

What's the issue? : the lobbying and representativeness of political parties on specific policy issues Romeijn, J.

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Stellingen

- 1. While often correlated with policy change, public opinion and interest group activity are non-deterministic correlates of it.
- When German political parties are faced with a choice between taking policy
 positions that are popular with the general public and positions that are
 popular with their supporters, they generally choose the position popular
 with their supporters.
- 3. Lobbying political parties, and especially friendly parties with a shared position on an issue, is less effective than one might expect based on existing accounts the lobbying strategies employed by policy advocates.
- 4. Political parties are sometimes more likely to react positively to policy requests from advocates they share historical ties with than requests from other policy advocates.
- Studying the positions and activities of political parties on specific policy issues is an important addition to existing studies of the choices and representativeness of political parties.
- Unidimensional studies of ideological congruence between public opinion and political parties are likely to overestimate the level of this congruence.
- 7. We do not know nearly enough about the effects of ties and contacts between interest groups and political parties on the content and legitimacy of policy.
- 8. The effects described under statement 7 are less self-evident and direct than is often assumed in the existing literature.
- 9. Even without campaign donations, democratic elections and the (policy) changes they produce are an understudied route to policy lobbying influence.
- 10. Doing research is like dancing: you learn it by doing.
- 11. Doing research is like a dance competition: keep smiling when the going gets tough.
- 12. Doing research is like food: it gets better when you go international.