



Universiteit
Leiden



African Studies Centre Leiden
African Postal Heritage

APH Paper Nr 13, part 1

Ton Dietz

ZUID-AFRIKAANSCH REPUBLIEK/TRANSVAAL UNTIL 1877

Version January 2017

Introduction

Postage stamps and related objects are miniature communication tools, and they tell a story about cultural and political identities and about artistic forms of identity expressions. They are part of the world's material heritage, and part of history. Ever more of this postal heritage becomes available online, published by stamp collectors' organizations, auction houses, commercial stamp shops, online catalogues, and individual collectors. Virtually collecting postage stamps and postal history has recently become a possibility. These working papers about Africa are examples of what can be done. But they are work-in-progress! Everyone who would like to contribute, by sending corrections, additions, and new area studies can do so by sending an email message to the APH editor: Ton Dietz (dietzaj@asc.leidenuniv.nl). You are welcome!

Disclaimer: illustrations and some texts are copied from internet sources that are publicly available. All sources have been mentioned. If there are claims about the copy rights of these sources, please send an email to asc@asc.leidenuniv.nl, and, if requested, those illustrations will be removed from the next version of the working paper concerned.

African Studies Centre Leiden
P.O. Box 9555
2300 RB Leiden
The Netherlands

Telephone	+31-71-5273372
E-mail	asc@asc.leidenuniv.nl
Website	http://www.ascleiden.nl
Facebook	www.facebook.nl/ascleiden
Twitter	www.twitter.com/ascleiden
Countryportal	http://countryportal.ascleiden.nl

Illustrations cover page:

ASC Leiden postage stamp Nederland (2011): ©African Studies Centre Leiden

Cape of Good Hope postage stamp 1853:

http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/7c/Cape_Triangular_Postage_Stamp.jpg/400px-Cape_Triangular_Postage_Stamp.jpg

Egypt postage stamp 1914:

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/4/4b/Post_Stamp_Egypt.jpg

Table of Contents

Part 1

Introduction	4
Postage stamps prior to 1870: stamps of CoGH	9
Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek 1870-1877	12

Part 2

Transvaal British Administration 1877-1882	35
--	----

Part 3

Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek 1882-1899	66
---------------------------------------	----

Part 4

The Anglo-Boer War of 1899-1902, Boer issues	135
--	-----

Part 5

The Anglo-Boer War of 1899-1902, British military issues	171
British Administration Transvaal 1900-1902	199

Part 6

British Administration Transvaal 1902-1910	259
CSAR Railway stamps	297

SOUTH AFRICA

Postal history and postage stamps of Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek / Transvaal

Ton Dietz, African Studies Centre Leiden, January 2017

Introduction

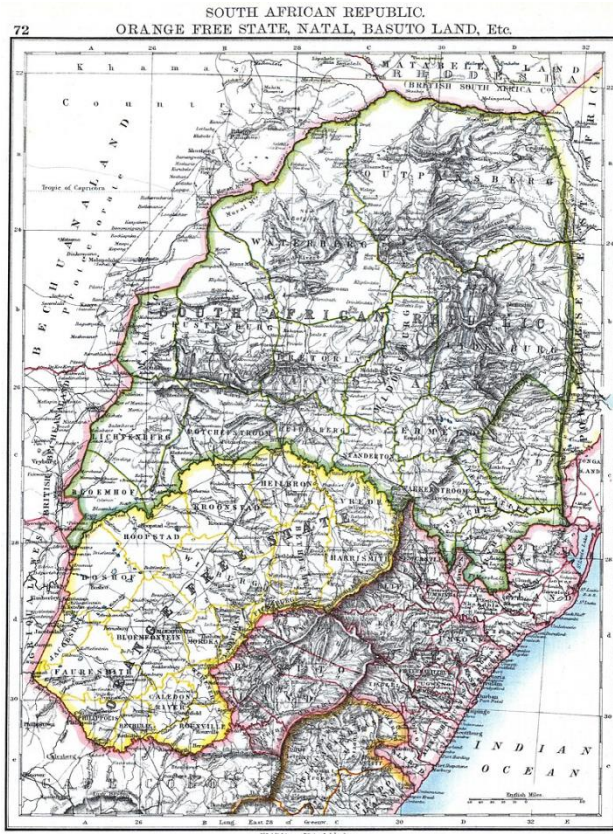


https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/d/d0/Flag_of_Transvaal.svg/1024px-Flag_of_Transvaal.svg.png

