border signs separated Habsburg and Ottoman territories, the increase was much sharper. The Karlovac Generalate engaged two and a half times more troops during pestilent regimes than during healthy times; in Transylvania the number tripled, while on the Banal border it almost quadrupled. It was apparently much more difficult to supervise the forested hills of Croatia and of the Carpathian Mountains than the river sections of the frontier. While on the Croatian section, the number of border guards significantly increased during pestilent regimes, in Transylvania the sharpest increase was when a suspicious regime transitioned into a pestilent regime, reflecting the relatively protected position of the two Ottoman vassal Christian principalities, separated from Ottoman Balkan sanjaks by the River Danube.⁷²⁰

⁷¹⁹ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 354-56.

⁷²⁰ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 354-56.

3.2. *Seressaner and Tschaikisten*

Seressaner were organized in units of 100-200 people. In 1823, there were altogether 920 of them in six regiments. They did not wear uniforms, but traditional costume, similar to those worn in the Ottoman Empire, which enabled them to serve occasionally as spies in Ottoman territory, often examining health circumstances. In 1823, there was a unit of *Seressaner* also in the eastern Banat, apparently where the border left the River Danube and went into mountains.⁷²¹ *Tschaikisten* also escorted Treasury ships on the Tisza and Danube inside the monarchy. The most important point of control was Zemun, where the Danube, upstream an internal Habsburg waterway, became a border river. In July 1756, the Sanitary Court Deputation in Vienna instructed the Slavonian Sanitary Commission in Slavonia to supervise carefully upstream sailing ships in Zemun.⁷²²

3.3. *Border Markets*

Rastelle in the Karlovac Generalate in 1768 were primarily to serve the families of the Habsburg border militia, who could buy there necessary provisions and food. Four such facilities were established on major roads to Ottoman Bosnia: *Kuk*, Rudanovac (Radonovacz), Rakovica (Rakovicza) and Gnojnice (Gnoinicza),⁷²³ one for each of the Generalate's districts (regiments). The Karlovac Generalate asked the Sanitary Court Deputation to precisely define the uniform layout, the procedures and the operation of *Rastelle*, arguing that similar facilities could be organized on the other

⁷²¹ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 359-60; Jowitsch, *Ethnographisches Gemählde*, 48-53.

⁷²² SHD to TLA; to Slavonian SK, Vienna, 10 July 1756, 1756 Julius 8, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Bücher 2; Taube, *Historische und geographische Beschreibung*, vol. 2: 102-104; Engel, "Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien," vol. 2: 711, 713-15.

⁷²³ In Rudanovac, there was also one of the two quarantine stations of the Karlovac Generalate.

section of the border, so that quarantine station could focus on migrants and infection-prone goods. At the end of 1769, the Sanitary Court Deputation discussed uniform regulations for all border markets while finalizing systematic sanitary legislation that was to be published in January 1770: the types of goods that could pass through; the exact procedure of their exchange; operating hours; if they were to be open during epidemics or closed with all traffic redirected to quarantine station.⁷²⁴

The organization and operation of *Rastelle* was formally regulated in the General Sanitary Norm (Generalsanitätsnormativum) from 2 January 1770. The Norm prescribed that four *Rastelle* in the Karlovac Generalate were to be open once a week only if plague was absent in the Ottoman border area,⁷²⁵ and only for non-miasma-carrying goods. *Rastelle* in the Karlovac Generalate were to be open on Thursdays, from 5 AM to 5 PM in summer and between 8 AM and 4 PM in the winter. Every fourth Thursday a livestock market would take place in one of four *Rastelle*.⁷²⁶

Many *Rastelle* were organized subsequently along the border, placed between quarantine stations. Each quarantine station, from the Karlovac Generalate to Banat, had from two to four border markets for which it was responsible. For example, the Brod quarantine in Slavonia maintained daily border market in Brod and four weekly markets in Županja, Kobaš, Rajevo selo, and Šamac, along the River Sava.⁷²⁷ The

⁷²⁴ SHD to Karlovac SK, Vienna, 28 June 1768; the protocol of the SHD, Vienna, 28 October 1769; Vortrag der ... Sanitäts Hof-Deputation betreffend ... die Rastelle in Croatien 18 November 1769, 1769 October 16, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2.

⁷²⁵ In the General Sanitary Norm, the border markets were allowed in healthy times (bei überall herrschenden guten Gesundheitsumständen). Hietzinger explained that they were actually kept open until plague entered the immediate border area, defined as one-day's travel from the border, or 3 Meilen, 23 km. Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 443-45.

⁷²⁶ Waizen, Kukuruz, Hirsen, Haber, Gerste, Fisollen, und Bohnen.

⁷²⁷ Zemun also had a daily market and an additional border market in Jakovo. In 1777, due to low traffic, the quarantine station of Mitrovica was transformed into a *Rastell*, with border markets three times a week, along with *Rastell* Rača. Stara Gradiška quarantine station underwent a similar fate and

border markets encouraged not only barter trade and commerce, but also wholesale trade in goods that were perceived as non-miasma carrying, such as livestock, particularly pigs.

5.1 Traffic through the Pancevo Quarantine Station in 1815-1818.

Table A.2. The traffic through Pančevo 1815-1818:⁷²⁸

Pančevo	1815	1816	1817	1818
rohe und ausgearbeitete Schaf-und Ziegenfelle;	963	4,560	3,950	7,300
Stück Corduan- Saffian - und anderes Leder	4,460	1,490	67	837
St. Huf-, Horn- und (vorzüglich) Borstenvieh	3,869	236	98	25,237

was transformed into a *Rastell*, with additional border markets in Stara Gradiška, Dolina, Swiniar (today Davor) and Jasenovac. Two *Rastelle* subjected to the Pančevo quarantine station, Kovin and Omoljica existed in 1772 in Banat for the import of livestock. Three *Rastelle* were controlled by the Kostajnica quarantine station on the Banal Border in 1820: Oblay (until 1806 in Radosnicza), Korlath (near Dvor) and Dubicza. A *Rastel* Mali Maljevac was organized in the Karlovac Generalate when the border moved somewhat eastwards after the Peace of Sistova. Report of the TLA [to the Empress Maria Theresia], Temesvár, 22 January 1772, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2. IAB, ZM, 1785-3-312, in Ilić, *Beograd i Srbija*, 616-17. Engel, “Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien,” vol. 2, 390-91. Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 1, 413-15, 419, 427. Panzac, “Politique sanitaire:” 105. Rastels also referred to general way of sanitary separation that could allow free communication without direct contact. In January 1770 the Sanitary Court Deputation ordered Colonel Sturm to organize a visiting room in the quarantine as a *Rastell*. Placed in the house of the director, it had two entrances, one from the outside and the other from inside the quarantine station, with a buffer space in between. Communication was under strict supervision. Similar visiting rooms, *Rastelle*, were organized also in Mitrovica, Brod, and Gradiška stations. *Rastelle* was also the name for the facility where the surgeon could examine newly arrived migrants from a distance (per visum), without direct contact. The rescript of the SHD, Vienna, 25 January 1770; a protocol of the Slavonian SK, 20 February 1770, [Osijek], 1770 Martius 9, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2.

⁷²⁸ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 1: 332.

5.2. Merchants and Artisans on the Military Border 1816-1817

Table A.3. Merchants and Artisans at the Military Border 1816-1817⁷²⁹

	Merchants	journeymen and apprentices	Servants	Total
Karlovac Border	144	86		230
Banal Border	167	141		308
Varaždin Border	87	369		456
Slavonian Border (with Tschaikisten Battalion, 1815)	741	352 (2)		1,093
Banat Border	552	556		1,108
Transylvanian Border	18	23		41
Grand Total	1,709	1,527	691	3,927

If we look at the number of domestic subjects engaged in commerce only on the Banat Military Border about sixty years later (1816-1817), we see that altogether 1,108 or about 1,300 persons engaged in trade and commerce. There were 552 merchants, 329 in the countryside (auf dem platten Lande), and 233 in military townships (Militär-Communitäten), 556 (commercial?) journeymen and apprentices (Gesellen und Lehrjungen) plus an unknown number of merchants' servants (Handlungsdienner). If the ratio was similar to the number of merchants, journeymen and apprentices on the Military Border overall, there were about 200 commercial servants in Banat. Merchants, peddlers, commercial journeymen and apprentices on the Military Border (Handesleute und Krämer) in 1816-1817. Pančevo and Old Orșova had a permanent presence of Greek merchants into the nineteenth century.⁷³⁰ The yearly number of business people in Pančevo from 1752 to 1756 might seem small. But if the other Banat quarantine station, Mehadia/Jupalnic is taken into account, and we remember that the colonization effort in the border areas was still in its early phase in the 1750s, it is clear that so many Ottoman merchants could not be involved only in international trade, but be engaged in local trade too.

⁷²⁹ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 1: 348-50.

⁷³⁰ Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 1: 348-50.

5.3. List of Migrants Registered in the Pančevo Quarantine Tables 1752-1756

The following table contains the names and other information of 1,127 migrants, who were registered in the forty-three preserved Pančevo quarantine tables.⁷³¹ Most, but not all migrants were registered twice, the first time when they entered and the second time when they left the quarantine station. I first digitalized the tables by entering their content into an MS Excel spreadsheet with the original layout preserved. I then retrieved the data from the tables and compiled them into a single MS Excel database, matching entry and exit data with migrants.

The second column of the table contains migrants' names. I visually presented the migrants traveling in groups were differently from the persons travelling alone. The first migrant in the group is presented in the same manner as traveling individuals. The names (or family, service or business relationship in place of the name) of other members of the group are indented and written in italics. The third column contains the gender of migrants, M for male, F for female and N for the children whose gender was not specified. The fourth column contains mentioned ethnic, religious or regional identities, as well as the general religious affiliation that can be deducted. The fifth column has other available information, which refer to some of the migrants, such as their social or marital status, occupation, age, residence, destination, whether they entered or exited the station with horses and merchandize. As a rule, the reader can find the original entries in the sources by looking at the dates in the last two columns

⁷³¹ Contumaz-Tabella, Pančevo, 25 March 1752; 25 June 1752; 25 July 1752; 25 August 1752; 25 September 1752; 25 October 1752; 25 November 1752; 25 December 1752; 25 January 1753; 25 February 1753; 31 March 1753; 30 April 1753; 31 May 1753; 30 June 1753; 31 July 1753; 31 August 1753; 30 September 1753; 31 October 1753; 30 November 1753; 31 December 1753; 31 January 1754; 28 February 1754; 31 March 1754; 30 April 1754; 31 May 1754; 30 June 1754; 31 July 1754; 31 August 1754; 30 September 1754; 31 October 1754; 30 November 1754; 31 December 1754; 31 January 1755; 31 October 1755; 30 November 1755; 31 December 1755; 31 January 1756; 29 February 1756; 31 March 1756; 30 April 1756; 31 May 1756; 30 June 1756; 31 July 1756, FHKA NHK Banat A 123.

and then inspecting monthly quarantine tables that cover that period. Until February 1753, the tables ended and were submitted on the 25th day of the month, containing in principle entries and exits from the 26th of the previous month until the day when they were submitted. Following the order by the Sanitary Court Deputation from 17 February 1753 to follow the practice from Slavonia, from March 1753 the Pančevo tables started to cover calendar months. The first such table, concluded on 31 March, covered the period 26 February 1753-31 March 1753.⁷³²

Table A.4. Migrants Registered in the Pančevo Quarantine Tables 1752-1756

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
1	Nicola Gorge	M	Griech	mit 4 Pferden	1752-02-25	[no data]
2	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1752-02-25	[no data]
3	Wojka	F	Wallach	Transmigrant	1752-02-25	[no data]
4	Pable Stephan	M	Raitz	Transmigrant, ledige Pursch	1752-02-25	[no data]
5	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant, ledige Pursch	1752-02-25	[no data]
6	Radisav Jovanovith	M	Raitz	Zimmerleüth, gehen... in Sclavnonienn	1752-03-02	[no data]
7	<i>Camarad</i>	M	Raitz	Zimmerleüth, gehen... in Sclavnonienn	1752-03-02	[no data]
8	<i>Camarad</i>	M	Raitz	Zimmerleüth, gehen... in Sclavnonienn	1752-03-02	[no data]
9	Lazar Jacomovith	M	Raitz	Zimmerleüth, gehen... in Sclavnonienn	1752-03-02	[no data]
10	<i>Camarad</i>	M	Raitz	Zimmerleüth, gehen... in Sclavnonienn	1752-03-02	[no data]
11	Toma Radiv	M	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
12	<i>Verhey Ratheter Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
13	<i>Verhey Ratheter Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
14	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
15	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
16	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
17	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
18	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
19	Jacom Ignati	M	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
20	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
21	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
22	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1752-03-09	[no data]
23	Riga Jany	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1752-03-14	[no data]
24	Nico Mihal	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1752-03-14	[no data]
25	Nico Popovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1752-03-14	[no data]
26	Peter Jany	M	Griech	32 bales of Cordovan and Meschin	1752-03-16	[no data]
27	Marco Dule	M	Griech	[partner of Peter Jany]	1752-03-16	[no data]
28	Janco Samartich	M	Zinsar		[no data]	1752-02-26
29	Stephan Votha	M	Zinsar		[no data]	1752-03-19

⁷³² SHD to TLA, Vienna, 17 February 1753, 1753 Februarius 7, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Bücher 2.

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
30	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		[no data]	1752-03-19
31	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		[no data]	1752-03-19
32	Janaty Theodor	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-01
33	Dimo Hatschij	M	[Christian]	mit 3 Pferden	[no data]	1752-03-01
34	<i>Adanazko Jany</i>	M	[Christian]	[partner of Dimo Hatschij]	[no data]	1752-03-01
35	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-01
36	Stojan Millosch	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
37	<i>Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
38	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
39	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
40	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
41	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
42	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-09
43	Gabriel Radivoj	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
44	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
45	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
46	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
47	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
48	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
49	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
50	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
51	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
52	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
53	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
54	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
55	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
56	Elia Schijvan	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
57	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
58	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
59	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
60	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
61	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
62	Sabitsch Mihal	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
63	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
64	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
65	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
66	<i>Mütter</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
67	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
68	Manuly Nicolovith	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
69	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
70	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
71	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
72	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
73	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-13
74	Pob Demitro	M	[Christian]	Calluger	[no data]	1752-03-17
75	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-17
76	Nasto Güno	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-03-19
77	George Demitro	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-03-20
78	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-03-20
79	Marco Jano/Janco	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
80	Peter Durbko/Tripko	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
81	Bogtan/Pogtan Nicola	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
82	Jany Theodor	M	Wallach	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
83	Misco Peter	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
84	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
85	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-05-25	1752-06-26

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
86	Jacan Imlatonovith/ Jovan Mallenovith	M	[Christian]	Calluger	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
87	Jerasim Mihailovich	M	[Christian]	Calluger	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
88	Mihal Costa	M	Griech		1752-05-25	1752-06-26
89	Constantin Georgith	M	[Christian]	Callugier	1752-05-25	1752-06-26
90	Theodossy Novakovith	M	[Christian]	Calluger	1752-05-27	1752-06-26
91	<i>Arseni Nicolavith</i>	M	[Christian]	Calluger	1752-05-27	1752-06-26
92	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-05-27	1752-06-26
93	Molat Dimo	M	Griech		1752-05-27	1752-06-26
94	Catarina Peterin	F	Raitz	Transmigrantin, Witwe	1752-06-19	1752-07-05
95	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-06-19	1752-07-05
96	Antonj Lazar	M	Griech		1752-06-22	1752-07-12
97	Georgi Lazko	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-05-30
98	Mihal Thimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-05-30
99	Stanko Attanasy	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-05-30
100	Espasso Allimir	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-05-31
101	<i>Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
102	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
103	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
104	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
105	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
106	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-05-31
107	Millotin Stanomirovith	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
108	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
109	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
110	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
111	<i>Verheiratheter Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
112	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
113	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
114	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
115	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
116	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
117	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
118	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
119	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-06
120	Mihail Illiz	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-06-16
121	Millovan Illiz	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-06-16
122	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-06-16
123	Christoph Demitre	M	Griech	Mit 6 Pferden	[no data]	1752-06-19
124	Manuel Georgi	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
125	Dimo Mihailo	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
126	Georgi Paba	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
127	Demitre Georgi	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
128	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
129	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
130	Nicola Philopp	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-19
131	Stanko Anram	M	Bulgar	Kohlenbrener, mit 4 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-19
132	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar		[no data]	1752-06-19
133	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar		[no data]	1752-06-19
134	Stanko Maslar	M	Bulgar	Kohlenbrener, mit 4 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-19
135	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar		[no data]	1752-06-19
136	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar		[no data]	1752-06-19
137	Thoma Poppoviz	M	Raitz		[no data]	1752-06-19
138	Theodor Mihail	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-21
139	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-21
140	Nicola Mirzin	M	[Christian]	Kohlenbrener	[no data]	1752-06-21

