

Fort Cochin in Kerala 1750-1830 : the social condition of a Dutch community in an Indian milieu Singh, A.

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STELLINGEN

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Fort Cochin in Kerala 1750-1830 The Social Condition of a Dutch Community in an Indian Milieu

- 1. Colonial cities and towns were often a melting pot of peoples and culture. [Jean Gelman Taylor, *The Social World of Batavia; European and Eurasian in Dutch Asia* (Madison: The University of Wisconsin Press, 1983)]
- 2. The sources of income of the Malabar Command testify that in the second half of the 18th century the Malabar Command was much more than a merchant-warrior pacified. [George D. Winius and Marcus P. M. Vink, *The Merchant-Warrior Pacified: The Dutch East India Company and its Changing Political Economy in India* (Delhi: Oxford, 1994)].
- 3. Although according to modern systems of accounting, the account-books of the Malabar Command (*staatrekeningen*) do not indicate real profit or loss, they nonetheless show unprecedented profits between 1750 and 1780.
- 4. By joining hand with the mestizo women and the Malabar merchants, the European company servants of the VOC benefited from their social and economic networks in the region.
- 5. By marrying Roman Catholic women of Cochin, the European servants of the VOC in the Malabar Command made clear that, being Protestant counted little in their private lives.
- 6. Social life in Cochin did not change drastically after the VOC was replaced by the EIC.
- 7. Van Leur's review "On the eighteenth century as a category in Indonesian History" paradoxically led to a neglect of the period of transition between the eighteenth and the nineteenth centuries.
- 8. In contrast to the European idea, the concepts of medieval and early modern history of India, are one sided and obscure the unique nature of this period.
- 9. The fact that both the EIC and the VOC were backed by their sovereigns, proves that economic empires were political, from the very beginning.
- 10. By composing eighteenth century *rederijkersgedichten* (rhetoric poems) the Dutch elites of British Cochin hung on to their common Dutch culture.
- 11. The quality of ground water in Fort Cochin is as bad today, as it was in the VOC times.
- 12. A good start to understanding Dutch language, culture and people is reading Fokke and Sukke cartoons. A giant step forward is to comprehend and find humour in them.