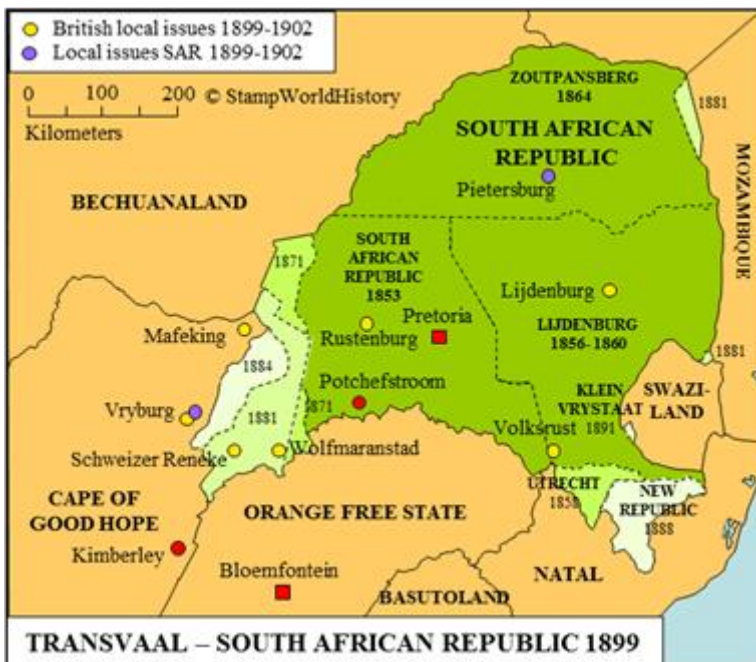
https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/thumb/1/1f/Coat_of_Arms_of_the_Transvaal.jpg/85px-Coat_of_Arms_of_the_Transvaal.jpg

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/6/65/Transvaal_Colony_Flag.png

“The South African Republic (Dutch: Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek, ZAR), often referred to as the Transvaal and sometimes as the Republic of Transvaal, was an independent and internationally recognised country in Southern Africa from 1852 to 1902. The country defeated the British in what is often referred to as the First Boer War and remained independent until the end of the Second Boer War on 31 May 1902, when it was forced to surrender to the British. The territory of the ZAR became known after this war as the Transvaal Colony. After the outbreak of the First World War a small number of Boers staged the Maritz Rebellion and aligned themselves with the Central Powers in a failed gambit to regain independence”. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/South_African_Republic



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/9/9f/Johnston%2C_W._and_A.K._-South_African_Republic._Orange_Free_State%2C_Natal%2C_Basuto_Land%2C_Etc..jpg/800px-Johnston%2C_W._and_A.K._-South_African_Republic._Orange_Free_State%2C_Natal%2C_Basuto_Land%2C_Etc..jpg



<http://www.stampworldhistory.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/Transvaal-small.png>

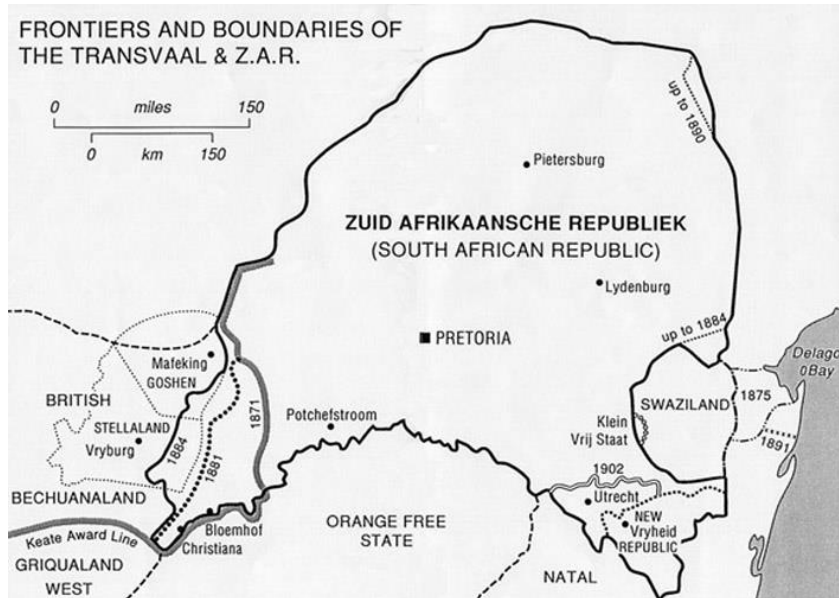
“The Great Trek. Transvaal is located in southern Africa – north of the Vaal River. The first colonists settle in Transvaal in the first half of the 19th century. After the British have taken over Cape of Good Hope from the Dutch in 1814, the descendants of the original Dutch settlers – the Boer – embark on the so called ‘Great Trek’. In the 1830’s and 1840’s, the Boer move inland and establish a number of republics – some of which only have a short existence. In 1853 the South African Republic is formed in Potchefstroom.