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
141	Janco Radosovovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	[no data]	1752-06-22
142	Passy Millotin	M	[Christian]	Callugier	[no data]	1752-06-23
143	<i>Millotin Stephanovich</i>	M	[Christian]	Callugier	[no data]	1752-06-23
144	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-23
145	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1752-06-23
146	Diamandi Thoma	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-23
147	<i>Schwester</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-23
148	Polgar Georgi	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-23
149	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-23
150	Stephan Frevenz	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-23
151	Georgi Matjar Janos	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-23
152	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-23
153	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-23
154	Manuli Hatschi	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-06
155	Mehemet Bassa	M	Türk	Türkh	[no data]	1752-06-06
156	Manases	M	Jude	Türkischer Juden	[no data]	1752-06-06
157	Georgi Dugali	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-24
158	Georgi Jancovich	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-24
159	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-24
160	Manueli Stankovith	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-24
161	Pannajoth Jancovich	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-24
162	Lazko Dellger	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	[no data]	1752-06-24
163	Pannajot Diganit	M	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-24
164	<i>Schwester</i>	F	Griech		[no data]	1752-06-24
165	Rade Gregorovich	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-06-26	1752-06-30
166	<i>Peter Mihai</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-06-26	1752-07-10
167	<i>Weib von Peter Mihai</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-06-26	1752-07-10
168	<i>Kind von Peter Mihai</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-06-26	1752-07-10
169	Constantin Nicola	M	Griech	80. Balle Cordovan 33. Balle Meschin 8. Balle gespon. weiße Baumwoll, und 2 Balle Pferds- Deken	1752-06-30	1752-07-20
170	Radoslav Ignat	M	Raitz	Transmigrant, 6 Täg in Dorf Homoljiza contumazieret	1752-07-02	1752-07-15
171	Theodor Steoivith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-07-03	1752-07-23
172	Ellia Mihailovich/ Mihailovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-07-03	1752-07-23
173	Constantin Demitre	M	Griech		1752-07-05	1752-07-25
174	Demitre Gregorovich	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt, 42 Balle Cordovan 10 Balle Meschin 28. Balle rohe Baum woll 2 Balle Ahba und 36 Balle gelbes Wachß	1752-07-05	1752-07-25
175	Stephan Swetkovith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-07	1752-07-27
176	Haczy Jany	M	Griech	mit 1. Pferdt	1752-07-08	1752-07-28
177	Lanzo Juhaz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-07-08	1752-07-28
178	Georgi Jancovith	M	Griech		1752-07-10	1752-07-30
179	Theodosy Radovith	M	[Christian]	Popp	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
180	<i>Weib von Th. Radovith</i>	F	[Christian]	[clergy family]	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
181	<i>Kind von Radovith</i>	N	[Christian]	[clergy family]	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
182	<i>Kind von Radovith</i>	N	[Christian]	[clergy family]	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
183	<i>Mutter von Th. Radovith</i>	F	[Christian]	[clergy family]	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
184	Wassilia	F	[Christian]	Sclavin	1752-07-10	1752-07-28
185	Janco Mihail	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-14	1752-08-03
186	Georgi Wasso	M	Raitz	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-07-15	1752-08-04
187	Theodor Gumann	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-07-15	1752-08-04
188	Popp Getian	M	[Christian]	Gallugier/Kalloger	1752-07-15	1752-08-04

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
189	Paruch Manases	M	Jude	Spanische Jude	1752-07-17	1752-08-06
190	Samuel Moyses	M	Jude	Spanische Jude	1752-07-17	1752-08-06
191	Recha/Reicha	F	Jude	Judin	1752-07-17	1752-08-06
192	<i>Kind von Recha</i>	N	Jude		1752-07-17	1752-08-06
193	Radolle Allbul/Radule Albul	M	Wallach		1752-07-17	1752-08-06
194	Savata Theodor	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
195	<i>Weib von Savata Theodor</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
196	<i>Sohn von Savata Theodor</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
197	<i>Weib vom Sohn</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
198	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
199	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
200	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
201	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
202	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
203	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
204	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
205	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-21	1752-08-09
206	Comiana	F	Raitz	Transmigrant, Witwe	1752-07-25	1752-08-13
207	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-25	1752-08-13
208	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-25	1752-08-13
209	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-07-25	1752-08-13
210	Nicola Antoni	M	[Christian]	mit 3 Pferd	1752-07-28	1752-08-17
211	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-07-28	1752-08-17
212	<i>Jany Canisa</i>	M	[Christian]		1752-07-28	1752-08-17
213	<i>Apostol Ruschan</i>	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd, 4 Balle allerhandt Waar, 20 Balle Cordovan, 20 Ballle Meschin, 12 Balle Rothiza, 6 Balle gesponnene rotte Baumwollen, 4. Körb mit Zismen, und 4. Säckh mit Allaun	1752-07-28	1752-08-17
214	Dimo Costa	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1752-07-30	1752-08-19
215	<i>Costa Georgi</i>	M	Griech		1752-07-30	1752-08-19
216	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1752-07-30	1752-08-19
217	Ellia Radul	M	Wallach		1752-08-01	1752-08-21
218	Costa Güno	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd & 12 Balle Cordoban	1752-08-01	1752-08-21
219	Ally Bassa	M	Türk	Türckh	1752-08-13	1752-09-02
220	Maxim Jancovith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-08-18	1752-09-07
221	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-08-18	1752-09-07
222	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-08-18	1752-09-07
223	Nicola Schiffkovich	M	Raitz	Kirschner, mit 3 Ballen Lambt- Fehl	1752-08-25	1752-09-11
224	Gotscha Mihail	M	Griech		1752-08-25	1752-09-11
225	<i>Junge/Bub</i>	M	Griech		1752-08-25	1752-09-11
226	<i>Junge/Bub</i>	M	Griech		1752-08-25	1752-09-11
227	Wekielharz Mehemet Aga	M	Türk	Türckh	1752-08-25	1752-09-11
228	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Türk	Türckh	1752-08-25	1752-09-11
229	Mehemet Bassa	M	Türk	Türckh, mit 3. Balle Tobackh und 1. Balle Flachs	1752-08-31	1752-09-20
230	Georgi Nicola	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
231	Georgi Loga	M	Griech	mit 3 Ballen Allaun	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
232	Staist Stoga	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
233	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
234	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
235	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
236	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
237	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
238	Weib des Bruders	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-02	1752-09-22
239	Constantin Theodor	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-09-07	1752-09-27
240	Thoma Jancovith	M	[Christian]		1752-09-07	1752-09-27
241	Stephan Rado	M	Raitz		1752-09-08	1752-09-28
242	Jovan/Ivan Jancovith	M	Raitz		1752-09-12	1752-10-02
243	Joseph Manuelovich /Manulievith	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1752-09-12	1752-10-02
244	ein junger Pop	M	[Christian]	Pop	1752-09-12	1752-10-02
245	ein junger Pop	M	[Christian]	Pop	1752-09-12	1752-10-02
246	ein junger Pop	M	[Christian]	Pop	1752-09-12	1752-10-02
247	Arhimandrit Jerasim	M	[Christian]	Arhimandrit	1752-09-18	1752-08-10
248	Kalloger	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1752-09-18	1752-08-10
249	Kalloger	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1752-09-18	1752-08-10
250	Daniel Thuaffing/ Damie Tauaffing	M	[Christian]	Kalloger/Bob, mit 2 Pferd	1752-09-18	1752-08-10
251	Knecht	M	[Christian]		1752-09-18	1752-08-10
252	Knecht	M	[Christian]		1752-09-18	1752-08-10
253	Dasto Manuli/ Tahto Manuly	M	Griech	mit 4 Balle gesponnene Weiße Baumwollen	1752-09-21	1752-10-11
254	Manuli Demitre/Demitro	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1752-09-22	1752-10-12
255	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-09-22	1752-10-12
256	Annastasy Nicola	M	Griech		1752-09-22	1752-10-12
257	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-09-22	1752-10-12
258	Milosch Bantur	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-25	1752-10-15
259	Weib	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-25	1752-10-15
260	Kind	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-25	1752-10-15
261	Kind	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1752-09-25	1752-10-15
262	Dobriza Bogtanovith	M	Raitz	Kirschner, mit 4 Ballen Lamb-fell	1752-09-26	1752-10-16
263	Demitro Haffir/Saffor	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-09-30	1752-10-20
264	Annestassy Lazko	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd, 8 Ballen allerhandt Waren 6 Ballen gespon. rothe Baumwollen, 6 Ballen Lamb-Fell und 11 Ballen Baumohl in 22 Dullam	1752-09-30	1752-10-20
265	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-09-30	1752-10-20
266	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-09-30	1752-10-20
267	Dinio Jancovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-10-01	1752-10-21
268	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-10-01	1752-10-21
269	Knecht	M	Griech		1752-10-01	1752-10-21
270	Deorge Baungovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-10-01	1752-10-21
271	Costa Cossany	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1752-10-01	1752-10-21
272	Thoma Bobovith/Pobovith	M	[Christian]	Bob/Pob	1752-10-06	1752-10-25
273	Jacum Staphanovith/ Jacun Stephanovith	M	Raitz	Kirschner mit 1 Ballen Lamb-fell	1752-10-17	1752-11-06
274	Milize	F	[Christian]	Weib von hier	1752-10-18	1752-11-07
275	Ivan/Jovan Siffkovith	M	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
276	Weib	F	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
277	Sohn	M	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
278	Weib des Sohnes	F	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
279	Kind	N	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
280	Kind	N	Zinsar	Transmigrant	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
281	Theodor Stankovith	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferd	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
282	Knecht	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
283	Knecht	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
284	Janco Kartiz	M	Zinsar	mit 4 Pferd	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
285	Knecht	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
286	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
287	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
288	Janco Belleckt	M	Zinsar	mit 4 Pferdt	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
289	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
290	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
291	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
292	Costa Danassy	M	Zinsar	mit 4 Pferdt	1752-10-20	1752-11-09
293	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
294	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
295	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Zinsar		1752-10-20	1752-11-09
296	Adam George	M	Zinsar	mit 16 Ballen rohe Baumwoll 12 Ballen Schajack und 14 Ballen allerhandt Wahr	1752-10-25	1752-11-15
297	Peter Jany	M	Griech		1752-10-25	1752-11-15
298	Jovan Weschko	M	[Christian]	Sklave	1752-10-31	1752-11-20
299	Matho Dellditz	M	Albaneuser	mit 2 Pferdt und 8 Ballen Meschin	1752-11-04	1752-11-24
300	Manuly George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-07	1752-11-27
301	Theodor Kiro	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-10	1752-11-30
302	Masslin	M	Bulgar		1752-11-16	1752-12-06
303	<i>Kind</i>	N	Bulgar		1752-11-16	1752-12-06
304	Michael Demitro	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-25	1752-12-15
305	Demitro Manuly	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-25	1752-12-15
306	Wachy George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-25	1752-12-15
307	Hatzi Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-26	1752-12-16
308	Constatnin Theodor	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-26	1752-12-16
309	Anestasy Kiriack	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-26	1752-12-16
310	Baun Bolga	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-11-26	1752-12-16
311	Jany Canisa	M	Griech		1752-11-26	1752-12-16
312	Nicola George	M	Griech		1752-11-26	1752-12-16
313	Thoma Demitro	M	Griech	Kaufmanns Beddiener [Knecht]	1752-11-26	1752-12-16
314	Janatj Theodor	M	Griech		1752-12-04	1752-12-24
315	Theodor Mihal	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	1752-12-04	1752-12-24
316	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	Knecht	1752-12-04	1752-12-24
317	Manuly Thomas	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-12-04	1752-12-24
318	Memeth Bascha	M	Türk		1752-12-05	1752-12-25
319	Ibrahim Bascha	M	Türk		1752-12-05	1752-12-25
320	Janco Risto	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-12-30	1753-01-19
321	Goerg Jany	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-12-30	1753-01-19
322	Constanin George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1752-12-30	1753-01-19
323	Dumitro Buchar	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt nebst 4 Korb Lemoni	1752-12-30	1753-01-19
324	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]	Knecht	1752-12-30	1753-01-19
325	Ignaty Risto	M	Bulgar		1753-01-06	1753-02-17
326	Demitro Thatko	M	Bulgar		1753-01-06	1753-02-17
327	George Constantin	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-01-07	1753-02-17
328	Dimo Schokantar	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-01-07	1753-02-17
329	Alexi Georgovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-01-07	1753-01-31
330	Demitor Niko	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-01-07	1753-02-17
331	George Jankovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt nebst 5 Ballen Rothiza 5 Ballen gesp. weiße Baumwollen, 1 Ballen gemachte Hoßes 2 Ballen Riemwerk 1 Ballen Meschin und 4 Körb mit Zischmen	1753-01-08	1753-02-18
332	Jancko Kurkovith/ Jankovith	M	[Christian]	nebst 2 Ballen Schajack 1 Ballen ahaba 1 Ballen gesp. weiße baumwollen, und 1 Ballen vermischte Waar	1753-01-08	1753-02-18

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
333	Joseph Cahan/Cartan	M	Jude	Judt, nebst 3 Ballen Meschin	1753-01-08	1753-02-18
334	Bablla Niego/ Bable Rigo	M	Griech		1753-01-14	1753-02-28
335	Anestas Philip	M	[Christian]	Kupferschmidt, mit 2 Pferden	1753-01-25	1753-03-04
336	Jerosimo	F	Raitz	von Starzova	1753-01-25	1753-03-06
337	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	von Starzova	1753-01-25	1753-03-06
338	Ansche	F	[Christian]	von Homoliza	1753-01-25	1753-03-06
339	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Homoliza	1753-01-25	1753-03-06
340	Aberham Subotisch	M	Raitz		1753-02-06	1753-03-19
341	Memeth Bascha	M	Türk		1753-02-15	1753-03-28
342	<i>Kind</i>	N	Türk		1753-02-15	1753-03-28
343	Jany George	M	Griech		1753-02-25	1753-04-08
344	Hatzj Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-07	1753-04-17
345	Jovan Adany/Javan Adamy	M	[Christian]	Seifen Sieder	1753-03-13	1753-04-23
346	Constantin Agora/Allexj	M	Griech		1753-03-23	1753-04-23
347	Poba Thoma	M	[Christian]	Pob mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-24	1753-04-23
348	Janco Bullia	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-24	1753-04-23
349	Costa Mallat	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-25	1753-04-23
350	Nicola Theodorowitz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-25	1753-04-23
351	Costa Theodorovitz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-03-30	1753-04-23
352	Mihail Schokatory	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-04-10	1753-04-30
353	George Mischka/Mischko	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd		1753-04-30
354	Dimantj Thoma	M	Griech		1753-04-21	1753-05-11
355	Andreas George	M	Raitz	von Kubin	1753-04-25	1753-05-16
356	Costa Fredo	M	Griech		1753-04-26	1753-05-16
357	Stama	F	Zinsar	Witwe	1753-05-01	1753-05-21
358	Nicola Stan	M	Bulgar		1753-05-11	1753-05-31
359	Simon Plahor	M	Raitz		1753-05-14	1753-06-03
360	Theodor Savith	M	[Christian]	Flösser	1753-05-16	1753-06-05
361	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-05-16	1753-06-05
362	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-05-16	1753-06-05
363	Lubisov/Lubisav Stanovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Jabuka	1753-05-19	1753-06-07
364	Janka Loasovith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
365	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
366	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
367	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
368	<i>Schwiegertochter</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
369	<i>Schwiegertochter</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
370	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
371	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant aus Servien	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
372	Andre(a) Jany	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
373	Jany Glegory	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
374	Demitro Nico	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
375	Demitro Andre	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
376	George Mino	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferd	1753-06-01	1753-06-21
377	Matho Dellitz	M	Albaneuser	nebst 4 Ballen Meschin	1753-06-13	1753-07-03
378	Arseny	M	[Christian]	Pob	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
379	Philotai	M	[Christian]	Pob	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
380	Thoma Demitrovith	M	Wallach	Unterthan aus dem Caransebesser District	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
381	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Wallach	Unterthan aus dem Caransebesser District	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
382	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Wallach	Unterthan aus dem Caransebesser District	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
383	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Wallach	Unterthan aus dem Caransebesser District	1753-06-18	1753-07-08
384	Rosy Mihal	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1753-06-21	1753-07-11

