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Uses and conservation of plant diversity in Ben En National Park, Vietnam

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Citation

Hoang, V. S. (2009, April 8). *Uses and conservation of plant diversity in Ben En National Park, Vietnam*. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/13720>

Version: Corrected Publisher's Version

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Chapter 2

PLANT BIODIVERSITY IN BEN EN NATIONAL PARK, VIETNAM

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Agricultural Publishing House, Hanoi, Vietnam. 2008

SUMMARY

The plant species diversity and vegetation types of Ben En National Park were studied to provide baseline information for conservation and sustainable use management within the Park. A total of 1389 vascular plant species are recorded in Ben En National Park belonging to 650 genera and 173 families. Together with earlier inventories this brings the total species number of vascular plants to about 1600. Three species found here are new to the flora of Vietnam (*Myristica yunnanensis* Y.H. Li - Myristicaceae, *Glyptopetalum sclerocarpum* (Kurz) M.A. Lawson - Celastraceae, and *Timonius arborea* Elmer - Rubiaceae); 7 families, 43 genera and 252 species are new records for the flora of Ben En National Park. Euphorbiaceae constitute the most diverse family with 113 species, while 47 families are represented only with one species. Phanerophytes are the dominant component (76% of all species), with chamaephytes (6%), hemicryptophytes (8.5%), cryptophytes (6%), and therophytes (4%) constituting minor proportions of the local flora.

Major parts of the forest in Ben En National Park have been impacted by man; before it became a National Park in 1992 the area was a timber concession, and use of wild and cultivated plant resources by local people in the Park continues to this day. Three man-made ecosystems are present on 29% of the surface area: 1) agricultural fields about 650 ha, 2) plantation forests about 110 ha, and 3) mixed bamboo and timber tree stands about 3800 ha. Two main vegetation types are recognized with heavily and slightly disturbed subtypes, depending on the intensity of plant use and illegal logging by the local population.

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- 1) Tropical evergreen limestone forest (subtypes: slightly disturbed, heavily disturbed, and shrubland on limestone).
- 2) Tropical evergreen lowland forest on other soils (mainly ferralitic, and in a small area on alluvial soil). Subtypes: slightly disturbed forest on ferralitic or alluvial soil, heavily disturbed forest on ferralitic soil, and shrubland vegetation outside the limestone hills.

A small area of virgin forest on limestone could not be described, because of its inaccessibility.

A total of 386 plant species are used by local people in Ben En National Park. The Park is of great importance for plant species conservation: a total of 29 plant species are listed in the red data list of IUCN (2006), and 42 species are listed in the Red Data Book of Vietnam (Ban 2007), which recognizes a total of 448 endangered species. In addition, 89 species were found to be endangered locally.

INTRODUCTION

Tropical rainforests are the most species-rich terrestrial ecosystems on earth, but these forests are rapidly disappearing as land is cleared for timber, agriculture, and other uses (Fimbel et al. 2001; Meijaard et al. 2005). Vietnam's forests contain a wealth of biodiversity (Thin 1997). The country was ranked as the 16th most biologically diverse country in the world (WCMC 1992). The forests of Vietnam have dramatically declined during the last 60 years (Chien 2006). Research on plant diversity in Vietnam has a long history, but there are relatively few detailed site studies. The botanical survey of Cuc Phuong National Park, the first National Park established in 1962, is perhaps the most complete (Thin 2000).

In this book, we briefly review the status of forest biodiversity and causes of biodiversity loss in Vietnam. Our study focuses on Ben En National Park, one of the 30 National Parks in Vietnam (Forest Protection Department 2006). The Ben En area was designated for the protection of fauna in 1979, and as a nature reserve in 1986, and National Park in 1992 to conserve the rich, but seriously threatened biodiversity of the country. The park is inhabited by 18,000 local people belonging to five ethnic groups. The vegetation of Ben En National Park has been strongly influenced by human exploitation (Khoi 1996; Hoang et al. 2008 c). The forests were commercially logged as late as 1992, and small-scale, illegal logging continues to this date (Tordoff et al. 2000; Hoang et al. 2008 c).

This study deals with the diversity of plant families, genera, species, life form, their conservation status, useful plants, and the vegetation types recorded during a two years survey in Ben En National Park from 2005 to 2007.

The status of forest and biodiversity in Vietnam

Before 1945, forests covered around 43% of Vietnam (Maurand 1943; Lung 2001). From 1954 to 1975, the forests of Vietnam were severely damaged by the long war with the United States of America. By 1976, the total area of forests had been

reduced to 11.2 million ha (33.8%), of which only 10% were primary forests (Lung 2001; Chien 2006). Since 1976, more forests have still been destroyed for many reasons, such as overexploitation, shifting cultivation, and agricultural extension. As a result, the forest cover declined to an estimated 30% in 1985, and 28% in 1995 (Lung 2001; Chien 2006). In 1998, the 5 million ha Reforestation Program was launched by the Vietnamese government with a target to plant 5 million ha of forests by 2010, restoring the forest cover to 43% (Lung 2001). The program aims not only to reforest, but also to protect existing natural forests. As a result, the forest cover of Vietnam has gradually increased. In 2003, the forested area of Vietnam was 36.1% (Hung 2004; Lan et al. 2006). However, the quality of forests is still low as most of the forests are poor in timber volume and tree species diversity and density as a result of a long time of overexploitation (Dang 2001; Chien 2006). According to Dang (2001) natural forests rich in timber resources cover only 1.4 million ha (13% of the total forest area) while poor and young plantations or naturally regenerating forests comprise around 6 million ha (55% of the total forest area).

There are many reasons for the rapid loss of forests in Vietnam, but the war played a major role (Quy 1985). More than 2 million ha of natural forests, of which 500,000 ha of closed upland forests and 30,000 ha of mangroves were completely destroyed (Westing 1971; Quy 1985; Hong 1988; Sam 2005); many large forest areas were heavily logged to support people and the war effort. Subsequently, to rebuild the country after the war, around 1.3-1.4 million m³ of timber were exploited annually (Nhat 2001; Chien 2006). Overexploitation is also an important reason for the decrease in forest resources in Vietnam. As a developing country with 80% of the population being farmers living in the countryside and remote areas, the need for firewood is huge. Annually, 22 to 23 million tons of firewood are harvested (Dang 2001). In addition, illegal logging is a serious problem as it has annually destroyed around 30,000 ha of forests in the last few decades (GoVN 1994; Chien 2006). The population of Vietnam has increased quickly, and this has also a large impact on the forests. From the beginning of the last century until 2007, the population of Vietnam increased from about 15 million to 85 million (Chien 2006). Such a large population puts the forest under heavy pressure, not only through practices of shifting cultivation, but also by transforming forested land into arable land and urban areas (Sam 1996).

Plant biodiversity in Vietnam

Vietnam possesses a rich and diverse flora, with around 28% of its total species considered endemic (Thin 1997). However, many species formerly recorded as endemic species in Vietnam also occur in China, Laos, or Thailand (Hoang et al. 2004). Thin (1997) indicated that Vietnam has 11,373 plant species, belonging to 2524 genera, 378 families and 7 major plant groups (Table 2.1). A few years later Thin (2000) estimated the Vietnamese flora to number 12,000 species.

To protect the threatened biodiversity, the Vietnamese government has established a system of protected areas with the aim of conserving the main ecosystems present in Vietnam, as well as the threatened and endemic species of flora and fauna, and the valuable landscapes for culture, ecology and biodiversity (Tai 1995; VN 2003; Chien 2006). The first National Park, Cuc Phuong, was established in 1962 as an

important landmark for forest protection and conservation in Vietnam (Thu 2002). Since then, the National Park and nature reserve system of Vietnam has developed quickly. By the year 2006, Vietnam had 126 areas of special purpose forests with a total area of 2.54 million ha (Table 2. 2), occupying 7.7% of the total area of the country (Forest Protection Department 2006).

Table 2.1. Components of the flora of Vietnam (Thin 1997)

Taxa	Number of families	Number of genera	Number of species
Bryophyta	60	182	793
Psilotophyta	1	1	2
Lycopodiophyta	3	5	57
Equisetophyta	1	1	2
Polypodiophyta	25	137	669
Gymnospermae	8	23	63
Angiospermae	299	2.175	9.787
Total	378	2.524	11.373
Endemic (%)	0	3	27.7

Table 2.2. Protected forest areas in Vietnam (Forest Protection Department 2006)

Classification	Number	Area (ha)
National Parks	30	1157.56
Nature reserve areas	46	1082.98
Species/habitat management protected areas	11	85.85
Protected landscape or seascape areas	39	215.29
Total	126	2541.68

The 4 kinds of protected areas are defined below (Forest Techniques and Science Association of Vietnam (FTSA) 2001; Chien 2006).

National Park: An area on the mainland or in the sea that has not or only slightly been impacted by human activities. It contains rare, precious or endemic species or has popular landscapes at national or international levels. The objectives of establishing a National Park are to protect the ecosystem of threatened species, as they have important roles for the country and the world, and to provide facilities for scientific study and eco-tourism.

Nature Reserve: A large area having typical ecosystems or containing populations of valuable species that need conservation. Nature Reserves are to protect and maintain ecosystems and floral and faunal species in their natural conditions. They aim also to provide for scientific research and environmental management. However, in contrast to National Parks, eco-tourism is limited in nature reserves.

Species/Habitat management protected area: A forest area established to protect, maintain and favor particular threatened species and their environment.

Protected landscape or seascapes area: A protected landscape or seascapes established to protect famous natural landscapes or national cultural properties. It is also to protect the natural beauty of forests, caves, waterfalls, sand dunes, coral islands and volcanic craters.

The total protected area in Vietnam is about 8% of the country (Forest Protection Department 2006). This is low compared to the minimum of 10% recommended by IUCN (1997). Control of human activities in protected areas has proved difficult due to the large number of people relying on forest resources for a living (Quy 1985; Nhat 2001; Chien 2006). Local people continue to practice agriculture in the forests, also extract timber, collect firewood, medicinal plants and other forest products, hunt and fish (Hoang et al. 2008 b & c). Although this is allowed in the buffer zones of National Parks, it is not sufficient to provide a sustainable strategy of protection and conservation if the living standard of local people is not improved. Local people should be taught new methods of cultivation, sustainable harvesting and production or should be provided with other ways to improve their living conditions. Recently the Vietnamese government issued some policies and carried out many projects to help poor local people to improve their livelihoods (GoVN 2006).

Ben En National Park

Ben En National Park is situated in Nhu Thanh and Nhu Xuan districts of the Thanh Hoa province in Vietnam 19° 30' to 19° 40' N by 105° 21' to 105° 35' E (Fig. 2.1). Before its establishment in 1986, the park was a logging enterprise. At that time many of the timber trees were cut, resulting in the fact that big trees with a diameter at breast height of over one meter were rarely observed during our field work from 2005 to 2007. Ben En National Park was established in 1992. Since then all logging activities are illegal. The core zone of the National Park covers 15,800 ha, while the buffer zone covers around 12,000 ha. About 18,000 people live in the buffer and core zones of the National Park (Tordoff et al. 2000; Hoang et al. 2008 b & c). The majority of the people who are living in the National Park belong to the Kinh, Thai, Muong, and Tay ethnic groups; although there are also a small number of Tho people. Their life still depends on forest resources, Non Timber Forest Products, as well as timber trees (Hoang et al. 2008 c).

Several studies have been carried out on the plants of Ben En National Park. Frontier phase VN 9703 conducted the first large-scale, field-based survey of the biodiversity of Ben En National Park (Khoi 1996) and reported 593 vascular plant species. Another study by Frontier-Vietnam biodiversity survey between July and September 1997 recorded 737 vascular plant species (Tordoff et al. 2000). In 2000, scientists from the Sub-institute of Forest Inventory and Planning II, Nghe An extended the list to 1347 species (Anonymous 2000).

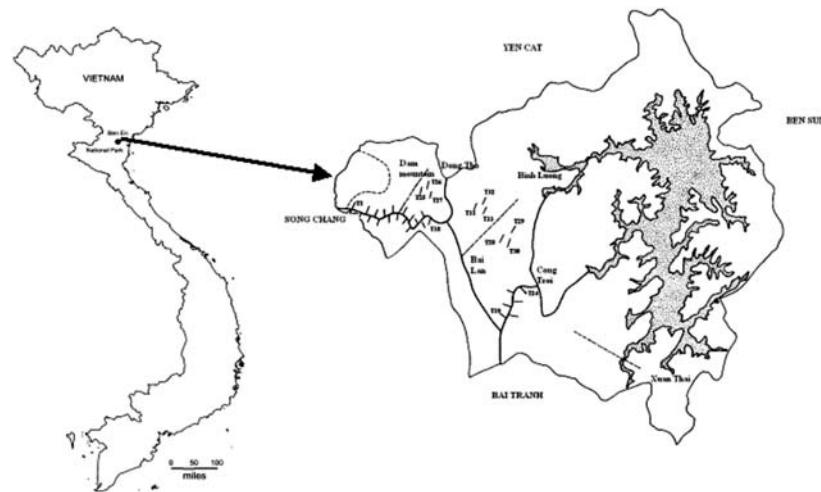


Fig. 2.1. Map of Ben En National Park in Vietnam
(inset with plot transects - lakes are dotted).

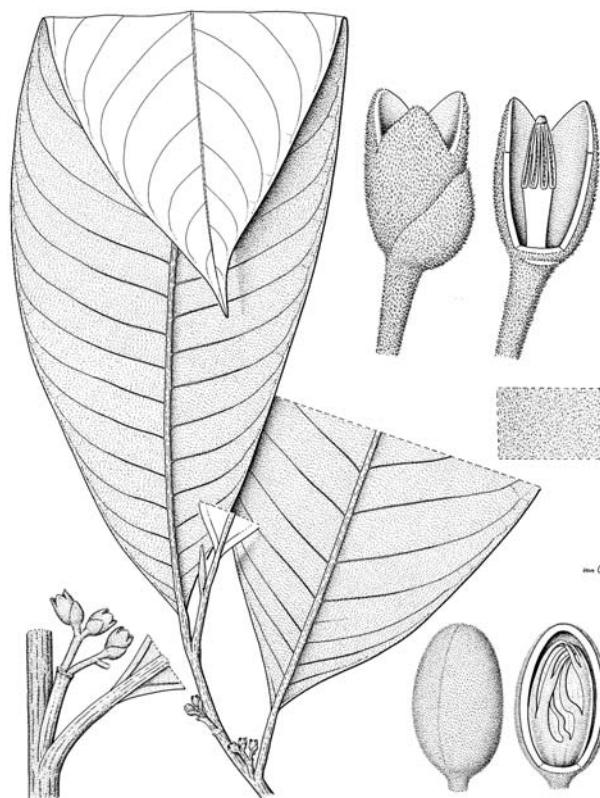


Fig. 2.2. *Myristica yunnanensis* Y.H. Li (Myristicaceae).
A new record for the flora of Vietnam.

METHODOLOGY

We used a plot design that would not only allow a comprehensive inventory of the plant species in Ben En National Park (Fig. 2.1), but that would also enable us to analyze the impact of human disturbance and exploitation (Hoang et al., in prep.). We established 41 transects, 200 m long and 2 m wide, at 250 m intervals at right angles to and along the old logging road from the Song Chang forest ranger station to Cong Troi. The total length of these transects combined is ca. 7.4 km. In each transect we noted all vascular plant species. We also established four 10 x 10 m plots at 50 m from the logging road and at 40 m forward intervals on each transect, resulting in ca. 147 plots for all transects combined (in some transects we were not able to establish four plots, because of steep, inaccessible limestone slopes). In the 147 plots (10 x 10 m) all trees with a dbh \geq 5 cm were identified. All trees and treelets with a dbh $<$ 5 cm, and h \geq 1 m high were identified in 5 x 5 m subplots within each 10 x 10 m plot.

We also established six transects to cover the rest of the Park (Fig. 2.1). Transect 1 from Bai Tron to Song Chang via Bo Cung Mountain (about 5 km), transect 2 from Ben Cay Chanh to Cong Troi (4.5 km), transect 3 from Xuan Thai commune to Dong Tho Doc Dai (about 3.5 km), transect 4 from Rung Giong to Dam Mountain (about 4 km), transect 5 from Bai Lan to Bao Khe (about 4 km), and transect 6 from Nga Ba Dong Tho to Bao Cu (about 5 km). In each transect we noted all species and collected specimens of plants which could not be identified in the field. In all six transects we established 30 random plots of 10 x 10 m, and identified all species in the plots. Furthermore we also collected many plants outside the plots and transects, to make sure that our inventory was as representative as possible of the entire species richness of the local flora.

One voucher of each specimen was deposited at the herbarium of the Vietnam Forestry University, additional vouchers were sent to the National Herbarium of the Netherlands and other specialists for identification.

Useful plants in Ben En were determined by surveys and interviews with 135 randomly-selected households. Additionally special collecting trips were organized with indigenous experts: traditional doctors, village elders and other local people who knew about useful plants (Prance et al. 1987; PID & NES 1989; Ngai 2001; Hoang et al. 2008 b & c). The endangered species were defined based on the Red Data Book of Vietnam, Vol. 2 (Ban 2007), IUCN (2006), interviews with local people and forest rangers, and frequency of trees and stumps found during the field inventory (Hoang et al. 2008 b & c; Hoang et al. in prep.).

Life forms of plants in Ben En National Park were determined based on the classification of Raunkiaer (1934), modified according to Trung (1978) and Thin (1997):

1. Phanerophytes (Ph)
2. Chamaephytes (Ch)
3. Hemicryptophytes (Hm)
4. Cryptophytes (Cr)
5. Therophytes (Th)

In the group of Phanerophytes, the life-forms found in wet tropical areas are further divided by Raunkiaer (1934), and modified by Trung (1978) and Thin (1997).

1. Mega- and Meso-phanerophytes (MM)
2. Nan-phanerophytes (Na)
3. Lianas-phanerophytes (Lp)
4. Epiphytes-phanerophytes (Ep)
5. Hemi- and parasitic phanerophytes (Pp)
6. Succulent phanerophytes (Sp)

The vegetation types of Ben En National Park were classified according to UNESCO 1973; Trung 1978; Trung 1998; Vidal 2000; the United Nations Environment Programme-World Conservation Monitoring Centre (UNEP-WCMC) 2004, and Lan et al. 2006. Additionally the human disturbance levels of the vegetation were determined by noting the number of tree stumps and number of foot paths in the plots (Hoang et al. in prep.).

RESULTS

Floristic diversity in Ben En National Park

Diversity of taxa of Ben En National Park

A total of 1389 vascular plant species were recorded in Ben En National Park, belonging to 650 genera and 173 families. 117 species could be identified to genus level only. The list of plant species in Ben En is given in the Appendix 2.1. Their distribution over the major plant groups is shown in Table 2.3.