Shaping the South African Republic The South African Republic will, in subsequent years, absorb several of the Boer republics established north of the Vaal River: in 1860 the Lijdenburg republic – including the republic of Utrecht that had joined the Lijdenburg republic in 1858, in 1864 the Zoutpansberg republic, in 1888 the New Republic and in 1891 the small Klein Vrystaat. Furthermore, between 1871 and 1884, the borders of the South African Republic will be adjusted several times through treaties with the British – extending its territory westward into the land of the Tswana. In 1881 minor border adjustments with Mozambique are agreed upon with the Portuguese.

The First Boer War The British, from the 1870’s, take an ever growing interest in the South African Republic. First, because of the mineral resources that are discovered – diamonds and gold. Second, because the British in the ‘Scramble for Africa’ want to prevent other colonial powers from annexing the South African Republic. In 1877 the British decide to annex the South African Republic as the British colony of Transvaal. The Boer reject British annexation and, in 1880, start the First Boer War that ends in the reestablishment of the South African Republic in 1881 – until 1884 under British sovereignty, from 1884 fully independent.

The Second Boer War In the 1880’s and 1890’s the South African Republic extends its influence in neighboring Swaziland, that, in 1894, becomes a protectorate of the South African Republic. In the 1890’s the South African Republic develops closer ties with the other large Boer republic – Orange Free State – resulting in a treaty between the two Boer republics. Increasing tension with the British, in 1899, leads to the Second Boer War. The Boer, from Orange Free State and the South African Republic, invade the British colonies of Cape of Good Hope and Natal. The British, however, quickly gain the upper hand and, by 1900, large parts of Orange Free State and the South African Republic are occupied by the British. The Boer resort to a guerrilla war – the last Boer to surrender in 1902. The British annex Orange Free State and the South African Republic as the Orange River and Transvaal colonies – de facto in 1900, de jure in 1902. The borders of Transvaal are adjusted by the transfer of the territories of the former republic of Utrecht and the New Republic to Natal.

Aftermath The Transvaal colony will, in 1910, join the Union of South Africa. Transvaal will be province of South Africa until 1994, when it is split up into four smaller provinces that exist until today.”



<http://www.transvaalstamps.org.uk/map2.jpg>: “(Historical Map, Courtesy of Christopher Board)
 Copyright © 2007 Transvaal Study Circle.

“De staatspresidenten van de Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek waren:

Term	State President	Notes
1857–1860	Marthinus Wessel Pretorius	1st State President
1860–1860	Johannes Hermanus Grobler	Interim State President
1860–1862	Stephanus Schoeman	Interim State President
1862–1863	Willem Cornelis Janse van Rensburg	Interim State President
1863–1864	Willem Cornelis Janse van Rensburg	2d State President
1864–1871	Marthinus Wessel Pretorius	3d State President
1871–1872	Daniël Jacobus Erasmus	Interim State President
1872–1877	Thomas François Burgers	4th State President

1877–1880	<i>Britse overheersing</i>	
1880–1883	Stephanus Johannes Paulus Kruger Marthinus Wessel Pretorius Petrus Jacobus Joubert	Triumvirate Presidency
1883–1900	Stephanus Johannes Paulus Kruger	5th State President
1900–1902	Schalk Willem Burger	Interim State President

Translated from : https://nl.wikipedia.org/wiki/Zuid-Afrikaansche_Republiek#Staatspresidenten



Pretorius

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/a/aa/Marthinus_Wessel_Pretorius_1855.jpg/266px-Marthinus_Wessel_Pretorius_1855.jpg



Schoeman

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/6/64/Stephanus_Schoeman.jpg/266px-Stephanus_Schoeman.jpg



Burgers

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/2/27/ThFBurgers_CHM_VA0897.jpg/266px-ThFBurgers_CHM_VA0897.jpg



Kruger



Joubert



Burger

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/b/ba/PKruger_1898_VA0952.jpg/266px-PKruger_1898_VA0952.jpg

<https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/b/b6/Pjjoubert.jpg/266px-Pjjoubert.jpg>

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/7/78/Schalk_Willem_Burger1.jpg/220px-Schalk_Willem_Burger1.jpg

Postage stamps

Michel Catalogue = M

Yvert et Tellier Catalogue = Y

Warning: " Whenever one thinks of the philatelic aspects of the Transvaal, it is almost inevitable that the first thing that comes to mind is the word "forgery". In the late-nineteenth century, the classic stamps of the "First Republic" and the "First British Occupation" were avidly collected by the leading philatelists of the day – and this attracted the attention of the forgers. The stamps of the "Second Republic" and the "Anglo-Boer War" were dealt a cruel blow with the clandestine production of masses of reprints. Now, after over forty years of collective philatelic research published quarterly in The Transvaal Philatelist, the Transvaal Study Circle is at the forefront of differentiating the genuine from the forged or the reprinted. The Study Circle also examines the historical context within which the stamps and postal history were produced. This dimension is important in understanding why various stamps were produced, and what the significance is of a particular piece of postal history".