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
385	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
386	Milan Adam	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
387	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
388	Danasy Kolodita	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
389	Constantin Stanko	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
390	Demitro Hatzy	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
391	George Theodor	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
392	Janko Pano/Bano	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
393	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
394	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
395	Theodor Pibata/Pipada	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt, nebst 2 Ballen Astar 1 Ballen gesp. rohte Baumwollen 1 Ballen deto blaue 1 Ballen vermischte War und 3 Ballen Bogasia	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
396	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
397	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
398	Bab/Bobt George	M	[Christian]	Bab, mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-21	1753-07-11
399	Costa Stanko	M	[Christian]		1753-06-21	1753-07-11
400	Ally Bascha	M	Türk	54 Sack mit Schaffwollen	1753-06-23	1753-07-13
401	<i>Cameradt/Knecht</i>	M	Türk		1753-06-23	1753-07-13
402	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Türk		1753-06-23	1753-07-13
403	Jany Canisa	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-25	1753-07-15
404	Kuro Peter	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-06-25	1753-07-15
405	Uckdra Demitro	M	Wallach		1753-07-02	1753-07-22
406	Hatzy Manuly	M	[Christian]		1753-07-03	1753-07-23
407	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-07-03	1753-07-23
408	Demitro Jova	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-07-06	1753-07-26
409	Constantin Nicola	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-07-06	1753-07-26
410	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-07-06	1753-07-26
411	Jovan Ilia	M	[Christian]		1753-07-13	1753-08-02
412	Peter Mano	M	Griech	Junge	1753-07-15	1753-08-04
413	Stephan Schyvan	M	Griech	Junge	1753-07-15	1753-08-04
414	Nasto Guno	M	Griech		1753-07-18	1753-08-07
415	Simon Peter	M	Catholic Christian	ein Catholischer Sclaw	1753-07-20	1753-08-09
416	Manule Achiry	M	Griech	Junge	1753-07-21	1753-08-11
417	Nicola Mihal	M	Griech	Junge	1753-07-21	1753-08-11
418	Thycka	M	[Christian]?	ein Bob und Sclaw	1753-07-26	1753-08-16
419	Allexj Jany	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1753-07-27	1753-08-17
420	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-07-27	1753-08-17
421	Dimo George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-07-27	1753-08-17
422	Peter Nicola	M	Raitz	Raytz von Pegalacz	1753-07-27	1753-07-31
423	Bable Nicola	M	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
424	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
425	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
426	Milotin Jovanovith	M	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
427	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
428	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
429	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Starzova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
430	Thjuko/Thynka Marcowith	M	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
431	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
432	<i>Schwiegermutter</i>	F	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
433	<i>Tochter</i>	F	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
434	<i>Tochter</i>	F	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
435	<i>Tochter</i>	F	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
436	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
437	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
438	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Banczova	1753-07-28	1753-08-18
439	Dimo Schyska	M	Griech	von Homoliza	1753-08-01	1753-08-19
440	<i>Madel</i>	F	Raitz		1753-08-01	1753-08-19
441	Stann Nicola	M	Zigeuner	Bub	1753-08-05	1753-08-25
442	Stojka Illitz	M	Raitz	mit 2 Ballen Lamp. Fell	1753-08-07	1753-08-27
443	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Raitz		1753-08-07	1753-08-27
444	Manuli Thoma	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-08-07	1753-08-27
445	Janos	M	Raitz	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-08-08	1753-08-28
446	Nico Armeny	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-08-08	1753-08-28
447	Demitro Axentj	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferden	1753-08-08	1753-08-28
448	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Griech		1753-08-08	1753-08-28
449	George Hallon	M	Griech		1753-08-12	1753-09-01
450	Slatko Theodor	M	Griech		1753-08-12	1753-09-01
451	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1753-08-12	1753-09-01
452	Jacob/Issac	M	Jude		1753-08-15	1753-09-04
453	Samuel	M	Jude		1753-08-15	1753-09-04
454	Conto Anestas	M	Griech		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
455	Mihal Demitro	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-08-20	1753-09-16
456	Theodor Margaretha	M	Griech		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
457	Manulj Nicola	M	Griech		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
458	<i>Mutter</i>	F	Griech		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
459	Jovan Gihaga	M	Wallach		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
460	Wassilie	M	Wallach		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
461	Alexander	M	Wallach		1753-08-20	1753-09-16
462	Costo Mino	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-01	1753-09-28
463	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1753-09-01	1753-09-28
464	Stojko Logo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-01	1753-09-28
465	Nicola George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-01	1753-09-28
466	Issac Bevinestt/Bevineht	M	Jude	ein Spanischer Judt, mit 1 Väß. Kaliz.-stein 3 Verschläg Toback Pfeiffen Kopff 1 Ballen Haußen Blatter 1 Ballen Teppich gesp. weiße Baumwolen et Pergament	1753-09-06	1753-10-03
467	Radisow Abrim	M	Raitz	Sklave, Junge, von Krozka	1753-09-07	1753-10-04
468	Juro Klavasovith	M	[Christian]	hiessige Donau Müller	1753-09-13	1753-10-10
469	Antonj Wuckovith	M	[Christian]	hiessige Donau Müller	1753-09-13	1753-10-10
470	Antonj Leelia/Ledia	M	[Christian]	hiessige Donau Müller	1753-09-13	1753-10-10
471	Ruscha	F	Raitz	Mädel von Krozka	1753-09-15	1753-10-12
472	Thynka Wuja	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-17	1753-10-14
473	Loga Baunga	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-17	1753-10-14
474	Pob Thoma	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-17	1753-10-14
475	Theodor Risto/Risso	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-09-23	1753-10-20
476	Manulj Atojanovith/ Stojanovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Oppowa	1753-09-25	1753-10-22
477	Ruimb/Ruffims	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1753-09-26	1753-10-23
478	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-09-26	1753-10-23
479	Allexj Georgovith	M	Griech	von hier, nebst 1 Ballen Schejack und 1 Ballen vermischte Waar	1753-09-27	1753-10-24
480	Vota Saffur/Hafsur	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-10-02	1753-10-29
481	Demitro George	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	1753-10-02	1753-10-29
482	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1753-10-02	1753-10-29
483	Peter Zwetkovith	M	Bulgar		1753-10-02	1753-10-29
484	Tascho Imladem	M	Griech	11 Körb Lemonien	1753-10-09	1755-11-04
485	Martin Ballia	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-10-12	1753-11-08

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
486	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
487	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
488	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
489	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
490	Janos Thoma	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
491	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
492	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
493	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
494	Constantin Stephen	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferden	1753-10-12	1753-11-08
495	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
496	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-10-12	1753-11-08
497	Stamolo Adanassy	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-10-15	1753-11-11
498	Nicola Nedelkovith	M	Bulgar	mit 3 Pferdt	1753-10-18	1753-11-14
499	<i>Weib</i>	F	Bulgar		1753-10-18	1753-11-14
500	<i>Kind</i>	N	Bulgar		1753-10-18	1753-11-14
501	<i>Kind</i>	N	Bulgar		1753-10-18	1753-11-14
502	<i>Kind</i>	N	Bulgar		1753-10-18	1753-11-14
503	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar		1753-10-18	1753-11-14
504	Jansche Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-10-21	1753-11-17
505	Dimo Nassly	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferden	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
506	<i>Weib</i>	F	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
507	Demitro Popovich	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
508	Constantin George	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
509	Lambro Dimo/Illmo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
510	Palla/Pulla George	M	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
511	<i>Jung/Knecht</i>	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
512	Beyka/Peika Kyriack	M	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
513	Hazi Toma	M	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
514	Peter Thuda	M	Bulgar		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
515	Adam Vasivitsch/Vasilovitz	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
516	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
517	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
518	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
519	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
520	Constantin Jani	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-01	1753-11-28
521	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
522	Küriak Rista	M	Griech		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
523	Toma Marco	M	Bulgar		1753-11-01	1753-11-28
524	Achmet Bassa	M	Türk	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-08	1753-12-05
525	Janco Dimitro	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1753-11-08	1753-12-05
526	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Zinsar		1753-11-08	1753-12-05
527	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Zinsar		1753-11-08	1753-12-05
528	Georgio Demitro	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-11-13	1753-12-10
529	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-11-13	1753-12-10
530	Rista Costa	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt, 4 Körb mit Lemoni	1753-11-13	1753-12-10
531	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-11-13	1753-12-10
532	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-11-13	1753-12-10
533	Stann Marcovitz	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant, seynd schon d. 6tn Oktober zu Cubin angelangt	1753-10-06	1753-11-17
534	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant, seynd schon d. 6tn Oktober zu Cubin angelangt	1753-10-06	1753-11-17
535	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant, seynd schon d. 6tn Oktober zu Cubin angelangt	1753-10-06	1753-11-17
536	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant, seynd schon d. 6tn Oktober zu Cubin angelangt	1753-10-06	1753-11-17
537	Stephan Marco	M	[Christian]	Lediger Transmigrant	1753-11-19	1753-12-18

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
538	Popp Axenti	M	[Christian]	Kolloger	1753-11-21	1753-12-18
539	<i>Jung</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-11-21	1753-12-18
540	Nicola Rasovitsch	M	[Christian]	von Uipalanca	1753-11-21	[no data]
541	Illitsch Nedelcovitsch	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-21	1753-12-18
542	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-21	1753-12-18
543	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-11-21	1753-12-18
544	Mihail Pekitsch/Pevith	M	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
545	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
546	<i>Mutter</i>	F	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
547	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
548	<i>Weib des Bruders</i>	F	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
549	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von hier	1753-11-26	1753-12-23
550	Nicola Wasilovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
551	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
552	<i>Sohn, verh.</i>	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
553	<i>Schwiegertochter</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
554	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
555	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
556	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
557	Duca Dimo	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
558	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
559	Demitro Mano	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
560	Nicola Philipp	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
561	Andre Bobovith	M	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
562	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
563	Jyona	F	[Christian]	von Homoliza	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
564	<i>Mädel</i>	F	[Christian]	von Homoliza	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
565	George Demo	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
566	Nicla Demitro	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
567	Arseni Petrovitsch	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
568	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
569	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
570	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
571	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
572	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
573	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-01	1753-12-23
574	Mihail Radasovith	M	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
575	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
576	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
577	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
578	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1753-12-01	1753-12-23
579	Popp Jacob	M	[Christian]	Kaluger/Popp	1753-12-06	1753-12-26
580	Demitro Kyrani	M	Griech		1753-12-06	1753-12-26
581	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Griech		1753-12-06	1753-12-26
582	Lazar Giorgitz	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-06	1753-12-26
583	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-06	1753-12-26
584	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-06	1753-12-26
585	Peter Jovanovith/Janovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-11	1754-01-01
586	Jovan Stoyanovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-13	[no data]
587	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-13	[no data]
588	Antoni Mumerovith	M	[Christian]	ein Schneider, und Unterthann v. Kubin	1753-12-16	1753-11-25
589	Janco Glegori	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-17	1754-01-13
590	<i>Jung</i>	M	Griech		1753-12-17	1754-01-13
591	Duca Theodor	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1753-12-17	1754-01-13
592	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Griech		1753-12-17	1754-01-13

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
593	Menachim/Marachim Manasses	M	Griech	mit 18 Baallen süßen Früchte	1753-12-19	1754-01-15
594	Nicola Radovanovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-20	1754-01-16
595	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-20	1754-01-16
596	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-20	1754-01-16
597	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1753-12-20	1754-01-16
598	Lota Mino/Mina	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd, 8 Baallen Meschin, und 2 Baallen Oliven	1753-12-23	1754-01-19
599	Costa Mino/Mina	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-12-25	1754-01-21
600	Alexi Lamra	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-12-25	1754-01-21
601	Niza Yon/Gonn	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1753-12-25	1754-01-21
602	Constantin Theodor	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1754-01-01	1754-01-28
603	Dimo Rali	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1754-01-01	1754-01-28
604	Theodor Cavo	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1754-01-01	1754-01-28
605	Anielat George	M	Griech		1754-01-03	1754-01-30
606	<i>Kind/Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-01-03	1754-01-30
607	Miha Lundur	M	Griech		1754-01-08	1754-02-04
608	Kaun Prokovitch/ Kruja Petkoviz	M	Bulgar	Transmigrant/ein Unterthan von Temesvár	1754-01-20	1754-02-16
609	<i>Kind/Junge</i>	N	Bulgar	Transmigrant/ein Unterthan von Temesvár	1754-01-20	1754-02-16
610	Theodor Radovanovitch	M	Raitz		1754-01-20	1754-02-16
611	Dimo/Dimos Pable	M	Griech	zwey Pferdten	1754-02-02	1754-03-01
612	<i>Jungen</i>	M	Griech		1754-02-02	1754-03-01
613	Nasto George	M	Zinsar		1754-02-07	1754-03-08
614	Marco Radosavovich	M	Raitz	Transmigrant lediger Standts	1754-02-08	1754-03-09
615	Josef Galtivia/Galturan	M	Jude	ein Judt, mit 5,5 Ballen Meschin 1 Ballen Caffé 0,5 Ballen gesponene Rothe baumwollen 0,5 Ballen Toback Pfeiffen Köpf 4,5 Ballen Tobackh	1754-02-15	1754-03-14
616	Stojan Balleviz	M	Bulgar	mit 1 Pferd	1754-02-18	1754-03-06
617	Anna	F	Raitz	Mäd[el]	1754-02-18	1754-03-19
618	Georg Andrae	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
619	Peo Stephanovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
620	George Rako	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
621	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-03-01	1754-03-28
622	Michäel Nico	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
623	Nico Stanckovitz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
624	Anestas	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
625	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-03-01	1754-03-28
626	Krina/Kruia Bable	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
627	Allexy Jovann	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
628	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-03-01	1754-03-28
629	Gewario Netelkovitz	M	Raitz		1754-03-01	1754-03-28
630	Tascho Imladenovitz	M	Griech	20,5 Ballen und 10 was gelbes wachs 22 Ballen Cordovann en Meschin 4 Ballen gespo. Baumwollen 14 Ballen vermischte Waaren, und 8,5 Ballen Baumöhl	1754-03-01	1754-03-28
631	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-03-01	1754-03-28
632	Jancko Millith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-03-02	1754-03-29
633	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-03-02	1754-03-29
634	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-03-02	1754-03-29
635	Petri Melbanovith/ Peter Millonovitz	M	[Christian]	Seralier	1754-03-02	1754-03-29

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
636	Costa Nico	M	Griech	mit Pferd	1754-03-02	1754-03-29
637	Memet Bascha	M	Türk	nebst 10 Fässer und 7 Ballen gelbes Washs besteht in 55 Centner	1754-03-03	1754-03-30
638	Pob Thoma	M	[Christian]	Kalogier	1754-03-09	1754-04-04
639	Thoma George	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-13	1754-04-09
640	Fredo Temitro	M	Zinsar	24 Ballen Baumohl in 48 dulma	1754-03-13	1754-04-09
641	Georg Dimo Sosskoviz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-17	1754-04-13
642	Bannayot Kyro/ Panajot Riro	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-17	1754-04-13
643	Donske Dobak/Danschu Tabak	M	Raitz	Lederer von Stroza/Hroza (Grocka?)	1754-03-17	1754-04-13
644	Hatzi Duka	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-03-21	1754-04-17
645	Simo Siffkovitz/ Sosskovitz	M	Griech		1754-03-21	1754-04-17
646	Jovann Wann	M	Wallach	Lediger Standes	1754-03-27	1754-04-23
647	<i>Bruder</i>	M	Wallach	Lediger Standes	1754-03-27	1754-04-23
648	Niesta Staku	M	Wallach	Lediger Standes	1754-03-27	1754-04-23
649	Zweka Stankovitz	M	Wallach	Lediger Standes	1754-03-27	1754-04-23
650	Aberham Jacob	M	Jude		1754-04-01	1754-04-28
651	Peter Jovanovith	M	Bulgar	Lediger Bursch	1754-04-13	1754-05-12
652	Illiza	F	[Christian]	von hier	1754-04-16	1754-05-15
653	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von hier	1754-04-16	1754-05-15
654	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von hier	1754-04-16	1754-05-15
655	Stanko Flastor/Hasto	M	Raitz	Handellsmann	1754-04-20	1754-05-17
656	Joseph Dentasag	M	Jude	ein Jud von Temesvar	1754-04-21	1754-05-21
657	Michaela/Michaelza Mass	M	[German?]	Mussquetier und Deserdeur, Vasquetzischen Infanterie Regement	1754-04-26	1754-05-23
658	Arsenj Demitro	M	Raitz	Schneider, lediger Bursch	1754-05-01	1754-05-28
659	Passgal Panajot	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-08	1754-06-18
660	<i>Knecht/Sohn</i>	M	Griech		1754-05-08	1754-06-18
661	Stojan Pablovith	M	Bulgar	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-09	1754-06-19
662	Peter Marcovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-15	1754-06-25
663	Nicola Stojanovith	M	Bulgar	Kürschner, lediger Bursch	1754-05-15	1754-06-25
664	Radul Gallada	M	Wallach		1754-05-21	1754-07-01
665	Pob Joseph	M	[Christian]	Kalloger, met 2 Pferd	1754-05-22	1754-07-02
666	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1754-05-22	1754-07-02
667	Mustava Pascha/Knecht	M	Türk		1754-05-22	1754-07-02
668	Saica/Soria/Aria Radmann	M	[Christian]	Colloger, mit 3 Pferd	1754-05-23	1754-07-03
669	<i>Isaie Stojkovith</i>	M	[Christian]	Colloger	1754-05-23	1754-07-03
670	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1754-05-23	1754-07-03
671	Resmann/Cossman Demitro	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-23	1754-07-03
672	Hucze/Waze Mischko	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-23	1754-07-03
673	Janco Costa	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-05-23	1754-07-03
674	Lazar Sterio	M	[Christian]	Junge	[no data]	1754-07-03
675	Nicola Karkkovith/ Ruthovith	M	Griech		1754-06-01	1754-07-12
676	<i>Jung</i>	M	Griech		1754-06-01	1754-07-12
677	Stephan George	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
678	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
679	Nicola Mafradi /Nico Masrati	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
680	Janco George	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
681	Dimo Georgo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
682	Pogtan Pollgar	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-06-01	1754-07-12
683	<i>Jungen</i>	M	Griech		1754-06-01	1754-07-12
684	Constantin Mihal	M	Griech		1754-06-01	1754-07-12
685	Constantin Rado	M	[Christian]	Unterhaner von Semlin , und Schüffleüth	1754-06-04	1754-07-15