The ten families with the highest diversity of species (dominant families) in Ben En National Park (Table 2.4), although representing only 5.9% of the total number of families, include 560 species (40.3% of the total). The most species rich family is Euphorbiaceae with 113 species. In contrast to the ten dominant families, 47 families are represented by only a single species (Appendix 2.1). The number of species in Ben En National Park is about 13% of the total species number in Vietnam (Table 2.3).

Table 2.3. Major plant groups in Ben En National Park and Vietnam

Taxa	Number of families	Number of genera	Number of species in Ben En	Number of species in Vietnam
Psilotophyta	1	1	1	2
Lycopodiophyta	2	3	5	57
Equisetophyta	1	1	1	2
Polypodiophyta	22	41	77	644
Pinophyta	4	4	10	63
Magnoliophyta	141	599	1.295	9.812
Total	173	650	1.389	10.580

Table 2.4. Top 10 families ranked according to numbers of species

Scientific name	Species	% of total species
Euphorbiaceae	113	8.1
Fabaceae	97	7.0
Lauraceae	71	5.1
Rubiaceae	61	4.4
Poaceae	52	3.7
Asteraceae	45	3.2
Annonaceae	33	2.4
Moraceae	33	2.4
Rutaceae	28	2.0
Verbenaceae	27	1.9
Total	560	40.3

New records for the flora of Vietnam and Ben En National Park

Three species are new records for the flora of Vietnam: *Myristica yunnanensis* Y.H. Li (Myristicaceae) (Hoang 2008 a - Fig. 2.2), *Glyptopetalum sclerocarpum* (Kurz) M.A. Lawson, (Celastraceae) (Hoang 2008 b - Fig. 2.3), and *Timonius arborea* Elmer (Rubiaceae - Fig. 2.4). Seven families are newly recorded for the flora of Ben En National Park: Cyatheaceae, Betulaceae, Daphniphyllaceae, Ericaceae, Gesneriaceae, Lecythidaceae, and Woodsiaaceae. Our study also found 43 new genera and 252 new species for the flora of Ben En National Park (see Appendix 2.1). A total of 210 species listed by Tordoff et al. (2000) and Anonymous (2000) was not found in our inventories or was treated as a taxonomic synonym of one species in our list (see the addendum of the Appendix 2.1).

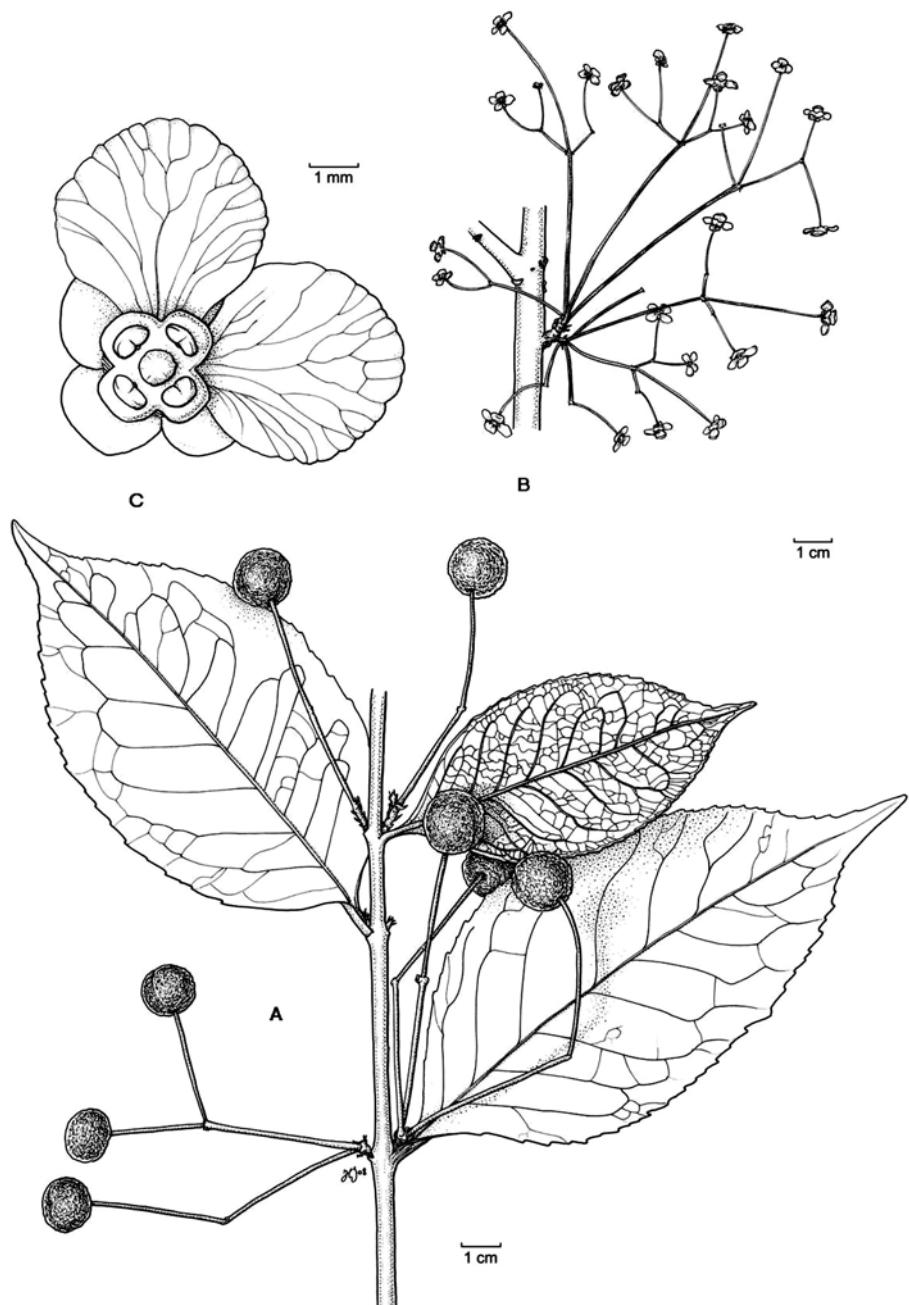


Fig. 2.3. *Glyptopetalum sclerocarpum* (Kurz) M.A Lawson (Celastraceae).
A new record for flora of Vietnam.

Diversity of life form

All species were classified by life form (Raunkiaer 1934; Trung 1978; Thin 1997). The existence of a variety of life forms reflects the typically tropical characteristics of the flora at the Ben En National Park. Phanerophytes are the most dominant life forms with about 76% of total plant species in the area (Table 2.5).

Table 2.5. Diversity of life forms in the flora of Ben En National Park

Life-forms	Number of species	% of total species
Phanerophytes	1054	75.9
Mega- / Meso-phanerophytes	575	41.4
Nano-phanerophytes	270	19.4
Lianas phanerophytes	169	12.2
Epiphytic phanerophytes	36	2.6
Hemi- and parasitic phanerophytes	2	0.1
Succulent phanerophytes	2	0.1
Chamaephytes	81	5.8
Hemicryptophytes	118	8.5
Cryptophytes	85	6.1
Therophytes	51	3.7
Total	1389	100%

Useful plant species

A total of 386 plant species are used by local people in Ben En National Park (Table 2.6) (Hoang et al. 2008 b & c), of which 52 species have more than one application. Medicinal plant species predominate among these useful plants with 230 species applied in 68 different diseases treatments (Hoang et al. 2008 b).

Table 2.6. Commodity groups of useful plants in Ben En National Park

Commodity group	Number of plant species	Percent/total (%)
Medicine	230	60
Food	142	37
Construction	40	10
Firewood	25	6
Household tools and related products	18	5
Other	16	4

Conservation status

A total of 29 plant species from Ben En National Park are listed in the Red Data list of IUCN (2006), and 42 species are listed in the Red Data Book of Vietnam (Ban 2007). However, based on our plot inventories (density of living trees and stumps) and interviews with forest rangers and local people as many as 89 species appear to be locally endangered (See species marked in Appendix 2.1).

Vegetation types in Ben En National Park

In Ben En National Park the highest peak is about 490 m, so all vegetation in the Park belongs to lowland forest types (UNESCO 1973; Trung 1978; Lan et al. 2006; UNEP-WCMC 2004). Among the natural vegetations of the Park there is a major dichotomy between the evergreen forests on limestone and those on other soil types. Each of these substrate-dependent forest types has a heavily disturbed and slightly disturbed subtype. The other four vegetation types are (almost) entirely anthropogenic: shrublands, agricultural fields, plantation forests and mixed bamboo and timber tree stands. In the following descriptions typical plant species are listed in declining order of their density (number of individuals per plot).

Tropical evergreen limestone forest

Slightly disturbed subtype

This forest type occurs in the limestone hills where local people hardly have access for cutting and transporting timber trees, e.g. on steep slopes with sharp edges that make the terrain dangerous. This forest type covers only about 90 ha. There are no stumps at all, and foot paths in this forest type are very rare. However, traces from collecting Non Timber Forest Products are present. This type can be found in Thung Sen, and a small area on Dam Mountain. The structure of this forest type includes four layers: The canopy layer is formed by trees over 15 m tall. Dominant species are *Actinodaphne obovata*, *Caryodaphnopsis tonkinensis*, *Aglaia spectabilis*, *Saraca dives*, *Pavieasia anamensis*, *Castanopsis tonkinensis*, *Aglaia silvestris*, *Aphanamixis grandiflora*. The subcanopy layer is characterised by small trees up to 15 m in height. Species occurring in this layer are shade tolerant species. Dominant species are *Callicarpa macrophylla*, *Acanthus ilicifolius*, *Acanthus leucostachyus*, *Callicarpa dichotoma*, *Diospyros montana*, *Miliusa balansae*, *Knema conferta*, *Melientha suavis*, *Lithocarpus pseudosundaicus*, *Antidesma hainanensis*, *Antidesma acidum*, *Baccaurea ramiflora*, *Antidesma montanum*, *Streblus macrophylla*, *Heritiera macrophylla*, *Streblus indicus*, *Sterculia lanceolata*, *Aidia pycnantha*, *Litsea mollifolia*, *Machilus bonii*, and *Phoebe macrocarpa*. The shrub layer includes only few species, like *Dracaena cambodiana*, *Dracaena cochinchinensis*, *Antidesma bunius*, *Streblus macrophylla*, *Miliusa balansae*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Litsea impressa*, *Cryptocarya lenticellata* and *Millettia boniana*. The herb layer is composed of a few

species of Balsaminaceae, Smilacaceae, Acanthaceae, Urticaceae, and Euphorbiaceae.

Heavily disturbed subtype

This forest type is the most common in the limestone hills where local people have easy access for cutting, transporting timber trees, e.g. near villages, or far from the forest ranger station. This forest type covers about 300 ha. Typical sites are Yen Nguia, along the old logging road, Ba Bai, Bo Cum mountain, and some small areas in the centre of the Park. Big trees are absent; stumps and foot paths are common (2 to 5 stumps, and more than one foot path in each 0.04 ha plot). The forest structure is simple with three layers: The canopy layer is composed mainly of *Callicarpa macrophylla*, *Callicarpa dichotoma*, *Acanthus ilicifolius*, *Streblus macrophylla*, *Streblus indicus*, *Diospyros montana*, *Lagerstroemia calyculata*, *Pterospermum truncatolobatum*, *Pterospermum heterophyllum*, *Antidesma montanum*, *Acanthus leucostachyus*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Koilodepas longifolium*, *Hydnocarpus anthelmintica*, and *Machilus bonii*. The shrub layer is composed of few species, *Randia oxyodonta*, *Sterculia gracilipes*, *Streblus macrophylla*, *Antidesma bunius*, *Heritiera littoralis*, *Dracaena cambodiana*, *Dracaena cochinchinensis*, *Sterculia lanceolata*, *Acanthus leucostachyus*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, and *Aidia acuminatissima*. The herb layer is very simple with a few species of Acanthaceae, Balsaminaceae, Euphorbiaceae, and Smilacaceae.

Shrubland on limestone

This vegetation type is the result of heavy logging. It occurs along the old logging road, near villages, and is dominant in the buffer zone near Hai Van and Hai Long. This forest type covers a small area (about 40 ha). The shrubland is species-rich; dominant are *Dracaena cambodiana*, *Dracaena cochinchinensis*, *Memecylon edule*, *Ixora balansae*, *Melastoma* sp., *Randia pycnantha*, *Callicarpa arborea*, *Vitex trifolia*, *Acanthus ilicifolius*, *Desmos cochinchinensis*, *Uvaria micrantha*, *Alchornea tiliifolia*, *Psychotria montana*, *Aporosa microcalyx*, *Jasminum subtriplinerve*, *Helicteres angustifolia*, and species of Dryopteridaceae, Polypodiaceae, and Urticaceae.

Tropical evergreen lowland forest on other soils (mainly ferrallitic and in a small area on alluvial soil)

Slightly disturbed subtype on ferrallitic or alluvial soil

This forest type occurs in areas where it is difficult to transport the timber after harvesting, or where illegal logging meets with other obstacles, e.g. in steep valleys, on islands or in the vicinity of a station of the forest ranger. This forest type covers about 2140 ha. In the plots stumps are absent or at most one in each plot, foot paths are also rare (usually one in each plot). However, traces from collecting Non Timber

forest products are common. This forest type was found mainly in Thung Sen, Rung Gieng, Thu Lon, Bai Lan, Khe Chuon, and some areas in the Bo Cum mountain. This forest type has four layers: The canopy layer is characterized by trees over 15 m tall: *Peltophorum tonkinensis*, *Erythrophleum fordii*, *Aglaia spectabilis*, *Saraca dives*, *Pavieasia annamensis*, *Aphanamixis grandiflora*, *Actinodaphne obovata*, *Phoebe paniculata*, *Dysoxylum caudiflorum*, *Pterospermum truncatolobatum*, *Lagerstroemia calyculata*, and *Machilus bonii*. The subcanopy layer is composed of small timber trees below 15 m in height. Dominant species are *Diospyros montana*, *Antidesma montanum*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Sterculia lanceolata*, *Aidia pycnantha*, *Litsea monopetala*, *Machilus chinensis*, *Phoebe macrocarpa*, *Koilodepas longifolium*, *Hydnocarpus anthelmintica*, *Syzygium wightianum*, and *Cryptocarya lenticellata*. The shrub layer is composed of many species, with as dominant ones *Antidesma bunius*, *Mallotus decipiens*, *Excoecaria cochinchinensis*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Miliusa balansae*, *Koilodepas longifolium*, *Litsea verticillata*, *Millettia boniana*, *Goniothalamus amuyon*, *Aidia oxyodontia*, and *Randia sp.* The herb layer is composed mainly of species of the families Zingiberaceae, Poaceae, Acanthaceae, Rutaceae, Rubiaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Asteraceae, and ferns.

Heavily disturbed subtype on ferrallitic soil

This type of forest occurs in the lowland where local people have easy access to cut and transport timber trees, e.g. near villages, or the old logging road. This is the most extensive forest type in Ben En National Park (about 4100 ha). Stumps are common (usually 3 to 5 stumps per plot), and more than one foot path traverses each plot. There are three layers. The canopy layer is composed mainly of *Syzygium wightianum*, *Callicarpa dichotoma*, *Litsea balansae*, *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Beilschmiedia balansae*, *Koilodepas longifolium*, *Callicarpa dichotoma*, *Claoxylon indicum*, *Microcos paniculata*, *Ficus hispida*, *Alangium chinense*, *Machilus bonii*, *Pterospermum truncatolobatum*, *Mallotus paniculatus*, *Antidesma montanum*, *Cryptocarya chinensis*, *Ilex cymosa*, *Flacourtie balansae*, *Lithocarpus pseudosundaicus*, *Litsea rotundifolia*, *Machilus grandifolia*, *Dysoxylum caudiflorum*, *Mischocarpus pentapetalus*, *Canarium album*, *Canarium tramdenum*, and *Erythrophleum fordii*. The shrub layer is formed by many species, mainly treelets of the canopy layer. Dominant species are *Diospyros hirsuta*, *Goniothalamus amuyon*, *Litsea rotundifolia*, *Mallotus paniculatus*, *Macaranga auriculata*, *Excoecaria cochinchinensis*, *Miliusa balansae*, *Antidesma bunius*, *Cryptocarya sp.*, *Machilus bonii*, *Dysoxylum caudiflorum*, *Millettia boniana*, and *Dalbergia lanceolaria*. The herb layer is composed mainly of species of the Zingiberaceae, Poaceae, Annonaceae, Rubiaceae, Asteraceae, Euphorbiaceae, and ferns.

Shrubland vegetation outside the limestone hills

As in the limestone shrublands, this vegetation type is the result of heavy logging, shifting cultivation and other former agricultural activities in the Park. This

vegetation covers about 2950 ha. It occurs along the old logging road, near villages and in places inside the Park where agriculture used to be practiced before the Park was established in 1992. These shrublands occur around Xuan Thai, Duc Luong, Dong Tho, Bai Bong, and Nga Ba Dong Tho. Dominant species are *Breynia fleuryi*, *Wikstroemia indica*, *Melastoma candidum*, *Memecylon edule*, *Aporosa microcalyx*, *Rhodomyrtus tomentosa*, *Cleistanthus petelotii*, *Mallotus barbatus*, *Macaranga denticulata*, *Desmodium heterocarpon*, *Tephrosia indica*, *Senna tora*, *Cratoxylum polyanthum*, *Cratoxylum prunifolium*, *Antidesma scandens*, *Phyllanthus reticulatus*, *Smilax corbularia*, *Thysanolaena maxima*, *Saccharum spontaneum*, *Saccharum arundinaceum*, and *Imperata cylindrica*. This type of vegetation was also found around Muc Lake, where it is dominated by *Mimosa pigra*.

Plantation forest

Plantation forest scarcely occurs in the Park, it occurs in Trai Bo, Bai village, Roc Khoan, Dong Tho, and Xuan Binh (about 110 ha). The following species are planted: *Acacia auriculaeformis*, *Acacia mangium*, *Canarium tonkinensis*, *Cassia siamea*, *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*, *Hevea brasiliensis*, *Magnolia conifera*, and *Michelia mediocris*. The structure of this forest type is simple; it includes the tree layer and a ground layer with mainly weedy species belonging to Asteraceae, Poaceae, Amaranthaceae, Rubiaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Acanthaceae, and ferns.

Bamboo mixed with timber trees

This vegetation type is due to human activity. The growth of natural bamboo is stimulated by extraction of trees. This forest type covers a large area in Ben En National Park, about 3800 ha. It was found near Chang River, Bai Lan, Xuan Thai, Xuan Binh, and some areas in the centre of the Park. In some areas there are more timber trees than bamboos, but in other areas only few timber trees occur within the bamboo stands. The bamboos are dominated by *Schizostachyum funghomii*, and a few individuals of *Bambusa flexuosa*, *Indosasa sibataeoides*, and *Indosasa sinica*. Many timber tree species are mixed with the bamboo forest. The most important ones are *Pterospermum heterophyllum*, *Beilschmiedia balansae*, *Machilus bonii*, *Lagerstroemia calyculata*, *Endospermum chinense*, *Mallotus paniculatus*, *Aglaia spectabilis*, *Saraca dives*, *Phoebe paniculata*, and *Actinodaphne obovata*. The ground layer is formed by few species of Zingiberaceae, Asteraceae, Poaceae, Amaranthaceae, Rubiaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Acanthaceae, and ferns. Bamboo stands dominated by *Schizostachyum funghomii* have no herb layer at all.

