

Immune parameters affecting maternal tolerance towards the fetus in normal and aberrant pregnancies

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Citation

Craenmehr, M. H. C. (2020, June 16). *Immune parameters affecting maternal tolerance towards the fetus in normal and aberrant pregnancies*. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/116771

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Title: Immune parameters affecting maternal tolerance towards the fetus in normal and

aberrant pregnancies **Issue Date:** 2020-06-16

Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift

Immune parameters affecting maternal tolerance towards the fetus in normal and aberrant pregnancies

- Regulatory T cells are involved in the maternal acceptance of the allogeneic fetus. (this thesis)
- 2. Reciprocal incompatibility for one HLA-DR antigen between mother and fetus is beneficial for the development of the child. (this thesis)
- 3. HLA-G expression is increased in the placenta of successful pregnancies in women with a history of recurrent miscarriages. (this thesis)
- Soluble HLA-G levels in seminal plasma are genetically determined by HLA-G 3'UTR haplotypes. (this thesis)
- The serum source affects the tolerogenic effect of seminal plasma in vitro. (this thesis)
- 6. Maternal tolerance requires proactive activation of selected immune pathways within the maternal immune system.
- 7. The journal impact factor is not always a measure of quality.
- 8. Future organ allocation will be based on HLA epitope rather than HLA antigen matching.
- 9. As multiple players can be held accountable for winning or losing a football match, multiple factors are accountable for recurrent miscarriages.
- 10. There is a need for more systematic contact and collaboration among research groups, institutions, and industries.
- 11. A systems-driven, cross-disciplinary environment will be a fundamental necessity in order to succeed in understanding a highly complex organism such as the human body. (adapted from Hood. RMMJ 2013;4(2):e0012)
- 12. Research, much like traveling, is fatal to prejudice, bigotry, and narrow-mindedness. (adapted from Mark Twain in The Innocents Abroad, 1869)

Moniek Craenmehr Leiden, 16 juni 2020