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
686	Jovan Racko/Slatka	M	[Christian]	Unterhaner von Semlin , und Schüffleüth	1754-06-04	1754-07-15
687	Nicola Georgevith	M	[Christian]	Unterhaner von Semlin , und Schüffleüth	1754-06-04	1754-07-15
688	Simon/Aman Stojkovith	M	Raitz	Junge	1754-06-04	1754-07-15
689	Hagvas/Haljvas	M	Armenier	Sklave	1754-06-10	1754-07-21
690	Stan Ganco/Janco	M	Griech		1754-06-10	1754-07-21
691	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1754-06-10	1754-07-21
692	Nicolo/Nicola Costa	M	[Christian]	ist den 15 Juli zuruck nacher Bellgrad	1754-06-10	1754-07-15
693	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]	ist den 15 Juli zuruck nacher Bellgrad	1754-06-10	1754-07-21
694	Stojkologa / Stojko Coga	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-06-10	1754-07-21
695	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]	Junge	1754-06-10	1754-07-21
696	Pegto/Peyka Jany	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-06-10	1754-07-21
697	Stojan Juriz/Juriza	M	Raitz	Schneider, Pursch	1754-06-14	1754-07-24
698	Nicola Stojanovith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Kubin	1754-07-01	1754-08-11
699	Ranko Peith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Kubin	1754-07-01	1754-08-11
700	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Kubin	1754-07-01	1754-08-11
701	Josim Stojanovith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-07-19	1754-09-07
702	Nicloa Jeremie	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-07-19	1754-09-07
703	Schijvan Netelkovith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Kubin	1754-07-26	1754-09-19
704	Millia Pogith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Kubin	1754-07-26	1754-09-19
705	Nicola Thosith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-08-04	1754-09-19
706	<i>Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-08-04	1754-09-19
707	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-08-04	1754-09-19
708	<i>Schwiegertochter</i>	F	[Christian]	Unterthan von hier	1754-08-04	1754-09-19
709	Marco Dimovith	M	Griech	1 Ballen vermischte Waar nebst 2 Ballen Baumöhl, in 4 Dullama so baydes in Contraband gezogen worden	1754-08-04	1754-09-19
710	Peter Thoma	M	Wallach		1754-09-01	1754-10-06
711	Theodor Milanovith	M	Bulgar		1754-09-01	1754-10-06
712	Smilana/Smileza	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
713	<i>Schwiegermutter</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
714	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
715	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
716	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
717	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
718	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
719	Ilia Suboth/Sabuth	M	[Christian]	ein Jung von Starzova	1754-09-01	1754-10-06
720	Risto Nico	M	Griech		1754-09-01	1754-10-11
721	Nicola Constantin	M	Griech		1754-09-01	1754-10-11
722	Lota Para/Latta Bara	M	Griech		1754-09-12	1754-10-23
723	Dima Mafradi/Masradi	M	Griech		1754-09-12	1754-10-23
724	George Schiffko /Schischko	M	Griech		1754-09-12	1754-10-23
725	Peter Janj	M	Griech	mit 38 Ballen Cordovan et Meschin, 4 Ballen Rothiza, und 2 Ballen schwarze oder vermischte Waare	1754-09-13	1754-10-24
726	Dima George	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
727	Nicola Mino	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
728	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1754-09-18	1754-10-29
729	George Manscha	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd und 0,5 Ballen Waar	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
730	Pob Mihal	M	[Christian]	Pob	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
731	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1754-09-18	1754-10-29

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
732	George Pable/Paule	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
733	<i>Jung</i>	M	[Christian]	Knecht/Junge	1754-09-18	1754-10-29
734	Mihal Peo/Teo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-19	1754-10-30
735	Janj Ponto/Panda	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-19	1754-10-30
736	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	Knecht	1754-09-19	1754-10-30
737	Demitro Jovan	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1754-09-19	1754-10-04
738	Constantin Theodor	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-19	1754-10-04
739	Radovan Kirsman	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant, mit 1 Pferdt	1754-09-26	1754-11-06
740	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-09-26	1754-11-06
741	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-09-26	1754-11-06
742	<i>Bruder Allexa</i>	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-09-26	1754-11-06
743	<i>Bruder Milovan</i>	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-09-26	1754-11-06
744	Johann/Jany Conti	M	Griech		1754-09-29	1754-11-09
745	Dimo	M	Griech		1754-10-03	1754-11-13
	Stephanivith/Stephanovith					
746	Manuli Jankovith	M	Griech		1754-10-03	1754-11-13
747	Janche Georgovith	M	Griech		1754-10-03	1754-11-13
748	Stoiko Stratanovith	M	Raitz	von Semblin	1754-10-04	1754-11-14
749	Janche Stankovith	M	Raitz	von Semblin	1754-10-04	1754-11-14
750	Peter Triankovith	M	Raitz	von Semblin	1754-10-04	1754-11-14
751	Costa Kassanzi	M	Bosniak	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-10-12	1754-11-22
752	Guman Stann	M	Wallach		1754-10-14	1754-11-24
753	Jovan Stann	M	Wallach		1754-10-14	1754-11-24
754	Nasto Reschan/ Nasta Ruschan	M	Zinsar	mit 2 Pferdt	1754-10-16	1754-11-26
755	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1754-10-16	1754-11-26
756	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1754-10-16	1754-11-26
757	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1754-10-16	1754-11-26
758	Adanasko George	M	Zinsar		1754-10-16	1754-11-26
759	Jovan Petrovith	M	Wallach		[no data]	1754-11-29
760	Elisabetha	F	Raitz	Mäd[el]	1754-10-21	1754-12-01
761	Widak Opradovith/ Obratovith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-10-23	1754-12-02
762	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1754-10-23	1754-12-02
763	Paule Stanul/Stanue	M	Raitz	Lediger Bursch	1754-10-23	1754-12-02
764	Peter Jovan	M	Raitz	Bursch	1754-11-01	1754-12-08
765	Pable Horvat	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-11-06	1754-12-08
766	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-11-06	1754-12-08
767	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1754-11-06	1754-12-08
768	Allexa Georgevith	M	Griech	mit 0,5 Ballen Waar, und 1 Pferd	1754-11-08	1754-12-08
769	Miliza	F	Raitz		1754-11-08	1754-12-08
770	George Lullia	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt, nebst 2 Ballen gesp. weiße Baumwollen, und 7 Ballen deto gefärbte	1754-11-10	1754-12-08
771	<i>Junge</i>	M	Griech		1754-11-10	1754-12-08
772	Martin Pogdan	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
773	Dino Jankovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
774	Kerek Istvan	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
775	<i>Jung</i>	M	Griech	Junge/Knecht	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
776	Angelat Saffir	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
777	<i>Jung</i>	M	Griech	Junge/Knecht	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
778	Nicola Theodor	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
779	Jany Müna	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
780	Jacob Radula	M	Wallach		1754-11-19	1754-12-09
781	Janko Staraina	M	Wallach	Transmigrant	1754-11-19	1754-12-09
782	<i>Weib</i>	F	Wallach	Transmigrant	1754-11-19	1754-12-09

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
783	<i>Kind</i>	N	Wallach	Transmigrant	[no data]	1754-12-09
784	Risto Andrea	M	Arnaut	mit 12 Ballen Aba 1 Ballen gesp. rothe Baumwollen, 1 Ballen Seiden, und 10 Körb mit Lemoni	1754-11-21	1754-12-10
785	Nasto George	M	Zinsar	mit 1 Pferd	1754-11-21	1754-12-10
786	Pable Nicolith	M	Griech		1754-11-26	1754-12-16
787	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	SchüfKnecht/Schüf-mann	1754-11-26	1754-12-16
788	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	SchüfKnecht/Schüf-mann	1754-11-26	1754-12-16
789	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	SchüfKnecht/Schüf-mann	1754-11-26	1754-12-16
790	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech	SchüfKnecht/Schüf-mann	1754-11-26	1754-12-16
791	Schifko Stankovith	M	Raitz		1754-12-01	1754-12-21
792	Mihal Radovanovith	M	Raitz		1754-12-01	1754-12-21
793	Pob Nicodem	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
794	Spiro Panajot Hatzi	M	Griech		1754-12-01	1754-12-21
795	Dimo Mihal	M	Griech	Junge	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
796	George Jancko	M	Griech	Junge	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
797	Dimo Schokter	M	Griech	Junge	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
798	Jany Nicola	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
799	Küriak Adanazko	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-01	1754-12-21
800	Anna	F	Raitz	Mäd[el]	1754-12-09	1754-12-29
801	Oynian/Ognian George	M	Raitz		1754-12-15	1755-01-04
802	Schifko Kanatschak /Kunatschack	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Kubin	1754-12-15	1755-01-04
803	Mihal Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-18	1754-12-24
804	Panajot Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-18	1755-01-07
805	Risto Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-18	1755-01-07
806	Panajot Pullio	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-18	1755-01-07
807	Pable Panajot	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1754-12-18	1755-01-07
808	George Stojan	M	Griech	mit 2 Ballen Waar	1754-12-26	1755-01-14
809	Dimo Theodor	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	1755-01-03	1755-01-23
810	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1755-01-03	1755-01-23
811	Janco Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1755-01-03	1755-01-23
812	Achier Vasierj/ Rassir Waresy	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1755-01-03	1755-01-23
813	Damian Schiffkovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1755-01-06	1755-01-27
814	Anna	F	Raitz	Mäd[el]	1755-01-13	[no data]
815	Thaso Malinovith	M	Griech		1755-01-14	[no data]
816	Mihal Jany	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	1755-01-14	[no data]
817	Thoiko Nedelkovith	M	Griech	nebst 2 Ballen vermischte Waar	1755-01-14	[no data]
818	Lia Alpnei	M	Jude	10 Ballen Reiß, 16 Ballen Wachß und 2 Verschlag Auri Pigmentum	1755-01-24	[no data]
819	Paul Stojanovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1755-01-28	[no data]
820	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1755-01-28	[no data]
821	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1755-01-28	[no data]
822	<i>Bruder Milith</i>	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1755-01-28	[no data]
823	Peter	M	Raitz	alß Slaven herüber echapirt	1755-01-28	[no data]
824	Illia	M	Raitz	alß Slaven herüber echapirt	1755-01-28	[no data]
825	Maria	F	[Christian]	von hier	[no data]	1755-10-05
826	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von hier	[no data]	1755-10-05
827	Demitro Bable	M	Griech		[no data]	1755-10-12
828	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1755-10-12
829	Galiza	F	[Christian]	altes Weib	[no data]	1755-10-12
830	Janko Risto	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferd	[no data]	1755-10-12
831	Nicola Stojan	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferd	[no data]	1755-10-12
832	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1755-10-12
833	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1755-10-12
834	Janko Dimo	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferd	[no data]	1755-10-12

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
835	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1755-10-12
836	Dimo Warsy	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	[no data]	1755-10-12
837	Demittro Jany	M	Griech		1755-10-01	1755-10-21
838	Jella Jefrasina	F	Raitz		1755-10-01	1755-10-21
839	Marok/Maruk Menasses	M	Jude		1755-10-02	1755-10-21
840	George Mantrovith	M	Griech	mit 2 Pfert	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
841	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
842	Stojan Jovanovith	M	Zinsar	mit 4 Pferdt	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
843	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
844	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
845	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
846	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
847	Mihal Risto	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
848	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
849	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
850	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
851	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
852	Rusche Nicolith	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
853	Weib	F	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
854	George Miho	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
855	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
856	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
857	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
858	Demittro Costa	M	Zinsar	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-10-03	1755-10-23
859	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-03	1755-10-23
860	Janko Wojo/Woja	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-04	1755-10-24
861	George Pankkovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-04	1755-10-24
862	Stanko Petrovith	M	[Christian]	Sklave	1755-10-04	1755-10-24
863	George Theodor	M	Griech		1755-10-04	[no data]
864	George Petrovith	M	Bulgar		1755-10-05	[no data]
865	Hatzi Panajot George	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	[no data]	1755-10-27
866	Constantin George	M	Griech		1755-10-07	1755-10-27
867	Mustaffa Bascha	M	Türk		1755-10-07	1755-10-27
868	Mustaffa Bascha	M	Türk		1755-10-07	1755-10-27
869	Nicola Sifkovith	M	Raitz		1755-10-14	1755-11-03
870	Banajot	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-14	1755-11-03
871	Janko Schische	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-14	1755-11-03
872	Bable Anjelko	M	Griech		1755-10-14	1755-11-03
873	Theodor Risso	M	Griech	und 20 Ballen Baumöhl in 40 Dullama	1755-10-15	1755-11-04
874	Constantin Stophan/Stephan	M	Griech	mit 3/4 Pferdt	1755-10-18	1755-11-07
875	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1755-10-18	1755-11-07
876	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1755-10-18	1755-11-07
877	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1755-10-18	1755-11-07
878	Ivan Delith / Jovan Bellith	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
879	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
880	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
881	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
882	Juro Jankovith	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
883	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
884	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
885	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
886	Janko Costith	M	Zinsar	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
887	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
888	Theodor Arges/Argos	M	Zinsar	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
889	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
890	Simo Kallavary	M	Zinsar	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
891	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
892	Mihal Fredo	M	Zinsar	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-10-24	1755-11-13
893	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
894	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-10-24	1755-11-13
895	Soga	F	Zinsar		1755-10-25	1755-11-14
896	Soga	F	Zinsar		1755-10-25	1755-11-14
897	Gela/Jella	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1755-10-28	1755-11-17
898	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1755-10-28	1755-11-17
899	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1755-10-28	1755-11-17
900	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1755-10-28	1755-11-17
901	Mando Dimo	M	Griech	mit 30 Ballen Peltzwerckh,	1755-11-01	1755-11-21
902	Pob Mihal	M	[Christian]	Kalloger	1755-11-04	1755-11-24
903	Demittro Jovan	M	Zinsar	mit 3 Pferdt	1755-11-04	1755-11-24
904	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-11-04	1755-11-24
905	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-11-04	1755-11-24
906	<i>Bub</i>	M	Zinsar		1755-11-04	1755-11-24
907	Nicola George	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-11-14	1755-12-24
908	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-11-14	1755-12-24
909	Jovan Fatie/Fetic	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-11-14	1755-12-24
910	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-11-14	1755-12-24
911	Georgo Kotschan	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-14	1755-12-24
912	Nicola Dimo	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-14	1755-12-24
913	Savko Bellin	M	Raitz	Arestant von Gaya	1755-11-16	1755-12-26
914	Emir Agmet	M	Türk		1755-11-22	1755-12-26
915	Peter Thomasovith/ Thomeskovith	M	Bosniak	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-24	1755-12-26
916	Georgo Janos/ Maxim George	M	Bosniak	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-24	1755-12-26
917	Vesir/Visir Bascha	M	Türk		1755-11-24	1755-12-26
918	Constantin Theodor	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
919	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]	Bub	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
920	Nicola Philipovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
921	Nicola Lazar	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
922	Peter Nicola	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
923	George Dimo	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
924	Georgo Zervinko/Zervenka	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
925	Adanasko Czonda/Czontar	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
926	Adanassi Opolinda/Popolunda	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
927	Theodor Nico	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-11-28	1755-12-26
928	<i>Sohn</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-11-28	1755-12-26
929	Apker Thercesy/ Aper Theresy	M	Armenier		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
930	Arokil Malazan	M	Armenier		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
931	Sarav Isael	M	Armenier		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
932	Sarav Minas	M	Armenier		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
933	Johanes Serkis	M	Armenier		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
934	Adanesko Jankovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-01	1755-12-26
935	Banajot Wujo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-01	1755-12-26
936	Hatzj Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-01	1755-12-26
937	Stephan Nicolith	M	Raitz		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
938	Glegorj Jankovith	M	Raitz		1755-12-01	1755-12-26
939	Stan Daftrovith/Dreftovith	M	Raitz-Bulgar		1755-12-03	1755-12-26
940	Stan George	M	Raitz-Bulgar		1755-12-03	1755-12-26
941	Stamo Stojanovith/Stanovith	M	Raitz-Bulgar		1755-12-03	1755-12-26
942	Lazar Nicolith	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-12-03	1755-12-26
943	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1755-12-03	1755-12-26
944	Risto Adam	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-03	1755-12-26

