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### **Stellingen / Propositions**

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# Theatre as Truth Practice: Arthur Miller's The Crucible – a Play Waiting for the Occasion

door / by

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- 1. I agree with Miller when he states: 'This play is not history in the sense in which the word is used by the academic historian'.
- 2. Past and present are caught in a mutual embrace in postmodern works of art. In *The Crucible*, the Salem case appears to be used as a parody of McCarthyism. However, according to Mieke Bal's logic of preposterousness, this order is reversed and McCarthyism becomes the parody of Salem.
- 3. Joseph McCarthy's role was historically speaking 'healthy' because he dramatized intolerance, lent it crude and villainous features and personalized it through a mediatized national spectacle. Miller confronted all this via a theatre play that still echoes where and whenever a politics of fear is practiced.
- 4. If *The Crucible* is a play waiting for the occasion, this occasion could be slightly bigger, or much bigger, than any political situation within a region or nation state.
- 5. Literature, in its capacity of a historical institution, with its democratic prerogative to 'say all' and with its conventions and rules, produces the space that Derrida calls instituted *fiction* and a *fictive* institution.
- 6. There is potentially a general threat of violence and loss of life when irrational terror is used to ground an official, politically sanctioned attitude of moral goodness.
- 7. *The Crucible* acts, as a whole, in terms of speaking the truth, regardless of the consequences, much like Foucault's notion of *parrhesia*.
- 8. Literature and literary authors can hold a society from disintegrating.
- 9. Life feels more beautiful when we magnanimously accept all its challenges and crises.
- 10. In the 21<sup>st</sup> century, pursuing a major in the Humanities is not only daring but dicey too.