Agricultural land

Agricultural land occurs on a small scale close to the villages in Ben En National Park, in total about 650 ha of home gardens and forest land that is allocated to individual households for protection and re-plantation (GoVN 1994). The land is used for growing sugar cane, cassava, beans, peanuts, vegetables and fruit trees such

as mango, banana, jack fruit, papaya, and orange. Paddy rice (*Oryza sativa*) is grown in irrigated fields along the Muc River and in some areas close to villages.

DISCUSSION

Floristic diversity in Ben En National Park

With 1389 vascular plant species recorded in Ben En National Park in this study the species number continues to increase from the 596 species found in the first inventory (Khoi 1996), via 737 species (Tordoff et al. 2000) and 1347 species (Anonymous 2000). From our list of taxa, 7 families, 43 genera and 252 species have never been recorded in any earlier studies; e.g., in Annonaceae we found 3 new genera and 13 new species for Ben En National Park, Euphorbiaceae has 2 new genera and 37 new species. Most of the newly recorded species are found in the forest, but some of them were found in home gardens of local people in the Park where the earlier studies might not have paid attention, such as *Punica granatum* (Lythraceae), and *Barringtonia acutangula* (Lecythidaceae).

The number of new families, genera and species found in the Park indicate that the flora of Ben En National Park is highly diverse. Moreover, 14 families, 32 genera and 210 species recorded in the earlier survey (Anonymous 2000; Tordoff et al. 2000), were not found during our inventory (Addendum of Appendix 2.1). For instance, 26 species of Orchidaceae were listed by Anonymous (2000), but we only found 16 species. This means that our inventory also may not be complete or that species numbers may be unreliable due to confused taxonomy or erroneous identifications. However, it also indicates that the number of plant species in Ben En National Park is not 1389 species, but could be about 1600 species. More research will probably yield more species records, especially in the undisturbed and poorly accessible areas.

The life forms of plant species in Ben En National Park are diverse. This study demonstrates the importance of Phanerophytes, which represent about 76% of the entire local flora. This is similar to Pu Mat National Park (74.1% phanerophytes; Thin & Nhan 2003), but seemingly different from Cuc Phuong National Park (Lan et al. 1996). However, in Cuc Phuong the percentage of Phanerophytes is lower (57.8%) than in Ben En, because Bryophytes were included in the survey and omitted from ours.

Vegetation types

The vegetation of Vietnam has been studied and classified from the beginning of the last century (Chevalier 1918). Earlier studies have yielded a range of partly overlapping vegetation classifications for Vietnam (Chien 2006; Lan et al. 2006). Trung 1998 recognized 14 vegetation types in Vietnam; Canh & Ly (2004) only 4 main types, Chien (2006) and Lan et al. (2006) each 8 types. Most authors use the

term “closed tropical forest” for primary forest. However, due to logging and other human disturbance most initially closed forests have evolved into a disturbed or open subtype, with two or even only one tree layer(s).

In Ben En National Park, the main forest types depend on whether the substrate is limestone or another type of soil. Within these two evergreen tropical lowland forest types we recognize two subtypes depending on whether disturbance levels were low (“slightly disturbed”) or severe (“heavily disturbed”), as quantified by the presence and frequency of tree stumps and footpaths in the plots. The different levels of disturbance have an impact on species numbers, and tree density, especially of the important timber tree species (Hoang et al. in prep.). In the less disturbed forests, the canopy has two tree layers and the heavily disturbed forest has only one. Some small areas located near Thung Sen, and on the Dam Mountain still have undisturbed limestone forest. However, we could not access these areas, because of the steep and sharp rocky slopes.

Because of its land location and low elevation, mangroves, conifer forests and other high mountain vegetations do not occur in Ben En National Park.

Conservation of plant species

There are differences between the lists of plant species that occur in the Red Data book of Vietnam, Vol. 2 (Ban 2007), and in the Red List of IUCN (2006). The Red List of IUCN (2006) on the flora of Vietnam concentrates on tree species and there is not much information on herbs, shrubs and climbers. But not only tree species are endangered; many herbs, shrubs and climbers species are also threatened such as *Polygonum multiflorum* (Polygonaceae), a small climbing species. At the local level, more species were listed as threatened such as *Stephania longa* (Menispermaceae), *Cibotium barometz* (Dicksoniaceae), *Actinodaphne obovata*, and *Phoebe paniculata* (Lauraceae). They are perhaps not only threatened in Ben En, but also in other parts of Vietnam. *Chukrasia tabularis* is listed both in the Red List of IUCN 2006, and the Red Data Book of Vietnam (Ban 2007). This species is endangered in natural forests. However, *Chukrasia tabularis* (Meliaceae) is planted in plantation forests throughout Vietnam, and in and around Ben En National Park in particular, so that this species is not threatened here. Another species, *Alstonia scholaris* (Apocynaceae), is listed in the IUCN list of 2006, but this species is also common in plantations throughout the country. From our field surveys, it appeared that some species have become endangered by overcollecting of entire plants, such as *Morinda citrifolia*, *Morinda officinalis* (Rubiaceae), and *Smilax glabra* (Smilacaceae) (Hoang et al. 2008 b), or high intensity of illegal logging, and have become very rare in the field: *Garcinia fagraeoides* (Clusiaceae), *Markhamia stipulata* (Bignoniaceae) (Hoang et al. in prep.). Those species will soon be strongly threatened or extinct, at least locally, if no attempts are made to protect and replant them.

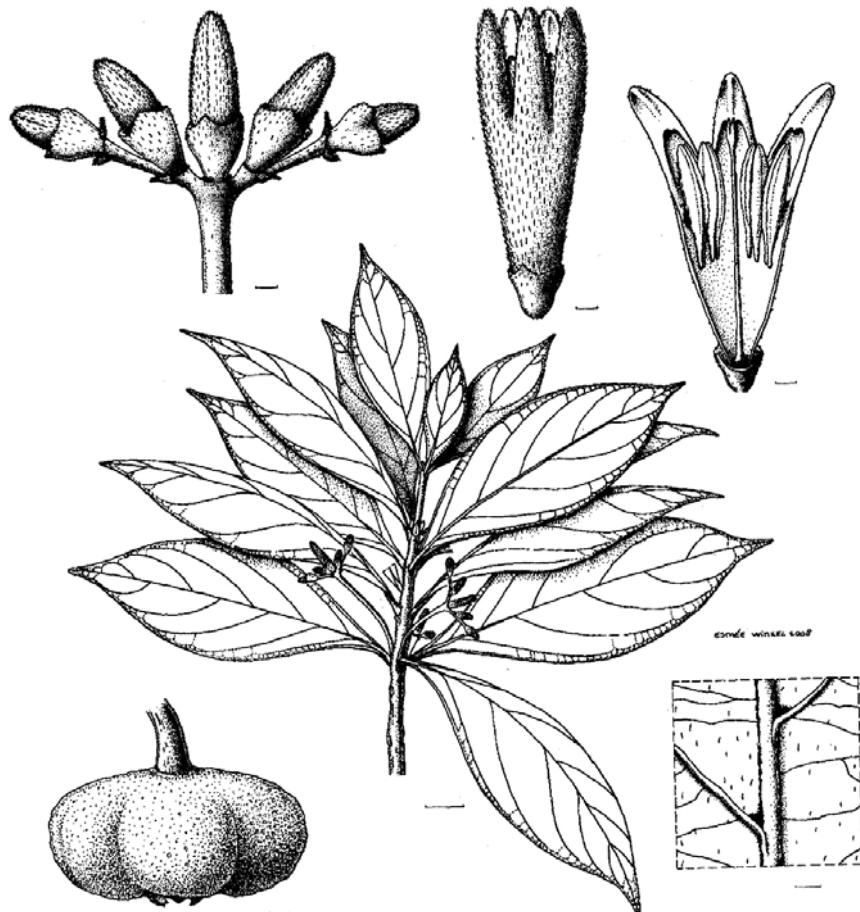


Fig. 2.4. *Timonius arborea* Elmer (Rubiaceae). A new record for flora of Vietnam.

CONCLUSION

Despite very heavy disturbance levels of the most common vegetation types in the Ben En National Park, the number of plant species is still high with an estimated number of 1600 vascular plant species. A large number of plant species provide important commodities for the local communities in Ben En National Park. Thus the plant diversity is still very big and worth conserving. Many species in the Park are threatened at the global, national and local level. Special measures are urgently needed to reverse the effects of disturbance by stopping illegal logging, and making the collection of useful plants more sustainable. In order to reduce the human pressures on the forest resources, more support is needed for local people living in the core zone of the Park, both financially and in acquiring plant cultivation skills. Additionally, a forest restoration program is needed to counteract the heavy anthropogenic disturbance in parts of the Park.

APPENDIX 2.1
List of the vascular plant species in Ben En National Park

Key: LF = life forms: Ph: Phanerophytes; MM: Mega- and Meso-phanerophytes; Na: Nano-phanerophytes; Lp: Lianas-phanerophytes; Ep: Epiphytes-phanerophytes; Pp: Hemi- and parasitic phanerophytes; Sp: Succulent phanerophytes; Ch: Chamaephytes; Hm: Hemicryptophytes; Cr: Cryptophytes; Th: Therophytes. - RDB = Red Data Book of Flora of Vietnam (2007). - RD-IUCN = Red list data of IUCN (2006). - RDBE = Red Data of Ben En National Park: CR: Critically endangered; EN: Endangered; V: Vulnerable; R: Rare; T: Threatened; NT: Near threatened; DD: Data deficient; LC, LR - Least concern. - NOTE = NFBE: New family to BENP; NGBE: New genus to BENP; NSBE: New species to BENP; NSVN: New species to Vietnam. - * Species was recorded in the plots.

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
Psilotophyta	Ngành Quyết lá thông					
Psilotaceae	Họ Quyết lá thông					
<i>Psilotum nudum</i> (L.) Beauv.*	Quyết lá thông		Ch			
Lycopodiophyta	Ngành Thông đất					
Lycopodiaceae	Họ Thông đất					
<i>Huperzia carinata</i> (Desv.) Trevis.	Thông đất	Ch				
<i>Lycopodiella cernua</i> (L.) Pic.Serm.	Thông đất	Ch				
Selaginellaceae	Họ Quyền bá					
<i>Selaginella argentea</i> (Hook. ex Grev.) Spring*	Quyền bá	Ch				
<i>Selaginella delicatula</i> (Desv.) Alston	Quyền bá	Ch				
<i>Selaginella</i> sp.*	Quyền bá	Ch				
Equisetophyta	Ngành Cỏ quản bút					
Equisetaceae	Họ Mộc tặc					
<i>Equisetum diffusum</i> D. Don*	Cỏ quản bút lan		Hm			
Polypodiophyta	Ngành Đương xỉ					
Adiantaceae	Họ Tóc thần vệ nữ					
<i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i> L.*	Tóc thần vệ nữ		Hm			

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Adiantum caudatum</i> L.	Tóc thần vệ nữ	Hm				
<i>Adiantum erylliae</i> Hance*	Ráng	Ch				
<i>Adiantum flabellulatum</i> L.	Tóc thần	Hm				
<i>Adiantum induratum</i> Chr.*	Ráng nguyệt	Hm				
<i>Adiantum stenochlamys</i> Baker	Ráng nguyệt xỉ	Ch				
<i>Cheilanthes</i> sp.	Thần mô	Hm				
<i>Cheilanthes tenuifolia</i> (Burm. f.) Sw.	Thần mô	Hm				
Angiopteridaceae	Họ Quan âm					
<i>Angiopteris evecta</i> (Forst.) Hoffm.	Toà sen	Na				
Aspleniaceae	Họ Tồ chim					
<i>Asplenium griffithianum</i> Hook.*	Tồ điêu	Ep			NSBE	
<i>Asplenium nidus</i> L.	Tồ điêu	Ep				
<i>Asplenium normale</i> D. Don*	Tồ điêu thường	Ep				
<i>Asplenium obscurum</i> Blume	Ráng	Hm				
<i>Asplenium thunbergii</i> Kuntze*	Tồ điêu	Hm				
Azollaceae	Họ Bèo tai chuột					
<i>Azolla imbricata</i> (Roxb.) Nakai	Bèo dâu	Cr				
Blechnaceae	Họ Ráng lá dừa					
<i>Blechnum orientale</i> L.*	Ráng lá dừa	Hm				
<i>Stenochlaena palustris</i> (Burm. f.) Bedd.	Chại	Lp				
<i>Woodwardia cochinchinensis</i> Ching	Ráng	Hm			NGBE	
Cyatheaceae	Họ Dương xỉ mộc				NFBE	
<i>Cyathea contaminans</i> (Hook.) Copel.*	Dương xỉ mộc	MM			NGBE	
Davalliaceae	Họ Vẩy lợp					
<i>Davallia denticulata</i> (Burm.) Mett.	Ráng đà	Cr				
<i>Davallia divaricata</i> Blume*	Ráng đà hoa toà	Cr				
<i>Davallia repens</i> (L.f.) Kuhn	Quyết âm thạch	Ep				
<i>Gymnogrammitis dareiformis</i> (Hk.) Ching	Quyết mura	Ep				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Rumohra sp.</i>	Quyết	Ch				
Dennstaedtiaceae	Họ Ráng dàn tiết					
<i>Lindsaea odorata</i> Roxb.*	Quyết	Hm				
<i>Microlepia trapeziformis</i> (Roxb.) Kuhn	Quyết vảy	Hm			NSBE	
Dicksoniaceae	Họ Lông cu li					
<i>Cibotium barometz</i> (L.) J. J. Sm.*	Lông cu li	Ch			T	
Dipteridaceae	Họ Song dực					
<i>Dipteris chinensis</i> (Kaulf.) Reinw.	Quyết quạt	Hm				
Dryopteridaceae	Họ Dương xỉ thường					
<i>Cyrtomium sp.</i>	Quán chung	Cr				
<i>Dryopteris subtriangularis</i> (Hope.) C.Chr*	Dương xi	Hm				
<i>Polystichopsis chinensis</i> (Rosenst.) Holttum	Quyết	Cr				
<i>Tectaria decurrentis</i> (C. Presl) Copel.	Quyết ba chắc	Hm				
<i>Tectaria devexa</i> (Mett.) Copel.*	Ráng	Hm				
<i>Tectaria pentagonalis</i> (Bon) C. Chr.	Ráng	Cr			NSBE	
<i>Tectaria sp.</i> *	Quyết	Cr				
<i>Tectaria vasta</i> (Blume) Copel.	Ráng	Cr				
Gleicheniaceae	Họ Guột					
<i>Dicranopteris linearis</i> (Burm.) Underw.	Guột	Cr				
Hymenophyllaceae	Họ Lá màng					
<i>Crepidomanes radicans</i> (Sw.) Copel.	Quyết	Cr				
<i>Trichomanes sp.</i> *	Quyết lồng	Ep				
Lomariopsidaceae	Họ Ráng suru xỉ					
<i>Bolbitis heteroclita</i> (Presl) Ching ex C.Chr.	Ráng bích xỉ	Hm				
<i>Piperoppteris</i> sp.	Quyết nhung	Ch				
Marattiaceae	Họ Quyết toà sen					
<i>Angiopteris confertinervia</i> Ching	Toà sen	Na			NSBE	
<i>Angiopteris evecta</i> (G.Forst.) Hoffm.	Quyết tòa sen	Na				
Marsileaceae	Họ Rau bợ					

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Marsilea quadrifolia</i> L.	Rau bợ	Th				
Polypodiaceae	Họ Dương xỉ					
<i>Drynaria bonii</i> H. Christ	Cót toái bồ	Ep	V		DD	
<i>Drynaria fortunei</i> (Kuntze ex Mett.) J. Sm.	Cót toái bồ	Ep	EN		R	NSBE
<i>Drynaria lanceolata</i> (L.) Farw.	Cót toái bồ luõi mác	Ep				
<i>Lemmaphyllum microphyllum</i> C. Presl*	Quyết lá nhõ	Ep				
<i>Microsorum superficiale</i> (Bedd.) Ching	Ráng	Ep				
<i>Pyrrosia lanceolata</i> (L.) Farw.	Thạch vĩ luõi mác	Ep				
<i>Pyrrosia lingua</i> (Thunb.) Farw.	Ráng	Ep				
Pteridaceae	Họ Chân xỉ					
<i>Pteris ensiformis</i> Burm. f.	Seo gà	Ep				
<i>Pteris finotii</i> C. Chr.*	Ráng chân xỉ	Ch				
<i>Pteris grevilleana</i> Wall.	Quyết đuôi gà	Hm				
<i>Pteris longipes</i> D. Don*	Seo gà dài	Cr				
<i>Pteris multifida</i> Poir.	Seo gà xé nhiều	Ch				
<i>Pteris sp.*</i>	Chân xỉ	Hm				
<i>Pteris vittata</i> L.	Chân xỉ sọc	Hm				
Schizaeaceae	Họ Bòng bong					
<i>Lygodium conforme</i> C. Chr.*	Bòng bong lá to	Lp				
<i>Lygodium digitatum</i> C. Presl*	Bòng bong	Lp				
<i>Lygodium flexuosum</i> (L.) Sw.	Bòng bong	Lp				
<i>Lygodium scandens</i> (L.) Sw.	Bòng bong lá nhõ	Lp				
<i>Lygodium sp.*</i>	Bòng bong	Lp				
Thelypteridaceae	Họ Ráng thu đực					
<i>Abacopteris rubra</i> (Ching) Ching	Ráng	Hm				
<i>Christella acuminata</i> (Hout.) Holttum	Quyết lông	Hm				
<i>Christella balansae</i> (Ching) Holttum*	Ráng lông	Hm				
<i>Macrothelypteris torresiana</i> (Gaud.) Ching	Ráng	Cr				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Pneumatopteris truncatus</i> (Poir.) Holttum	Quyết khí	Ch				
<i>Pronephrium sp.</i>	Ráng	Cr				
Vittariaceae	Họ Ráng lưỡi beo					
<i>Antrophyum annamensis</i> C. Chr. & Tardieu	Luõi beo	Ep				
Woodsiaceae	Ráng gõ nhỏ				NFBE	
<i>Callipteris esculenta</i> J. Sm.*	Rau dón	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Diplazium esculentum</i> (Retz.) Sw.	Rau rón	Lp			NGBE	
Pinophyta	Ngành thông					
Cycadaceae	Họ Tué					
<i>Cycas chevalieri</i> Leandri	Nghèn	Na	LR		R	
<i>Cycas immersa</i> Craib	Tué chim	Na			R	
<i>Cycas pectinata</i> Buch.-Ham.	Tué lược	Na	V		R	NSBE
<i>Cycas revoluta</i> Thunb.	Vạn tué	Na			R	
Gnetaceae	Họ Gáṃ					
<i>Gnetum gnemon</i> L.	Gáṃ	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Gnetum latifolium</i> Blume	Gáṃ lá rộng	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Gnetum montanum</i> Markgr.	Gáṃ núi	Lp				
Pinaceae	Họ Thông					
<i>Pinus massoniana</i> D. Don	Thông đuôi ngựa	MM				
<i>Pinus merkusii</i> Jungh. & de Vries	Thông nhưa	MM				
Podocarpaceae	Họ Kim giao					
<i>Nageia fleuryi</i> (Hickel) de Laub.	Kim giao	MM			T	
Magnoliophyta	Ngành Mộc lan					
Magnoliopsida	Lớp 2 lá mầm					
Acanthaceae	Họ Ô rô					
<i>Acanthus leucostachyus</i> Wall.*	Ô rô núi	MM				
<i>Acanthus ilicifolius</i> L.*	Ô rô lá bé	MM				
<i>Baphicacanthus cusia</i> (Nees) Bremek.*	Chàm lá lớn	Na			NGBE	
<i>Clinacanthus sp.</i> *	Chàm	Na				
<i>Justicia poilanei</i> Benn.	Thanh táo	Na			NGBE	