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
945	Roco Theodor/ Theodorovith	M	[Christian]	Wittib	1755-12-09	1755-12-29
946	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1755-12-09	1755-12-29
947	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		[no data]	1755-12-29
948	Josim Netelko	M	[Christian]	Arestant	1755-12-09	1755-12-29
949	Jovan Radozablovith	M	[Christian]	Arestant von Deliblato	1755-12-16	1756-01-05
950	Constantin George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-17	1756-01-06
951	Theodor Mihal	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-12-17	1756-01-06
952	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-12-17	1756-01-06
953	Jany/Jovan Constantin	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	[no data]	1756-01-06
954	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-12-17	1756-01-06
955	Costo Lazar	M	[Christian]	mit 2 Pferdt	1755-12-17	1756-01-06
956	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1755-12-17	1756-01-06
957	Theodor George	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-17	1756-01-06
958	Janko Demittro	M	Bulgar		1755-12-20	1756-01-09
959	Bable Jovan	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1755-12-20	1756-01-09
960	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Griech		1755-12-20	1756-01-09
961	George Dimo	M	Griech		1755-12-20	1756-01-09
962	Mustava Bascha	M	Türk	mit 3 Säckh Cave und 1 Ballen Iegber/Ingber	1755-12-23	1756-01-12
963	<i>Mustava Bascha</i>	M	Türk	[partner of Mustava Bascha]	1755-12-23	1756-01-12
964	Isuff Babutschy/ Pabutschia	M	Türk		1755-12-25	1756-01-14
965	Budinka	F	Raitz	Mädel	1755-12-29	1756-01-18
966	Allj Bascha	M	Türk	mit 6 Ballen Ziweben oder 12 Schachteln	1756-01-01	1756-01-21
967	Janke Nico	M	Bulgar		1756-01-01	1756-01-21
968	Nicola Dima	M	Bulgar		1756-01-01	1756-01-21
969	Costa George	M	Bulgar		1756-01-01	1756-01-21
970	Ruschiza	F	Raitz	altes Weib	1756-01-08	1756-01-29
971	Dima Tiffkovith	M	Griech		1756-01-13	[no data]
972	Beisin Bascha	M	Türk		1756-01-13	[no data]
973	Jelisea Archemandrit	M	[Christian]	Archemandrit, mit 2 Pferdt	1756-01-16	1756-02-05
974	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1756-01-16	1756-02-05
975	Thimiothea	M	[Christian]	Kalloger, mit 2 Pferdt	1756-01-16	1756-02-05
976	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1756-01-16	1756-02-05
977	Ralj/Rollj Trantavi	M	Griech	mit 2 Pfert	1756-01-16	1756-02-05
978	<i>Kuro Raly/Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-01-16	1756-02-05
979	Hatzi Stanko /Stavro	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-01-16	1756-02-05
980	Janko Stanko	M	Bulgar	lediger Bursch	1756-01-16	1756-02-05
981	Millatin Damian	M	[Christian]	Pob/Diak	1756-01-23	1756-02-11
982	George Mihatovith	M	[Christian]	Zischmenmacher	1756-01-24	1756-02-13
983	Jany Malinj	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-01-26	1756-02-15
984	Jany Mino	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-01-26	1756-02-15
985	Meschko Mano	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-01-26	1756-02-15
986	Nico Georg	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-01-27	1`756-02-16
987	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-01-27	1`756-02-16
988	Janco Gregory	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-02-01	1756-02-21
989	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1756-02-21
990	Maria	F	[Christian]	von hier	1756-02-07	1756-02-27
991	<i>Mädel</i>	F	[Christian]	von hier	1756-02-07	1756-02-27
992	Perko Bellin	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Starzova	1756-02-07	1756-02-27
993	Schifko Rakitschiz /Rakjith	M	[Christian]	Unterthan von Starzova	1756-02-07	1756-02-27
994	Memet-Basccha	M	Türk	mit 1 Ballen Meschin	1756-02-10	1756-03-01
995	Venia	F	Raitz		1756-02-11	1756-03-03
996	George Banko	M	Raitz-Griech		1756-02-12	1756-03-04

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
997	Jany Mathy	M	Raitz		1756-02-12	1756-03-04
998	George Bullia	M	Griech		1756-02-13	1756-03-05
999	Netelko Jovanovith	M	Raitz		1756-02-13	1756-03-05
1000	Lanza Juhaz	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-02-16	1756-03-07
1001	Matho Dellith	M	Albaneuser	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-02-16	1756-03-07
1002	Marco Mirkovith	M	[Christian]	von Prestovaz	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1003	<i>Mutter</i>	F	[Christian]	von Prestovaz	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1004	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Prestovaz	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1005	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	von Prestovaz	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1006	Tascko/Tascho Imlatinovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1007	Schifko Stamatovith	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1008	Ibrahim Bascha	M	Türk		1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1009	Hassam Bascha	M	Türk		1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1010	Ahmet Bascha	M	Türk		1756-02-19	1756-03-09
1011	George Radasol/Radasan	M	Bulgar		1756-02-20	1756-03-11
1012	Nicola Betko/Petka	M	Bulgar		1756-02-20	1756-03-11
1013	Mihal Adanassj	M	Bulgar-Griech		1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1014	Stama Mafratj	M	Bulgar-Griech		1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1015	Jovan Varasch/Warosch	M	Raitz	von Homoliza	1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1016	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	von Homoliza	1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1017	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	von Homoliza	1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1018	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	von Homoliza	1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1019	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	von Homoliza	1756-02-23	1756-03-14
1020	Illie Anjeli	M	Wallach		1756-02-26	1756-03-17
1021	Hatzi Hassam Bascha	M	Türk	mit 1 Ballen Haußen blattern	1756-03-04	1756-03-24
1022	Risto Jovanovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Delliplath	1756-03-04	1756-03-24
1023	Nico/Nicola Mihal	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-03-05	1756-03-25
1024	Dimo George	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-03-05	1756-03-25
1025	Schivan Ukrinovith	M	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1756-03-06	1756-03-26
1026	<i>Weib Milinka</i>	F	[Christian]	ein Unterthan von Starzova	1756-03-06	1756-03-26
1027	Dimo Schokotar/ Schokantar	M	Griech	mit 2 Pferdt [Consul]	1756-03-09	1756-03-29
1028	<i>Sohn</i>	M	Griech		1756-03-09	1756-03-29
1029	George Tascho	M	Bulgar		1756-03-09	1756-03-29
1030	Marco George	M	Raitz		1756-03-11	1756-03-31
1031	Jovan Doberasavovith/Dabrasavotith	M	Raitz		1756-03-11	1756-03-31
1032	Peter Stojko	M	Bulgar	Seyfen Sieder	1756-03-24	1756-04-13
1033	Simon Radolovith	M	Wallach	Balbierer	1756-04-01	[no data]
1034	Dimitro Manno	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-04-01	1756-04-20
1035	Dimo/Dinka Küriassy	M	Griech	17 Säckh mit Allaun	1756-04-01	1756-04-20
1036	George Mino	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-04-03	1756-04-26
1037	Theodor Dimantj	M	[Christian]	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-04-03	1756-04-26
1038	<i>Knecht</i>	M	[Christian]		1756-04-03	1756-04-26
1039	George Marin	M	Griech		1756-04-04	1756-04-24
1040	Constantin George	M	Griech		1756-04-04	1756-04-24
1041	Jovan Mitrovith/Mitro	M	Raitz		1756-04-06	1756-04-26
1042	Jany Naotcha/Nasko	M	Wallach	Türkischer Sklave	1756-04-07	1756-04-27
1043	George Jovan	M	Raitz-Bulgar	lediger Bursch	1756-04-07	1756-04-27
1044	Hadgy Duca	M	Griech	20 Ballen Meschin	1756-04-14	1756-05-04
1045	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-04-14	1756-05-04
1046	George Küro	M	Griech		1756-04-14	1756-05-04
1047	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-04-14	1756-05-04
1048	George Lago	M	Griech	7 Ballen d.o und mit 1 Pferdt	1756-04-14	1756-05-04
1049	Allia Bascha	M	Türk		1756-04-17	1756-05-07
1050	Mahemet Bascha	M	Türk		1756-04-17	1756-05-07
1051	Georgia	F	Raitz	Mädel	1756-04-23	1756-05-13

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
1052	Panigot Dimittre/ Banajot Demittro	M	Griech	78 Ballen gelbes Wachs	1756-04-27	1756-05-18
1053	<i>Damiany Risiz/Risniz</i>	M	Griech	127 Säckh gelbes Wachs	1756-04-27	1756-05-18
1054	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-04-27	1756-05-18
1055	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Griech		1756-04-27	1756-05-18
1056	Joseph Abraham	M	Jude	mit 15 Säckh Allaun 1 Ballen Asstar 2 Körb mit Tabackh- Pfeiffen 3 Säckh mit Dürezwespen und 1 Werschlaag mit Sayffen	1756-04-27	1756-05-18
1057	Duca Theodor	M	Griech		1756-04-29	1756-05-19
1058	Jovan Dopith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-04-29	1756-05-19
1059	Illie Petr	M	Griech		1756-04-29	1756-05-19
1060	Constantin Vuth/Naith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-05-01	1756-05-21
1061	Innocenty Petrovith	M	[Christian]	Pop/Calluger, mit 1 Pferdt	1756-05-05	1756-05-22
1062	George Jovan	M	Raitz		1756-05-06	[no data]
1063	Spaso Nicola	M	Raitz		1756-05-06	[no data]
1064	Jovan Wuith/Wurth	M	Raitz		1756-05-13	1756-06-02
1065	Daniel Müller	M	[German?]	Deserteur vom Waldekischen Regiment Müller	1756-05-15	1756-06-04
1066	Damian Schiffkovith	M	Raitz		1756-05-17	1756-06-06
1067	Radul Jovanovith	M	Wallach		1756-05-18	1756-06-07
1068	Stanko Radolovith	M	Wallach		1756-05-18	1756-06-07
1069	Stojan Crojan/Kroja	M	Raitz		1756-05-19	1756-06-08
1070	George Radosavovith	M	Raitz	Transmigrant	1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1071	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1072	<i>Kind</i>	N	Raitz	Transmigrant	1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1073	Nicola Jovanovith	M	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1074	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1075	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1076	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1077	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1078	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1079	Jovan Opre	M	Wallach		1756-05-20	1756-06-09
1080	George Dimo	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-05-24	1756-06-14
1081	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1756-06-14
1082	<i>Bub</i>	M	[Christian]		[no data]	1756-06-14
1083	Mihal Radoj	M	Raitz		1756-05-25	1756-06-15
1084	Jovan Stojan	M	Raitz		1756-06-01	1756-06-21
1085	Jany Gany	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-06-01	1756-06-21
1086	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		[no data]	1756-06-21
1087	George Dimo	M	Griech	mit 3 Pferdt	1756-06-01	1756-06-21
1088	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1756-06-01	1756-06-21
1089	<i>Bub</i>	M	Griech		1756-06-01	1756-06-21
1090	Miliza/Meliza	F	Raitz		1756-06-02	1756-06-22
1091	Lepova	F	Raitz		1756-06-02	1756-06-22
1092	Mihal Kosta	M	Griech	Bub	1756-06-03	1756-06-23
1093	Loth Dimanty	M	Griech	Bub	1756-06-03	1756-06-23
1094	Joseph Jankovith	M	[Christian]	Diak	1756-06-03	1756-06-23
1095	Margarith/Margeritha	F	Raitz	alt	1756-06-07	1756-06-26
1096	Jansche Jankovith	M	Bulgar	Transmigrant	1756-06-14	1756-07-04
1097	<i>Weib</i>	F	Bulgar	Transmigrant	1756-06-14	1756-07-04
1098	<i>Knecht</i>	M	Bulgar	Transmigrant	1756-06-14	1756-07-04
1099	Jansche Kürkovith	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt nebst 1 Ballen gefärbte Schaaffwool und 1 Ballen ohngeschlagene Baumwol	1756-06-14	1756-07-04
1100	Johanes Theodossj	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-06-14	1756-07-04

No.	Name	Sex	Ethnic/ religious /regional identity	Additional info	Entered on (yyyy-mm-dd)	Exited on (yyyy-mm-dd)
1101	Matha Bergith/ Matho Bargith	M	Raitz-Griech		1756-06-15	1756-07-05
1102	Illie Jankovith	M	Raitz-Griech		1756-06-15	1756-07-05
1103	Netelko Stojanovith	M	Raitz-Griech		1756-06-15	1756-07-05
1104	George Stamato	M	Raitz-Griech		1756-06-15	1756-07-05
1105	Jovan Alexander	M	Griech		1756-06-21	1756-07-11
1106	Constantin Peter	M	Wallach		1756-06-21	1756-07-11
1107	Demittro Stanko	M	Wallach		1756-06-21	1756-07-11
1108	Costa Manuly	M	Raitz		[no data]	1756-07-14
1109	Adanassj Küriak	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-06-27	1756-07-17
1110	Banajot Bable	M	Griech	mit 1 Pferdt	1756-06-27	1756-07-17
1111	Juro Demitro	M	Raitz		1756-07-02	[no data]
1112	Illie Jovan	M	Raitz		1756-07-02	[no data]
1113	Thomas Midiz	M	Hungar		1756-07-02	[no data]
1114	Nicola Philip	M	Raitz	Transmigrant, mit 1 Pferdt	1756-07-15	[no data]
1115	<i>Weib</i>	F	Raitz	Transmigrant	1756-07-15	[no data]
1116	Jovan Prada	M	Raitz		1756-07-15	[no data]
1117	Radosav Thomasovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1118	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1119	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1120	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1121	<i>Kind</i>	N	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1122	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1123	<i>Bruder</i>	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1124	Peter Wojovith	M	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1125	<i>Weib</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1126	<i>Mutter</i>	F	[Christian]	Transmigrant	1756-07-18	[no data]
1127	Daspar Auman	M	[German?]	Desserteur von Baaden Baadischen Infanterie Regiment	1756-07-24	[no data]

5.4. Migrants with Horses and/or Servants.

Table A.5. Gender and Occupation of Pančevo Migrants 1752-1756

Profession or status of migrants	Female		Male		No gender ⁷³³		Total
	no.	%	no.	%	no.	%	
Migrants defined through work (occupation, service) ⁷³⁴	2	1%	298	99%	2	1%	302
Migrants not defined through work, with horses and/or servants ⁷³⁵	0	0%	256	100%	0	0%	256
Migrants not defined through work, without horses and/or servants ⁷³⁶	111	20%	336	59%	119	21%	566
Grand Total⁷³⁷	113	10%	890	79%	121	11%	1,124

In addition to people defined by their work (merchants, artisans, clergy, servants, deserters) 305, a difference could be made between people who entered the quarantine station with horses and servants (256) and all other migrants (566). Merchants and artisans had servants and horses, while non-through-work defined migrants did not. The analysis of gender and ethnic or regional names suggests that the migrants not defined through work, but with servants or/and horses were business migrants. Migrants with horses and/or servants were sex-exclusive, similar to the migrants defined through work and different from other migrants not defined by work. Military deserters are excluded from the calculation, because their (former) occupation was gender-specific. All other migrants were divided into three groups: through-work-defined migrants (302); people with servants and horses (256); and all other migrants (566). While people defined through work were almost all male (298 of 302, with two

⁷³³ Children.

⁷³⁴ The migrants defined through profession or service: artisans, clergy, family-clergy, merchants, servants (one migrant defined alternatively as merchant and servant is counted as servant).

⁷³⁵ The migrants not defined through work, but with horses and servants. One migrants, Espasso Allimir entered with his son and five servants on 31 May 1752.

⁷³⁶ The migrants not defined through their work, with no horses or servants: family members of migrants not defined through occupation or service and their families, immigrants, slaves, arrestees, women with unspecified occupation or service.

⁷³⁷ Military deserters are not counted because their profession was gender and family exclusive.

women and two children of unspecified gender), among all other migrants, with military deserters and people with servants and horses excluded, the distribution of gender was different, 336 or 59% males, 111 or 20% females and 119 or 21% of children of unspecified gender. People with horses and servants were all males, traveling without women or children. This similarity with through-work-defined migrants would suggest that they were also business migrants.

I compared the ethnic/regional labels for migrants with horses and servants with non-business and business migrants, to determine the participation of local ethnic labels (Serbs, Romanians) and local Habsburg and Ottoman subjects, on the one hand, and the participation of non-local ethnic labels (Armenians, Aromanians, Greeks, Bulgarians, Albanese, Arnaut). The remaining ethnic/regional religious labels counted as others because they could be both locals and non-locals. (Turks, Jews, Hungarians, Gypsies, "Bosniak," Germans, Hungarians, Christians with no ethnic/regional identity). Eleven migrants with multiple ethnic identities were excluded, to simplify ethnic labels. One clerical family is counted as clergy. One migrant defined at the entrance as a merchant and at the exit as a servant is counted as a servant. I wanted to see whether the ethnic or regional labels of people not defined through work, but with horses and/or servants more nearly matched those of the migrants defined through work, or the migrants not defined through work without horses and/or servants. The similarity with the former would further support their classification as business migrants.

