

Cover Page



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Title: Epigenetic differences after prenatal adversity : the Dutch hunger winter

Issue Date: 2013-10-29

Supplement I

Table S1. Association of neutrophil proportion with DNA methylation of the recent blood samples of 34 additional individuals from the NTR biobank

Locus	Variance explained	p-value of effect
<i>IL10</i>	27.9 %	8.0*10 ⁻⁰⁸
<i>IGF2R</i>	1.2 %	0.312
<i>LEP</i>	1.8 %	1.0*10 ⁻⁰⁴
<i>CRH</i>	0.0 %	0.993
<i>IGF2</i>	0.6 %	0.378
<i>INSIGF</i>	0.1 %	0.677
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i>	0.0 %	0.808
<i>APOC1</i>	0.1 %	0.763

Table S2. Characteristics of 30 individuals, selected from the NTR biobank

Male, no. (%)	12	(40 %)
Female, no. (%)	18	(60 %)
Smoker, no. (%)	3	(10 %)
Ex-smoker, no. (%)	15	(50 %)
Non-smoker, no. (%)	12	(40 %)
Age at biobanking, mean (SD)	48	(16)
Waist circumference in cm, mean (SD)	98	(22)
LDL-cholesterol (in mmol/L) , mean (SD)	2.47	(1.63)
HDL-cholesterol (in mmol/L) , mean (SD)	1.51	(0.94)
Glucose (in mmol/L) , mean (SD)	9.10	(4.83)

Table S3. Age and longitudinal sampling of 34 individuals from the NTR biobank

Age at first sampling (blood)	Years to first follow-up (buccal swab)	Years to second follow-up (blood and buccal swab)
62	6	13
62	6	13
60	9	12
54	6	14
52	6	13
52	6	13
48	6	13
48	6	13
46	10	12
46	10	12
45	10	12
45	10	12
43	6	13
43	6	12
42	6	11
41	6	13
41	10	12
41	6	12
41	10	12
39	6	11
39	9	12
36	10	12
36	10	14
36	10	12
34	9	12
21	13	15
19	10	16
17	15	17
17	14	16
16	11	16
16	13	16
14	17	19
14	16	18
14	15	19

Table S4. Primers used in bisulfite PCR

Locus	Forward primer ¹	Reverse primer ²
<i>IL10</i>	TGATTGGTTGAATATGAATTTTTGTAT	CACCCCCTCATTTTTACTTAAAAA
<i>NR3C1</i>	GATTTGGTTTTTTGGGG	TCCCTTCCCTAAAACCT
<i>TNF</i>	GGGTATTTTTGATGTTTGTGTGT	CAATACTCATAATATCCTTTCCAAAAA
<i>IGF2R</i>	AGGTAGAAAAAGGTTTTGGAAG	CAAATCTTAAAAACTAACTAAAAACC
<i>GRB10</i>	GGAATTTTAGGATTAATTTATGTGA	AACTTCCAAAAAAACCTCTCC
<i>LEP</i>	GTTTTGGAGGGATATTAAGGATTT	CTACCAAAAAAACCAACAAAAAAA
<i>CRH</i>	TGGTTGTTGTTTTTTGGTAGG	AATTTCTCCACTCCAAAACCTAAA
<i>ABCA1</i>	ATTTTATTGGTGTTTTTGGTTGT	ATCAAAACCTATACTCTCCCTCCTC
<i>IGF2</i>	TGGATAGGAGATTGAGGAGAAA	AAACCCCAACAAAAACCACT
<i>INSIGF</i>	GTTTTGAGGAAGAGTGTGA	ACCTAAAATCCAACCACCTAA
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i>	TTTGGTAGGATTTTGTGAGGAGTTTT	CTCACACCCCAACCAATACCTCATACT
<i>MEG3</i>	TTTTTTTTAATAGTATTTTGATTTTTG	AAATAATCCCCACACACATACC
<i>FTO</i>	GTTTGTAATTTTAGTATTTGGGAGGT	TTTATTTCCATTATCCATTCTCAAA
<i>APOC1</i>	GGAGGAGGGAGATTAATATTAATTTGT	ACCCCAACCTATAACCACCTT
<i>GNASAS</i>	GTAATTTGTGGTATGAGGAAGAGTGA	TAAATAACCCAACTAAATCCCAACA
<i>GNAS A/B</i>	ATGATTAATTAAGGTTTTAGGAAAAGG	TAAAAATACAAAACCTCCCTACTC
10-mer tag	AGGAAGAGAG + primer	
T7 tag		CAGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAAGGCT + primer

1. Forward primer, an additional tag is added for Sequenom EpiTyper PCRs which is denoted below

2. Reverse primer, an additional tag is added for Sequenom EpiTyper PCRs which is denoted below

Table S5. CpG-sites per fragment of the loci that were analyzed for variation

Locus	CpG-sites* analyzed
<i>IL10</i>	1, 2&3, 4
<i>NR3C1</i>	1&2, 4, 7&8, 9, 10&11, 12&13, 14, 15&16, 17-20, 31, 33&34
<i>TNF</i>	1-3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11
<i>IGF2R</i>	4&5, 8-10, 11-13, 20&21
<i>GRB10</i>	1&2, 4-6, 7, 8, 17, 18-21, 22&23, 24, 25
<i>LEP</i>	1, 8, 16%17, 19-21, 22, 25, 27
<i>CRH</i>	1, 2, 5, 9, 10
<i>ABCA1</i>	1, 3&4, 6-9, 15&16, 17&18, 19-21, 24, 25
<i>IGF2</i>	3, 4, 6&7, 8
<i>INSIGF</i>	2, 4, 5, 6
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i>	1, 6, 8&9, 10-12, 15, 16, 17&18, 20, 21, 25
<i>MEG3</i>	2, 3, 4, 8&9, 10&11
<i>FTO</i>	2&3, 7, 8&9, 10&11, 14, 17, 19
<i>APOC1</i>	1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11
<i>GNASAS</i>	1&2, 3&4, 6, 7, 8&9, 10-12, 13&14, 15, 17-19
<i>GNAS A/B</i>	1, 3&4, 7, 8, 13-15, 16-19

* CpG-site number is counted from the forward primer onward

Table S6. CpG-sites per fragment of the loci that were analyzed for stability

Locus	CpG-sites* analyzed
<i>IL10</i>	1, 2&3, 4
<i>IGF2R</i>	4&5, 8-10, 11-13, 20&21, 22 [†]
<i>LEP</i>	1, 8, 16&17, 19-21, 22 [†] , 25, 27
<i>CRH</i>	1 [†] , 2, 5, 9
<i>IGF2</i>	4, 6&7, 8
<i>INSIGF</i>	2, 4, 5, 6
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i>	1, 6, 10-12, 15, 16, 17&18, 20, 21, 25
<i>APOC1</i>	1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 11