<http://www.transvaalstamps.org.uk/stamps.html>

Prior to 1870: Stamps of Cape of Good Hope



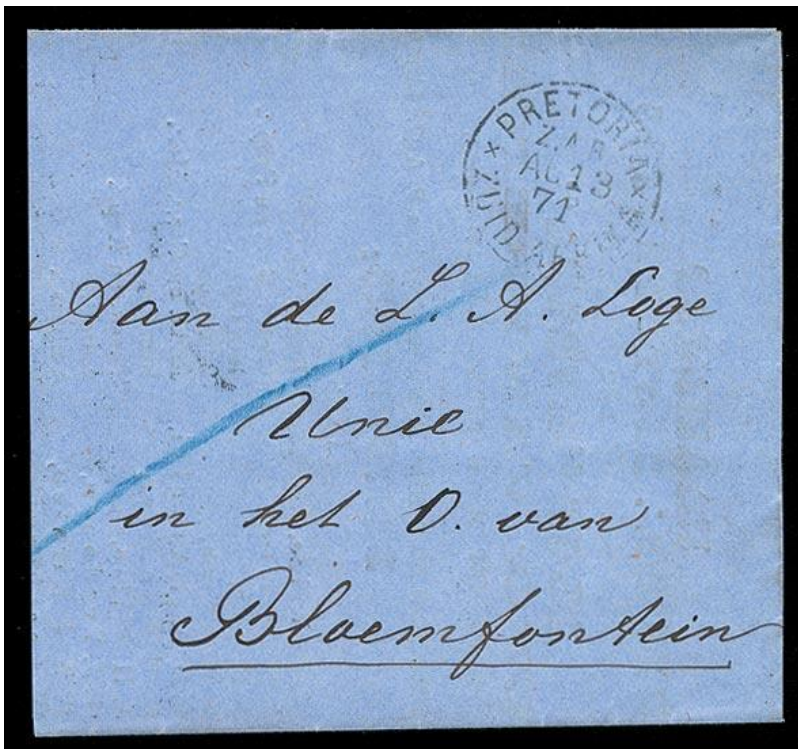
<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1552.jpg>: "Cape of Good Hope 1864 De La Rue 6d bright mauve triangle with good to large margins. Fine used, cancelled with large part of the POTCHEFSTROOM / G.P.K. / OCT 3 / 1865 / Z.A.R. 30mm single circle datestamp. Imperceptible corner crease mentioned on an otherwise clear Briefmarkenprüfstelle certificate (2014). Diena and Bolaffi expertising marks on the reverse. Very rare. SG 20 Note: prior to the introduction of ZAR stamps in 1869, mail addressed overseas forwarded via the Cape of Good Hope required Cape stamps to be affixed. This followed a decision by the Volksraad in 1859 to set up a regular postal service. Herman Jeppe, the Postmaster at Potchefstroom (then Capital of the ZAR) placed an order in August of that year for Cape stamps. All four triangular duties are recorded postmarked with the Potchefstroom 30mm single circle datestamp, the only cancelling device then available. All are rare."



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T534.jpg>: "1866 (May), blue pre-stamp entire being an official post office communication endorsed 'In dienst' (On service) and addressed to the post office at Wakkerstroom. The handwritten contents for March 1866 appear to be from the GPO at Potchefstroom concerning an unpaid letter. A note in Dutch confirms receipt on the 11th May and is signed by the postmaster at "Marthinus Wessel Stroom" which was the name of the town before being renamed 'Wakkerstroom'. Very scarce, early and most unusual."



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T657.jpg>: "1870 (August), stampless entire addressed to the Secretary of the Masonic "Unie" lodge, Bloemfontein, O.V. Staat. Bearing at upper right a fine strike of the POTCHEFSTROOM / ZAR / ZUID AFRIKA (10 Aug) single circle datestamp. The reverse with printed form headed 'DE LOGE "FLAMING STAR OF SOUTH AFRICA"' (Potchefstroom, Z.A. Republiek). The contents (in Dutch) appear to concern a newly inducted member. Damaged at top and left (visible only when opened out - no text is missing) not affecting fine appearance when folded. Very scarce and unusual early Masonic item from South Africa."



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1704.jpg>: "1871 (August), stampless, printed letter (reduced at sides) showing part of a membership list for the 'Aurora' Masonic Lodge. Addressed to a member of the 'Unie' Lodge in Bloemfontein, OVS. Bearing an originating PRETORIA / Z.A.R. / ZUID AFRIKA (AU 13 / 71) single circle datestamp at upper right. With large '1' in blue manuscript denoting the 1d printed mater rate. A very scarce item of mail between the two Boer Republics. A very similar item is illustrated in 'The Postal History of the Orange Free State' (p173) by Robert Allison."