Table A.6. Ethnic and Regional Names and Occupations of Pančevo Migrants

1752-1756

Profession or status of migrants	Ethnic or regional names ⁷³⁸						Total
	Local ⁷³⁹		Non-local ⁷⁴⁰		Other ⁷⁴¹		
	no.	%	no.	%	no.	%	
Migrants defined through work (occupation, service) ⁷⁴²	26	9%	149	49%	130	43%	305
Migrants not defined through work, with horses and/or servants ⁷⁴³	4	2%	174	68%	78	30%	256
Migrants not defined through work, without horses and/or servants ⁷⁴⁴	242	44%	134	24%	179	32%	555
Grand Total	272	24%	457	41%	387	35%	1,116

The results are the following: among the migrants defined through work, non-local ethnicities made up the biggest group, 149 or 49%, while locals made up only twenty-six or 9% of these migrants. Among the migrants not defined through work, without horses and servants, however, locals made up the biggest group, 242 or 44%, while the non-locals numbered 134 or 24%. People not defined through work explicitly but with horses and servants, appeared to be much more similar to migrants defined through work, with 174 or 68% belonging to non-locals, while only four or 2% to locals. Long-distance migrants seem to prevail in this group, as with business

⁷³⁸ Eleven multiple identities are excluded: two Bulgarian/Greeks, four Serbs/Bulgarians, and five Serbs/Greeks.

⁷³⁹ Local ethnicities: Serbian, Wallachian, local Habsburg subjects, "from Belgrade."

⁷⁴⁰ Non-local ethnicities (Greeks, Aromanians (Zinzars), Armenians, Bulgarians, "Albaneuse," "Arnaut," "from Sarajevo."

⁷⁴¹ Other: "Bosniak," Gypsies, Germans, Hungarians, Jews, "Turks," Christians with no ethnic identity.

⁷⁴² The migrants defined through profession or service: artisans, clergy, family-clergy, military deserters, merchants, servants (one migrant defined alternatively as merchant and servant is counted in servant).

⁷⁴³ The migrants not defined through work, but with horses and servants. One migrants, Espasso Allimir entered with his son and five servants on 31 May 1752.

⁷⁴⁴ The migrants not defined through their work, with no horses or servants: family members of migrants not defined through occupation or service, immigrants, slaves, arrestees, women with unspecified occupation or service.

migrants. This further increases the plausibility of their classification as business migrants.

6.1. Seasonality in the Pančevo Station, 1752-1756.

Table A.7. Number of migrants in Pančevo 1752-1756 (only entries) and estimated monthly averages

Month	1752	1753	1754	1755	1756	Average per month
January	no data	15	9	16	22	16
February	small sample	4	7	no data	32	14
March	27	8	32	no data	12	20
April	no data	4	8	no data	27	13
May	small sample	7	16	no data	22	15
June	8	41	23	no data	25	24
July	47	34	7	no data	17	26
August	13	23	5	no data	no data	14
September	37	18	35	no data	no data	30
October	32	29	18	63	no data	36
November	15	41	26	28	no data	28
December	11	52	18	35	no data	29
	205	276	204	142	157	264

6.2. Weekdays Entries

Of 984 known entries, most migrants entered on Thursday and Friday (19% and 21%), and the fewest on Wednesday and Sunday (9% and 10%). Other weekdays were close to average (around 14%). Of the different groups, people with horses/servants and servants favored entry on Friday. Most Muslims entered on Tuesday (eight) and Thursday (ten) out of a pool of thirty-one. In the small pool of fifteen Jews, most entered on Monday (six), while no Jews entered on Saturday. Other than concluding that the station was open all weekdays, including on Sunday, I cannot draw further conclusions.

6.3. Changes in Quarantine Duration in Pančevo, 1752-1756

Table A.8. Changes in Quarantine Duration in Pančevo 1752-1756

The first day of the new regime	Quarantine length	Regime duration in days
4 February 1752	42	143
26 June 1752	21	190
30 December 1752/6 January 1753* ⁷⁴⁵	42	111
23 April 1753	21	117
16/20 August 1753*	28	260
2/8 May 1754*	42	217
8 December 1754	21	333
6 November 1755	42	50
26 December 1755	21	185
28 June 1756	42	29
27 July 1756	closed	

6.4. Ethnic and Religious Identities in Pančevo Quarantine Tables, 1752-1756;

Ethnicities and Occupations.

No Muslim women were registered in Pančevo. All Muslim travelers were men, except one child who traveled with an adult man. Of thirty adult males, three were labeled as servants, nine were merchants, and two were probably also business people (people with horses/servants). For most of the Muslim migrants (seventeen) the

⁷⁴⁵ For three changes, marked with the sign “*,” in December 1752/January 1753, August 1753 and May 1754, all increases in quarantine length, the exact dates of introduction are not known. It is, however, possible to narrow down the dates of changes to five to eight days. The new longer regime applied only to people entering the quarantine after the increase, while those already in were allowed to exit according to their original shorter quarantine duration. I used a date in the middle of these ranges for calculating duration of individual quarantine regimes (2 January 1753, 18 August 1753, 5 May 1754). I ignored the change that applied only to persons who entered between 1 and 11 December 1753. They were allowed to exit after three weeks. Since Microsoft Excel does not recognize the dates before 1 January 1900, for all analyses involving dates, I used the years 1944-1948, with the days of the week distributed identically as in 1752-1756. The regime in Mehadia was generally similar, with three exceptions, introduced with the order of the Sanitary Court Deputation from 30 July 1754 that migrants should first pass fourteen days in a *Vor-Contumaz* before entering Mehadia (SHD to TLA, Vienna, 30 July 1754, 1754 Julius 10, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Bücher 2). In July-November 1754, and in July 1756 the migrants in Mehadia were subjected to longer quarantines of fifty-five days in Mehadia. The pestilent regime in Mehadia was in force January-March 1756, with fifty-five days of quarantine. In Pančevo the regime was healthy. (Sutterlütü 2016, 41)

occupation was not specified or could not be deduced from other data. Fifteen of them traveled alone. They were probably also business travelers, separated from their goods because people and goods were subjected often to different quarantine regimes. A complete replacement of ethnic identities with religious identity reflected the predominant importance of religion in the membership regime of the Ottoman Empire, and the Muslim identity in particular. Ottoman Jews did not profit from the 1718 free travel and commercial privileges so much as did the Ottoman Orthodox subjects. One Jewish woman in the Pančevo tables traveled with a child. Other Jewish migrants were males traveling alone.

The survey of Greek merchants in provincial Hungary in 1754-1755 (without the Banat, Military Border, Croatia, Slavonia, and Transylvania) registered 1,318 individuals, with 1049 or 79.5% living on the left side of Danube to which commercial routes from Banat led. Most were from Macedonia, Epirus and Thessaly (the Greeks in Vienna registered in 1766 had similar origins). A large part, sometimes third or half, were Aromanians.⁷⁴⁶

The most important Aromanian settlements in the eighteenth century were Kleisoura (Arom. Clisura), Siatista (Arom. Şatista), and particularly Voskopojë (Arom. Muscopole, Voskopol'a) in what is now Albania.⁷⁴⁷ Substantial numbers of

⁷⁴⁶ Stoianovich, "The Conquering Balkan Orthodox Merchant:" 245-47, 277-79, 290-91, 304; Bur, "Handelsgesellschaften," 269-90; Katsiardi-Hering, "Migrationen:" 133; Faroqi, "The Ottoman Empire Confronting the Christian World," 95, 106; Zelepos, "Griechische Händler und Fanarioten," 615-16; Sundhaussen, "Südosteuropa," 292, 298-300; Katsiardi-Hering, "Grenz-, Staats- und Gemeindegrenskriptionen," 236, 238-44. In early nineteenth century, Greeks from Macedonia, called Neugriecher (Macedonier), were wholesalers and petty traders. They did not live permanently on the Military Border. Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 1: 204; Jowitsch, *Ethnographisches Gemählde*, 55-56, 59-62.

⁷⁴⁷ In its heyday in the 1750s and the 1760s, it had a school, an academy, a printing shop and supposedly 12,000 houses, before being destroyed by Muslim Albanians in 1769 and in 1788 for alleged conspiracy with Russians during Russian-Ottoman wars. Other settlements were destroyed at the same time, setting off a wave of tens of thousands of refugees, partly to central and north

Habsburg “Greeks” (in some communities a third or a half) were Aromanians. Some “Arnauts” and “Albanesen” were Aromanians too. Aromanian merchants sometimes adjusted their names to local practices in the Habsburg Monarchy (Magyarized in central and northern Hungary, Serbianized in southern Hungary), gradually assimilating into local Greek or Serbian Orthodox majorities. Aromanian artisans were known in Habsburg border provinces as good bricklayers, stonemasons, stone layers, tinsmiths and silversmiths, coming in spring and returning home at the end of autumn. Aromanian peddlers supplied villages with necessary merchandise. They were never agricultural workers.⁷⁴⁸ Of the seventy-nine Aromanians in Pančevo, sixty-two traveled for work, forty-two of them as servants. Most traveled in groups. Only seven traveled as individuals.

The term “Valachs/Wallachians” was in wider use by local administration in military and civil Croatia and Slavonia, as well as in Ottoman Bosnia, to denote Orthodox Serbs. In 1763, for example, the Ottoman Pasha of Bosnia requested that the Habsburg prison release two Ottoman “Wallachen,” Sava Revich and Luca Radakovich, who were there for border transgression.⁷⁴⁹ The term was originally used in the early Middle Ages for pre-Slavic inhabitants of the Balkans who spoke Romance dialects. In High and Late Middle Ages the term was used primarily for social status, denoting the inhabitants of the interior engaged primarily in animal

Macedonia, and to the Danube principalities under Ottoman control, partly to the Habsburg Monarchy, joining Orthodox townspeople in the Hungarian Kingdom.

⁷⁴⁸ Taube, *Historische und geographische Beschreibung*, vol. 2: 22-24; Peyfuss, *Die Aromunische Frage*, 11-20; Sundhaussen, “Südosteuropa,” 298-300; Stoianovich, “The Conquering Balkan Orthodox Merchant,” 252-53, 260-62, 276-79, 290-91; Popović, *O Cincarima*, 9, 17-22, 24-39, 42-46, 54-56, 71, 82-89, 91-98, 102-105, 110-11, 149-58, 169-70, 282; Zelepos, “Griechische Händler und Fanarioten,” 615-16; Katsiardi-Hering, “Grenz-, Staats- und Gemeindegrenzskektionen,” 238-44, 248-50; Katsiardi-Hering and Stassinopoulou, “The Long 18th Century of Greek Commerce,” 198-202.

⁷⁴⁹ SHD to the Interims-Commando of the Karlovac Generalate, Vienna, 1 October 1763, 1763 October 2, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2; Vienna, 2 October 1763, 1763 October 2, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Bücher 3.

husbandry. At the time of the Ottoman conquests the term *Vlach* was used to denote a beneficial social and fiscal status, and Ottoman Vlachs probably had as much link with pre-Slavic Romance population as any other ethnic group in the western Balkans. The term was taken over by the Habsburg administration to designate Ottoman settlers on the Habsburg Military Border in Croatia and Slavonia, to separate them from other groups, such as from Croats in 1712 in Lika. During the eighteenth century the term referred increasingly to Orthodox Christians (originally also smaller groups of Catholic Bunjevci from Bosnia were designated as Vlachs, Walachen).⁷⁵⁰ In 1835 in Slavonia, the terms “Wlá” along with “Rác” were considered as derisive synonyms for Orthodox, as “Shokacz” was for Catholics.⁷⁵¹ Pančevo tables use the name *Raitzen*, a more common name for Serbs in Hungary and the Banat, with approximately the same meaning as Vlachs/Wallachians in Croatia and Slavonia.

The Habsburg central government and authors wanting to show their learning preferred the term “Illyrians” (Illyrier) to designate Orthodox Serbs. The reference to the ancient inhabitants of the western Balkans in the time of the Roman conquest attributed some historical fame to Habsburg possessions in the southern Hungarian plain and the western Balkans. The users were aware that the eighteenth-century

⁷⁵⁰ Kaser, Grandits and Gruber, *Popis Like i Krbave 1712*, 21; Kaser, “Siedler an der habsburgischen Militärgrenze,” 985-87. Beside Orthodox Raitzen, there were also “Catholic Raitzen,” later named as Bunjevci or Šokci. They did not live in the region of Pančevo. For example of 400 villages with Raitzen in Baranya, thirty were Catholic. Stoianovich, “The Conquering Balkan Orthodox Merchant,” 234-38; Seewann, “Migration in Südosteuropa,” 89-101, 103-106; Faroqi, “The Ottoman Empire Confronting the Christian World,” 106; Gerelyes, “Garrisons and the Local Population in Ottoman Hungary.”

⁷⁵¹ Jowitsch, *Ethnographisches Gemählde*, 55-56, 59-62; see also Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 1: 202. See also Wendy Bracewell, “The Historiography of the Triplex Confinium: Conflict and Community on a Triple Frontier,” in *Frontiers and the Writing of History*, 214-18, 220-24, 227; Carolin Leutloff-Grandits, “Serben in der Krajina seit dem späten 19. Jahrhundert,” in *Enzyklopädie Migration in Europa*, 982; Kaser, “Siedler an der habsburgischen Militärgrenze,” 988-89. Orthodox Christians in the Varaždin Generalate in 1755 were also called *Raitzen*. Steiner, *Rückkehr unerwünscht*, 418.

“Illyrians” had nothing in common with ancient Illyrians, and that they were instead Slavs (die Slaven oder heutigen Illyrier), related to Czechs, Poles and Russians.⁷⁵² The Habsburg central government used the term to refer to the Orthodox congregation of the Serb-led Habsburg Orthodox Metropolitanate of Karlovci, and to name the two court bodies that dealt with the congregation (die Illyrische Kommission and die Illyrische Hofdeputation).

If people with ethnic labels are categorized as traveling families (people traveling in family groups, including immigrants) or business travelers (artisans, merchants, servants and people with horses/servants), business travelers made up a majority of migrants in Pančevo. Of 649 entries, 345 or 53% were in the business group, 150 or 23% were families, and for 154 or 24% were classified as others. The distribution of traveling families and business travelers is very different among different ethnic groups. Most Serbs in Pančevo, 59% (97 of 165), were family migrants, followed by Romanians (eleven of thirty-two or 34%) and Bulgarians (twelve of forty or 30%). Most Serbian business migrants were artisans. All Albanians (four entries), and most Greeks (247 of 327 or 76%) and Aromanians (62 of 79 or 78%) were business travelers, followed by Bulgarians (eleven of forty or 28%). Greeks and Aromanians prevail among people with horses/servants and no profession indicated, with 171 of 178 or 96%. This is in line with the assumption that migrants with horses/servants were actually migrating professionals. A relatively large number of migrants who could not be designated as business or family migrants among Romanians (twenty of thirty-three, or 61%) and Bulgarians (seventeen of forty or 43%) somewhat obscures the division between families and business travelers. Most of them were probably

⁷⁵² Taube, *Historische und geographische Beschreibung*, vol. 1: 60-62; vol. 2: 49-51, 67-68; vol. 3: Foreword to the volume 3; Engel, “Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien,” vol. 1: 13-16, 21, 45, 83.

business travelers. They were maybe merchants traveling separately from their goods, or artisans or workers looking for a seasonal job.