* CpG-site number is counted from the forward primer onward

† CpG-site measurement met the quality criteria only in the recent blood samples

Table S7. All CpG-units of the 16 loci

Locus_CpG-unit*	CpG-sites*	Reason for removal prior to quality control
<i>IL10_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>IL10_02</i>	CpG_2&3	
<i>IL10_03</i>	CpG_4	
<i>NR3C1_01</i>	CpG_1&2	
<i>NR3C1_02</i>	CpG_3	
<i>NR3C1_03</i>	CpG_4	
<i>NR3C1_04</i>	CpG_5&6	
<i>NR3C1_05</i>	CpG_7&8	
<i>NR3C1_06</i>	CpG_9	
<i>NR3C1_07</i>	CpG_10&11	
<i>NR3C1_08</i>	CpG_12&13	
<i>NR3C1_09</i>	CpG_14	
<i>NR3C1_10</i>	CpG_15&16	
<i>NR3C1_11</i>	CpG_17-20	
<i>NR3C1_12</i>	CpG_21	Mass overlap with unit 14
<i>NR3C1_13</i>	CpG_22-28	
<i>NR3C1_14</i>	CpG_29	Mass overlap with unit 12
<i>NR3C1_15</i>	CpG_30	
<i>NR3C1_16</i>	CpG_31	
<i>NR3C1_17</i>	CpG_32	
<i>NR3C1_18</i>	CpG_33&34	
<i>NR3C1_19</i>	CpG_35-41	High Mass
<i>NR3C1_20</i>	CpG_42	rs5871844 and rs34027900
<i>TNF_01</i>	CpG_1-3	
<i>TNF_02</i>	CpG_4	
<i>TNF_03</i>	CpG_5	
<i>TNF_04</i>	CpG_6	
<i>TNF_05</i>	CpG_7&8	
<i>TNF_06</i>	CpG_9	
<i>TNF_07</i>	CpG_10	
<i>TNF_08</i>	CpG_11	
<i>IGF2R_01</i>	CpG_1	Mass overlap with unit 8
<i>IGF2R_02</i>	CpG_2	Mass overlap with unit 3
<i>IGF2R_03</i>	CpG_3	Mass overlap with unit 2
<i>IGF2R_04</i>	CpG_4&5	
<i>IGF2R_05</i>	CpG_6&7	Mass overlap with unit 11
<i>IGF2R_06</i>	CpG_8-10	
<i>IGF2R_07</i>	CpG_11-13	
<i>IGF2R_08</i>	CpG_14	Mass overlap with unit 1
<i>IGF2R_09</i>	CpG_15&16	Mass overlap with unit 10 and rs677882 and rs8191722
<i>IGF2R_10</i>	CpG_17	Mass overlap with unit 9
<i>IGF2R_11</i>	CpG_18&19	Mass overlap with unit 5 and rs8191721 and rs8191720
<i>IGF2R_12</i>	CpG_20&21	
<i>IGF2R_13</i>	CpG_22	

Table S7. (Continued A): All CpG-units of the 16 loci

Locus_CpG-unit*	CpG-sites*	Reason for removal prior to quality control
<i>GRB10_01</i>	CpG_1&2	
<i>GRB10_02</i>	CpG_3	Mass overlap with unit 9
<i>GRB10_03</i>	CpG_4-6	
<i>GRB10_04</i>	CpG_7	
<i>GRB10_05</i>	CpG_8	
<i>GRB10_06</i>	CpG_9&10	Mass overlap with unit 8
<i>GRB10_07</i>	CpG_11	Low mass
<i>GRB10_08</i>	CpG_12	Mass overlap with unit 6
<i>GRB10_09</i>	CpG_13	Mass overlap with unit 2
<i>GRB10_10</i>	CpG_14&15	
<i>GRB10_11</i>	CpG_16	
<i>GRB10_12</i>	CpG_17	
<i>GRB10_13</i>	CpG_18-21	
<i>GRB10_14</i>	CpG_22&23	
<i>GRB10_15</i>	CpG_24	
<i>GRB10_16</i>	CpG_25	
<i>LEP_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>LEP_02</i>	CpG_2-7	High Mass and rs791620
<i>LEP_03</i>	CpG_8	
<i>LEP_04</i>	CpG_9&10	Mass overlap with unit 9
<i>LEP_05</i>	CpG_11	Mass overlap with units 12 and 6
<i>LEP_06</i>	CpG_12&13	Mass overlap with units 5 and 12
<i>LEP_07</i>	CpG_14&15	Mass overlap with unit 14
<i>LEP_08</i>	CpG_16&17	
<i>LEP_09</i>	CpG_18	Mass overlap with unit 4
<i>LEP_10</i>	CpG_19-21	
<i>LEP_11</i>	CpG_22	
<i>LEP_12</i>	CpG_23&24	Mass overlap with units 5 and 6
<i>LEP_13</i>	CpG_25	
<i>LEP_14</i>	CpG_26	Mass overlap with unit 7
<i>LEP_15</i>	CpG_27	
<i>LEP_16</i>	CpG_28	
<i>LEP_17</i>	CpG_29	rs2167270
<i>LEP_18</i>	CpG_30-32	High Mass
<i>CRH_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>CRH_02</i>	CpG_2	
<i>CRH_03</i>	CpG_3	
<i>CRH_04</i>	CpG_4	
<i>CRH_05</i>	CpG_5	
<i>CRH_06</i>	CpG_6	Mass overlap with unit 7
<i>CRH_07</i>	CpG_7	Mass overlap with unit 6
<i>CRH_08</i>	CpG_8	
<i>CRH_09</i>	CpG_9	
<i>CRH_10</i>	CpG_10	

Table S7. (Continued B): All CpG-units of the 16 loci

Locus_CpG-unit*	CpG-sites*	Reason for removal prior to quality control
<i>ABCA1</i> _01	CpG_1	
<i>ABCA1</i> _02	CpG_2	
<i>ABCA1</i> _03	CpG_3&4	
<i>ABCA1</i> _04	CpG_5	
<i>ABCA1</i> _05	CpG_6-9	
<i>ABCA1</i> _06	CpG_10-13	rs2246298
<i>ABCA1</i> _07	CpG_14	
<i>ABCA1</i> _08	CpG_15&16	
<i>ABCA1</i> _09	CpG_17&18	
<i>ABCA1</i> _10	CpG_19-21	
<i>ABCA1</i> _11	CpG_22&23	rs13306071
<i>ABCA1</i> _12	CpG_24	
<i>ABCA1</i> _13	CpG_25	
<i>ABCA1</i> _14	CpG_26&27	rs2740483
<i>IGF2</i> _01	CpG_1	rs3741208 and rs17883577
<i>IGF2</i> _02	CpG_2	rs3741209
<i>IGF2</i> _03	CpG_3	
<i>IGF2</i> _04	CpG_4	
<i>IGF2</i> _05	CpG_5	rs4930041
<i>IGF2</i> _06	CpG_6&7	
<i>IGF2</i> _07	CpG_8	
<i>INSIGF</i> _01	CpG_1	Low mass
<i>INSIGF</i> _02	CpG_2	
<i>INSIGF</i> _03	CpG_3	
<i>INSIGF</i> _04	CpG_4	
<i>INSIGF</i> _05	CpG_5	
<i>INSIGF</i> _06	CpG_6	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _01	CpG_1	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _02	CpG_2	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _03	CpG_3-5	Mass overlap with unit 8
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _04	CpG_6	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _05	CpG_7	Mass overlap with units 15 and 19
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _06	CpG_8&9	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _07	CpG_10-12	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _08	CpG_13&14	Mass overlap with unit 3
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _09	CpG_15	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _10	CpG_16	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _11	CpG_17&18	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _12	CpG_19	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _13	CpG_20	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _14	CpG_21	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _15	CpG_22	Mass overlap with units 5 and 19
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _16	CpG_23	rs7940500
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _17	CpG_24	rs379976
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _18	CpG_25	
<i>KCNQ1OT1</i> _19	CpG_26&27	Mass overlap with units 5 and 15