Zuid-Afrikaansche Republiek 1870-1877

1870 May

1p



<https://www.stampworld.com/media/catalogue/South-African-Republic/Postage-stamps/A1-i.jpg>

http://images-01.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/211/068/816_001.jpg?v=2



http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/248/233/414_001.jpg: "South Africa - Transvaal 1870 Definitives 3 stamps used"

M1 la braunkarmin, [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] B□; Y1 rouge



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1284.jpg>: "1870 Otto printing on thin paper. 1d orange-red (pale shade), fine roulette, from the wide-set plates. With clear to large margins. Very fine unused without gum. SG 4b"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1285.jpg>: "1870 Otto printing on thin paper. 1d vermilion, fine roulette, from the narrow-set plates. Very fine un-used with trace of gum. SG 4c"

https://s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/lot-images.atgmedia.com/SR/1141/2883308/1895-201362215947_155x155.jpg



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1684.jpg>: "1872 Borrius printing 1d carmine-red on thinnish opaque paper, fine roulette with very good to enormous margins. Small thin spot in right margin, otherwise very fine fresh mint. SG 29a"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1310.jpg>: "1872 1d carmine-red on thinnish opaque paper, fine roulette. Shallow hinge thin and spot in upper margin, otherwise fine used with light target-type cancellation. SG 29a"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1311.jpg>: "1872 1d carmine-red (a deep bright shade) on thinnish opaque paper, fine roulette. Hinge thin, otherwise fine used with target-type cancellation. SG 29a"



Boschuyf www.delcampe.net

http://images-00.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/342/580/478_001.jpg?v=1 :

“Transvaal, South Africa, 1870, Heraldry, 1 Penny, rouletted 12.5, used, Michel 1C”

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y5 rouge



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1199.jpg>: “1870 Viljoen printing on thick hard paper. 1d (very pale) rose-red, imperforate. Very fine mint. SG 13”

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1296.jpg>: “1870 Viljoen printing on thick hard paper. 1d pale rose-red, imperforate. Fine unused, without gum (or very dry streaky gum). SG 13a”

M1 IIa [M.J. Viljoen Pretoria] B□; Y9 carmin



<http://www.transvaalstamps.org.uk/borriuspaperc.jpg> : “One penny fine roulette printed by Borrius on Yardley paper C.”

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/MT93.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on medium paper. 1d carmine-red, fine roulette. Very fine mint. SG 18a"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1242.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on medium paper. 1d carmine-red, fine roulette. A partially over-inked example, fine mint. SG 18a"



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1273.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on medium paper. 1d crimson, fine roulette. Printed from an over-inked plate. Hinge remnants, otherwise fine mint. SG 18b"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T343.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on medium paper. 1d crimson, fine roulette. Printed from an over-inked plate. Fine mint. SG 18b"



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1579.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on medium paper. 1d carmine-red, fine roulette, with very good to large margins. Very fine used with a light target-type cancellation. Very scarce and an underrated stamp in used condition. SG 18a"



<http://www.filat.ch/images/pictures/ggtb110.jpg>: "TRANSVAAL 1870 VILJOEN 1D CARMINE RED PAIR, CERT"

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y14 carmin

1p

Not yet found

M1 Ib ziegelrot [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] B □; not in Yvert

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; not in Yvert



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1685.jpg>: "1874 Davis printing on thicker opaque paper, perf 12½. 1d pale red, very fine unused (without gum). A very scarce and underrated stamp. SG 40"

<http://zenius.kalneciai.lt/africa/south/transvaal/transvaal1869.jpg>

M1 IIb ziegelrot [M.J. Viljoen Pretoria] A 12 ½ September 1874; Y19 rouge ["Impression de Davis au Natal, dentelés 12"]

Idem B □; not in Yvert

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; not in Yvert

6p



http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/featured/T1707_f.jpg: "1869 Otto printing on thin paper. 6d pale ultramarine, fine roulette. Showing white flaw between 'ZES' and 'PENCE' at right. Hinge remnants, otherwise very fine fresh mint with large to enormous margins. SG 5a"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1266.jpg>: "1870 Otto printing on thin paper. 6d bright ultramarine, fine roulette, printed from the wide-set plates. Shallow thin across base, otherwise fine mint. SG 5"

<http://www.janssenstamps.com/site/images/full-size-images/Transvaal063.jpg>

M2 la ultramarin [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] B□; Y3 outremer



http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/featured/T1303_f.jpg: "1870 6d ultramarine on medium paper, fine roulette. Very fine mint with large to very large margins. A very scarce stamp this fine. SG 19"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1707.jpg>: "1869 Otto printing on thin paper. 6d pale ultramarine, fine roulette. Showing white flaw between 'ZES' and 'PENCE' at right. Hinge remnants, otherwise very fine fresh mint with large to enormous margins. SG 5a"