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Strobilanthes cystolithiger</i> Lind.*	Chuỷ hoa	Na				
<i>Strobilanthes multangulus</i> Benoist	Chàm rừng	Na				
<i>Rhinacanthus nasutus</i> (L.) Kurz*	Bạch hạc	Na			NSBE	
<i>Thunbergia fragrans</i> Roxb.	Cát đằng	Lp				
<i>Thunbergia sp.</i> *	Bông xanh	Lp				
Aceraceae	Họ Thích					
<i>Acer decandrum</i> Merr.*	Thích lá nguyên	MM				
<i>Acer laevigatum</i> Wall.*	Thích	MM			NSBE	
Alangiaceae	Họ Thôi ba					
<i>Alangium barbatum</i> (R. Br.) Baill.*	Thôi ba	MM				
<i>Alangium chinense</i> (Lour.) Rehd.*	Thôi ba	MM				
<i>Alangium kurzii</i> Craib*	Thôi ba lông	MM				
Amaranthaceae	Họ Rau dền					
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i> L.*	Cỏ xước	Ch				
<i>Achyranthes bidentata</i> Blume	Cỏ xước	Ch				
<i>Alternanthera sessilis</i> (L.) A.DC.	Rau diếp dại	Ch				
<i>Amaranthus spinosus</i> L.	Dền com	Th				
<i>Amaranthus tricolor</i> L.	Dền tía	Hm				
<i>Amaranthus viridis</i> L.	Đon đô	Hm				
<i>Celosia argentea</i> L.	Mào gà	Ch				
<i>Cyathula prostrata</i> (L.) Blume	Đơn đô	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Deeringia polysperma</i> (Roxb.) Miq.	Cúc bách nhật	Ch			NGBE	
Anacardiaceae	Họ Xoài					
<i>Buchanania arborescens</i> Blume	Chay lớn	MM				
<i>Buchanania lucida</i> Blume	Chay	MM				
<i>Dracontomelon dao</i> (Blanco) Merr. & Rolfe*	Sáu	MM				
<i>Mangifera indica</i> L.	Xoài	MM				
<i>Mangifera minutiflora</i> Evrard	Xoài rừng	MM		V		
<i>Mangifera reba</i> Pierre	Quέo	MM				
<i>Rhus chinensis</i> Muell.	Muối	MM				
<i>Rhus rhetsooides</i> Craib*	Sơn rừng	MM				
<i>Rhus succedanea</i> L.*	Sơn ta	MM				
<i>Spondias axillaris</i> Roxb.	Xoan nhù	MM				
<i>Spondias lakoensis</i> Pierre*	Dâu da xoan	MM				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
Annonaceae	Họ Na					
<i>Alphonsea hainanensis</i> Merr. & Chun*	Thau lĩnh hai nam	MM				
<i>Alphonsea monogyna</i> Merr. & Chun*	Thau lĩnh	MM			NSBE	
<i>Alphonsea squamosa</i> Finet & Gagnep.*	Thau lĩnh tron	MM			NSBE	
<i>Alphonsea tonkinensis</i> A. DC.*	Thau lĩnh bắc bộ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Annona muricata</i> L.	Măng cầu xiêm	MM				
<i>Annona squamosa</i> L.	Na	MM				
<i>Artobotrys hexapetalus</i> (L.f.) Bhandari*	Dây công chúa	Lp				
<i>Artobotrys intermedius</i> Hassk.*	Móng rồng nhỏ	Lp				
<i>Dasymaschalon macrocalyx</i> Finet & Gagnep.	Dát mèo	Na			NGBE	
<i>Desmos chinensis</i> Lour.	Dây công chúa	Lp				
<i>Desmos cochinchinensis</i> Lour.*	Hoa gié	Lp				
<i>Desmos pedunculosus</i> (A.DC.) Ban	Hoa gié	Lp				
<i>Fissistigma latifolium</i> (Dun.) Merr.*	Cách thư lông	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Fissistigma petelotii</i> Merr.	Cách thư	Lp				
<i>Fissistigma villosum</i> (Ast) Merr.	Cách hoa có lông	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Friesodielsia fornicata</i> (Roxb.) D. Das	Cuờm chài	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Goniothalamus amuyon</i> Merr.*	Giác đé	MM				
<i>Goniothalamus macrocalyx</i> Ban*	Giác đé lá lớn	MM	V	V	DD	
<i>Miliusa balansae</i> Finet & Gagnep.*	Màu cau	MM				
<i>Miliusa horsfieldii</i> (Benn.) Pierre*	Màu cau	MM			NSBE	
<i>Miliusa sp.</i> *	Màu cau	MM				
<i>Miliusa velutina</i> Hook.f. & Thomson*	Màu cau lông	MM			NSBE	
<i>Polyalthia cerasoides</i> (Roxb.) Benth.*	Nhọc lá bé	MM				
<i>Polyalthia jucunda</i> Finet & Gagnep.*	Nhọc lá dài	MM				
<i>Polyalthia laui</i> Merr.*	Nhọc lá to	MM				
<i>Polyalthia nemoralis</i> DC.	Nhọc đen	MM				
<i>Uvaria boniana</i> Finet & Gagnep.	Dây dứt	Lp				

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<i>Uvaria macrophylla</i> Roxb.	Dây dứt nhung	Lp				
<i>Uvaria micrantha</i> Hook.f. & Thomson	Dây dứt na	Lp				
<i>Uvaria tonkinensis</i> Finet & Gagnep.	Dây hoa dê	Lp				
<i>Xylopia pierrei</i> Hance	Dèn trắng	MM	V	V	R	NSBE
<i>Xylopia poilanei</i> Ast*	Dèn trắng	MM				NSBE
<i>Xylopia vielana</i> Pierre*	Dèn	MM				
Apiaceae	Họ Hoa tán					
<i>Anethum graveolens</i> L.	Thì là	Th				
<i>Centella asiatica</i> (L.) Urb.	Rau má	Ch				
<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> L.	Rau mùi	Th				
<i>Eryngium foetidum</i> L.	Mùi tàu	Ch				
<i>Hydrocotyle sibthorpioides</i> Lamk.	Rau má to	Ch				
Apocynaceae	Họ Trúc đào					
<i>Alstonia scholaris</i> (L.) R. Br.	Sứa	MM		LR		
<i>Alyxia balansae</i> Pit.	Dây ngôn	Lp				
<i>Beaumontia grandifolia</i> Wall.	Dây cao su	Lp				
<i>Catharanthus roseus</i> L.	Dừa cạn	Na			T	NGBE
<i>Holarrhena antidesenterica</i> (L.) Wall.	Mộc	Na				
<i>Holarrhena pubescens</i> Wall.	Mộc hoa trắng	Na				NSBE
<i>Kibatalia anceps</i> (Dunn & R. Williams) Woodson	Dùi đôi	Lp				
<i>Kibatalia laurifolia</i> (Ridl.) Woodson	Thần linh	Na				
<i>Kibatalia macrophylla</i> (Pierre) Woodson*	Ót sừng lá lớn	Na				NSBE
<i>Kitabalia microphylla</i> (Pit.) Woodson*	Ót sừng	Na				
<i>Melodinus brachyphylloides</i> Merr.	Dây cao su	Lp				
<i>Paravallaris macrophylla</i> Pierre ex Hua*	Mức trâu	MM				NGBE
<i>Plumeria rubra</i> L.	Đại	MM				
<i>Pottisia laxiflora</i> Kuntze	Bót hoa thura	Lp				
<i>Rauvolfia serpentina</i> Baill.*	Ba gạc đỏ	Na	CR		R	NSBE
<i>Rauvolfia verticillata</i> Baill.*	Ba gạc	Na	V		T	NSBE
<i>Strophanthus caudatus</i> (Burm. f.) Kurz*	Sừng trâu	Na				NSBE
<i>Strophanthus divaricatus</i> Hook. & Arn.	Sừng dê	Na				
<i>Tabernaemontana bovina</i> Lour.	Lài trâu	Na				

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<i>Tabernaemontana pallida</i> Pierre ex Pit.	Ót rùng lá nhỏ	Na				
<i>Tabernaemontana</i> sp.	Ót rùng	Na				
<i>Trachelospermum axillare</i> Hook. f.	Lạc thạch	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Wrightia annamensis</i> Eberh. & Dub.*	Lòng múc trung bộ	MM				
<i>Wrightia laevis</i> Hook. f.*	Thùng múc tròn	MM		LR		
<i>Wrightia tomentosa</i> Roem. & Schult.*	Múc lông	MM				
Aquifoliaceae	Họ Bùi					
<i>Ilex cymosa</i> Champ.*	Vô rụt	MM				
<i>Ilex macrocarpa</i> Oliv.	Bùi quả to	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ilex rotunda</i> Thunb.*	Nhựa ruồi	MM				
Araliaceae	Họ Nhân sâm					
<i>Acanthopanax aculeatum</i> Seem.	Ngũ ra bì	Na				
<i>Aralia armata</i> Seem.	Đơn châu cháu	Na				
<i>Aralia toranensis</i> Ha*	Cuồng	Na				
<i>Polyscias fruticosa</i> Harms	Đinh lăng	Na				
<i>Schefflera alpina</i> Grushv. & Skvortsova	Chân chim	MM				
<i>Schefflera octophylla</i> Harms*	Chân chim ⁸ lá	MM				
<i>Schefflera pauciflora</i> R. Vig.*	Chân chim	MM				
<i>Schefflera tonkinensis</i> Hook.*	Chân chim	MM				
<i>Trevesia burkii</i> Boerl.	Đu đù rùng	Na				
<i>Trevesia</i> sp.	Đu đù rùng	Na				
Asclepiadaceae	Họ Thiên lý					
<i>Cryptolepis buchananii</i> Roem. & Schott.	Dây càng cua	Lp				
<i>Dischidia acuminata</i> Costantin	Dây hạt bí	Lp				
<i>Dischidia balansae</i> Costantin	Song ly	Lp				
<i>Dischidia</i> sp.	Tai chuột	Ep				
<i>Gymnema tingens</i> Spreng.	Rau mơ	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Hoya villosa</i> Costantin	Hoa sao	Ep				
<i>Streptocaulon griffithii</i> Hook.f.	Hà thủ ô trắng	Ch				

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<i>Telosma cordata</i> Merr.	Hoa thiên lý	Lp				
Asteraceae	Họ Cúc					
<i>Ageratum conyzoides</i> L.	Cút lợn	Hm				
<i>Artemisia annua</i> L.	Thanh cao hoa vàng	Hm				
<i>Artemisia japonica</i> Thunb.	Ngải círu rừng	Hm			NSBE	
<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> L.	Ngải círu	Hm				
<i>Bidens bipinnata</i> L.	Đơn buốt	Hm				
<i>Bidens pilosa</i> L.	Đơn buốt	Hm				
<i>Blumea aromatica</i> DC.	Đại bi xanh	Ch			NSBE	
<i>Blumea balsamifera</i> DC.	Đại bi	Ch				
<i>Blumea lacera</i> (Roxb.) DC.	Cúc trời	Hm				
<i>Blumea lanceolaria</i> Druce	Xương sông	Ch				
<i>Blumea megacephala</i> C.T. Chang & C.H.Yu.	Đại bi	Na			NSBE	
<i>Conyza canadensis</i> (L.) Cronquist	Cúc dại	Hm				
<i>Crossostephium chinense</i> Makino	Nguyệt bạch	Ch				
<i>Dichrocephala integrifolia</i> Kuntze	Cúc mắt cá	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Eclipta prostrata</i> L.	Nhỏ nòi	Hm				
<i>Elephantopus mollis</i> Kunth	Chân voi mềm	Ch				
<i>Elephantopus scaber</i> L.*	Cúc chỉ thiên	Hm				
<i>Elephantopus spicatus</i> Aubl.*	Cúc chỉ thiên lông	Hm				
<i>Emilia sonchifolia</i> (L.) DC.	Rau má lá rau muống	Hm				
<i>Erechtites hieracifolia</i> (L.) Raf. & DC.	Rau tàu bay rừng	Hm				
<i>Erigeron crispus</i> Pourr.*	Cúc hôi	Ch				
<i>Eupatorium odoratum</i> L.*	Cỏ lào	Ch				
<i>Gnaphalium polycaulon</i> Pers.	Rau khúc	Th			NGBE	
<i>Grangea</i> sp.	Rau dại	Th				
<i>Gynura barbaraefolia</i> Gagnep.	Kim thất cài	Hm				
<i>Gynura crepidioides</i> Benth.	Rau tàu bay	Ch				
<i>Gynura japonica</i> (Thunb.) Juel.	Cúc tam thất	Hm				

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<i>Gynura procumbens</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Kim thát	Lp				
<i>Gynura pseudochina</i> (L.) DC.	Bầu đất	Ch				
<i>Gynura sp.</i>	Kim thát	Hm				
<i>Gynura sp.1</i>	Bầu đất	Hm				
<i>Lactuca indica</i> L.	Bò công anh	Hm				
<i>Lactuca roborowskii</i> Maxim.	Diếp dại	Th				
<i>Mikania cordata</i> (Burm.f.) B.L.Rob.	Cúc leo	Lp				
<i>Pluchea indica</i> Less.	Cúc tần	Hm				
<i>Sigesbeckia orientalis</i> L.	Cỏ dĩ	Hm				
<i>Spilanthes paniculata</i> Wall.	Cúc nút áo	Hm				NGBE
<i>Synedrella nodiflora</i> Gaertn.	Cúc bọ xít	Hm				
<i>Tagetes erecta</i> L.	Vạn thọ	Ch				
<i>Vernonia andersonii</i> C.B.Clarke	Rau ráu	Lp				
<i>Vernonia arborea</i> Buch-Ham.	Bông bạc	MM				
<i>Vernonia cinerea</i> (L.) Less.	Cúc tím	Hm				
<i>Vernonia cumingiana</i> Benth.	Bông bạc	MM				
<i>Vernonia sp.</i>	Bạch đầu	Na				
<i>Xanthium strumarium</i> L.	Ké dầu ngựa	Ch				
Balsaminaceae	Họ Bóng nước					
<i>Impatiens pygmaea</i> Hook. f.	Bóng nước	Ch				
<i>Impatiens verrucifer</i> Hook.f.	Phượng tiên	Ch				
<i>Impatiens sp.</i>	Phượng tiên	Ch				
Basellaceae	Họ Mồng tơi					
<i>Basella rubra</i> L.	Mồng tai	Th				
Begoniaceae	Họ Thu hai đường					
<i>Begonia aptera</i> Blume	Thu hai đường	Ch				
<i>Begonia balansae</i> Gagnep.	Thu hai đường	Ch				
<i>Begonia lecomtei</i> Gagnep.	Thu hai đường	Ch				
<i>Begonia pierrei</i> Gagnep.	Thu hai đường	Ch				
<i>Begonia tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Thu hai đường bắc bộ	Ch				NSBE

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<i>Begonia sp.</i>	Hải đường	Ch				
Betulaceae	Họ Cáng lò				NFBE	
<i>Betula alnoides</i> Buch.-Ham.	Cáng lò	MM			NGBE	
Bignoniaceae	Họ Núc nác					
<i>Dolichandrone serrulata</i> Seem.	Quao	MM	LR	R		
<i>Fernandoa brilletii</i> (P.Dop) Steenis*	Đinh thối	MM				
<i>Markhamia stipulata</i> Seem. ex Schum.*	Đinh	MM	V		E	
<i>Markhamia cauda-felina</i> (Hance) Craib*	Kè đuôi dông	MM				
<i>Oroxylum indicum</i> (L.) Benth. ex Kurz*	Núc nác	MM				
<i>Stereospermum colais</i> (Buch.-Ham. ex Dillwyn) Mabb.	Quao núi	MM			NGBE	
Bombacaceae	Họ Gạo					
<i>Bombax ceiba</i> L.	Bông gạo	MM				
<i>Gossampinus malabarica</i> Merr.	Gạo	MM				
Boraginaceae	Họ Vòi voi					
<i>Heliotropium indicum</i> L.	Vòi voi	Hm				
Brassicaceae	Họ Cải					
<i>Brassica chinensis</i> L.	Cải bẹ trắng	Th				
<i>Brassica integrifolia</i> West.	Cải ngọt	Th				
<i>Brassica juncea</i> (L.) Czern.	Cải canh	Th				
<i>Raphanus sativus</i> L.	Cải củ	Th				
<i>Rorippa dubia</i> Pers.	Cải dại	Th				
Buddlejaceae	Họ Bọ chó					
<i>Buddleja asiatica</i> Lour.	Bọ chó	Na				
Burseraceae	Họ Trám					
<i>Canarium album</i> Rausch.*	Trám trắng	MM				
<i>Canarium bengalense</i> Roxb.*	Trám 3 cạnh	MM				
<i>Canarium littorale</i> Blume*	Trám hồng	MM	LR		NSBE	
<i>Canarium tonkinensis</i> L.*	Trám chim	MM				
<i>Canarium tramedenum</i> Chan Din Dai & Yakovlev*	Trám đen	MM	V		R	
<i>Garuga pinnata</i> Roxb.*	Trám mao	MM				
Cactaceae	Họ Long cốt					
<i>Epiphyllum oxypetalum</i> Haw.	Quỳnh	Ch				
Caesalpiniaceae	Họ Vang					

