

HLA-specific memory B cells : the missing link? Karahan, G.E.

Citation

Karahan, G. E. (2017, November 2). *HLA-specific memory B cells : the missing link?*. Retrieved from https://hdl.handle.net/1887/57343

Version: Not Applicable (or Unknown)

License: License agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the

Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden

Downloaded from: https://hdl.handle.net/1887/57343

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Cover Page



Universiteit Leiden



The handle http://hdl.handle.net/1887/57343 holds various files of this Leiden University dissertation

Author: Karahan Gonca E.

Title: HLA-specific memory B cells: the missing link?

Date: 2017-11-02

STELLINGEN

Behorende bij het proefschrift

HLA-Specific Memory B cells: The Missing Link?

- 1. Memory B cells specific for paternal HLA can be detected in the peripheral blood of women even 40 years after the pregnancy (this thesis).
- 2. B cell hybridomas producing human monoclonal HLA antibodies are excellent tools to validate HLA-specific ELISPOT assays (this thesis).
- 3. Bone marrow memory B cells have a different antibody isotype distribution than bone marrow residing plasma cells (this thesis).
- 4. It is impossible to detect donor-specific memory B cells in all patients using monomers as HLA targets (this thesis).
- 5. Some HLA mismatches are not able to induce antibodies in a specific patient.
- 6. Memory against an HLA antigen can be detected in individuals who have never seen that antigen before.
- 7. HLA antibodies detected in non-immunized males are clinically irrelevant.
- 8. The detection of HLA antibodies of the IgG class is indirect evidence for the presence of T cells with indirect alloreactivity.
- 9. A PhD thesis is based on interaction and collaboration.
- 10. "...I remain to be curious and continue to be involved in science..." (Jon van Rood, Transplantation 2016, 100: 477-478).