<http://www.stampworldhistory.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/07/Transvaal1.jpg>



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T747.jpg>: "1872-74 6d ultramarine, on thin transparent paper, fine roulette. Small marginal thin, otherwise very fine used with 'X' pen cancellation. Attractive. SG 27"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T382.jpg>: "1872-74 6d ultramarine, a deep shade on thin transparent paper, fine roulette. Fine used with central target cancel. SG 27"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1548.jpg>: "1872-74 6d ultramarine, on thin transparent paper, fine roulette with large to very large margins. Very fine used with target-type canceller. Scarce this fine. SG 27"

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y6 outremer



<https://www.stampworld.com/media/catalogue/South-African-Republic/Postage-stamps/A11-s.jpg>

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T328.jpg>: "1870 Viljoen printing on thin gummed paper from Germany. 6d dull ultramarine, with evidence of fine roulette at left. Fine used with central target-type cancellation. SG 11"

M2 Ila ultramarin [M.J. Viljoen Pretoria] A 12 ½ September 1874]; ; Y20 bleu ["Impression de Davis au Natal, dentelés 12"])

Idem B □; Y12 + Y12 Tête-bêche



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1303.jpg>: "1870 6d ultramarine on medium paper, fine roulette. Very fine mint with large to very large margins. A very scarce stamp this fine. SG 19"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1305.jpg>: "1870 6d ultramarine on medium paper, fine roulette. Very fine fresh unused without gum. Scarce. SG 19"



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T350.jpg>: "1870 6d ultramarine (pale shade) on medium paper, fine roulette. Fine used with light target cancellation. SG 19"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T17.jpg>: "1870 6d ultramarine on medium paper, fine roulette. Fine used with target-type cancellation. Scarce. SG 19"

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; not in Yvert



<http://www.transvaalstamps.org.uk/davis.jpg> : "This over-inked First Republic 6d stamp was printed in deep blue by P. Davis & Son, of Pietermaritzburg, between 1870 and 1871, from a single plate. The resulting pane of forty stamps consisted of six rows of eight. The position can be identified as being from position eight by an ink spot on the cover of the wagon.

M2 II bA durchstochen 15 ½ : 16, blau Sept. 1874; Y21 outremer



<http://www.transvaalstamps.org.uk/pse.jpg>: "1874 Davis Postal Stationery Envelope. Copyright © 2013 Jeff Woolgar".



http://fep.up.pt/docentes/cpimenta/lazer/WebFilatelicamente/public_html/r106/pictures/revista106_7_02.jpg : "The first stamps of the ZAR: cover from Rustenburg to Wellington, franked at the ZAR/Cape Colony letter rate of 6d. The stamp is a printing of J.F. Celliers, Pretoria, and cancelled with a three-ring obliterator No.3 of Rustenburg. The front also shows the single ring date stamp of Rustenburg dated 18 July 1875, and arrival date stamp of Wellington, Cape Colony, dated 29 July 1875. The journey from the Transvaal, via Potchefstroom (backstamp 18 July 1875) and Kimberley, to Cape Colony by ox-wagon was covered in 11 days. The first stamps of the Zuid Afrikaansche Republiek (ZAR) were printed in Germany by Adolph Otto of Gustrow, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in 1869, and consisted of the values 1d, 6d and 1 shilling. The printing plates were shipped to South Africa and subsequently another four different printers produced stamps in the same design."

1 Sh



https://s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/lot-images.atgmedia.com/SR/1141/2883308/1894-201362215942_540x360.jpg

M3 la dunkelgrün [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] B□; Y4 + Y4 vert Tête-bêche

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y8 vert

M3 Ila dunkelgrün [M.J. Viljoen Pretoria] C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; not in Yvert

1Sh



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1414.jpg>: "1872 1/- yellow-green on thinnish opaque paper, fine roulette with very good to enormous margins. Superb used with target-type cancellation. SG 32"

<http://www.stevedrewett.com/images/6932.jpg>: "TRANSVAAL - 1870 1/- yellow green unused. SG 6a. 1870 1/- yellow green 'Otto' printing with roulette perforation in unused condition. SG 6a."

http://images-00.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/262/312/289_001.jpg

M3 Ib gelbgrün C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16 [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg]; not in Yvert



<https://www.stampworld.com/media/catalogue/South-African-Republic/Postage-stamps/A12-s.jpg>

M3 IIb gelbgrün [M.J. Viljoen Pretoria] B □; Y13 vert + Y13 vert Tête-bêche

Idem C durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y18 vert

1870 September

1p



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1315.jpg>: "1870-71 Borrius printing on stout paper. 1d (greyish) black, imperforate, with very good to large margins. Fine unused without gum. SG 21"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1578.jpg>: "1870-71 Borrius printing on stout paper. 1d black, imperforate, with very good, even margins. Fine used with target-type cancellation. SG 21"

<http://www.stevedrewett.com/images/6949.jpg>: "TRANSVAAL - 1872 1d black mint. SG 25. 1872-74 1d black 'Borrius' printing on thin transparent paper with rouletted perforations in mint condition with much original gum. Small stain at bottom. SG 25."