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<i>Bauhinia championii</i> Benth.	Móng bò	Lp				
<i>Bauhinia coccinea</i> DC.*	Quạch	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Bauhinia mastipoda</i> Pierre ex Gagnep.	Móng bò hoa đỗ	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Bauhinia ornata</i> Kurz	Móng bò leo	Lp				
<i>Bauhinia sp.*</i>	Móng bò	Lp				
<i>Bauhinia sp.1*</i>	Dây máu	Lp				
<i>Bauhinia sp.2*</i>	Móng bò	Lp				
<i>Bauhinia variegata</i> L.	Ban	MM			NSBE	
<i>Caesalpinia bonduc</i> (L.) Roxb.	Móc mèo núi	Lp				
<i>Caesalpinia mimosoides</i> Lam.	Muồng trinh nữ	Lp				
<i>Caesalpinia minax</i> Hance	Vuốt hùm	Lp				
<i>Caesalpinia pubescens</i> (Desf.) Hatt.	Muồng dây	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Caesalpinia sappan</i> L.	Vang	MM			R	
<i>Cassia hirsuta</i> (L.) Irwin & Barneby	Muồng hôi	MM				
<i>Cassia mimosoides</i> L.	Muồng trinh nữ	Na				
<i>Cassia sp.</i>	Muồng	Na				
<i>Cassia sp.1*</i>	Muồng	MM				
<i>Delonix regia</i> (Bojer) Rafin.	Phượng	MM				
<i>Gleditsia australis</i> Hemsl.*	Bồ kết	MM				
<i>Erythrophleum fordii</i> Oliv.*	Lim xanh	MM			T	
<i>Peltophorum dasyrrachis</i> (Miq.) Kurz*	Lim vàng	MM				
<i>Peltophorum tonkinensis</i> Pierre*	Lim xẹt	MM			V	
<i>Sacara dives</i> Pierre*	Vàng anh	MM				
<i>Senna occidentalis</i> (L.) Link	Cốt khí	Na				
<i>Senna siamea</i> Lam.*	Muồng đen	MM			R	
<i>Senna tora</i> (L.) Roxb.*	Thảo quyết minh	Ch				
<i>Sindora tonkinensis</i> A. Chev.	Gụ lau	MM EN			E	
<i>Tamarindus indica</i> L.	Me	MM			NGBE	
Capparaceae	Họ Màn màn					
<i>Capparis tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Cáp	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Cleome gynandra</i> L.	Màn màn	Ch				

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<i>Crateva magna</i> (Lour.) DC.*	Cây bún	MM				
<i>Crateva religiosa</i> Forst. f.	Bún	MM				
<i>Stixis scandens</i> Lour.	Trứng cuốc	Lp				
<i>Stixis sp.</i>	Trứng cuốc	Lp				
Caprifoliaceae	Họ Kim ngân					
<i>Lonicera japonica</i> Thunb.	Kim ngân	Ch				
<i>Lonicera macrantha</i> (D. Don) Spreng.	Kim ngân hoa to	Ch				
<i>Sambucus javanica</i> Reinw. ex Blume*	Corn cháy	MM				
<i>Viburnum lutescens</i> Blume	Vót vàng	Na			NSBE	
<i>Viburnum sambucinum</i> Reinw.*	Vót corn cháy	Na				
Caricaceae	Họ Đu đủ					
<i>Carica papaya</i> L.	Đu đù	Na				
Celastraceae	Họ Chân danh					
<i>Celastrus annamensis</i> Tardieu*	Gối Trung bộ	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Celastrus paniculatus</i> Willd.*	Dây sang máu	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Euonymus laxiflorus</i> Champ.	Chân danh	Na				
<i>Glyptopetalum sclerocarpum</i> (Kurz) M.A. Lawson*	Xâm cánh Bén En	MM			R NSVN	
<i>Salacia verrucosa</i> Wight*	Cộc màu	Na				
Chenopodiaceae	Họ Rau muối					
<i>Chenopodium ficifolium</i> Smith	Rau muối	Th				
Chloranthaceae	Họ Hoa sói					
<i>Chloranthus erectus</i> (Benth. & Hook.f.) Verdc.	Sói rừng	Na				
Clusiaceae	Họ Búra					
<i>Calophyllum calaba</i> L.	Còng tía	MM				
<i>Calophyllum inophyllum</i> L.*	Mù u	MM	LR	R	NSBE	
<i>Calophyllum membranaceum</i> Gardn. & Champ.	Còng	MM				
<i>Cratoxylum polyanthum</i> Korth.*	Thành ngạnh	MM				
<i>Cratoxylum prunifolium</i> Kurz*	Đỗ ngon	Na				
<i>Cratoxylum sp.</i>	Lành ngành	Na				
<i>Garcinia cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Choisy*	Búra nam bộ	MM				

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<i>Garcinia cowa</i> Roxb.	Tai chua	MM				
<i>Garcinia multiflora</i> Champ. ex Benth.	Dọc	MM				
<i>Garcinia sagraeoides</i> A. Chev.*	Trai lý	MM		E		
<i>Garcinia oblongifolia</i> Champ. ex Benth.*	Búra	MM			NSBE	
<i>Garcinia sp.</i>	Búra	MM				
Combretaceae	Họ Bàng					
<i>Combretum catappa</i> L.	Bàng	MM				
<i>Quisqualis indica</i> L.	Dây giun	Lp				
<i>Terminalia alata</i> Roxb.*	Chiêu liêu	MM				
<i>Terminalia bellirica</i> (Gaertn.) Roxb.	Choại	MM				
<i>Terminalia myriocarpa</i> Van Heurck & Müll.Arg.*	Chò xanh	MM				
Connaraceae	Họ Dây khé					
<i>Cnestis palala</i> Merr.	Dây khé	Lp				
<i>Rourea minor</i> Leenh.	Khé rùng	Lp				
Convolvulaceae	Họ Bìm bìm					
<i>Argyreia acuta</i> Lour.	Bạc thau	Ch				
<i>Ipomoea aquatica</i> Forssk.	Rau muống	Lp				
<i>Ipomoea batatas</i> (L.) Lam.	Khoai lang	Lp				
<i>Ipomoea cymosa</i> (Desr.) Roem. & Schult.	Dây lang rùng	Lp				
<i>Ipomoea quamoclit</i> L.	Tóc tiên	Th				
<i>Merremia boisiana</i> (Gagnep.) Ooststr.	Bìm bìm	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Merremia sp.</i>	Bìm bìm	Lp				
Crassulaceae	Họ Thuốc bóng					
<i>Kalanchoe integra</i> Kuntze	Thuốc bóng	Sp				
<i>Kalanchoe pinnata</i> (Lam.) Pers.	Thuốc bóng	Sp				
Cucurbitaceae	Họ Bầu bí					
<i>Benincasa hispida</i> (Thunb.) Cogn.	Bí xanh	Th				
<i>Coccinia grandis</i> (L.) Voigt	Mành bát	Lp				
<i>Cucumis sativus</i> L.	Dưa chuột	Lp				
<i>Cucurbita maxima</i> Lam.	Bí đỏ	Lp				
<i>Gymnopetalum sp.</i>	Dây loa	Lp				
<i>Gymnopetalum sp.1</i>	Dây loa	Lp				
<i>Hodgsonia macrocarpa</i> Cogn.	Đại hái	Lp				

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<i>Lagenaria siceraria</i> (Molina) Standl.	Bầu	Th				
<i>Luffa cylindrica</i> M. Roem.	Mướp	Th				
<i>Momordica charantia</i> L.	Mướp đắng	Th				
<i>Momordica cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Spreng.	Gác	Th				
<i>Solena heterophylla</i> Lour.	Dây mảnh bát	Th				
<i>Trichosanthes cucumeroides</i> Maxim.*	Dưa núi	Lp				
<i>Zehneria indica</i> (Lour.) M. Keraudren-Aymonin*	Dưa chuột dài	Lp				
Cuscutaceae	Họ Tơ hồng					
<i>Cuscuta chinensis</i> Lam.	Tơ hồng	Pp				
Daphniphyllaceae	Họ Giao phuong				NFBE	
<i>Daphniphyllum calycinum</i> Benth.*	Giao phuong	MM			NGBE	
Datiscaceae	Họ Đắng					
<i>Tetrameles nudiflora</i> R.Br.	Đắng	MM				
Dilleniaceae	Họ Sô					
<i>Actinidia latifolia</i> Merr.	Đào khỉ	MM				
<i>Dillenia heterosepala</i> Finet & Gagnep.*	Lóng bàng	MM				
<i>Dillenia indica</i> L.*	Sô	MM				
<i>Dillenia pentagyna</i> Roxb.*	Sô 5 nhuy	MM				
<i>Saurauia dilleniodes</i> Gagnep.*	Nóng sô	MM				
<i>Saurauia roxburghii</i> Wall.*	Nóng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Saurauia tristyla</i> DC.*	Nóng	MM				
<i>Tetracera indica</i> Merr.*	Chạc chiu	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Tetracera scandens</i> Merr.	Chạc chiu	Lp				
Dipterocarpaceae	Họ Dầu					
<i>Dipterocarpus retusus</i> Blume	Chò nâu	MM V			R	
<i>Hopea chinensis</i> (Merr.) Hand.-Mazz.*	Sao hòn gai	MM		CR		
<i>Hopea hainanensis</i> Merr. & Chun*	Sao hải nam	MM EN			R	
<i>Hopea mollissima</i> C.Y. Wu*	Táu mặt quỷ	MM V	CR	T		
<i>Hopea odorata</i> Roxb.	Sao đen	MM			R	
<i>Parashorea chinensis</i> Wang Hsie*	Chò chỉ	MM		EN	T	
<i>Vatica harmandiana</i> Pierre*	Táu xanh	MM		EN	R	
<i>Vatica odorata</i> (Griff.) Symington*	Táu lá nhỏ	MM			R	
<i>Vatica subglabra</i> Merr.	Táu nước	MM EN			E	

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Ebenaceae	Họ Thị					
<i>Diospyros apiculata</i> Hiern*	Nhọ nồi	MM				
<i>Diospyros crumenata</i> Thwaites*	Thị đá	MM			NSBE	
<i>Diospyros decandra</i> Lour.	Thị	MM				
<i>Diospyros eriantha</i> Champ. ex Benth.*	Thị lông đỏ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Diospyros hirsuta</i> L.f.*	Thị rừng lông	MM				
<i>Diospyros kaki</i> L.f.	Hồng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Diospyros montana</i> Roxb.*	Thị rừng	MM				
<i>Diospyros morrisiana</i> Hance	Hồng rừng	MM				
<i>Diospyros pilosula</i> (A.DC.) Wall. ex Hiern	Thị lông vàng	MM				
<i>Diospyros rubra</i> C.F.Gaertn.*	Thị rừng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Diospyros sp.</i> *	Thị rừng	MM				
<i>Diospyros sp. I</i> *	Thị rừng	MM				
<i>Diospyros sylvatica</i> Roxb.*	Thị rừng	MM			NSBE	
Elaeagnaceae	Họ Nhót					
<i>Elaeagnus bonii</i> Lecomte	Nhót	Lp				
<i>Elaeagnus tonkinensis</i> Serv.	Nhót nhà	Lp				
Elaeocarpaceae	Họ Côm					
<i>Elaeocarpus apiculatus</i> Mast.	Côm vòng	MM	CR	DD	NSBE	
<i>Elaeocarpus dubius</i> Aug. DC.*	Côm tầng	MM				
<i>Elaeocarpus hainanensis</i> Oliver*	Côm hải nam	MM			NSBE	
<i>Elaeocarpus petiolatus</i> (Jack) Wall.*	Côm cuồng dài	MM				
<i>Elaeocarpus sylvestris</i> Poir.*	Côm trâu	MM				
<i>Elaeocarpus varunua</i> Buch.-Ham.*	Côm xanh	MM			NSBE	
Ericaceae	Họ Đỗ quyên					NFBE
<i>Craibiodendron henryi</i> W.W. Sm*	Hoa bọt	MM			NGBE	
<i>Craibiodendron stellatum</i> W.W. Sm.*	Hoa bọt	MM			NGBE	
<i>Rhododendron microphyton</i> Franch.	Đỗ quyên	Na			NGBE	
Euphorbiaceae	Họ Thầu dầu					
<i>Acalypha hispida</i> Burm.f.	Tai tượng đỏ	Na				
<i>Actephila excelsa</i> (Dalzell) Müll.Arg.	Da gà	Na				

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<i>Alchornea annamica</i> Gagnep.	Đom đóm trung bộ				Na	
<i>Alchornea rugosa</i> (Lour.) Müll.Arg.*	Sói dai				Na	
<i>Alchornea tiliifolia</i> Müll.Arg.*	Đom đóm				Na	NSBE
<i>Alchornea trewioides</i> Müll.Arg	Đom đóm				Na	
<i>Aleurites moluccana</i> (L.) Willd.	Lai		MM			
<i>Antidesma acidum</i> Retz.*	Chòi mòi		MM			
<i>Antidesma ambiguum</i> Pax & K. Hoffm.	Chòi mòi		Na			NSBE
<i>Antidesma bunius</i> (L.) Spreng.*	Chòi mòi bun		MM			
<i>Antidesma cochinchinense</i> Gagnep.*	Chòi mòi		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma fruticosum</i> Müll.Arg.	Chòi mòi bụi		Na			NSBE
<i>Antidesma fleuryi</i> Gagnep.*	Chòi mòi		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma hainanensis</i> Merr.*	Chòi mòi hải nam		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma microphyllum</i> Hemsl.	Chòi mòi		Na			NSBE
<i>Antidesma montanum</i> Blume*	Chòi mòi núi		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma scandens</i> Lour.*	Chòi mòi	đất	MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma sp.</i> *	Chòi mòi		MM			
<i>Antidesma sp.1</i> *	Chòi mòi		Na			
<i>Antidesma sp.2</i> *	Chòi mòi		MM			
<i>Antidesma tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Chòi mòi bắc bộ		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma velutinum</i> Tul.*	Chòi mòi lông		MM			NSBE
<i>Antidesma yunnanense</i> Pax & K. Hoffm.	Chòi mòi vân nam		MM			NSBE
<i>Aporosa dioica</i> Müll.Arg.	Thảu táu		MM			
<i>Aporosa macrophylla</i> Müll.Arg.	Thảu táu		MM			NSBE
<i>Aporosa microcalyx</i> Hassk.*	Thảu táu		MM			NSBE
<i>Aporosa sp.</i>	Thảu táu		Na			
<i>Aporosa yunnanensis</i> (Pax & K. Hoffm.) F.P. Metcalf*	Thảu táu vân nam		MM			NSBE
<i>Baccaurea ramiflora</i> Lour.*	Dâu đất		MM			
<i>Balakata baccata</i> (Roxb.) Esser	Sòi núi		MM			
<i>Bischofia javanica</i> Blume*	Nhội		MM			

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<i>Breynia angustifolia</i> Hook.f.	Bồ cu vě lá hép	Na			NSBE	
<i>Breynia fleuryi</i> Beille	Bồ cu vě	Na				
<i>Breynia fruticosa</i> Hook.f.	Bồ cu vě	Na				
<i>Breynia rostrata</i> Merr.	Bồ cu vě	Na			NSBE	
<i>Bridelia balansae</i> Tutcher*	Đóm gai	MM				
<i>Bridelia minutiflora</i> Hook.f.	Đóm lồng	MM				
<i>Bridelia ovata</i> Decne.	Đóm	MM				
<i>Bridelia tomentosa</i> Blume	Đóm	MM			NSBE	
<i>Chaetocarpus castanocarpus</i> Thwaites*	Dạ nâu	MM				
<i>Claoxylon indicum</i> Hassk.*	Lộc mại	MM				
<i>Claoxylon longifolium</i> Baill.*	Lộc mại lá dài	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cleidion spiciflorum</i> Merr.*	Mô chim	MM				
<i>Cleistanthus petelotii</i> Merr. ex Croizat*	Cọc rào	Na	V	DD	NSBE	
<i>Cleistanthus tonkinensis</i> Blume	Cọc rào	Na				
<i>Cnesmone tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Bọ nẹt	Lp				
<i>Croton joufra</i> Roxb.	Bả đậu	MM				
<i>Croton oblongifolius</i> Roxb.	Bả đậu lá thuôn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Croton sp.</i>	Bả đậu	Na				
<i>Croton thorelii</i> Gagnep.*	Bả đậu	MM			NSBE	
<i>Croton tiglium</i> L.*	Bả đậu	MM				
<i>Deutzianthus tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.*	Mọ	MM	LR	DD	NGBE	
<i>Endospermum chinense</i> Benth.*	Vặng trứng	MM				
<i>Euphorbia antiquorum</i> L.	Xương rồng	Sp				
<i>Euphorbia hirta</i> L.	Cỏ súra	Hm				
<i>Euphorbia pulcherrima</i> Willd. ex Klotzsch	Trạng nguyên	Na				
<i>Euphorbia thymifolia</i> L.	Cỏ súra lá nhỏ	Hm				
<i>Euphorbia tirucalli</i> L.	Xương khô	Na				
<i>Excoecaria cochinchinensis</i> Lour.*	Đơn xanh	Na				
<i>Excoecaria cochinchinensis</i> Lour. var. <i>cochinchinensis</i>	Đơn xanh	Na			NSBE	
<i>Flueggea virosa</i> (Willd.) Voigt	Bóng nô	Na				
<i>Glochidion annamense</i> Beille	Bọt éch	Na			NSBE	

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<i>Glochidion assamicum</i> Hook.f.	Sóc	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glochidion balansae</i> Beille	Bọt éch	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glochidion daltonii</i> Kurz	Bọt éch thuốc	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glochidion hirsutum</i> Voigt	Sóc lông	Na				
<i>Glochidion lanceolarium</i> Voigt*	Bọt éch	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glochidion lutescens</i> Blume	Bọt éch vàng	Na				
<i>Glochidion pilosum</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Bọt éch	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glochidion sp.</i>	Bọt éch	Na				
<i>Glochidion sp.I</i>	Bọt éch	Na				
<i>Glochidion thoreli</i> Beille*	Sóc	Na				
<i>Glochidion velutinum</i> Wight*	Bọt éch	Na				
<i>Homonoia riparia</i> Lour.	Rù rì	Na				
<i>Hura crepitans</i> L.	Võng đồng	MM				
<i>Jatropha curcas</i> L.	Dầu mè	MM				
<i>Koilodepas longifolium</i> Hook.f.*	Khồng	MM				
<i>Macaranga auriculata</i> (Merr.) Airy Shaw*	Lá nén	MM			NSBE	
<i>Macaranga denticulata</i> Müll.Arg.*	Lá nén	MM				
<i>Macaranga indica</i> Wight	Lá nén sáp	Na				
<i>Macaranga kurzii</i> Pax & K. Hoffm.	Lá nén	Na			NSBE	
<i>Macaranga trichocarpa</i> Müll.Arg.	Lá nén lông sao	Na				
<i>Mallotus apelta</i> Müll.Arg	Bục trắng	Na				
<i>Mallotus barbatus</i> Müll.Arg.	Bùm bụp	Na				
<i>Mallotus cuneatus</i> Ridl.	Ruối rừng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Mallotus decipiens</i> Müll.Arg.	Ba bét	Na			NSBE	
<i>Mallotus floribundus</i> Müll.Arg.*	Ba soi	Na				
<i>Mallotus metcalfianus</i> Croizat	Ba bét đỏ	Na				
<i>Mallotus microcarpus</i> Pax & K. Hoffm.*	Ba soi	MM			NSBE	
<i>Mallotus paniculatus</i> (Lam.) Müll.Arg.*	Ba soi	MM				
<i>Mallotus philippensis</i> (Lam.) Müll.Arg.	Cánh kién	MM				
<i>Manihot esculenta</i> Crantz	Sắn	Na				
<i>Phyllanthus amarus</i> Schum. & Thoms.	Me vị đắng	Na				
<i>Phyllanthus emblica</i> L.*	Me rừng	MM				
<i>Phyllanthus reticulatus</i> Poir.*	Phèn đen	Na				