Table S7. (Continued C): All CpG-units of the 16 loci

Locus_CpG-unit*	CpG-sites*	Reason for removal prior to quality control
<i>MEG3_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>MEG3_02</i>	CpG_2	
<i>MEG3_03</i>	CpG_3	
<i>MEG3_04</i>	CpG_4	
<i>MEG3_05</i>	CpG_5	Mass overlap with unit 6
<i>MEG3_06</i>	CpG_6	Mass overlap with unit 5
<i>MEG3_07</i>	CpG_7	
<i>MEG3_08</i>	CpG_8&9	
<i>MEG3_09</i>	CpG_10&11	
<i>MEG3_10</i>	CpG_12-14	High Mass
<i>FTO_01</i>	CpG_1	Mass overlap with Unit 5
<i>FTO_02</i>	CpG_2&3	
<i>FTO_03</i>	CpG_4	Low mass
<i>FTO_04</i>	CpG_5	
<i>FTO_05</i>	CpG_6	Mass overlap with Unit 1
<i>FTO_06</i>	CpG_7	
<i>FTO_07</i>	CpG_8&9	
<i>FTO_08</i>	CpG_10&11	
<i>FTO_09</i>	CpG_12	Mass overlap with Unit 17
<i>FTO_10</i>	CpG_13	
<i>FTO_11</i>	CpG_14	
<i>FTO_12</i>	CpG_15	
<i>FTO_13</i>	CpG_16	
<i>FTO_14</i>	CpG_17	
<i>FTO_15</i>	CpG_18	
<i>FTO_16</i>	CpG_19	
<i>FTO_17</i>	CpG_20	Mass overlap with Unit 9
<i>APOCI_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>APOCI_02</i>	CpG_2	
<i>APOCI_03</i>	CpG_3	
<i>APOCI_04</i>	CpG_4	
<i>APOCI_05</i>	CpG_5&6	rs402204
<i>APOCI_06</i>	CpG_7-9	High Mass and rs5111
<i>APOCI_07</i>	CpG_10	
<i>APOCI_08</i>	CpG_11	
<i>GNASAS_01</i>	CpG_1&2	
<i>GNASAS_02</i>	CpG_3&4	
<i>GNASAS_03</i>	CpG_5	
<i>GNASAS_04</i>	CpG_6	
<i>GNASAS_05</i>	CpG_7	
<i>GNASAS_06</i>	CpG_8&9	
<i>GNASAS_07</i>	CpG_10-12	
<i>GNASAS_08</i>	CpG_13&14	
<i>GNASAS_09</i>	CpG_15	
<i>GNASAS_10</i>	CpG_16	rs45596642
<i>GNASAS_11</i>	CpG_17-19	

Table S7. (Continued D): All CpG-units of the 16 loci

Locus_CpG-unit*	CpG-sites*	Reason for removal prior to quality control
<i>GNAS A/B_01</i>	CpG_1	
<i>GNAS A/B_02</i>	CpG_2	Mass overlap with unit 4
<i>GNAS A/B_03</i>	CpG_3&4	
<i>GNAS A/B_04</i>	CpG_5&6	Mass overlap with unit 2
<i>GNAS A/B_05</i>	CpG_7	
<i>GNAS A/B_06</i>	CpG_8	
<i>GNAS A/B_07</i>	CpG_9&10	
<i>GNAS A/B_08</i>	CpG_11	Low mass
<i>GNAS A/B_09</i>	CpG_12	
<i>GNAS A/B_10</i>	CpG_13-15	
<i>GNAS A/B_11</i>	CpG_16-19	
Totals		
# of amplicons		16
total # units		191
# units outside detection range		9
# units with equal or overlapping mass		36
# units with potential SNP		12
Total # CpG-units removed		87

* CpG-unit and CpG-site numbers are counted from the forward primer onward

Table S8. Primers used in Chapter 6

Locus	Location NCBI36/hg18	Strand	Amplicon (bp)	Forward primer ¹ 5'-3'	Reverse primer ² 5'-3'
<i>H19DMR</i>	chr 11: 1975948-1976360	-	413	GGGTTGGGAGAGTTTGTGAGGT	ATACCTACTACTCCCTACCTACCCAAC
<i>IGF2DMR2</i>	chr11: 2111300-2111791	+	492	GGAAGGGGTTAGGATTTTAT	AACCACTCCCAATTATAAACCTTTAAT
<i>IGF2DMR2</i> CTCF	chr11 2112023-2112312	+	290	TAGTAATGTTTAGTTGGAAGGGGAA	ACTACTTAACTCTAAAAACCCCTACCC
<i>IGF2AS</i>	chr11: 2117482-2117948	+	467	TTTTAGAGAATTTAGGGGTTTTATT	CCATACAAATAAAAATTTAAACTATATTTCC
<i>IGF2AS</i> CTCF	chr11: 2118126-2118422	-	297	GGTTGGAGGGTTTTAAAGTGG	AAAAAACACATATAATTTTACCCAAATCAA
<i>IGF2DMR0</i> upstr.	chr11: 2125961-2126065	-	105	GTTGTGTGTTTAGTGGTTTTTTGTTG	AAAAAATTTACCTAAAAAAAACCTTCCC
<i>IGF2DMR</i>	chr11: 2126035-2126372	-	338	TGGATAGGAGATTGAGGAGAAA	AAACCCCAACAAAAACCCACT
<i>IGF2DMR0</i> downstr.	chr11: 2127117-2127220	-	104	GATGAGGTTTTTTTATTTGTAGGGG	AAAACCAAAAATCCTAACCAACTACCC
<i>INS/IGF</i>	chr11:2138912-2139216	-	305	GTTTGGAGGAAGAGGTGTTGA	ACCTAAAATCCAAACCACCCTAA
<i>LINES-1</i>	X58075: 335-767	-	432	GTGTGAGGTGTTAGTGTGTTTTGTT	ATATCCCAACCTAACTCAAAAAAT
Additional	For Sequenom Epityper			AGGAAAGAGAG + primer	CAGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGGAGAAGGCT + primer

1. Forward primer, an additional tag is added for Sequenom Epityper PCRs which is denoted below
 2. Reverse primer, an additional tag is added for Sequenom Epityper PCRs which is denoted below
- PCR was performed with the following cycling protocol: 15 minutes at 95°C, 4 rounds of 20 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds at 65°C, 1 minute at 72°C; followed by 40 rounds, 20 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds at 58°C and 1 minute at 72°C; ending with 3 minutes at 72°C.