6.5. Migrants Entering the Habsburg Monarchy from the Ottoman Empire in 1768

Table A.9. Migrants passing through Transylvanian quarantine stations, 1763-1770.⁷⁵³

Year	Vulcan	Turnu Roşu	Bran	Timiș	Buzău	Oituz	Ghimes – Faget	Peritzke	Rodna /Borgo	Sum
1763	423	331	515	381	83	1608	78	18	27	3464
1764	200	773	802	539	60	1134	298	29	50	3885
1765	411	328	1529	407	95	1394	291	293	129	4877
1766	765	484	1296	511	64	1211	261	118	44	4754
1767	747	724	979	704	29	2537	362	135	41	6258
1768	1037	447	915	403	218	955	644	214	401	5234
1769	762	767	476	1430	305	681	1648	1329	556	7954
1770	989	2270	707	904	3125	603	330	165	223	9316

In addition to the data from ten stations, it is possible to estimate the numbers for Mehadia/Jupalnic, Zemun, Brod, Gradiška, Slunj and Rudanovac. If the ratio between Pančevo and Mehadia from the years 1752-1756 did not change much, in 1768 there would be about 1,235 migrants in Mehadia. It is probable that the growth in Mehadia in the years 1756-1768 was stronger than in Pančevo. Between 1756 and 1762 Mehadia was the only station between the Carpathians and the Adriatic Sea that was open for people and goods even during epidemics, possessing a pre-quarantine facility in Jupalnic. This redirected much commerce and migration from other stations toward it. I estimated that Mehadia migrant numbers grew at double the rate of Pančevo in 1754-1762, at a 16.6% yearly rate, because it enjoyed a unique position. With the

⁷⁵³ Tabella deren in nachbenannten Contumaz Stationen des Großfürstentums Siebenbürgen vom Ersten Januar 1763 bis Ende December 1770 angekommenen- und nach institutmäßiger Behandlung entlaßen wordenen Personen, Waaren und Vieh, 1773 Aprilis 16, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2.

establishment of a pre-quarantine facility in Zemun in 1762, Mehadia ceased to be exceptional. In all likelihood, its growth rates 1763-1768 did not drop below the average growth of nearby Transylvanian stations (the stations that were on the border between Transylvania and Wallachia saw an annual growth of 12% between 1763 and 1767). These growth trends would increase Mehadia's numbers to 2,804 in 1768.⁷⁵⁴

I do not have 1768 data for the stations of Zemun, Brod, Gradiška, Slunj and Rudanovac or the 1750s records to compare them with Mehadia and Pančevo. There is some indirect information. Border military commanders issued passports to migrants who passed quarantine for further travel. Listing the costs of his chancellery in 1768, the commander of Zemun, Colonel Sturm indicated that he needed 4,000 printed passport forms for Ottoman subjects per year. According to the Court order from 16 June 1768, Ottoman subjects were entitled to free passports (Passbriefe), possibly because paying for obligatory passports would be seen as an additional burden, from which the subjects of the two empires were freed by mutual treaties. Colonel Sturm also mentioned that he collected 600 guldens for issuing passports to the parties that had to pay for them, 20 Kreutzer apiece (60 Kreutzer made a gulden). That indicated that the chancellery of the Zemun commander issued each year 4,000 gratis and 1,800 paid passports, altogether 5,800.⁷⁵⁵ It is, however, questionable whether all 5,800 passports were used by people who had previously crossed the border from the Ottoman Empire. First, a large part of 1,800 paid passports could be used by local inhabitants for travel not to Ottoman Empire, but from Zemun to other parts of the Habsburg Monarchy, and further to the Holy Roman Empire and to the

⁷⁵⁴ On average 297 yearly entries were recorded in Pančevo in 1752-1756, and 400 in Mehadia, about 35% more. For Mehadia 1752-1756 see Sutterlüti, "Die Kontumaz in Mehadia," 31.

⁷⁵⁵ Nota of the Colonel von Sturm; the report of the Slav. SK to the Maria Theresa, Osijek, 13 November 1768, 1769 Januarius 12, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2; Hofentschließung from 16 June 1768, *Sammlung aller k. k. Verordnungen und Gesetze vom Jahre 1740. bis 1780.*, vol. 5 (1766-1770): 328-36.

Polish-Lithuanian Commonwealth. In 1786, the town Zemun had 4,407 permanent inhabitants, including 307 resident merchants and artisans and 588 day laborers (Tagelöhner).⁷⁵⁶ In addition, many non-resident foreign merchants, seasonal laborers and servants stayed in Zemun. I estimate that up to 1,200 of the 1,800 paid passports could be used for trips that did not cross the Ottoman-Habsburg border. Second, it is not clear whether persons crossing the border just before applying for passports actually used all 4,000 free-of-charge passports for Ottoman subjects or only for Ottoman goods. In addition to the 1,127 persons entering during the forty-three months in 1752-1756, the Pančevo tables recorded 1,240 exits of unaccompanied goods.⁷⁵⁷ About three quarters of these unaccompanied goods could not be connected with the migrants who passed the border at about the same time. Ottoman merchants could send goods from Belgrade to their business partners or agents, who collected them from the quarantine and sent them elsewhere, without anybody crossing the border. I estimate that there were about 930 of 1,240 such exits in Pančevo during forty-three months in the 1750s.⁷⁵⁸ Most of these business partners and agents were

⁷⁵⁶ Most of them were artisans. The population of Zemun was estimated at 6,800 inhabitants in 1778, 4,470 people in 1786 (only permanent residents counted), and 8,313 in 1816. In 1816, the town had 461 artisans, 79 merchants and 77 petty traders, as well as 96 journeymen, apprentices and commercial servants (Handlungsdienner), 71 innkeepers (Einkehr-, Gast- und Schankwirth). Taube, *Historische und geographische Beschreibung*, vol. 3: 106-108; Engel, "Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien," vol. 2: 574-81; Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 1: 422-23.

⁷⁵⁷ Some of these goods were just temporarily separated from persons who were in quarantine, being subjected to shorter or longer quarantine. After undergoing quarantine, a person would collect the goods from a warehouse or wait for those that were subjected to longer quarantines, like furs, to be released, before continuing with their trip. These goods would be entered into their passports. At the entrance the goods were usually recorded without indicating their owners, or it was noted that Ottoman consuls in Belgrade sent them. The real owners were always mentioned at the exit.

⁷⁵⁸ Some names of goods owners appear often, like Jani Theologith, Dima Szlavoi, Jani Pontika, apparently wholesale merchants. To estimate how many unaccompanied goods could not be connected with the migrants crossing the border, I extrapolated 106 goods' exits and owners' names for three and a half months February 1756-15 May 1756. I compared the indicated owners of goods to the persons exiting quarantine at approximately the same time (up or down four weeks). I tracked down seventeen

also Ottoman subjects and were entitled to free passports from the commander of Zemun. A large part of 4,000 passports allocated to Ottoman merchants could be issued to them, and not to migrants crossing the border. To estimate how many, it is necessary to take a closer look at the relationship between migrants and passports first.

During this time, passports were issued both to individuals and to groups. Traveling families would be entered in a single passport, where usually the family head was named, while the indicated family relation identified the others. Servants were seen as members of merchants' or artisans' households and were covered by the passport issued to their masters. Family members and servants were usually not named in the Pančevo tables. Based on the Pančevo quarantine tables, I estimate that for 1,127 entries the Pančevo authorities issued between 661 (if only group leaders received passports) and 703 passports (if all named persons traveling in groups were issued separate passports). That meant that the ratio between the migrants and passports was 58.7-62.4%. During forty-three months covered by quarantine tables of 1752-1756, the Pančevo commander's office might have issued between 661 and 703 passports that crossed the border and up to 930 passports for Ottoman subjects collecting unaccompanied goods from the quarantine. If this ratio is applied to Zemun 4,000 passport forms, it would suggest that between 1,665 and 1,722 passports were issued to Ottoman subjects crossing the border. I add to this number the 600 paid passports I estimated were used for travel to the Ottoman Empire. These 600 passports would be given back to Zemun authorities upon return. Altogether,

owners in this way. I counted nine exits of goods belonging to same person, but exiting shortly one after other. I assumed that the same commercial agent or partner collected them. In the end, 80 of 106 exits of unaccompanied goods, or about 75%, could not be grouped as passing at approximately the same time and belonging to the same owner or they could not be assigned to the migrants passing through quarantine at that time. It is possible that the same commercial agents or partners collected the goods belonging to several owners and that the number could be brought down further.

according to this estimation, between 2,262 and 2,322 passports in 1768 would cover between 3,722 and 3,856 persons who crossed the border that year, including both returning Habsburg and arriving Ottoman subjects. This is the lowest estimation.⁷⁵⁹ The prominent role of Zemun in international commerce would suggest that the travel between Zemun and the Ottoman Empire,⁷⁶⁰ on the one hand, and the Zemun and the interior of the Habsburg Monarchy, on the other, was more balanced than a low estimate would suggest. It is reasonable to assume that commercial agents in Zemun did not travel separately for each shipment of unaccompanied goods exiting the station, but collected at least several shipments before applying for passports. I consider it most probable that at least half of the 4,000 free passports were used by arriving Ottoman migrants, and that half of the 1,800 paid passports were used by Habsburg subjects for travel to the Ottoman Empire and back. Based on 2,900 passports, I estimate the numbers for Zemun as between 4,649 and 4,954. I use the higher estimation in my final calculation.

According to a 20 June 1770 rescript, while the Hungarian *Hofkammer* assigned 550 gulden for passports for Ottoman subjects in Zemun for an unspecified period, the sums for Brod and Gradiška were 174 and 175 gulden respectively.⁷⁶¹ The source does not mention the fourth quarantine station controlled from Osijek, Mitrovica. I

⁷⁵⁹ The highest estimation would assume that all free 4,000 passport forms were given to arriving Ottoman subjects, with two thirds of 1,800 paid passports used for travel to the Ottoman Empire. The 5,200 issued passport forms would cover 8,336-8,866 persons. From its opening, Zemun had high traffic compared to other stations. While the Pančevo station compiled and sent monthly quarantine tables in 1753, Zemun forwarded weekly tables to Osijek. 1753 Februarius 18, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Bücher 2.

⁷⁶⁰ Already in the first years of its existence, in November 1742, Zemun had seven times as many migrants as Mitrovica or Mehadia. Contumaz-Tabella über die jenige Persohnen, und Waaren, so seit lezt-ingereichter Tabella dd. Semblin den 9. Novembris 1742 in hiesige Contumaz eingetretten..., Johann Joseph Stadler, Contumaz Director, Zemun, 16 November 1742, 1742 November 3, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 1.

⁷⁶¹ Engel, "Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien," vol. 2: 971-78.

assume that 175 guldens for Gradiška might also include Mitrovica.⁷⁶² I take the assigned funds as an indication of a ratio between Zemun and other Slavonian/Srem stations, estimating the number of migrants in the year 1768 as 1,178-1,220 (based on low estimate for Zemun) for Brod, and as 592-614 for Gradiška and 592-614 for Mitrovica. I estimate that Kostajnica station had numbers that were similar to those of Gradiška, 592-614.⁷⁶³

In July 1768, replying to the survey of the Sanitary Court Deputation in Vienna, the Karlovac Sanitary Commission noted that forty to fifty sanitary certificates (Sanitäts Foeden) forms would suffice “for a longer time” for each of two westernmost stations, Slunj and Rudanovac, explaining that “since their establishment [...] only a small number of people, and only few merchants with goods” were

⁷⁶² The information about passports for Gradiška is somewhat confusing. Already in 1772 the Slavonian Sanitary Commission discussed abolishing the Gradiška quarantine station altogether and replacing it with a border market. Commissions Prothocoll wegen Aufhebung der seithero bey der Vöstung Alt Gradisca bestandenen Contumaz, und statt derselben angetragenen Errichtung eines Rastells, Stara Gradiška, 25 October 1772, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 3. In 1777 the War Council, then in charge of quarantine stations, decided to abolish both the Mitrovica and Gradiška quarantine stations, due to low traffic, replacing them with border markets. IAB, ZM, 1785-3-312, in Ilić, *Beograd i Srbija*, 616-17). It is more probable that the traffic in both Mitrovica and Gradiška was much lower than in Brod, which was not abolished. Taube, who finished his manuscript in 1777, was not aware of this change. He mentions the quarantine as still existing in the third volume of his book, published the next year See Taube, *Historische und geographische Beschreibung*, vol. 3, 112, 121. In the *Josephinische Aufnahme* from 1780 (<http://mapire.eu/en/map/firstsurvey/>) there is no quarantine station, just a customs office (Dreissigstamt). The possible explanation is that after the 1785 sanitary reform, quarantine was abolished during healthy times for people, who used to cross the border near Gradiška. Lesky, “Die josephinische Reform der Seuchengesetzgebung:” 87-88.

⁷⁶³ I used the lower estimate of Zemun as a basis because the conversion of both stations into border markets suggested that the shipping of unaccompanied goods already prevailed there. The two stations were also not on the principal international trade routes. Unlike Gradiška, Kostajnica was not abolished in the 1770s probably because it was the only station on the Banal Military Border. By 1823, Kostajnica doubled its capacity. It could accommodate up to 150 persons at a time, or about 1,100 during pestilent regimes, or 2,200 during healthy times. Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 442-42.

passing through these two stations anyhow.⁷⁶⁴ Sanitary certificates were a better indication of cross-border migration than passports, since they were issued to all persons who successfully underwent quarantine, irrespective of their subjecthood and their destination.⁷⁶⁵ While most were issued individually, it is probable that a single certificate could cover families or merchants with servants. I assumed that “for a longer period” could be translated into a year. If single certificates covered family and business groups, then 64-85 migrants would pass through each of these two stations annually. These were the stations with the least traffic,⁷⁶⁶ with numbers similar to those of Buzau and Şant (Rodna) in Transylvania.

⁷⁶⁴ Sanitäts Commissions Protocoll to SHD, Karlovac, 25 July 1768, 1768 Augustus 13, KA ZSt MilKom Sanitätshofkommission Akten 2.

⁷⁶⁵ The passports were issued to Ottoman subjects and to other travelers who traveled farther.

⁷⁶⁶ Zavalje and Maljevac, two stations replacing Rudanovac and Slunj after the border moved slightly to the east in 1791, were also designated as the least important. Hietzinger, *Statistik der Militärgränze*, vol. 2, no. 2: 442-42.

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⁷⁶⁷ The reference code (Signatur) has changed between 2015 and 2017. There is no indication of the reference code, valid before the change (FHKA NHK KaaleU BanaterA Akten 65), in the archive information system.

⁷⁶⁸ Former reference, at the time of the archival research: FHKA NHK KaaleU BanaterA Akten 177 (Goldausfuhr- und andere Pässe, 1757-1772).

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FHKA SUS Patente 257.25 (Nachricht, dass die Begünstigungen die für ottomanische Untertanen beim Handel mit türkischen und orientalischen Waren gelten, auch für Untertanen der k.k. Erbländer gelten sollen, 27 January 1782).

Haus-, Hof- und Staatsarchiv (HHStA)

Alte Kabinettsakten (AKA):

HHStA AKA 2 (Alte Kabinettsakten, Kirchliche Angelegenheiten, Milde Stiftungen und Sanitätssachen, 1685-1781).

Sonderbestände (SB):

HHStA SB Kartensammlung B-XII, Ke3-4/11 (Semlin und Belgrad, kolorierte Handzeichnung, 1769).

Staatenabteilungen (StAbt):

HHStA StAbt Türkei III 4 (Grenzangelegenheiten, 1753-1804)

HHStA StAbt Türkei III 5 (Grenzverhältnisse, Korrespondenz mit Belgrad, 1764-1770).

HHStA StAbt Türkei III 7 (Grenzangelegenheiten, 1699-1795)

HHStA StAbt Türkei III 16 (Grenzangelegenheiten, 1699-1792).

HHStA StAbt Türkei III 17 (Grenzangelegenheiten, 1699-1792/1859).

HHStA StAbt Türkei V 27, Konv. 7 (Konskription der Türken und türkischen Untertanen in Wien, 1766)⁷⁷²

HHStA StAbt Türkei IX (1741 Donaugrenze Serbien-Banat)

Kriegsarchiv (KA)

Karten- und Plansammlung (KPS):

KA KPS GPA Inland C V Pancsova im Banat (Historischer Theil Pančova, 31 October 1716, Plan du fort Panczova)

KA KPS KS B IX b 113 (Atlas du Cours du Danube, F. N. de Sparr 1751).

⁷⁷² New archival reference HHStA StAbt Türkei V 27-6.

KA KPS KS B IX c 634 (Mappa geographico Limitanea in qua Imperiorum Caesarei et Ottomannici Confinia in almae pacis Carlovitzensis congressu decreta et duobus utrius que imperi Commissaris instituta solennie expeditione. (Album) [c. 1700])

KA KPS KS G I b, 39 (Karte de Gegend um Belgrad auf 15 bis 20 Meilen in Umkreis, 1788).

KA KPS KS G I h, 627-51 (Kopie eines planes von Semlin...)

KA KPS KS G I h, 628 (Situations-Plan von Semlin; worauf besonders vermög beygeruckt gehorsamste Eusserung die Laage der neu erbauenden Vorstadt im Verhältnis mit der neuen Umzinglung der Contumaz abzunehmen ist)

KA KPS KS G VI, 1189 (Prospekt von Belgrad und Semlin bey dem Zusammenfluss der Save und Donau/Vue de Belgrade et de Semlin au confluent de la Save et du Danube).

KA KPS LB K VII l, 47 E (Engel, Franz Stefan. "Beschreibung des Königreichs Slawonien und Herzogthums Syrmien," 1786, 2 vols.⁷⁷³)

KA KPS LB K VII l, 135 E (Lokalplan der Granitzfestung Gradiska, 1771).

KA KPS LB K VII l, 201 E (Plan der Grenzstadt Semlin 1781/1788).

⁷⁷³ Vol. 1: Beschreibung von Slavonien nach seiner natürlichen, politischen, und Militärischen Verfassung zum Gebrauch der Geschäftsführung; vol. 2: Von den Gräntzen des Königreichs überhaupt, und von der Besonderen Verfassung der militär-Gräntze; Von der Kriegs Verfassung im Zusammenhang mit der natürlichen, und politischen Landes Verfassung des Königreichs Slavonien.