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<i>Phyllanthus sp.</i>	Phèn đen	Na				
<i>Phyllanthus urinaria</i> L.	Chó đê	Na				
<i>Ricinus communis</i> L.	Thàu dầu	Na				
<i>Sapium discolor</i> Müll.Arg.*	Sòi tía	MM				
<i>Sauropolis androgynus</i> Merr.*	Rau ngót	Na				
<i>Sauropolis garrettii</i> Craib	Rau ngót la to	Na				
<i>Sauropolis racemosus</i> Beille	Rau ngót	Na				
<i>Sauropolis rostratus</i> Miq.*	Ngót dai	Na			NSBE	
<i>Sauropolis sp.</i>	Rau ngót dai	Na				
<i>Sebastiania chamaelea</i> (L.) Müll.Arg.	Cỏ kỳ nhông	Th				
<i>Securinega virosa</i> (Willd.) Baill.	Bóng nô	Na				
<i>Strophioblachia fimbrialyx</i> Boerl.	Mòng sa	Na			NSBE	
<i>Suregada cicerosperma</i> (Gagnep.) Croizat*	Ken son	Na			NSBE	
<i>Suregada multiflora</i> Baill.*	Mần mây	Na				
<i>Suregada sp.</i>	Háo duyên	Na				
<i>Trigonostemon bonianus</i> Gagnep.	Tam tàng	Na			NGBE	
<i>Trigonostemon rubescens</i> Gagnep.*	Tam tàng	Na			NGBE	
<i>Vernicia montana</i> Lour.*	Trầu	MM				
Fabaceae	Họ Đậu					
<i>Abrus pulchellus</i> Wall.	Cam thảo	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Abrus precatorius</i> L.	Cam thảo dây	Lp				
<i>Bowringia callicarpa</i> Champ. ex Benth.	Dây bánh nem	Lp				
<i>Cajanus scarabaeoides</i> (L.) Thouars	Đậu tương dài	Lp				
<i>Crotalaria ferruginea</i> Scheele	Lục lạc	Ch				
<i>Crotalaria montana</i> Roxb.	Lục lạc núi	Ch				
<i>Crotalaria pallida</i> Aiton	Lục lạc trắng xanh	Ch				
<i>Dalbergia balansae</i> Prain*	Trác	MM	V	R		
<i>Dalbergia boniana</i> Gagnep.*	Trác bon	MM	DD	DD	NSBE	
<i>Dalbergia lanceolaria</i> Moon*	Sưa vẩy óc	Na				
<i>Dalbergia obovata</i> E. Mey.*	Sưa lá bé	MM			NSBE	
<i>Dalbergia tonkinensis</i> Prain	Trác thối	MM	V	E		
<i>Derris elliptica</i> Benth.*	Dây mật	Lp				

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<i>Derris trifolia</i> Lour.	Dây cỏc	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Desmodium caudatum</i> DC.	Thóc lép	Hm				
<i>Desmodium gyroides</i> DC.	Tràng hạt	Hm				
<i>Desmodium heterocarpon</i> (L.) DC.	Thóc lép	Hm				
<i>Desmodium heterophyllum</i> (Willd.) DC.	Hàn the	Hm				
<i>Desmodium laxum</i> DC.	Tràng hạt	Hm				
<i>Desmodium podocarpum</i> DC.	Thóc lép	Hm			NSBE	
<i>Desmodium sp.</i>	Hàn the	Hm				
<i>Desmodium sp.1</i>	Tràng hạt	Hm				
<i>Desmodium styracifolium</i> Merr.	Vảy rồng	Hm				
<i>Desmodium velutinum</i> DC.	Tràng hạt	Hm				
<i>Erythrina fusca</i> Lour.*	Vông đồng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Erythrina variegata</i> L.	Vông nem	MM				
<i>Flemingia grahamiana</i> Wight & Arn.	Tóp mõ	Ch				
<i>Glycine sp.</i>	Dầu vân	Na				
<i>Indigofera hisuta</i> L.*	Chàm	Na				
<i>Indigofera tinctoria</i> L.	Chàm nhuộm	Na				
<i>Lablab purpureus</i> (L.) Sweet	Đậu ván	Lp				
<i>Millettia boniana</i> Gagnep.*	Thàn mát lá bé	MM			NSBE	
<i>Millettia ichthyotona</i> Drake*	Thàn mát	MM				
<i>Millettia pachyloba</i> Drake	Thàn mát dây	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Mucuna interrupta</i> Gagnep.	Mắc mèo	Lp				
<i>Ormosia balansae</i> Drake*	Ràng ràng mít	MM				
<i>Ormosia fordiana</i> Oliver*	Ràng ràng hom	MM				
<i>Ormosia henryi</i> Prain*	Ràng ràng lông	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ormosia microphylla</i> Merr.	Ràng ràng lá nhô	MM				
<i>Ormosia pinnata</i> (Lour.) Merr.*	Ràng ràng xanh	MM				
<i>Ormosia sp.</i>	Ràng ràng	MM				
<i>Ormosia tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Ràng ràng bắc bộ	MM				

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<i>Pachyrhizus erosus</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Củ đậu	Ch			NSBE	
<i>Pueraria montana</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Sắn dây rừng	Lp				
<i>Pueraria phaseoloides</i> Benth.	Sắn dây	Lp				
<i>Sophora japonica</i> L.	Hoa hoè	MM				
<i>Spatholobus suberectus</i> Dunn*	Huyết rồng lào	Lp			NGBE	
<i>Tephrosia candida</i> DC.	Cốt khí	Na				
<i>Uraria crinita</i> Desv.	Đuôi chồn	Na				
<i>Vigna radiata</i> (L.) Wilczek	Đậu xanh	Th				
<i>Vigna unguiculata</i> (L.) Walp.	Đậu đen	Th				
Fagaceae	Hẹ Dẻ					
<i>Castanopsis annamensis</i> Hance	Dẻ	MM				
<i>Castanopsis boisii</i> Hickel & A. Camus*	Dẻ bắc giang	MM			NSBE	
<i>Castanopsis cerebrina</i> (Hickel & A. Camus) Barnett*	Sồi phảng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Castanopsis hystrix</i> DC.*	Dẻ đỏ	MM	V		R	NSBE
<i>Castanopsis indica</i> A.DC.*	Cà ối ánh đột	MM				
<i>Castanopsis lecomtei</i> Hickel & A. Camus*	Dẻ gai	MM	V		R	NSBE
<i>Castanopsis sp.</i>	Dẻ	MM				
<i>Castanopsis tonkinensis</i> Seemen*	Cà ối bắc bộ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Lithocarpus areca</i> (Hickel & A. Camus) A. Camus	Sồi	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus bacgiangensis</i> (Hickel & A. Camus) A. Camus	Sồi bắc giang	MM	V		R	
<i>Lithocarpus cornea</i> Rehder*	Sồi ghè	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus dealbata</i> Rehder*	Dẻ lá bạc	MM			NSBE	
<i>Lithocarpus duccampii</i> (Hickel & A. Camus) A.Camus	Sồi	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus elegans</i> (Blume) Hatus. ex Soepadmo*	Sồi đỏ	MM			R	
<i>Lithocarpus hemisphaericus</i> (Drake) Barnett	Sồi bán cầu	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus pseudosundaicus</i> (Hickel & A. Camus) A. Camus*	Dẻ xanh	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus sp.</i>	Dẻ	MM				
<i>Lithocarpus sp. I*</i>	Dẻ	MM				

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<i>Quercus acutissima</i> Carruth.	Dè	MM			NSBE	
<i>Quercus bambusifolia</i> Hance ex Miq.	Dé lá tre	MM			NSBE	
<i>Quercus chrysocalyx</i> Carruth.*	Dè cuồng	MM	V		R	NSBE
<i>Quercus platycalyx</i> Hickel & A. Camus*	Giẽ cau	MM	V		R	
<i>Quercus sp.*</i>	Sồi	MM				
Flacourtiaceae	Họ Bồ quân					
<i>Casearia flexuosa</i> Craib	Thủ đào	MM				
<i>Casearia velutina</i> Blume	Thủ đào lông	MM				
<i>Flacourtia balansae</i> Gagnep.*	Mùng quân	MM				
<i>Flacourtia indica</i> Merr.*	Mùng quân	MM			NSBE	
<i>Flacourtia jangomas</i> Raeusch.*	Mùng quân trắng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Hydnocarpus anthelmintica</i> Pierre*	Không trắng	MM				
<i>Hydnocarpus hainanensis</i> (Merr.) Sleumer	Nang trứng hai nam	MM	V		NSBE	
<i>Hydnocarpus kurzii</i> Warb.*	Nang trứng	MM				
<i>Hydnocarpus serrata</i> Warb.*	Nang trứng	MM				
<i>Hydnocarpus sp.</i>	Nang trứng	MM				
Gesneriaceae	Họ Thượng tiền				NFBE	
<i>Beccarinda tonkinensis</i> (Pellegr.) B.L. Burtt*	Thượng tiền	Ch			NGBE	
Hamamelidaceae	Họ Sau sau					
<i>Liquidambar formosana</i> Hance*	Sau Sau	MM				
<i>Mytilaria laosensis</i> Lecomte	Sau sau lào	MM				
<i>Symingtonia tonkinensis</i> (Lecomte) Steenis	Chắp tay	MM			DD	
Hernandiaceae	Họ Liên đằng					
<i>Illigera celebica</i> Miq.	Liên đằng	Lp				
Hydrangeaceae	Họ Thường sơn					
<i>Dichroa febrifuga</i> Lour.*	Thường sơn	Na				
<i>Dichroa hirsuta</i> Gagnep.	Thường sơn lông	Na				
Icacinaceae	Họ Thụ đào					
<i>Gomphandra hainanensis</i> Merr.*	Bồ béo hải	Na				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
	nam					
<i>Gomphandra petelotii</i> Merr.*	Bồ béo	Na			NSBE	
<i>Gomphandra tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.*	Bồ béo bắc bộ	Na				
<i>Nothopodytes</i> sp.	Gian thiều	Na				
Ixonanthaceae	Họ Hà nu					
<i>Ixonanthes cochinchinensis</i> Pierre*	Hà nu	MM				
<i>Ixonanthes reticulata</i> Jack	Hà nu	MM			NSBE	
Juglandaceae	Họ Hò đào					
<i>Annamocarya sinensis</i> (Dode) J.-F. Leroy*	Chò đai	MM	EN	EN	E	
<i>Engelhardtia chrysolepsis</i> Hance*	Chẹo tía	MM				
<i>Engelhardtia roxburghiana</i> Wall.	Chẹo trắng	MM				
<i>Engelhardtia</i> sp.*	Chẹo	MM				
<i>Pterocarya tonkinensis</i> Dode	Coi	MM				
Lamiaceae	Họ Hoa môi					
<i>Acrocephalus indicus</i> Kuntze	Nhân trần	Th				
<i>Anisomeles ovata</i> R.Br.	Cút lợn	Ch				
<i>Elsholtzia blanda</i> H. Keng	Kinh giới dại	Th				
<i>Elsholtzia ciliata</i> (Thunb. ex Murray) Hyl.	Kinh giới	Th				
<i>Gomphostemma parviflorum</i> Wall.	Hoa môi	Ch			NSBE	
<i>Hyptis rhomboidea</i> M.Martens & Galeotti	Ké	Hm				
<i>Hyptis suaveolens</i> (L.) Poit.	Tía tô dài	Hm				
<i>Leonurus sibiricus</i> L.	Ích mẫu	Ch				
<i>Leucas</i> sp.	Tô ong	Hm				
<i>Mentha crispa</i> L.	Húng	Hm				
<i>Mosla cavaleriei</i> H. Lév.	Hương nhu	Th				
<i>Ocimum basilicum</i> L.	Húng quê	Th				
<i>Ocimum tenuiflorum</i> L.	Hương nhu tía	Th				
<i>Perilla frutescens</i> (L.) Britton	Tía tô	Th				
<i>Perilla ocymoides</i> L.	Tía tô dài	Th				
<i>Plectranthus amboinicus</i> (Lour.) Spreng.	Húng chanh	Th				
<i>Salvia miltiorrhiza</i> Bunge	Kinh giới dại	Th			NGBE	
Lauraceae	Họ Long					

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
não						
<i>Actinodaphne obovata</i> (Nees) Blume*	Song xanh	MM		T	NSBE	
<i>Actinodaphne pedunculata</i> Meisn.*	Bạc tán	MM			NSBE	
<i>Actinodaphne pilosa</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Đầu màu	MM				
<i>Beilschmiedia balansae</i> Lecomte*	Bạc tán xanh	MM			NSBE	
<i>Beilschmiedia ferruginea</i> H. Liou*	Chấp xanh	MM			NSBE	
<i>Beilschmiedia fordii</i> Dunn*	Chấp	MM				
<i>Beilschmiedia pergamentacea</i> C.K.Allen*	Chấp xanh	MM				
<i>Beilschmiedia poilanei</i> Liou*	Chấp	MM				
<i>Beilschmiedia sp.</i>	Bạc tán	MM				
<i>Caryodaphnopsis tonkinensis</i> (Lecomte) Airy Shaw	Cà lò	MM				
<i>Cassytha filiformis</i> L.	Tơ xanh	Ep				
<i>Cinnamomum balansae</i> Lecomte	Vù hương	MM	V	EN	E	
<i>Cinnamomum bejolghota</i> (Buch.-Ham.) Sweet*	Qué lợn	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum camphora</i> (L.) Presl	Long não	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum cassia</i> Blume	Qué	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum ilicoides</i> A. Chev.*	Re gừng	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum impressineurium</i> Meissn.	Re gân lõm	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum iners</i> Reinw. ex Blume*	Re hương	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum ovatum</i> Lukman	Re rùng	MM				
<i>Cinnamomum sp.</i>	Re bắc bộ	MM				
<i>Cryptocarya annamensis</i> C.K. Allen*	Mò lông lá lớn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya chinensis</i> Hemsl.*	Mò trung hoa	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya concinna</i> Hance	Mò quả vàng	MM				
<i>Cryptocarya ferrea</i> Blume*	Mò cứng	MM				
<i>Cryptocarya hainanensis</i> Merr.*	Mò hải nam	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya impressa</i> Miq.*	Mò quả lớn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya lenticellata</i> Lecomte*	Nanh chuột	MM				
<i>Cryptocarya macclurei</i> Merr.*	Mò lá bạc	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya metcalfiana</i> C.K. Allen*	Mò hương	MM			NSBE	
<i>Cryptocarya obtusiflora</i> Merr.	Mò lá tròn	MM				
<i>Cryptocarya sp.</i> *	Mò	MM				
<i>Endiandra hainanensis</i> Merr. & Metc.	Vù	MM	EN		R	

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<i>Lindera aggregata</i> (Sims) Kosterm.*	Ô đước	MM			NSBE	
<i>Lindera racemosa</i> Lecomte*	Lòng trúng	MM				
<i>Lindera tonkinensis</i> Lecomte*	Lòng trúng bắc bộ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Litsea balansae</i> Lecomte*	Bời lòi	MM				
<i>Litsea baviensis</i> Lecomte	Bời lòi ba vì	MM				
<i>Litsea cubeba</i> Pers.*	Màng tang	MM				
<i>Litsea glutinosa</i> (Lour.) C.B. Rob.*	Bời lòi nhót	MM				
<i>Litsea griffithii</i> Gamble	Bời lòi	MM				
<i>Litsea impressa</i> Boerl.*	Bời lòi	MM			NSBE	
<i>Litsea lancifolia</i> Hook. f.	Bời lòi lá máć	MM				
<i>Litsea mollifolia</i> Chun*	Bời lòi lông	MM			NSBE	
<i>Litsea monopetala</i> Pers.*	Bời bời lá tròn	MM				
<i>Litsea pierrei</i> Lecomte*	Bời lòi lecom	MM				
<i>Litsea rotundifolia</i> Hemsl.*	Bời lòi lá tròn	MM				
<i>Litsea sp.*</i>	Bời lòi	MM				
<i>Litsea umbellata</i> Merr.*	Bời lòi	MM				
<i>Litsea verticillata</i> Hance*	Bời bời lá vòng	MM				
<i>Litsea yunnanensis</i> Yang & P.H. Hoang	Bời lòi vân nam	MM			NSBE	
<i>Machilus bonii</i> Lecomte*	Kháo vàng	MM				
<i>Machilus chinensis</i> Hemsl.*	Kháo trung hoa	MM				
<i>Machilus grandifolia</i> S.K. Lee & F.N. Wei*	Kháo lá lớn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Machilus hainanensis</i> Merr.	Kháo hải nam	MM				
<i>Machilus odoratissimus</i> Nees*	Kháo thơm	MM				
<i>Machilus platycarpa</i> Chun*	Kháo cuồng dài	MM			NSBE	
<i>Machilus sp.</i>	Kháo	MM				
<i>Machilus sp.1</i>	Kháo	MM				
<i>Machilus velutina</i> Champ. ex Benth.*	Kháo lông	MM				

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<i>Neocinnamomum lecomtei</i> H. Liou	Re mói	MM			NSBE	
<i>Neolitsea angustifolia</i> A. Chev.	Re mói	MM				
<i>Neolitsea poilanei</i> H. Liou*	Re mói lá to MM					
<i>Phoebe macrocarpa</i> C.Y. Wu*	Kháo quả to	MM	V		R	
<i>Phoebe paniculata</i> Nees*	Kháo nước	MM			T	NSBE
<i>Phoebe tavyana</i> Hook.f.	Kháo lá to	MM				
<i>Phoebe sp.</i>	Kháo	MM				
Leeaceae	Họ Gõi hạc					
<i>Leea indica</i> Merr.	Gõi hạc đen	Na				
<i>Leea manillensis</i> Walp.	Gõi hạc	Na				
<i>Leea rubra</i> Blume	Gõi hạc	Na				
Lecythicaceae	Họ Lộc vùng				NFBE	
<i>Barringtonia acutangula</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Lộc vùng	MM			NGBE	
Loganiaceae	Họ Mã tiền					
<i>Gelsemium elegans</i> Benth.	Lá ngón	Lp				
<i>Strychnos angustifolia</i> Benth.*	Mã tiền	MM				
<i>Strychnos nitida</i> G. Don	Mã tiền	Lp	EN		DD	
<i>Strychnos umbellata</i> Merr.*	Mã tiền dây	Lp	V		DD	
Loranthaceae	Họ Tầm gửi					
<i>Dendrophthoe pentandra</i> (L.) Miq.*	Tầm gửi	Ep				
<i>Elytranthe albida</i> Blume	Tầm gửi	Ep	V			
<i>Scurrula ferruginea</i> Danser	Tầm gửi sét	Ep				
Lythraceae	Họ Bằng lăng					
<i>Lagerstroemia calyculata</i> Kurz*	Bằng lăng	MM			R	
<i>Lagerstroemia speciosa</i> Pers.	Bằng lăng tím	MM				
<i>Lagerstroemia tomentosa</i> C. Presl	Sang lè	MM				
<i>Punica granatum</i> L.	Lựu	MM			NGBE	
Magnoliaceae	Họ Mộc lan					
<i>Magnolia coco</i> DC.*	Hoa trúng gà	MM				
<i>Magnolia fistulosa</i> Dandy	Mộc lan rừng	MM				
<i>Manglietia conifera</i> Dandy	Mõ	MM			R	
<i>Manglietia fordiana</i> Oliver*	Vàng tâm	MM	V		R	
<i>Manglietia insignis</i> Blume	Mõ đá	MM				