Table S9. Details of CpG units measured in Chapter 6

Amplicon	CpGsite	Reason for exclusion	Success rate	Mean methylation ²	SD ³	Exp-Unexp ⁴	P diff ⁵
<i>H19</i> DMR	CpG1	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 16	95.0	28.7	5.8	-0.2	0.91
	CpG2		95.0	28.7	5.8	-0.2	0.91
	CpG3.4.5	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 11	95.0	28.7	5.8	-0.2	0.91
	CpG6	low success rate	65.8				
	CpG7		89.2	32.2	3.2	-0.7	0.23
	CpG8		94.2	32.1	2.0	0.0	0.99
	CpG9.10		94.2	26.8	2.6	0.0	0.99
	CpG11	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 3.4.5	95.8				
	CpG12	rs12292822	95.0	26.6	2.3	0.0	0.87
	CpG13		95.0	29.0	3.1	-0.2	0.61
	CpG14.15	rs12292818	95.0	31.5	2.5	0.0	0.98
	CpG16	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 1	95.0				
	CpG17	rs35592994	94.2	29.0	2.4	-0.3	0.56
	CpG18.19		94.2	30.4	3.2	-0.2	0.71
	CpG20		95.0	30.0	3.0	-0.2	0.73
	CpG21	Low success rate	4.2				
	CpG22		86.7	34.0	8.0	-1.7	0.12
	CpG23	Low success rate	3.3				
	CpG24	Low success rate	65.0				
	CpG25		95.0	31.9	3.4	-0.7	0.21

Table S9. (Continued A) Details of CpG units measured in Chapter 6

Amplicon	CpGsite	Reason for exclusion ¹	Success rate	Mean methylation ²	SD ³	Exp-Unexp ⁴	P diff ⁵
<i>IGF2</i> DMR2	CpG1	Low mass	0.0				
S.L. (DMR2)	CpG2.3	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 9	65.8				
	CpG4		90.8	48.0	8.9	2.2	0.17
	CpG5.6		95.8	37.2	5.1	-0.3	0.88
	CpG7		94.2	49.8	9.3	0.0	0.96
	CpG8		96.7	56.7	8.2	0.5	0.74
	CpG9	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 2.3	67.5				
	CpG10	Low mass	0.0				
	CpG11.12		95.0	47.7	5.6	-0.2	0.91
CpG13		93.3	44.3	7.4	-0.3	0.83	
CpG14.15		96.7	55.5	8.2	0.7	0.68	
CpG16	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 18 and 21	95.8					
CpG17	Low success rate	3.3					
CpG18	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 16 and 21	95.8					
CpG19	Low mass	0.0					
CpG20		95.8	59.4	6.7	-1.0	0.43	
CpG21	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 16 and 18	95.8					
CpG22	High mass	0.0					
<i>IGF2</i> DMR2							
CTCF	CpG1		95.0	53.9	3.8	-1.7	0.040
(DMR2)	CpG2	Low success rate	70.8				
	CpG3		95.0	35.0	4.0	-1.4	0.056
	CpG4		95.0	63.5	2.4	-1.1	0.045

- CpG containing fragments (e.g. 'CpG units'): excluded were fragments containing possible SNPs in CEU (by HAPMAP or 1000genomes), a measurement success rate below <75% or (partial) overlap with other units.
- Mean methylation in %, based on the raw data.
- the variation (in %) in the controls
- The average within pair difference from a Linear Mixed Model, corrected for age and bisulfite batch.
- The P value belonging to the within pair difference.

Table S9. (Continued B) Details of CpG units measured in Chapter 6

Amplicon	CpGsite	Reason for exclusion ¹	Success rate	Mean methylation ²	SD ³	Exp-Unexp ⁴	P diff ⁵
IGF2AS (DMR1)	CpG1.2.3.4	High mass	0.0				
	CpG5		97.5	8.3	2.8	0.7	0.16
	CpG6		85.0	16.4	3.0	3.1	0.070
	CpG7		96.7	5.6	2.6	-0.4	0.43
	CpG8.9.10		96.7	5.4	0.9	-0.2	0.40
	CpG11.12	High mass	0.0				
	CpG13.14.15.16	High mass	0.0				
	CpG17		95.0	5.2	1.5	0.3	0.25
	CpG18	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 28	97.5				
	CpG19.20.21		97.5	2.5			
CpG22	Low success rate	59.2					
CpG23.24.25.26.27	High mass	0.0					
CpG28	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 18	97.5					
CpG29		95.8	13.0	2.4	0.3	0.63	
CpG30		95.0	7.3	2.9	0.1	0.96	
CpG31.32.33		95.0	14.9	2.9	0.7	0.24	
CpG34.35.36.37		97.5	8.5	1.0	0.1	0.55	
CpG38	Low mass	0.0					
CpG39.40		81.7	11.7	2.2	0.5	0.43	
CpG41		97.5	3.1	0.8	0.5	0.0030	

Table S9. (Continued C) Details of CpG units measured in Chapter 6

Amplicon	CpGsite	Reason for exclusion ¹	Success rate	Mean methylation ²	SD ³	Exp-Unexp ⁴	P diff ⁵
IGF2AS CTCF (DMR1)	CpG1		98.3	2.5	1.7	0.2	0.61
	CpG2		98.3	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.99
	CpG3.4		92.5	14.9	2.9	0.5	0.42
	CpG5.6.7.8		98.3	4.1	0.9	0.1	0.37
	CpG9.10		95.8	5.1	0.8	0.3	0.11
	CpG11.12		97.5	5.7	1.7	0.6	0.11
	CpG13.14.15.16		97.5	6.9	2.5	0.8	0.063
	CpG17.18.19		91.7	6.4	3.4	0.9	0.20
	CpG20		95.8	1.6	0.8	0.4	0.0054
	CpG21	Low mass	0.0				
	CpG22		96.7	2.0	0.7	0.3	0.019
	CpG23.24		97.5	1.1	0.6	0.0	0.71
	CpG25.26.27	High mass	0.0				
	CpG28.29.30.31	High mass	0.0				
	CpG32		98.3	4.5	1.9	0.5	0.33

