

Testing object Interactions Grüner, A.

Citation

Grüner, A. (2010, December 15). *Testing object Interactions*. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/16243

Version:	Corrected Publisher's Version
License:	<u>Licence agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the</u> <u>Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden</u>
Downloaded from:	https://hdl.handle.net/1887/16243

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift

Testing Object Interactions

 door

Andreas Grüner

- 1. Adding re-entrant monitors to a concurrent component-based programming language increases the uncertainty regarding the observable behavior at the component's interface.
- 2. Although mock object testing rather has a focus for practical applications it is possible and useful to give this testing approach a formal basis.
- 3. If unit tests are to be conducted by software developers then the test specification language should consist of the target programming language extended by additional specification statements.
- 4. It is arguable whether software developers should write their own unit tests.
- 5. In an object-oriented setting it does not make sense to distinguish unit and integration testing.
- 6. For testing object-oriented units one should prefer an interaction-based to a state-based testing approach.
- 7. A lot of unit tests seem to be practically of no use but are written only to fulfill unit testing guidelines or coding rules.
- 8. If all software products had to be formally verified then probably the most complex application available would be a text-oriented calculator.
- 9. Randomness is just an illusion caused by our limited perception.