KA KPS LB K VII l, 202 E (Situationsplan von der Gegend bei Semlin..., 25 December 1787).

Zentralstellen (ZSt):

KA ZSt HKR HR Bücher 716 (Protokoll Expedit, Jan.-Feb. 1740); 717 (Protokoll Expedit, Mar.-Apr. 1740).

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SAMENVATTING

Toezicht op migratie: de Habsburgs-Osmaanse grens in de achttiende eeuw

Deze dissertatie onderzoekt een vroeg migratiecontrolesysteem aan de Habsburgs-Osmaanse grens in de achttiende eeuw. De migranten die tussen 1720 en 1850 vanuit het Osmaanse Rijk de Habsburgse Monarchie wilden binnengaan, konden dat slechts doen via officiële grensovergangen waar ze gecontroleerd en geregistreerd werden. Een dergelijk migratiecontrolesysteem bestond gedurende deze periode niet elders in Europa. Pas vanaf de jaren 1860 werden soortgelijke stelsels ingevoerd, eerst in de ‘white settler’ naties (Australië, Canada, de Verenigde Staten en Zuid-Afrika) daarna, tijdens en na de eerste wereldoorlog, in de rest van Europa. Het proefschrift zoekt een verklaring voor de uitzonderlijk vroege introductie van migratiecontrole aan de Habsburgse buitengrenzen. De studie geeft niet alleen de oorsprong van de grenscontroles, maar onderzoekt of de motivatie van het stelsel lag in een streven om de migratie te beperken of juist te vergemakkelijken. Door het onderzoek van archieven in Oostenrijk, Servië en Kroatië en in talrijke narratieve bronnen uit de achttiende eeuw, werpt de dissertatie licht op een reeks deelvragen. Wat was de oorsprong van de precies op het terrein afgebakende ‘lineaire’ grens, die in 1699 werd ingesteld tussen het Habsburgse en Osmaanse rijk, en wat waren de consequenties daarvan voor de verhoudingen tussen de rijken en het leven rond de grens? Wat was de rol van het pestcordon, dat de monarchie moest afschermen van pestuitbraken veroorzaakt door migranten uit besmette gebieden? Hoe konden de grootschalige controles daadwerkelijk worden uitgevoerd en welke rol speelden grenssoldaten in de uitvoering? Op welke wijze werden deze soldaten en andere belanghebbenden, zoals de streekbewoners, de Osmaanse grensautoriteiten en de migranten zelf in het stelsel

opgenomen? Tenslotte is er aandacht voor de vraag of het nu de bedoeling was om migratie in te perken of te vergemakkelijken, een kwestie die mede wordt verhelderd door een kwantitatief onderzoek naar de effecten van controles op de migratiestromen en een nadere bepaling van de structuur daarvan.

De lineaire demarcatie van buitengrenzen, gebaseerd op een strikte scheiding van exclusieve territoriale rechtsgebieden was een uitzondering in Europa aan het begin van de achttiende eeuw. Dergelijke grensarrangementen werden in andere delen van het continent vanaf de jaren 1730 geïntroduceerd, terwijl ze pas in de negentiende eeuw, na het Congres van Wenen (1815), gebruikelijk werden. Het Osmaanse rijk lijkt een bepalende rol te hebben gespeeld in de invoering van lineaire grenzen in Zuidoost-Europa. De Osmaanse overheid gebruikte lineaire demarcatie voor de scheiding van het land van islamitische religieuze stichtingen (vakıfs) en het land van de overheid, en had hiermee ook reeds ervaring opgedaan in de grensscheiding met andere Christelijke staten, zoals Venetië en Polen-Litouwen. De Habsburgse monarchie nam deze bestaande praktijk over tijdens de grensdemarcaties met de Osmanen in de achttiende eeuw. De heldere scheiding van jurisdicties leidde tot pacificatie van het grensgebied. Dat verbeterde de dagelijkse levenssituatie aan de grens, maakte het gebied aantrekkelijker voor kolonisatie, en creëerde een veiligere migratiestroom tussen de twee rijken.

De wens om enerzijds de handel uit te breiden, en anderzijds Habsburgse onderdanen te beschermen tegen pestuitbraak stond aan de oorsprong van de invoering van migratiecontrole in de vorm van een permanent pestkordon. Tijdens de achttiende eeuw verdwenen de pestepidemieën gaandeweg uit Europa, terwijl zij voortduurden in het Osmaanse rijk. De Habsburgse monarchie experimenteerde met verschillende oplossingen, zoals tijdelijke of interne pestkordons tijdens epidemieën, maar de Habsburgse landen, en Hongarije in bijzonder, bleven onder dergelijke

oplossingen te kwetsbaar: de pest werd niet tegengehouden en de handel lag door de ziekte geruime tijd stil. Vanaf 1726 bestond aan de grens een permanent pestcordon, waarin alle reizigers, zonder aanzien des persoons, langs officiële grensovergangen met verplichte quarantaines werden geleid. Het systeem werd na de oorlog van 1737-1739 opnieuw ingesteld en bleef vervolgens bestaan tot de jaren 1850. Het doel van het stelsel van de controles was het vergemakkelijken van verkeer tussen de twee rijken, zodat controle kon samengaan met een minimale hinder voor reizigers en handelsverkeer. Het stelsel kon flexibel inspelen op lokale omstandigheden, zoals de gezondheidssituatie (de quarantaine wisselde van 21 dagen tijdens ‘gezonde tijden’ als er geen pest heerste op de Balkan, naar 28 dagen tijdens ‘verdachte tijden’ met een pestepidemie relatief ver van de grens, tot 42 dagen tijdens ‘pestilente tijden’ als de pest was uitgebroken in een direct aangrenzend gebied) Migratie werd zoveel mogelijk gesteund, in de jaren 1780 ook door verlaging en afschaffing van de quarantaine voor personen in ‘gezonde tijden’.

Hoe kon het beperkte overheidsapparaat van de Habsburgse dynastieke staat dit veeleisende stelsel draaiende houden? De Habsburgse monarchie experimenteerde met lokale boerenwachten (Plajase, plăieși) in Transsylvanië en met grenssoldaten in Kroatië en Slavonië. Het gebruik van grenssoldaten, die voor hun rol als grenswacht niet apart werden betaald, bleek een efficiënte en financieel voordelige oplossing. Dit leidde tot een uitbreiding van de oude Habsburgse Militaire Grens (Militärgrenze) naar het oosten, zodat deze zich uiteindelijk in de jaren 1760 over de hele lengte van de Habsburgs-Osmaanse grens uitstreckte. De grenssoldaten bewaakten de grens middels wachttorens en met land- en rivierpatrouilles; ter compensatie van hun dienstverlening, kregen zij met hun families een overerfbaar recht op het vruchtgebruik van grond om te bebouwen.

De controle werd verbeterd door samenwerking met tal van betrokkenen en belanghebbenden. De actieve steun van grensbewoners was cruciaal, omdat alleen dankzij lokale kennis en met netwerken aan beide zijden van de grens ontduiking van de controle door illegale migranten kon worden voorkomen. Grensbewoners werden niet alleen enerzijds aangemoedigd mee te werken door bijzondere voorrechten zoals grensmarkten waarin voedsel en vee konden worden verhandeld zonder risico op besmetting. Zij werden anderzijds bedreigd met hoge straffen voor illegale grensoverschrijding en het geven van hulp daarbij – al vielen de straffen en boetes in de praktijk meestal veel lager uit. Ook was de samenwerking met de Osmaanse grensautoriteiten onontbeerlijk voor het succes van de grenscontroles; overleg was voortdurend nodig om veranderingen in de grenszone te kunnen doorvoeren. Last but not least: ook de migranten zelf waren ‘stakeholder’: zij konden bijdragen aan de kennis over de gezondheidssituatie in hun gebied van herkomst en langs de route. Met hun wensen werd rekening gehouden in de procedures aan de grens. Door het gebruik van grenssoldaten en de andere stakeholders, kon de Habsburgse monarchie met beperkte middelen een verrassend effectief migratiecontrolesysteem organiseren. Dankzij deze vormen van samenwerking en organisatie op verschillende niveaus was deze vroegmoderne monarchie in staat een vorm van grenscontrole in te voeren die wij meestal met latere perioden verbinden.

De migratiecontrole aan de Osmaanse-Habsburgse grens was universeel. Iedereen werd gecontroleerd, van hoge edelen tot vagebonden. Gezondheid was het bepalende criterium voor toelating. Pestcontrole en quarantaine waren in deze zin een sociale gelijkmaker. Het controlesysteem was niet bedoeld om te uitsluiten, maar om op te nemen: het was inclusief, niet exclusief. In lijn met de toentertijd invloedrijke ideeën van mercantilisme en kameralisme -- en later van fysiocratie -- werd de groei van het inwonertal gewaardeerd als een positieve ontwikkeling, die de staatsmacht

versterkte door de groei van het aantal belastingbetalers. Het pestkordon speelde hierin een dubbelrol: het beschermde de ingezetenen tegen besmettelijke ziekten uit het Osmaanse rijk, en trok gezonde nieuwe bewoners aan. Dit laatste was in het bijzonder gericht op de immigranten uit het Osmaanse rijk. Ze werden gezien als een goedkopere vervanging voor de kolonisatie uit het Heilige Roomse Rijk, waar hogere kosten gemoeid waren met het aantrekken van kolonisten en het vergoeden van hun reizen. Om de kolonisatie van dunbevolkte gebieden zoals Zuid Hongarije te bevorderen, bevoorrechtten de Habsburgse grensautoriteiten de kolonisten in vergelijking met andere reizigers. De immigranten mochten de grens buiten officiële overgangspunten oversteken en zij ontvingen financiële steun. Tegelijkertijd werd de migratiecontrole gebruikt om emigratie te voorkomen.

Overigens was de grenscontrole bepaald niet de enige factor die invloed had op migratie. De mogelijkheden en regels die er bestonden voor vestiging en naturalisatie waren belangrijk en soms zelfs beslissend. In de Habsburgse monarchie waren vestigings- en naturalisatiemogelijkheden beschikbaar voor Christelijke migranten, maar niet voor Moslims en Joden. Dit gegeven bevorderde de ontwikkeling van zakelijke en familiale netwerken van Griekse orthodoxe christenen van de Balkan, terwijl het de mogelijkheden voor Osmaanse Moslims en Joden en dus hun aantallen juist beperkte.

De dissertatie onderzoekt ook de invloed van grenscontroles op de structuur van migratie en de aantallen migranten. Drukten de drie of zes weken die de migranten op eigen kosten in quarantaine moesten verblijven de aantallen? Was deze barrière juist voor een bepaalde groep migranten bezwaarlijk? In de dissertatie is het quarantainestation van Pančevo als uitgangspunt gebruikt voor een uitgebreide steekproef. Voor dit station in het zuidwesten van de grensprovincie Banat zijn talrijke bestanden beschikbaar uit de jaren 1752-1756, en de jaren 1760. Pančevo was

een belangrijk oversteekpunt tussen de twee rijken, waar alle migrantengroepen goed waren vertegenwoordigd. De belangrijke handelswegen van Osmaans Macedonia en Rumelië enerzijds, en Habsburgs Hongarije anderzijds liepen door Pančevo. Voor kolonisten die zich in Banat wilden vestigen en voor handelaars was Pančevo een vast punt op de route. De analyse van de gegevens uit Pančevo toont aan dat de invloed van de grenscontrole op het aantal migranten bescheiden bleef; het aantal migranten verdrievoudigde vanaf halverwege de jaren 1750 tot 1768. Niettemin hadden de controles wel degelijk een effect op de structuur: er was een neerdrukkende werking op korte- en middellangeafstandsreizen, niet-zakelijke, tijdelijke en circulaire migraties. Langeafstandsreizen, zakelijke reizen en reizen ten behoeve van vestiging lijken echter niet of nauwelijks negatief te zijn beïnvloed. Christelijke Osmaanse onderdanen profiteerden van de mogelijkheid zich, soms met hun families, langdurig te vestigen in het Habsburgse rijk; zij waren daardoor in staat zakelijke netwerken aan de beide zijden van de grens te onderhouden. Dit lag veel moeilijker voor Joden en Moslims uit het Osmaanse rijk, die tijdens hun verblijf in de Habsburgse Monarchie wel mochten handelen, maar zich niet met hun families blijvend konden vestigen. Derhalve kan de stelling worden verdedigd dat vestigings- en naturalisatiemogelijkheden meer invloed uitoefenden op migratiestromen dan de tijdrovende en dure grenscontrole.

De studie biedt diverse belangrijke inzichten. De opvatting van staatssoevereiniteit als geldend voor een geografisch afgebakend territorium was een relatieve laatkomer in Europa. De hedendaagse cartografische representaties van het Europa van voor de negentiende eeuw reflecteren moderne noties van territoriale soevereiniteit. Zij vereenvoudigen en verdraaien de complexe hiërarchische en overlappende organisatie van de staatsmacht, die op de eerste plaats betrekking had op mensen, groepen en rechten – veel minder op de fysieke ruimte. Uit deze dissertatie

blijkt dat de modellen voor het territoriale soevereiniteitsconcept in Europa heterogeen waren. Tussen de vijftiende en achttiende eeuw speelden Osmaanse bestuurlijke praktijken een voorbeeldrol in grensscheidingen en de oprichting van territoriale soevereiniteit. Dit gebeurde voordat politieke en wetenschappelijke doorbraken bestuurlijke concepten verschoven naar het fysiek meetbare, zoals het geografische territorium.

In de studie komt continuïteit als belangrijk fenomeen naar voren. De regering van Maria-Theresia (1740-1780), vaak gezien als een nieuw vertrekpunt, was in veel opzichten een voortzetting van hervormingen die reeds begonnen waren tijdens de regering van haar vader. De Habsburgse Monarchie toonde reeds gedurende de regering van Karel VI (1711-1740) het vermogen tot bestuurlijke aanpassingen. Karel VI initieerde een reeks belangrijke hervormingen, zoals de bevordering van handel, de aanleg van nieuwe wegen, de hervorming van postdiensten, het toezicht op gilden, en de centraal geleide strijd tegen besmettelijke ziekten.

De Habsburgse *roll-back* van de Osmaanse macht in Hongarije en de Balkan bracht bovendien slechts een geleidelijke verandering: economische en sociale praktijken verschoven niet plotsklaps met de regeringswisseling. Tot de tweede helft van de achttiende eeuw was een belangrijk deel van de Hongaarse markt in de handen van Osmaanse onderdanen, die een nauwe band met de Osmaanse economie behielden. De migratiestromen van de Balkan naar Hongarije, die begonnen met de Osmaanse verovering van de Balkan en het Hongaarse koninkrijk, duurden voort tijdens de Osmaanse regering in Hongarije, en bleven ook na het einde van het Osmaanse bestuur belangrijk. De Balkan bleef een essentiële bron van Christelijke migranten die zich vestigden in Zuid-Hongarije. De interne kolonisatie en de kolonisatie uit het Heilige Roomse rijk complementeerde de blijvende migratiestroom uit de Balkan.

Het migratiecontrolesysteem aan de Habsburgs-Osmaanse grens bewijst dat grenscontroles niet alleen gebruikt werden om migratie te beperken. Staten met een inclusieve migratiepolitiek, zoals de Habsburgse monarchie, konden dit systeem inzetten om migratie te bevorderen. Dat betekent dat zelfs strenge grenscontroles niet per se een negatieve invloed op migraties hoefden te hebben.

De studie bewijst ook dat vroegmoderne monarchieën voldoende bestuurlijke capaciteit konden opbouwen om een dekkende migratiecontrole langdurig te dragen. Dit kon echter niet zonder de mobilisatie van regionale ‘stakeholders’, in het bijzonder streekbewoners (uit wier gelederen grenssoldaten werden gerekruteerd). Dit roept associaties op met de controle door omwonenden en bekenden in totalitaire staten van de twintigste eeuw. Zou dit element van actieve deelname door betrokkenen ooit vervangen kunnen worden door een bureaucratisch- technologisch alternatief?

CURRICULUM VITAE

Jovan Pešalj was born in Belgrade, Serbia, on 28 January 1976. He received both his bachelor degree in History (in 2002) and his master degree in Modern History (2008) from the University of Belgrade. After brief spell as a secondary school teacher and two years as a research scholarship holder of the Serbian Ministry of Science and Technology, Jovan worked at the History Department of the University of Belgrade for seven years, until 2012. Between 2013 and 2017, he was a principal researcher on the Austrian Science Foundation (FWF) funded project “Mobility Control of Ottoman Migrants in the Habsburg Monarchy, 1739-1791. The Rise of the Modern State?” at the Department of Economic and Social History of the University of Vienna, Austria. Jovan published several articles and book chapters on the early modern Habsburg history and the Habsburg-Ottoman relations. He co-edited a book *The Peace of Passarowitz, 1718* for the Purdue University Press and is presently co-editing the volume *Borders and Mobility Control in and between Empires and Nation-States* for Brill.