Table S9. (Continued D) Details of CpG units measured in Chapter 6

Amplicon	CpGsite	Reason for exclusion ¹	Success rate	Mean methylation ²	SD ³	Exp-Unexp ⁴	P diff ⁵
<i>IGF2</i> DMR0 upstream (DMR0)	CpG1		94.2	46.6	5.4	-2.9	0.0056
	CpG2		92.5	51.6	7.3	-3.1	0.027
	CpG3		95.0	40.1	5.2	-2.7	0.0056
	CpG4		95.8	50.4	4.0	-1.4	0.049
	CpG5		91.7	32.6	4.3	-0.5	0.57
<i>IGF2</i> DMR0 downstream (DMR0)	CpG1	Low succes rate	56.7				
	CpG2	Low succes rate	67.5				
	CpG3	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 4	8.3				
	CpG4	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 3	8.3				
	CpG5.6	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 10	84.2				
	CpG7	Low succes rate	44.2				
	CpG8		77.5	82.7	5.7	-2.3	0.05
CpG9		75.8	60.6	5.8	1.0	0.35	
CpG10	Mass-overlap with fragment CpG 5.6	82.5					
CpG11	Low succes rate	25.0					
<i>LINES-1</i>	CpG12.13	rs11601832, but not present in CEU	82.5	70.5	4.9	-3.6	8.5E-4
	CpG_1		98.3	64.2	2.6	-1.8	5.8E-4
	CpG_2		98.3	60.0	1.4	-0.8	0.004
	CpG_3		98.3	71.6	2.1	-0.3	0.36
	CpG_4		96.7	36.9	4.6	-0.4	0.28
	CpG_5		97.5	35.3	1.3	-0.1	0.54
	CpG_6.7		98.3	69.4	2.0	0.1	0.13
	CpG_8.9		98.3	68.7	1.9	0.1	0.12
	CpG_10	Low mass					
	CpG_11.12		98.3	83.6	2.5	-0.4	0.31

Table S10. The genotyping results for the H19 LD block

SNP	Source ¹	Success rate ²	included? ³	MAF (obs.)	MAF CEU	HW Pval ⁴	associations (Pubmed [uid]: type)
rs217727	both	100	YES	0.204	0.15	G:A 0.16	15885138: birthweight and newborn IGF2 levels
rs2839701	tagging	no design poss.					
rs2067051	both	94.2	No, below <95%	0.5	0.482	C:C 0.89	20639793: association with birth weight
rs2251375	both	98.3	YES	0.297	0.292	C:A 0.74	20639793: association with birth weight
rs10732516	candidate	98.3	covered by rs4929983	0.496	NA, 0.44 in Brazilians	T:C 1	In core binding motif 6 th CTCF ICR
rs11042170	tagging	no design poss.					
rs2735971	tagging	no design poss.					
rs12417375	tagging	no design poss.					
rs4929983	tagging	100	YES	0.488	0.397	T:C 0.74	
rs4929984	both	98.3	covered by rs4929983	0.47	0.486	A:C 0.86	20639793: association with birth weight
rs12292757	tagging	98.3	YES	0.212	0.125	G:A 0.47	

- Several SNPs were chosen from the HAPMAP CEU panel as tagging SNPs for the region, also several candidate SNPs were added. Some were both candidate as HAPMAP tagging SNPs.
- Success rate of the genotyping.
- Several SNPs could not be measured, one SNP had a low success rate and two SNPs were in perfect LD ($r^2 > 0.9$) with another SNP in these individuals and thus not included in the final analysis.
- The P value resulting from a test for Hardy-Weinberg disequilibrium, significant threshold is $P < 0.002$ because of multiple testing.

Table S11. The genotyping results for the INSIGF LD blocks

SNP	Source ¹	Success rate ²	included? ³	MAF (obs.)	MAF CEU	HW Pval ⁴	associations (Pubmed [uid]: type)
rs11042594	tagging	98.3	(r ² =0.90)	0.305	0.341 G:A	0.046	-
rs10840356	tagging	0	below <95%	-	-	-	-
rs4341514	tagging	100	out of HW P<0.002	0.471	0.442 T:C	3.14E-21	-
rs7873	tagging	100	YES	0.079	0.102 A:G	0.92	-
rs3802971	tagging	100	YES	0.092	0.099 C:T	0.69	-
rs680	candidate	100	YES	0.321	0.33 CEU 1000genomes G:A	0.076	11448941: BMI adult men, 17289909: muscle functioning, 19434426: birth length, 10573016: body weight in men
rs3213223	candidate	100	YES	0.238	0.199 C:T	1.0	-
rs3213221	both	100	YES	0.412	0.434 C:G	0.11	17289909 :loss of strength following exercise, 17339271:association with IGF2 DMR methylation
rs3213216	tagging	99.2	no variance	0	0.345 G:G	1.0	-
rs3741212	tagging	-	no design poss.	-	-	-	-
rs11603378	tagging	0	below <95%	-	-	-	-
rs1003483	both	100	YES	0.424	0.46 T:G	0.0399	19390492: no association C TCF6 and H19DMR methylation, marginal association with paternal haplotype and SGA and placental growth, 17339271: IGF2 DMR methylation
rs1003484	candidate	100	(r ² =1.0)	0.3	CEU 0.25 1000genomes G:A	0.0035	17339271:methylation IGF2DMR
rs2239681	tagging	100	YES	0.3	0.27 G:A	0.0035	-
rs3741211	both	100	YES	0.374	0.389 A:G	0.0063	19546867: association IGF1BP1 levels, 21078522: endometrial cancer risk, 11448941: adult BMI, 17488802: adult height; 19390492: no association with C TCF6 and H19DMR methylation, marginal association with paternal haplotype transmission and SGA and placental growth

Table S11. (Continued A) The genotyping results for the INSIGF LD blocks

SNP	Source ¹	Success rate ²	included? ³	MAF(obs.)	MAF CEU	HW Pval ⁴	associations (Pubmed [uid]: type)
rs3741209	candidate	100	(r ² =1.0)	0.379	0.375	0.0043	18955703: abolishes CpG site in IGF2 DMIR
rs3741206	tagging	no design poss.	-	-	-	-	
rs4320932	tagging	100	out of HW P<0.002	0.238	0.204	9.00E-04	-
rs10840442	tagging	no design poss.	-	-	-	-	
rs7924316	both	100	YES	0.438	0.465	0.32	17289909: strength loss following exercise
rs10840447	tagging	100	YES	0.392	0.376	0.017	-
rs3842756	tagging	100	YES	0.292	0.243	0.53	12610512: prostate cancer risk
rs689	candidate	100	YES	0.367	0.242	0.85	19434426: postnatal growth, 16608900: BMI in children, 17667841: paternal transmission associates with newborn IGF2 levels, 17700581: association with SGA risk, 15047631: head circumference at birth, newborn IGF2 levels, 10573016: body weight in men, 11101842: T2D, 11528401: paternal transmission with child BMI and insulin secretion, 9590300: birth size
rs3842738	candidate	100	no variance	0	0.0 CEU 1000genome	C:C 1	17667841: paternal haplotype transmission associates with newborn IGF2 levels, 17700581: paternal haplotype transmission associates with SGA risk

