

The stress connection: Neuroimaging studies of emotion circuits in social stress, personality, and stress-related psychopathology Veer, I.M.

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Author: Veer, Ilja Milos Title: The stress connection : neuroimaging studies of emotion circuits in social stress, personality, and stress-related psychopathology Issue Date: 2015-01-27

PROPOSITIONS BELONGING TO THE THESIS:

"THE STRESS CONNECTION: NEUROIMAGING STUDIES OF EMOTION CIRCUITS IN SOCIAL STRESS, PERSONALITY, AND STRESS-RELATED PSYCHOPATHOLOGY"

BY ILYA VEER

- 1. Cognitive processing does not end when the experimenter's task has finished, and it may be measured during a subsequent resting-state scan (this thesis).
- 2. Flexible interactions between the medial prefrontal cortex and medial temporal lobe are important in regulating the stress response (this thesis).
- 3. The neural response to a stressor happens on multiple time scales, and it is observed even an hour after the stressful situation has ended (this thesis).
- 4. Amygdala functional connectivity patterns associated with neuroticism and extraversion may provide a neural marker for vulnerability and resilience to stress, and stress-related psychopathology (this thesis).
- 5. Global signal regression poses less of a threat to the credibility of resting-state research than a lack of replication of previous findings.
- 6. Research support should never be taken for granted, and it is always worth the extra investment.
- 7. In fMRI research, the rules of statistics are often interpreted creatively.
- 8. Data sharing initiatives, and large-scale meta-analyses lead to trustworthier science.
- 9. *Gutta cavat lapidem, non vi, sed saepe cadendo.* The drop hollows the stone, not by force, but by falling repeatedly.