M4 Schwartz B □ geschnitten ; Y10 noir

Idem Cx durchstoehen 15 ½ : 16; gewöhnliches papier; Y15 noir

Idem Cy durchstoehen 15 ½ : 16; dünnes durchsichtiges papier; not in Yvert

1871 July

3p



<http://www.filat.ch/images/pictures/xpnrq036.jpg>: "1871 3d Otto deep lilac, fine roulette on thin paper, clear distinct impression, the Second Essay, Luff "M", but VARIETY IMPERFORATE (SG 24var). VF/M with large part OG. Extremely rare, being the only recorded uncanceled example from the "M" plate to date."

Y2 lilas [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] □ : Y2 lilas + Y2 lilas Tête-bêche



<http://www.janssenstamps.com/site/images/full-size-images/Transvaal059.jpg>

http://www.southafricanstamps.net/Pre_Union/Transvaal/SG30_used.jpg

http://images-00.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/232/271/417_001.jpg?v=2

M5IaC rotlila (Juli 1871) [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; Y6 lilas



http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/396/345/829_001.jpg : "Transvaal 1872 3d grey-lilac fine roulette, on thin opaque paper fine used. SG30"

M5I IbC graulila (Dec. 1872) [J.P. Borrius Potchefstroom] durchstochen 15 ½ : 16; not in Yvert

M5I IcB lila (28/4/1875) □ [J.P. Borrius Potchefstroom]: Y11 lilas

M5I IcC lila (28/4/1875) durchstochen 15 ½ : 16 [J.P. Borrius Potchefstroom]; Y16 lilas



<http://www.filat.ch/images/pictures/vpish036.jpg>: "TRANSVAAL 1869 3D PLATE L TETE-BECHE PAIR, RARITY!"



<http://www.filat.ch/images/pictures/xsbrv071.jpg>: "1871 Otto, Second Eagle, 3d pale reddish lilac, thin paper, but imperf. THE UNISSUED ESSAY WITHOUT DOT ON EAGLE'S LEG (as SG 24). VF/M example, large part OG. A rare stamp. Opinion: Eichele BPB (Essay, Plate L, 1st Essay, Rare)."

6p



Tchecochien

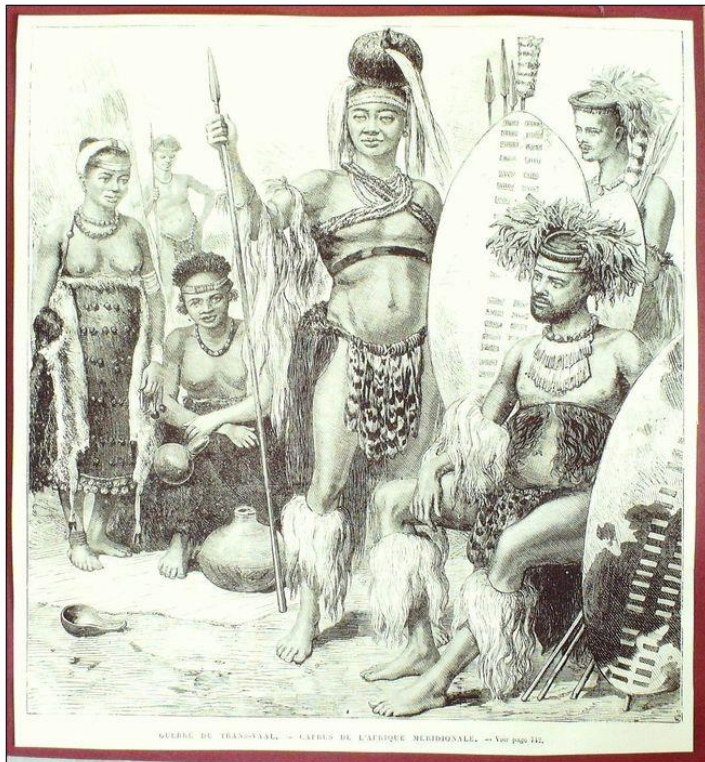
www.delcampe.net

http://images-00.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/275/993/015_001.jpg?v=1: "Transvaal
- 1874 - Y&T N° 20, oblitéré, dentelure découpée"