Table S12. Famine Associations corrected for genetic variation

Locus	Exp. -Unexp. (%) ²	P
<i>INSIGF</i>	-1.2	0.027
<i>IGF2 DMR0</i>	-1.9	6.8x10 ⁻⁶
<i>IGF2 DMR1</i>	0.3	0.028
<i>IGF2 DMR2</i>		
<i>IGF2 DMR2 S.L.</i>		0.4
<i>IGF2 DMR2 CTCF</i>		No SNPs
<i>H19 DMR</i>	No	SNPs

Table S13. SNP associations with and without famine exposure correction

Association between	with famine exposure		without famine exposure	
	beta	P	beta	P
DMR – SNP				
<i>IGF2 DMR0</i> -rs2239681	-1.3	1.1x10 ⁻³	-1.4	9.9x10 ⁻⁴
<i>INSIGF</i> -rs3842756	-2.0	8.2x10 ⁻⁶	-2.1	1.4x10 ⁻⁵
<i>INSIGF</i> -rs689	-2.3	7.4x10 ⁻⁸	-2.4	4.0x10 ⁻⁸

Supplement II

Table S1. Population and sequencing characteristics

Variable	Quantity
Individuals sequenced	48
Same-sex sibling controls	24
Age (SD)	58.3y (2.1)
Percentage of males	50%
Number of pre-war born sibling	12
Male pre-war born siblings	6
Median quality score reads (SD)	35.3 (2.0)
High quality reads million (SD)	25.6 (7.3)
Reads mapped uniquely (SD)	74.1%(10.7)
Bisulfite conversion (SD)	98.9%(0.7)

Table S2. Data filtering steps

Filtering steps	Total CpGs	CpGs matching
	Total unique CpGs	3.174.757
Random chromosome		3.195
Median Coverage <=5		1.296.450
Median Coverage >200		2.935
Median methylation = 0%		1.400.875
Median methylation = 100%		252.439
	Total included unique CpGs*	1.206.149

*Considerable numbers of CpG dinucleotides match multiple filtering criteria, resulting in a final number of included CpG dinucleotides higher than the subtraction of the 'CpGs matching' column from the total unique CpGs.

Figure S1. Histograms of the median coverage and success rate per CpG dinucleotide
Histogram of the median coverage (e.g. sequencing depth) over the 48 individuals of the CpG dinucleotides included in the analyses (N=1.206.149).

Histogram of the success rate for each CpG CpG dinucleotides included in the analyses for the 48 individuals.

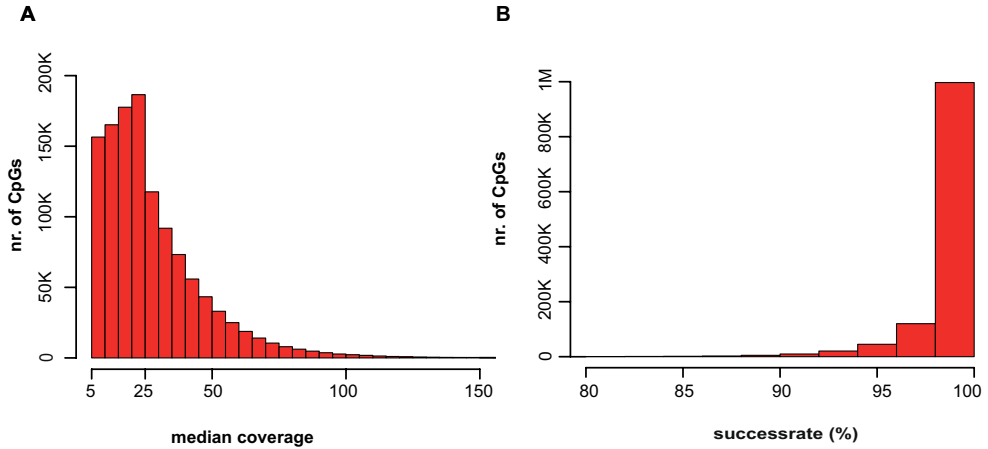


Figure S2. Density plot of the average methylation of the CpG dinucleotides

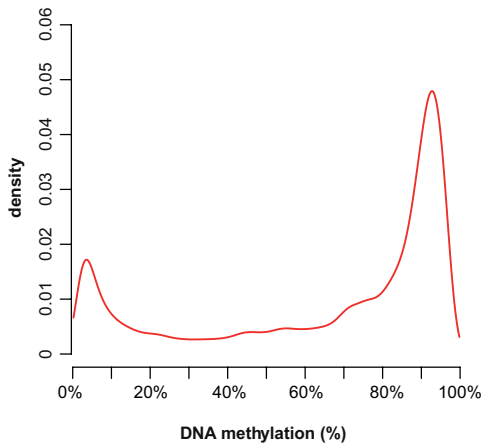
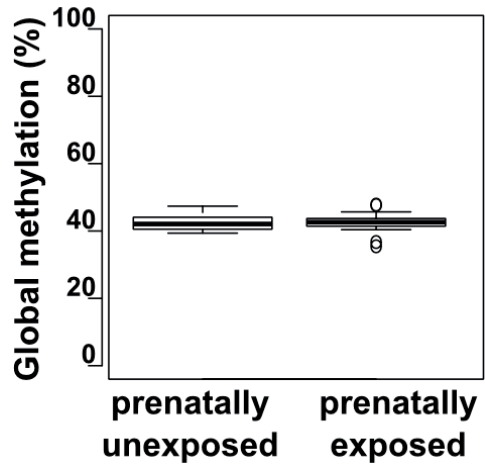


Figure S3. Global methylation



Boxplot depicting the global methylation levels of the prenatally exposed and unexposed siblings.