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<i>Michelia alba</i> DC.	Ngọc lan	MM			NSBE	
<i>Michelia balansae</i> Dandy*	Giổi bà	MM	V			
<i>Michelia champaca</i> L.	Ngọc lan hoa vàng	MM				
<i>Michelia foveolata</i> Merr.	Giổi nhung	MM				
<i>Michelia mediocris</i> Dandy*	Giổi xanh	MM			R	
<i>Michelia tonkinensis</i> A. Chev.*	Giổi bắc	MM			R	
Malvaceae	Họ Bông					
<i>Abelmoschus moschatus</i> Medik.	Bông vàng	Ch				
<i>Abutilon indicum</i> (L.) Sweet	Cối xay	Na				
<i>Hibiscus grewiaeefolius</i> Hassk.	Bụt cò ke	Na				
<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i> L.	Dâm bụt	Na				
<i>Hibiscus</i> sp.	Bông	MM				
<i>Kydia calycina</i> Roxb.*	Ong bù	MM				
<i>Sida acuta</i> Burm.	Ké	Na				
<i>Sida rhombifolia</i> L.	Ké hoa vàng	Na				
<i>Urena lobata</i> L.	Ké hoa đào	Na				
Melastomataceae	Họ Mua					
<i>Blastus cochinchinensis</i> Lour.*	Mua rừng	Na				
<i>Medinilla assamica</i> (C.B. Clarke) C. Chen	Mua chua	Na				
<i>Melastoma candidum</i> D. Don*	Mua bà	Na				
<i>Melastoma normale</i> D. Don	Mua	Na				
<i>Melastoma sanguineum</i> Sims	Mua máu	Na				
<i>Melastoma septemnervium</i> Merr.*	Mua đồi	Na				
<i>Melastoma</i> sp.	Mua đồi	Na				
<i>Memecylon edule</i> Roxb.*	Sầm si	Na				
<i>Memecylon fruticosum</i> King	Sầm	Na				
<i>Memecylon scutellatum</i> A.Chev.*	Sầm núi	Na			NSBE	
<i>Osbeckia truncata</i> D. Don ex Wight & Arn.	Mua tép	Na				
Meliaceae	Họ Xoan					
<i>Aglaia edulis</i> Gray*	Gội dịa	MM				
<i>Aglaia odorata</i> Lour.*	Ngâu	MM		LR		
<i>Aglaia perviridis</i> Hiern	Gội tê	MM	V			
<i>Aglaia roxburghiana</i> Miq.	Gội núi	MM			NSBE	
<i>Aglaia silvestris</i> Merr.	Gội	MM				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Aglaia spectabilis</i> (Miq.) S.S. Jain & Bennet*	Gội nếp	MM	V	LR	T	
<i>Aglaia sp.*</i>	Gội	MM				
<i>Aglaia tomentosa</i> Teijsm. & Binn.	Gội lông	MM		LR		NSBE
<i>Aphanamixis grandiflora</i> Blume*	Gội trắng	MM			T	
<i>Azadirachta indica</i> A. Juss.	Sàu đâu	MM				
<i>Chisocheton chinensis</i> Merr.*	Quéch tía	MM				
<i>Chisocheton sp.*</i>	Quéch	MM				
<i>Chisocheton thorelii</i> Pierre	Quéch	MM				
<i>Chukrasia tabularis</i> A. Juss.	Lát hoa	MM	V	LR		
<i>Cipadessa sp.*</i>	Cà muối	MM				
<i>Dysoxylum acutangulum</i> Miq.	Chua khét	MM				
<i>Dysoxylum cauliflorum</i> Hiern*	Đinh hương	MM	V		T	
<i>Dysoxylum tonkinensis</i> A. Chev.*	Chặt khé	MM				
<i>Khaya senegalensis</i> A. Juss.	Xà cù	MM				
<i>Melia azedarach</i> L.	Xoan	MM				
<i>Toona sureni</i> Merr.*	Trương vân	MM			R	NGBE
Menispermaceae						
<i>Anamirta cocculus</i> Wight & Arn.	Nhai đằng	Lp				
<i>Cissampelos pareira</i> L.	Tiết dê	Lp			R	
<i>Coscinium fenestratum</i> Colebr.	Vằng đắng	Lp			E	NSBE
<i>Fibraurea recisa</i> Pierre*	Hoàng đắng	Lp			T	
<i>Fibraurea tinctoria</i> Lour.	Hoàng đắng	Lp				
<i>Pericampylus glaucus</i> Merr.*	Lõi tiền	Lp				
<i>Pycnarhena poilanei</i> (Gagnep.) Forman	Phi đắng	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Stephania hernandiifolia</i> (Willd.) Walp.	Cam thảo	Lp				
<i>Stephania longa</i> Lour.	Lõi tiền	Lp			R	
<i>Stephania rotunda</i> Lour.	Củ bình vôi	Lp			R	
<i>Tinospora</i> sp.	Dây cóc	Lp				
<i>Tinospora tomentosa</i> Miers	Dây đau xương	Lp				
Mimosaceae						
<i>Acacia auriculaeformis</i> A. Cunn. ex Benth.	Keo lá tràm	MM				
<i>Acacia confusa</i> Merr.	Đài loan tương tư	MM				

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<i>Acacia farnesiana</i> (L.) Willd.	Keo ta	MM				
<i>Acacia mangium</i> Willd.	Keo tai tượng	MM				
<i>Acacia pennata</i> (L.) Willd.	Sóng rắn	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Adenanthera microsperma</i> Teijsm. & Binn.*	Muồng Ràng Ràng	MM				
<i>Albizia corniculata</i> (Lour.) Druce	Sóng rắn	Na				
<i>Albizia lucida</i> Benth. *	Bản xe	MM			R	
<i>Archidendron balansae</i> (Oliver) I.C. Nielsen*	Phân mᾶ lá lớn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Archidendron chevalieri</i> (Kosterm.) I.C. Nielsen*	Phân mᾶ	MM				
<i>Archidendron clypearia</i> (Jack) I.C. Nielsen*	Mán đia	MM				
<i>Archidendron kerrii</i> (Gagnep.) I.C. Nielsen	Mán đia	MM			NSBE	
<i>Archidendron lucidum</i> (Benth.) I.C. Nielsen*	Mán đia trâu	MM				
<i>Entada phaseoloides</i> (L.) Merr.	Bầm bầm	Lp				
<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i> (Lam.) de Wit	Keo đậu	MM				
<i>Mimosa diplostachya</i> Wright	Trinh nữ	Lp				
<i>Mimosa pigra</i> L.	Mai Dương	Na				
<i>Mimosa pudica</i> L.	Trinh nữ thẹn	Ch				
Moraceae	Họ Dâu tằm					
<i>Antiaris toxicaria</i> Lesch.*	Sui	MM				
<i>Artocarpus heterophyllus</i> Lam.	Mít	MM				
<i>Artocarpus styracifolius</i> Pierre	Chay lá bồ đề	MM				
<i>Artocarpus tonkinensis</i> A. Chev.	Chay	MM				
<i>Broussonetia papyrifera</i> Vent.*	Dương	MM				
<i>Ficus annulata</i> Blume*	Đa quả xanh	MM				
<i>Ficus auriculata</i> Lour.*	Vâ	MM				
<i>Ficus benjamina</i> L.	Si	MM				
<i>Ficus capillipes</i> Gagnep.	Vú bò	Na			NSBE	
<i>Ficus curtipes</i> Corner	Đa	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ficus fistulosa</i> Reinw. ex Blume*	Ngoã	MM				
<i>Ficus fulva</i> Elmer	Ngoã lông	MM				
<i>Ficus glaberrima</i> Blume	Sung	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ficus heterophylla</i> L. f.	Vú bò	Na				
<i>Ficus hirta</i> Vahl*	Ngái lông	MM				

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<i>Ficus hispida</i> L. f.*	Ngái	MM				
<i>Ficus lacor</i> Buch.-Ham.*	Đa	MM				
<i>Ficus laevis</i> Blume*	Sung lá bóng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ficus macrophylla</i> Roxb.*	Đa lá lớn	MM				
<i>Ficus nervosa</i> Roth*	Đa rừng	MM				
<i>Ficus pumila</i> L.*	Sôp	MM				
<i>Ficus racemosa</i> L.*	Sung	MM				
<i>Ficus retusa</i> L.	Đa	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ficus sp.*</i>	Đa	MM				
<i>Ficus sp.I*</i>	Đa	MM				
<i>Ficus vasculosa</i> Wall.	Vỏ mân	MM				
<i>Maclura cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Corner	Mô quạ	Lp				
<i>Morus alba</i> L.	Dâu tằm	Na				
<i>Morus macroura</i> Miq.	Dâu quả dài	MM				
<i>Streblus asper</i> Lour.	Ruối	MM				
<i>Streblus indicus</i> (Burm.) Corner*	Ruối ô rô	MM				
<i>Streblus macrophylla</i> Blume*	Mạy tèo	MM				
<i>Teonongia tonkinensis</i> Stapf*	Teo nồng	MM				
Myristicaceae						
<i>Horsfieldia amygdalina</i> (Wall.) Warb.*	Sảng máu	MM				
<i>Knema conferta</i> Warb.*	Máu chó lá nhô	MM				
<i>Knema elegans</i> Warb.	Máu chó	MM				
<i>Knema pierrei</i> Warb.*	Máu chó lá to	MM	V	R	NSBE	
<i>Knema tonkinensis</i> (Warb.) W.J. de Wilde	Máu chó bắc bộ	MM				
<i>Myristica fragrans</i> Houtt.	Đậu khấu	MM			NGBE	
<i>Myristica yunnanensis</i> Y.H. Li*	Đậu khấu Bên En	MM		R	NSVN	
Myrsinaceae						
<i>Ardisia crenata</i> Sims.	Trọng đũa	MM				
<i>Ardisia lecomtei</i> Pit.*	Trọng đũa gỗ	MM				
<i>Ardisia quinquegona</i> Blume*	Trọng đũa	Na				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
	tuyên					
<i>Ardisia replicata</i> Walker*	Trọng đũa núi	MM			NSBE	
<i>Ardisia rubescens</i> Pit.	Com nguội	Na			NSBE	
<i>Ardisia silvestris</i> Pit.	Lá khôi tím	Na	V		E	
<i>Ardisia</i> sp.	Trọng đũa	Na				
<i>Ardisia yunnanensis</i> Mez	Trọng đũa Vân Nam	Na			NSBE	
<i>Embelia acuminata</i> Merr.	Chua ngút	Lp				
<i>Embelia laeta</i> Mez	Ngút trắng	Lp				
<i>Embelia oblongifolia</i> (Benth.) Hemsl.	Chua ngút lá dài	Lp				
<i>Embelia ribes</i> Burm.f.	Chua ngút	Lp				
<i>Maesa balansae</i> Mez	Đơn nem	Na				
<i>Maesa indica</i> Wall.	Đơn nem răng cưa	Na				
<i>Maesa perlarius</i> (Lour.) Merr.*	Đơn nem	Na			NSBE	
<i>Maesa sinensis</i> A.DC.	Đơn nem	Na				
<i>Maesa</i> sp.	Đơn nem	Na				
Myrtaceae	Họ Sim					
<i>Baeckea frutescens</i> L.	Thanh hao	Na			NSBE	
<i>Cleistocalyx operculatus</i> Merr. & L.M. Perry*	Trâm vối	MM				
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> Dehnh.	Banh đòn trắng	MM				
<i>Eucalyptus exserta</i> F. Müll.	Banh đòn liễu	MM				
<i>Psidium guajava</i> L.	Ói	MM				
<i>Rhodomyrtus tomentosa</i> Hassk.	Sim	Na				
<i>Syzygium attopeuense</i> (Gagnep.) Merr. & L.M. Perry	Rì rì	Na				
<i>Syzygium brachiatum</i> Miq.*	Trâm	MM				
<i>Syzygium chanlos</i> (Gagnep.) Merr. & L.M. Perry*	Trâm trắng	MM				
<i>Syzygium chloranthum</i> (Duthie) Merr. & L.M. Perry	Gioi dài	MM				
<i>Syzygium hancei</i> Merr. & L.M. Perry*	Trâm	MM			NSBE	
<i>Syzygium jambos</i> (L.) Alston*	Gioi	MM				
<i>Syzygium levinei</i> (Merr.) Merr.*	Trâm núi	MM				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Syzygium polyanthum</i> Walp.*	Sắn thuyền	MM				
<i>Syzygium sp.*</i>	Trâm thơm	MM				
<i>Syzygium sp.1*</i>	Trâm	MM				
<i>Syzygium tonkinense</i> (Gagnep.) Merr. & L.M. Perry*	Trâm bắc bộ	MM				
<i>Syzygium wightianum</i> Wall.*	Trâm trắng	MM				
<i>Syzygium zeylanicum</i> (L.) DC.*	Trâm tía	MM				
Nyctaginaceae	Họ Hoa giáy					
<i>Bougainvillea spectabilis</i> Willd.	Hoa giấy	Lp				
Ochnaceae	Họ Mai vàng					
<i>Ochna integerrima</i> (Lour.) Merr.*	Mai vàng	MM				
Olacaceae	Họ Rau bù khai					
<i>Erythropalum scandens</i> Blume	Bù khai	Lp				
Oleaceae	Họ Nhài					
<i>Jasminum longipetalum</i> King & Gamble	Nhài lá ngắn	Na				
<i>Jasminum nervosum</i> Lour.*	Chè vàng	Lp				
<i>Jasminum sambac</i> (L.) Ait.	Nhài	Na				
<i>Jasminum scandens</i> Vahl	Lài leo	Lp				
<i>Jasminum subtriplinerve</i> Blume	Vàng	Lp				
<i>Jasminum undulatum</i> Willd.	Vàng lông	Lp				
<i>Ligustrum indicum</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Râm	Na				
<i>Linociera sangda</i> Gagnep.	Vàng	Na			NSBE	
<i>Osmanthus fragrans</i> Lour.*	Nhài	Na				
<i>Osmanthus matsumuranus</i> Hayata*	Vô sạn lá dài	MM				
<i>Osmanthus pendunculatus</i> Gagnep.*	Vô sạn	MM				
<i>Osmanthus sp.</i>	Nhài rừng	MM				
Onagraceae	Họ Rau mương					
<i>Ludwigia adscendens</i> (L.) H. Hara	Rau dừa nước	Cr				
<i>Ludwigia octovalvis</i> (Jacq.) P.H. Raven	Rau mương	Cr				
Opiliaceae	Họ Rau sắng					
<i>Cansjera rheedei</i> J.F. Gmel.	Sắng	MM			NGBE	

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<i>Meliantha suavis</i> Pierre*	Rau sắng	MM	V		R	
Oxalidaceae	Họ Chua me					
<i>Averrhoa carambola</i> L.*	Khê	MM				
<i>Biophytum sensitivum</i> (L.) DC.	Chua me đất	Ch				
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i> L.	Chua me	Ch				
Pandaceae	Họ Chân					
<i>Microdesmis caseariaefolia</i> Planch. ex Hook.*	Chân	MM				
Passifloraceae	Họ Lạc tiên					
<i>Passiflora foetida</i> L.	Lạc tiên	Lp				
Pentaphragmataceae	Họ Rau tai voi					
<i>Pentaphragma sinense</i> Hemsl. & E.H. Wilson	Rau tai voi	Hm				
Piperaceae	Họ Hồ tiêu					
<i>Peperomia pellucida</i> Kunth.	Rau càng cua	Th				
<i>Piper betle</i> L.	Trầu không	Lp				
<i>Piper bonii</i> C.DC.*	Tiêu lồng	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Piper lolot</i> C.DC.	Lá lốt	Hm				
<i>Piper nigrum</i> L.	Tiêu rùng	Ep				
<i>Piper sp.</i>	Tiêu rùng	Lp				
Plantaginaceae	Họ Mã đề					
<i>Plantago asiatica</i> L.	Mã đề	Hm				
<i>Plantago major</i> L.	Mã đề	Hm				
Polygalaceae	Họ Viễn chí					
<i>Polygala tonkinensis</i> Chodat	Viễn chí	Na				
<i>Xanthophyllum sp.</i>	Sắng ót	MM				
Polygonaceae	Họ Rau răm					
<i>Persicaria hydropiper</i> (L.) Spach	Nghè răm	Th				
<i>Polygonum barbatum</i> L.	Nghè râu	Hm			NSBE	
<i>Polygonum chinense</i> L.	Mía giò	Lp				
<i>Polygonum multiflorum</i> Thunb.	Hà thủ ô	Lp	V		V	
<i>Polygonum odoratum</i> Lour.	Rau răm	Hm				
<i>Polygonum orientale</i> L.	Nghè	Hm				
Portulacaceae	Họ Rau sam					

