

Modification and reference in the Chinese nominal Sio, J.U.S.

Citation

Sio, J. U. S. (2006, June 8). *Modification and reference in the Chinese nominal. LOT dissertation series*. LOT, Utrecht. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4394

Version: Not Applicable (or Unknown)

License: License agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the

<u>Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden</u>

Downloaded from: https://hdl.handle.net/1887/4394

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Stellingen

Behorende bij het proefschrift

Modification and reference in the Chinese nominal

van

Joanna Ut-seong Sio

- 1. Referentiality and argumenthood are encoded in different places in Chinese.
- 2. One can see the encoding of referentiality without seeing articles.
- 3. Using modification data provides a good way to probe into the referential properties of Chinese noun phrases.
- 4. In Chinese, bare modifiers are specifiers and marker modifiers are adjuncts.
- 5. The numeral 'one' is very different from other numerals.
- 6. Definite noun phrases in Chinese are more special than indefinite ones.
- 7. Not all [bare modifier-noun] combinations in Chinese are compounds.
- 8. Whenever you find yourself in difficulty just keep going. Turn the situation halfway around. Do a 180-degree turn and don't pull back from the passion. Turn it on full force. (Francis Ford Coppola)
- 9. Some truths are so obvious that they are almost secrets.
- 10. This thesis is a record of a man learning his craft.
- 11. It is good to have neighbors who live close by.