Table S3. Epityper associations with prenatal famine

Annotation		RRBS (N=48)		Epityper (N=48)	
Feature type ¹	Nearest Gene	Within pair diff. (%)	P ²	Within pair diff. (%)	P ⁴
1	<i>DHRS4L2</i>	1.8	3.0x10 ⁻⁹	0.4	0.71
2	<i>EHD1</i>	-5.2	5.7x10 ⁻⁹	-4.0	2.2x10 ⁻⁴
2	<i>DAPK2</i>	4.5	1.1x10 ⁻⁸	1.9	6.4x10 ⁻³
2 & 3	<i>LOC554202</i>	6.5	1.7x10 ⁻⁸	3.5	3.2x10 ⁻³
2	<i>LSM14B</i>	3.5	1.7x10 ⁻⁸	1.1	0.24
2	<i>ASS1</i>	-4.9	4.8x10 ⁻⁸	-0.5	0.42
2	<i>SMAD7</i>	4.2	1.0x10 ⁻⁷	4.7	3.0x10 ⁻⁴
2 & 3	<i>CDH23</i>	4	1.3x10 ⁻⁷	3.9	8.1x10 ⁻⁵
2	<i>MIR4315-1</i>	8.9	2.1x10 ⁻⁷	2.0	0.077
2	<i>ZIC1</i>	1.4	3.2x10 ⁻⁷	0.6	0.011
2	<i>INSR</i>	8.1	3.9x10 ⁻⁶	3.9	0.018
2	<i>HOXD3</i>	3.2	4.3x10 ⁻⁶	1.2	0.066
2	<i>RPTOR</i>	1.7	9.1x10 ⁻⁶	8.6	2.4x10 ⁻⁴
2 & 4	<i>RFTN1</i>	-2.3	3.2x10 ⁻⁵	-1.9	2.4x10 ⁻³
2	<i>STX1A</i>	3.7	3.2x10 ⁻⁵	1.1	0.17
2	<i>CPT1A</i>	4.5	4.0x10 ⁻⁵	4.0	0.015
2	<i>SCARB1</i>	-10.5	5.3x10 ⁻⁵	-4.9	1.7x10 ⁻⁴
2	<i>KLF13</i>	-7.9	6.1x10 ⁻⁵	-5.7	7.9x10 ⁻⁴
2	<i>KLF6</i>	-6.2	7.9x10 ⁻⁵	-2.6	2.6x10 ⁻⁴

1 Type of genomic feature, 1 = non-CGI 'bonafide' promoter, 2 = Open chromatin, 3= enhancer, 4 = exon.

2 Two-sided P value resulting from a generalized linear mixed model where the analysis was weighted for sequencing depth.

3 The Pearson correlation between the average methylation of the RRBS region and the average of the CpG dinucleotides measured in the smaller region measured by Epityper.

4 The P value coming from a linear mixed model.

Table S4. Validation of the within pair differences in all 60 sibships with Epityper.

<i>CDH23</i> ¹	Meth. Exp(%)	SD(%)	Meth. Unexp(%)	SD(%)	Success rate (%) ²	Diff. ³	P ⁴
CpG_1	24.8	5.6	22.4	6.1	100	2.3	0.0079
CpG_2	22.6	6.2	20.5	6.1	100	2.1	0.019
CpG_3	19.8	5.1	17.5	5.2	100	2.2	0.0048
CpG_4	22.5	6.1	20.1	6.3	100	2.3	0.0078
<i>SMAD7</i>							
CpG_1	23.7	6.9	20.6	7.1	95	3.0	0.0052
CpG_2	22.6	6.4	20.3	5.9	96.7	2.3	0.014
CpG_3	18.9	7.4	15.6	7.3	96.7	3.1	0.0077
CpG_4	14	5.8	10.6	5.9	94.2	3.3	0.0034
CpG_5.6	20.7	5.7	18.3	5.9	96.7	2.4	0.013
CpG_7	23	7.1	20.5	7.8	91.7	2.6	0.046
<i>INSR</i>							
CpG_2	33.5	5.6	30.6	5.8	95.8	2.9	0.0031
CpG_3	40	7.2	38	6	86.7	1.7	0.13
CpG_5	43.4	7.3	41.7	6.5	91.7	1.7	0.15
<i>KLF13</i>							
CpG_2	75.8	9.5	79.4	11.3	77.5	-3.7	0.07
CpG_4	65.4	7.8	68.4	8.6	99.2	-3.0	0.019
CpG_5	67.2	7.1	70.2	8.5	100	-2.9	0.016
CpG_6	64.2	7	67.4	9	100	-3.2	0.015
CpG_7	58.2	6.7	61.1	8.2	98.3	-2.8	0.020
CpG_9	62.3	7	65.5	8.5	98.3	-3.1	0.013
<i>RFTN1</i>							
CpG_1	89.6	3	90.3	3.1	100	-0.7	0.13
CpG_2	85	3.6	85.6	3.5	100	-0.7	0.19
CpG_3	81.5	3.7	82.8	3.5	100	-1.2	0.046
CpG_4	90.5	4.7	91.6	3.3	86.7	-0.9	0.23
CpG_5	82.3	2.8	83.2	2.7	100	-0.9	0.054
CpG_6.7	92.9	2.8	93.5	2.6	100	-0.6	0.21
CpG_8.9	84.1	3.8	85.2	5.1	100	-0.9	0.21
CpG_10	81.6	4.8	82.8	4.9	100	-1.2	0.12
CpG_12	81.8	4	83	4.2	100	-1.2	0.07
<i>CPT1A</i>							
CpG_2.3	41.3	10.9	39.1	11.2	99.2	2.4	0.09
CpG_5.6	58.1	8.9	56.3	8.9	99.2	1.9	0.11
CpG_8.9	76.5	3.8	75.4	4	99.2	1.1	0.05
CpG_10	49.1	8.8	46.9	8.7	99.2	2.4	0.032
CpG_12	34	8	31.7	8.8	99.2	2.4	0.037

- 1 The locus and individual CpG sites measured with Epityper after data filtering. The CpG dinucleotides are measured from the forward primer onward.
- 2 The success rate of the measurement in the 120 individuals
- 3 The average within pair differences in the 60 sib ships
- 4 The two-sided P-value resulting from a linear mixed model