<https://siegelauctions.com/1995/767/506.jpg>: "TRANSVAAL. 1874, 6p Bright Ultramarine, Rouletted (8). Wide even margins and complete roulettes, tied by "14" in concentric rings on 1875 cover to Logansport, Indiana, with Cape of Good Hope 1864 1sh Green (19) tied by "1" numeral cancel, clear "Cape Town Cape Colony Ap 29 75" cds, red pencil "4" and London transit markings, New York exchange cds on back, Very Fine, very scarce mixed franking and destination"

M61C ultramarin (Okt. 1874) [Adolf Otto Güstrow/Mecklenburg] durchstoichen 15 ½ : 16



Cabrel25

www.delcampe.net

http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/331/404/715_001.jpg: "GRAVURE-801-AFRIQUE-CAFRES GUERRE DU TRANSVAAL-1874"

1875

Yvert: papier pelure A = □; B = percés en ligne

1p



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T436.jpg>: "1875-77 1d orange-red on semi-pelure paper, imperforate. Pinhole, otherwise fine used with '1' in target cancel. SG 43"



http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/100/257/766_001.jpg?v=1

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1708.jpg>: "1875-77 1d orange-red on semi-pelure paper, WIDE ROULETTE with large to very large margins on three sides and close at top. Very fine used with '1' target-type canceller of Pretoria. Very scarce, especially this fine. SG 49"

rouge Y22 A et B

3p



http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/100/258/006_001.jpg?v=1

http://images-00.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/100/257/875_001.jpg?v=1

violet-gris Y23 A et B

6p



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T51.jpg>: "1876 6d blue on stout hard surfaced paper, imperforate. Fine used with '12' target-type cancellation of Middelburg. SG 63"

<http://www.stevedrewett.com/images/6951.jpg>: "1875-77 6d blue imperforate 'Celliers' printing cancelled by concentric circle cancel. SG 45."



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1581.jpg>: "1875-77 6d (deep) blue on semi-pelure paper, imperforate, with close (though clear) to good margins. Fine used with '11' target-type cancellation of Utrecht. SG 45"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T454.jpg>: "1875-76 6d deep (dull) blue on thin pelure paper, imperforate with good even margins. Fine used with '8' target cancel of Zeerust overlapping part of a second numeral (31?) cancel. SG 54b"

<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1550.jpg>: "1875-76 (very) 6d deep blue on thin pelure paper, WIDE ROULETTE, with very large or enormous margins, clearly showing the rouletting on all sides. Additionally showing traces of adjoining stamps at top and bottom. Very fine used with '1' target-type cancellation of Pretoria. Rare in such excellent condition. An outstanding stamp. SG 60"



Moonstone www.delcampe.net

http://images-02.delcampe-static.net/img_large/auction/000/315/070/033_001.jpg: "Transvaal 1875-7 6d deep blue, roulette 15½x16, fine used"

bleu Y24 A et B + A Tête-bêche



<http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T536.jpg>: "1877 (April), stampless entire being an official communication endorsed 'In dienst' (On service) and signed 'G.E. Fawcus' at lower left. Addressed to 'S. Melville Esquire / Surveyor General / Pretoria' and bearing UTRECHT / ZUID AFRIKA (27 Apr) single circle datestamp at upper right. The handwritten contents headed "Utrecht / April 25th 1877" concern an affidavit and some diagrams sent via the same post. Pretoria (date unclear) arrival datestamps on front and reverse. Internal left margin with tears affecting the message in places. Nevertheless, a clean, attractive and very scarce item of early official mail."

1875 Revenue



6d: <http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1191.jpg>: REVENUES 1875 Imperforate plate proof of the 6d duty printed in black on thick cream surfaced paper. Plate flaws indicate this stamp emanates from column 3. Very small shallow thin. Rare.”

6d: <http://thumbs.ebaystatic.com/images/g/clAAAOSwgZ1Xud8~/s-l225.jpg>

1sh: <http://www.rhodesia.co.za/Images/large/T1190.jpg>:” REVENUES 1875 Imperforate plate proof of the 1/- duty printed in black on thin white wove paper. Plate flaws indicate this stamp emanates from column 2. Rare.”

1sh: [http://i.ebayimg.com/00/s/NTM1WDQ3OQ==/z/cmEAAOSwEetV~uuL/\\$_12.JPG](http://i.ebayimg.com/00/s/NTM1WDQ3OQ==/z/cmEAAOSwEetV~uuL/$_12.JPG)

5sh: <http://thumbs2.picclick.com/d/w1600/pict/272344765369/South-Africa-Zuid-Afrika-Transvaal-Zegelregt.jpg>