



Universiteit
Leiden
The Netherlands

The Ali Rajas of Cannanore: status and identity at the interface of commercial and political expansion, 1663-1723

Mailaparambil, J.B.

Citation

Mailaparambil, J. B. (2007, December 12). *The Ali Rajas of Cannanore: status and identity at the interface of commercial and political expansion, 1663-1723*. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/12488>

Version: Not Applicable (or Unknown)

License: [Licence agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden](#)

Downloaded from: <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/12488>

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

WEIGHTS AND CURRENCIES IN CANNANORE

Currencies

1 <i>fanum/panam</i>	= 7 1/2 <i>stuivers</i>
1 <i>rijckdaller/ rixdollar</i>	= 8 <i>fanums/ 60 stuivers</i>
1 heavy Persian <i>abacy</i>	= 3 1/8 <i>fanums/ 23 7/16 stuivers</i>
1 light <i>abacy</i>	= 2 1/2 <i>fanums/ 18 5/8 stuivers</i>
1 Surat <i>rupee</i>	= 4 1/16 <i>fanums/ 30 11/32 stuivers</i>

Weights

1 <i>para</i>	= 40 Dutch Pounds
75 <i>para</i>	= 1 <i>last/ 3,000 Dutch Pounds</i>
1 <i>khandil/candy</i>	= 500 Dutch Pounds

* Source: VOC 1418, Calculation of the value of coins, weights, and measures in the respective regions in India, c. 1686, fo. 552v.