Table S5. EpiTYPER primers

NR ¹	Locus	Strand	Sequence
0	HUGO coordinates(hg18)	T (°C) ²	FORWARD ³ (5'-3') REVERSE ⁴ (5'-3')
1	DHRS4L2 chr14:23,527,972-23,528,213	-	GAGGATAGGGGTATTGGAGGTAAAG AAACCCAAACTFACTAATCTAATCCATA
2	EDH1 chr11:64,389,159-64,389,510	+	TTTGTTGTGAGGGAAATATAGTGATTG CCCTACCTTAATAAATACCAAACTTAA
3	DAPK2 chr15:62,062,839-62,063,043	-	TGATGATTAATTTTGTGGGTTTGTGT AAATCCTAAAAACCCCACTCACAACT
4	LOC554202 chr9:21,595,548-21,595,759	+	AATTATTGGAGTGAAAAATTTTTTT CTATTTCTAATAACCCATATTTAC
5	LSM14B chr20:60,141,366-60,141,715	+	TTGTTTAGGAGGGTTATTTTATGGTT ATAACAAACTAACTCCCAAACCTTCTAAC
6	ASS1 chr9:132,344,966-132,345,523	-	TGTTTTAGGGTGGGTATAGTTAGGT ACCAAACCTCCTTAAAACTCTTCATA
7	SMAD7 chr18:44,677,194-44,677,679	+	TTGGGTTATATTTATGTGTGGTGT CAACAATAACTCTTTCTACATCTAACT
8	CDH23 chr10:73,227,653-73,227,914	+	ATAGGGGAAGTTAGGTTTGGTAGAT ACTAAATAACCCTAATAAAACCCCTC
9	miR4315-1 chr17:55,579,661-55,579,969	+	TTTTTTTTGTTTTGATAGGGTTATG CCCAATATTCTAAATTCAAATCTTACTCT
10	HIF1AN chr10:102,319,419-102,319,893	- Not working	AAAAGTGTTGATAGGGTTAGGAGAG TTTTATATAACTTAATATAACAACATCA
11	ZIC1 chr3:148,612,363-148,612,675	+	TTTGGGTTTTTTGTTTTTAAGAGGT ACTTCCACCTAACTCCTAATTTCTAATTT
C1	INSR chr19:7,110,140-7,110,418	-	TTTTTAGGAGGTTTTTAGAGTTTTAGATT CTAACCTCAAATAATCCACCCAC
C2	KLF13 chr15:29,425,223-29,425,563	-	AGGTAGGTATTTGTATAGAGGGGTTTA AAACTAACACACCAAACTTAATATACTT
C3	STX1A chr7:72,759,326-72,759,710	+	GGTGAGGGTTATAGATTAGGAGGT AAACAACTAACCAAAACAAACAAACT
C4	RPTOR chr17:76,479,050-76,479,293	-	GTTGGATGAGTAGGTTTTGGATGG CAATTACATAAAACAAAAAATTTAAAATA
C5	CPT1A chr11:68,286,598-68,286,810	-	TTTAGGATATGGGTAAGTTTTGTTTTATAT AAATAATAACCTCCAAAAACCTTTAAAAA
C6	RFTN1 chr3:16,394,247-16,394,578	+	TATGTATTTTAAGGGGTTGTTTTT TAATATTACCTCAATACCATTCTCTAT
C7	HOXD3 chr2:176,735,594-176,735,816	+	TTTGGTGGTTAATTTTGGTTAATT ATAAAAAACATCCCCTCAAAAAAAA
C8	KLF6 chr10:3,813,737-3,814,216	-	AATAGTTTGAATTTAGATGTTAGTAG CCAAAATAATACAATAACAATAAC
C9	SCARB1 chr12:123,789,477-123,789,580	+	GGTGGTTAGGGTTAGTAAGAGAAGTA CCTATAACTCAAACCTCAAAAAAAC

- Primer pair number corresponding to the lowest p-value in RRBS (nr1-11; no reliable PCR was possible for nr10, chr10:102319110-102321355 [*HIF1AN*]), several regions were chosen (C1-C9). Sequence of the forward PCR primer: for epiTYPER a tag with the following sequence is added 5': 5'-AGGAAGAGAG-sequence.
- The annealing temperature in the PCR program: 15 min at 95°C, 15 minutes at 95°C, 4 rounds of 20 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds at 65°C, 1 minute at 72°C; followed by 40 rounds, 20 seconds at 95°C, 30 seconds at **Ann.T** and 1 minute at 72°C; ending with 3 minute s at 72°C. The sequence of the reverse primer, for epiTYPER a tag with the following sequence is added 5': 5'-CAGTAATACGACTCACTATAGGGAGAAGGCT-sequence

Table S6. Number of CpG sites measured, and overlap between RRBS and Epityper measurement

Nearest Gene	location RRBS ¹	Location Epityper ²	Nr		Nr CpGs overlapping
			CpGs RRBS	Epityper	
<i>DHRS4L2</i>	chr14:23,526,866-23,528,866	chr14:23,527,972-23,528,213	5	8	5
<i>EHD1</i>	chr11:64,374,355-64,390,875	chr11:64,389,159-64,389,510	26	9	8
<i>DAPK2</i>	chr15:62,060,557-62,063,275	chr15:62,062,839-62,063,043	7	12	2
<i>LOC554202</i>	chr9:21,594,650-21,595,650	chr9:21,595,548-21,595,759	3	3	2
<i>LSM14B</i>	chr20:60,141,215-60,146,975	chr20:60,141,366-60,141,715	7	6	3
<i>ASS1</i>	chr9:132,344,794-132,346,579	chr9:132,344,966-132,345,523	12	14	3
<i>SMAD7</i>	chr18:44,676,775-44,678,655	chr18:44,677,194-44,677,679	7	7	4
<i>CDH23</i>	chr10:73,227,550-73,228,550	chr10:73,227,653-73,227,914	3	4	3
<i>miR4375</i>	chr17:55,579,535-55,580,790	chr17:55,579,661-55,579,969	3	6	3
<i>ZIC1</i>	chr3:148,611,075-148,612,495	chr3:148,612,363-148,612,675	21	14	5
<i>INSR</i>	chr19:7,110,011-7,111,334	chr19:7,110,140-7,110,418	2	3	2
<i>KLF13</i>	chr15:29,423,875-29,427,520	chr15:29,425,223-29,425,563	8	6	6
<i>STX1A</i>	chr7:72,758,075-72,760,255	chr7:72,759,326-72,759,710	7	8	4
<i>RPTOR</i>	chr17:76,471,363-76,483,344	chr17:76,479,050-76,479,293	45	6	3
<i>CPT1A</i>	chr11:68,285,186-68,289,024	chr11:68,286,598-68,286,810	15	8	7
<i>RFTN</i>	chr3:16,394,228-16,394,613	chr3:16,394,247-16,394,578	10	11	5
<i>HOXD3</i>	chr2:176,734,540-176,735,745	chr2:176,735,594-176,735,816	7	6	2
<i>KLF6</i>	chr10:3,810,815-3,816,315	chr10:3,813,737-3,814,216	20	18	10
<i>SCARB1</i>	chr12:123,788,495-123,792,067	chr12:123,789,477-123,789,580	6	6	4

1 Genomic location of the genomic feature

2 Genomic location of the Epityper PCR amplicon

Table S7. Neutrophil variation and DNA methylation at the P-DMRs

P-DMR	Beta ¹ (%methylation/ %neutrophils)	P ²	SD change required to explain famine association ³
<i>SMAD7</i>	-0.19	0.17	-5.1
<i>CDH23</i>	-0.35	3.1x10 ⁻³	-1.9
<i>INSR</i>	0.02	0.91	31.4
<i>CPT1A</i>	-0.51	0.11	-1.2
<i>KLF13</i>	0.33	0.08	-2.8
<i>RFTN1</i>	0.00	0.99	∞

- 1 The effect size of the association of the percentage of neutrophils in blood with methylation in 44 unrelated individuals from the control population in the Leiden Longevity Study.
- 2 Two-sided p-value for the association between DNA methylation and the percentage of neutrophils in blood.
- 3 The size of the change in neutrophil percentage in blood, expressed in standard deviations (SD), required to explain in full the association between DNA methylation and prenatal famine exposure (3.3% change in neutrophils is 1 SD change).
- 4 Only *CDH23* is affected by blood cell heterogeneity, but the change in blood cell composition to explain the observed famine association is so large (~2SD) that this is a highly unlikely explanation.