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<i>Portulaca grandiflora</i> Hook.	Hoa mười giờ	Th				
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L.	Rau sam	Th				
Proteaceae	Họ Quắn hoa					
<i>Helicia bullata</i> Sleumer*	Mạ sura răng cưa	MM			NSBE	
<i>Helicia cochinchinensis</i> Lour.*	Côm vàng	MM				
<i>Helicia hainanensis</i> Hayata	Mạ sura hải nam	MM				
<i>Helicia obovatifolia</i> Merr. & Chun*	Mạ sura	MM			NSBE	
<i>Helicia sp.</i> *	Mạ sura	MM				
<i>Helicia tonkinensis</i> Lecomte*	Mạ sura bắc bộ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Helciopsis lobata</i> (Merr.) Sleumer	Mạ sura	MM				
<i>Helciopsis sp.</i>	Mạ sura rừng	MM				
Ranunculaceae	Họ Mao cát					
<i>Clematis buchaniana</i> DC.	Dây ông lão Lp					
Rhamnaceae	Họ Táo ta					
<i>Berchemia lineata</i> (L.) DC.	Dây sâm	Lp				
<i>Gouania leptostachya</i> DC.	Dây đòn gánh	Lp				
<i>Ziziphus funiculosa</i> Buch.-Ham. ex Wall.	Táo dại	Na				
<i>Ziziphus mauritiana</i> Lam.	Táo nhà	MM				
<i>Ziziphus oenoplia</i> (L.) Mill.	Táo dại	Na				
Rhizophoraceae	Họ Đước					
<i>Carallia brachiata</i> (Lour.) Merr.*	Trúc tiết	MM				
<i>Carallia lucida</i> Roxb.	Răng cá	MM				
Rosaceae	Họ Hoa hồng					
<i>Duchesnea indica</i> (Andrews) Focke	Dâu núi	Na			NGBE	
<i>Eriobotrya deflexa</i> Nakai*	Tì bà	Na			NSBE	
<i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> (Thunb.) Lindl.*	Tì bà	Na			NSBE	
<i>Persica vulgaris</i> Mill.	Đào	MM			NGBE	
<i>Prunus arborea</i> (Blume) Kalkman*	Xoan đào	MM				
<i>Prunus armeniana</i> L.	Mơ	MM				
<i>Prunus fordiana</i> Dunn*	Vô hôi	MM				

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<i>Prunus salicina</i> Lindl.	Mận	MM				
<i>Prunus</i> sp.	Xoan đào rừng	MM				
<i>Prunus zippeliana</i> Miq.*	Da bò	MM				
<i>Rhaphiolepis indica</i> (L.) Lindl.	Bánh xe	MM				
<i>Rosa chinensis</i> Jacq.	Hoa hồng	Na				
<i>Rubus alcaefolius</i> Poir.	Mâm xôi	Lp				
<i>Rubus cochinchinensis</i> Tratt.	Ngáy	Lp				
<i>Rubus leucanthus</i> Hance	Mâm xôi	Lp				
Rubiaceae	Họ Cà phê					
<i>Aidia acuminatissima</i> (Merr.) Masam.*	Mãi táp lông	MM			NSBE	
<i>Aidia cochinchinensis</i> Lour.*	Mãi táp	MM			NSBE	
<i>Aidia oxyodonta</i> (Drake) Yamaz.*	Gǎng nhọn	MM				
<i>Aidia pycnantha</i> (Drake) Tirveng.*	Mãi táp	MM				
<i>Aidia</i> sp.*	Mãi táp	Na				
<i>Aidia spicata</i> (Valeton) Tirveng.*	Mãi táp	MM				
<i>Canthium dicoccum</i> Merr.*	Xuong cá	MM	V		R	
<i>Canthium horridum</i> Blume	Gǎng gai	Na				
<i>Canthium</i> sp.*	Gǎng com	Na				
<i>Catunaregam spinosa</i> (Thunb.) Tirveng.	Gǎng trâu	Na				
<i>Gardenia philastrei</i> Pierre ex Pit.	Dành dành	Na			NSBE	
<i>Gardenia</i> sp.*	Dành dành	Na				
<i>Hedyotis capitellata</i> Wall.*	Dạ cảm	Lp				
<i>Hedyotis hispida</i> Retz.	Dạ cảm lông	Na			NSBE	
<i>Ixora balansae</i> Pit.	Đơn núi	Na			NSBE	
<i>Ixora chinensis</i> Lam.	Mẫu đơn	Na				
<i>Ixora coccinea</i> L.	Đơn đỏ	Na				
<i>Ixora</i> sp.	Mẫu đơn	Na				
<i>Ixora</i> sp.I	Mẫu đơn	Na				
<i>Lasianthus calycinus</i> Dunn	Chìa vôi	Na				
<i>Lasianthus</i> sp.*	Chìa vôi	Na				
<i>Morinda citrifolia</i> L.	Mặt qui	Lp			R	
<i>Morinda officinalis</i> F.C. How	Ba kích	Lp			E	
<i>Morinda tomentosa</i> Heyne	Nhàu lông	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Morinda umbellata</i> L.	Mặt qui	Lp				
<i>Mussaenda cambodiana</i> Pierre ex Pit.	Buồm bạc	MM				

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<i>Mussaenda macrophylla</i> Wall.	Buồm bạc lá to	MM				
<i>Mussaenda pubescens</i> W.T. Aiton	Buồm bạc lông	MM				
<i>Mussaenda</i> sp.	Buồm bạc	Na				
<i>Neolamarckia cadamba</i> (Roxb.) J. Bosser	Gáo	MM				
<i>Neonauclea calycina</i> Merr.	Vàng kiêng	MM				
<i>Neonauclea purpurea</i> (Roxb.) Merr.	Vàng kiêng	MM				
<i>Neonauclea sessilifolia</i> Merr.	Gáo vàng	MM				
<i>Oldenlandia</i> sp.*	Dạ cầm	Ch				
<i>Paederia foetida</i> L.	Mơ	Lp				
<i>Pavetta graciliflora</i> Wall.	Xương gà	MM				
<i>Psychotria fleuryi</i> Pit.	Láu	Na			NSBE	
<i>Psychotria montana</i> Blume*	Láu núi	Na			NSBE	
<i>Psychotria rubra</i> Poit.	Láu	Na				
<i>Psychotria</i> sp.*	Láu	Na				
<i>Psychotria</i> sp. I*	Láu	Na				
<i>Randia acuminatissima</i> Merr.*	Mãi táp	MM				
<i>Randia eucodon</i> K. Schum.*	Mãi táp	MM			NSBE	
<i>Randia macrophylla</i> Pit.*	Mãi táp lá to	MM				
<i>Randia oxyodonta</i> Drake*	Găng	Na			NSBE	
<i>Randia pycnantha</i> Drake*	Mãi táp	Na			NSBE	
<i>Randia</i> sp.*	Găng	Na				
<i>Randia spinosa</i> Loes.*	Mãi táp	MM				
<i>Tarennia latifolia</i> Pit.	Trèn lá to	Na			NGBE	
<i>Tarennia</i> sp.	Trèn	Na				
<i>Timonius arborea</i> Elmer*	Găng Bén En	Na	R		NSVN	
<i>Uncaria homomalla</i> Miq.	Vuốt đồng	Lp				
<i>Uncaria macrophylla</i> DC.	Câu đằng lá to	Lp				
<i>Uncaria scandens</i> Hutch.	Vuốt leo	Lp				
<i>Uncaria</i> sp.	Câu đằng	Lp				
<i>Urophyllum</i> sp.	Lá đuôi	MM				
<i>Urophyllum streptophodium</i> Wall.*	Lá đuôi	MM				
<i>Urophyllum villosum</i> Jack & Wall.	Lá đuôi lông	MM			NSBE	

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<i>Wendlandia glabrata</i> DC.	Hoắc quang trắng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Wendlandia paniculata</i> DC.*	Hoắc quang tía	MM				
<i>Xanthophyllum polyanthum</i> Pit.	Hoàng cách	Na				
Rutaceae	Họ Cam					
<i>Acronychia pedunculata</i> Miq.*	Bưởi bung	MM				
<i>Atalanitia citroides</i> Pierre ex Engl. & Prantl*	Chanh rừng	MM			NSBE	
<i>Atalanitia sessiliflora</i> Guillaumin	Tâm xoọng	Na				
<i>Citrus aurantifolia</i> Swingle	Chanh	Na				
<i>Citrus grandis</i> Osbeck	Bưởi	MM				
<i>Citrus reticulata</i> Blanco	Quít	Na				
<i>Citrus sinensis</i> Osbeck	Cam	MM				
<i>Clausena dunniana</i> H. Lev.*	Hồng bì dài	MM			NSBE	
<i>Clausena excavata</i> Burm.f.*	Hồng bì dài	MM				
<i>Clausena indica</i> Oliver*	Mắc mật	MM				
<i>Clausena lansium</i> Skeels*	Hồng bì	MM				
<i>Clausena laevis</i> Drake*	Hồng bì	MM				
<i>Euodia lepta</i> (Spreng) Merr.	Ba chạc	Na				
<i>Euodia meliaeefolia</i> Benth.*	Thôi chanh	MM				
<i>Euodia sp.</i>	Ba chạc	Na				
<i>Glycosmis cochinchinensis</i> Pierre	Com rượu	Na				
<i>Glycosmis cyanocarpa</i> Spreng.	Com rượu	Na			NSBE	
<i>Glycosmis parviflora</i> (Sims) Little	Com rượu	MM			NSBE	
<i>Micromelum falcatum</i> Tanaka*	Mắt trâu	MM				
<i>Micromelum hirsutum</i> Oliver*	Mắt trâu	MM				
<i>Murraya alata</i> Drake	Nguyệt quất	Na				
<i>Murraya paniculata</i> (L.) Jack*	Nguyệt quất	Na			NSBE	
<i>Zanthoxylum avicennae</i> DC.	Sên	Na				
<i>Zanthoxylum cucullatipetalum</i> Guillaumin	Hoàng mộc	MM			NSBE	
<i>Zanthoxylum nitidum</i> (Roxb.) DC.	Xuyên tiêu	MM				
<i>Zanthoxylum rhothoides</i> Drake	Sên hôi	MM				
<i>Zanthoxylum sp.</i>	Sên	Na				
Sapindaceae	Họ Bồ hòn					
<i>Allophylus cobbe</i> (L.) Blume*	Ngoại mộc	MM				
<i>Amesiadendron chinense</i> (Merr.) Hu*	Trường sâng	MM	LR		T	

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<i>Dimocarpus fumatus</i> (Blume) Leenh.*	Nhãn rìng	MM				
<i>Dimocarpus longan</i> Lour.	Nhãn	MM				
<i>Glenniea philippinensis</i> (Radlk.) Leenh.	Chua khét	MM				
<i>Litchi chinensis</i> Sonn.	Vái	MM				
<i>Mischocarpus pentapetalus</i> Radlk.*	Trường kẹp	MM				
<i>Nephelium cuspidatum</i> Blume*	Vái guốc	MM				
<i>Paviesia annamensis</i> Pierre*	Trường mật	MM			T	
<i>Pometia pinnata</i> Forst.*	Sâng	MM			R	
<i>Sapindus saponaria</i> L.	Bồ hòn	MM				
<i>Xerospermum noronhianum</i> Blume*	Vái guốc	MM				
Sapotaceae	Họ Hồng xiêm					
<i>Achras sapota</i> L.	Hồng xiêm	MM				
<i>Chrysophyllum cainito</i> L.	Vú sữa	MM				
<i>Donella lanceolata</i> (Blume) Aubrév.	Sơn xã	MM			NSBE	
<i>Madhuca pasquieri</i> H.J. Lam*	Sến mật	MM EN	V		E	
<i>Pouteria sapota</i> (Jacq.) H.E. Moore & Stearn.	Trứng gà	MM				
<i>Sinosideroxylon bonii</i> Aubrév.*	Sến xanh	MM				
<i>Sinosideroxylon racemosum</i> (Dubard) Aubrév.*	Sến đát	MM				
Saururaceae	Họ Diệp cá					
<i>Houttuynia cordata</i> Thunb.	Diệp cá	Hm				
Scrophulariaceae	Họ Hoa môi chó					
<i>Lindernia ciliata</i> Pennell	Mẫu thảo	Hm				
<i>Scoparia dulcis</i> L.	Cam thảo nam	Lp				
<i>Torenia violacea</i> (Azaola ex Blanco) Pennell	Tô liên	Hm				
Simaroubaceae	Họ Thanh thất					
<i>Ailanthus triphysa</i> (Dennst.) Alston*	Thanh thất	MM				
<i>Eurycoma longifolia</i> Jack*	Bách bệnh	MM				
Solanaceae	Họ Cà					
<i>Capsicum annuum</i> L.	Ót	Na				
<i>Datura metel</i> L.	Cà độc được	Na				
<i>Physalis angulata</i> L.	Tầm bót	Na				
<i>Solanum album</i> Lour.	Cà dại	Na				
<i>Solanum indicum</i> L.	Cà dại	Na				

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	hoa tím					
<i>Solanum torvum</i> Sw.	Cà gai	Na				
<i>Solanum undatum</i> Poir.	Cà nhà	Na				
Sonneratiaceae	Ho Bàn					
<i>Duabanga grandiflora</i> Walp.*	Phay	MM				
Staphyleaceae	Họ Côi					
<i>Turpinia cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Khớp	MM				
<i>Turpinia indochinensis</i> Merr.*	Khớp đơn	MM			NSBE	
<i>Turpinia montana</i> Kurz*	Khớp núi	MM				
Sterculiaceae	Họ Trâm					
<i>Abroma angulosa</i> Poir.	Tai mèo	MM				
<i>Brownlowia tabularis</i> Pierre*	Lò bo	MM				
<i>Byttneria petiolata</i> Cristobal	Quả gai lông	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Commersonia bartramia</i> (L.) Merr.	Thung gai	MM				
<i>Firmiana simplex</i> W.F. Wight*	Ngô đồng	MM				
<i>Helicteres angustifolia</i> L.	Thâu kén đực	Na				
<i>Helicteres hirsuta</i> Lour.	Thâu kén bà	Na				
<i>Heritiera littoralis</i> Aiton	Vôi cui	MM				
<i>Heritiera macrophylla</i> Wall. ex Voigt*	Vôi cui lá lớn	MM				
<i>Pterospermum angustifolium</i> Tardieu*	Mang lá hẹp	MM				
<i>Pterospermum heterophyllum</i> Hance*	Mang xanh	MM				
<i>Pterospermum jackianum</i> Wall.*	Mang tía	MM			NSBE	
<i>Pterospermum lancaefolium</i> Roxb.*	Mang lá mắc	MM			NSBE	
<i>Pterospermum truncatolobatum</i> Gagnep.*	Mang lá cụt	MM				
<i>Sterculia gracilipes</i> Pierre*	Sảng cuồng nhỏ	MM				
<i>Sterculia lanceolata</i> Cav.*	Sảng nhung	MM				
<i>Sterculia lissophylla</i> Pierre	Sảng cuồng dài	MM				
<i>Sterculia sp.*</i>	Sảng	MM				
Styracaceae	Họ Bồ đề					
<i>Alniphyllum fortunei</i> Makino*	Bồ đề xanh	MM			NSBE	
<i>Styrax tonkinensis</i> Craib ex Hartwich*	Bồ đề	MM				
Symplocaceae	Họ Dung					

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<i>Symplocos atriolivacea</i> Merr. & Chun ex H.L. Li	Dung đen	MM			NSBE	
<i>Symplocos cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) S. Moore.*	Dung nam	MM				
<i>Symplocos cochinchinensis</i> (Lour.) S. Moore. var. <i>cochinchinensis</i> *	Dung nam	MM			NSBE	
<i>Symplocos glauca</i> Koidz.*	Dung mỡ	MM			NSBE	
<i>Symplocos laurina</i> Wall.*	Dung giấy	MM				
<i>Symplocos racemosa</i> Roxb.	Dung lông	MM				
Theaceae						
<i>Adinandra annamensis</i> Gagnep.	Súm	MM				
<i>Adinandra integerrima</i> T. Anderson ex Dyer	Súm	MM			NSBE	
<i>Camellia amplexicaulis</i> Cohen-Stuart*	Hải đường	MM				
<i>Camellia caudata</i> Wall.	Chè đuôi	MM				
<i>Camellia chrysanthra</i> (Hu) Tuyama*	Chè đài	MM			NSBE	
<i>Camellia sinensis</i> Kuntze	Chè	MM				
<i>Eurya acuminata</i> DC.*	Súm	Na				
<i>Eurya japonica</i> Thunb.	Súm	Na				
<i>Eurya tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.*	Súm bắc bộ	Na				
<i>Pyrenaria jonquieriana</i> Pierre ex Laness.	Súm	MM				
<i>Schima superba</i> Gardn. & Champ.*	Vối thuốc	MM				
<i>Schima wallichii</i> Choisy*	Vối thuốc	MM				
Thymelaeaceae						
<i>Aquilaria crassna</i> Pierre ex Lecomte	Trầm hương	MM	EN	CR	E	
<i>Wikstroemia indica</i> (L.) C.A. Mey.	Niệt gió	Na				
Tiliaceae						
<i>Colona thorelii</i> Burret	Bò an	MM				
<i>Grewia eriocarpa</i> Juss.	Cò ke	MM				
<i>Grewia hirsuta</i> Vahl	Cò ke lông	MM				
<i>Grewia paniculata</i> Roxb.*	Cò ke	MM				
<i>Triumfetta pseudocana</i> Sprague & Craib	Ké lông	Na				
Ulmaceae						
<i>Celtis sinensis</i> Pers.*	Sếu	MM				
<i>Gironniera cuspidata</i> Kurz	Ngát	MM				
<i>Gironniera mollissima</i> Gagnep.	Ngát lông	MM			NSBE	
<i>Gironniera subaequalis</i> Planch.*	Ngát vàng	MM				
<i>Trema angustifolia</i> Blume	Hu lá hép	Na			NSBE	

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Trema cannabina</i> Lour.	Hu đen	Na				
<i>Trema orientalis</i> (L.) Blume	Hu đay	MM				
<i>Trema politoria</i> Blume	Hu đay lông	Na				
Urticaceae	Họ Gai					
<i>Boehmeria clidemoides</i> Miq.	Gai núi	Na			NSBE	
<i>Boehmeria nivea</i> (L.) Gaudich.	Gai	Na				
<i>Boehmeria tomentosa</i> Wedd.*	Gai lông	Na			NSBE	
<i>Debregeasia squamata</i> King ex Hook*	Gai rừng	Na			NGBE	
<i>Dendrocnide stimulans</i> (L.f.) Chew	Lá han	MM				
<i>Elatostema balansae</i> Gagnep.	Cao hùng	Na				
<i>Elatostema sp.*</i>	Cao hùng	Na				
<i>Gonostegia hirta</i> (Blume) Miq.	Bọ mầm lông	Na				
<i>Laportea violacea</i> Gagnep.	Han lá dài	MM				
<i>Oreocnide integrifolia</i> Miq.	Han lá nguyên	MM				
<i>Oreocnide tonkinensis</i> (Gagnep.) Merr. & Chun	Ná nang	Na				
<i>Pellionia repens</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Phu lê bắc bộ	Th				
<i>Pouzolzia sp.</i>	Bọ mầm	Na				
<i>Pouzolzia zeylanica</i> (L.) Benn.	Bọ mầm	Na				
Verbenaceae	Họ Cỏ roi ngra					
<i>Callicarpa albida</i> Blume	Tu hú	MM				
<i>Callicarpa arborea</i> Roxb.	Tu hú	MM				
<i>Callicarpa cana</i> L.	Nàng nàng	Na				
<i>Callicarpa dichotoma</i> Raeusch.*	Tu hú	Na				
<i>Callicarpa longifolia</i> Lam.	Tu hú lá dài	Na			NSBE	
<i>Callicarpa macrophylla</i> Vahl*	Tu hú lá to	MM			NSBE	
<i>Clerodendrum chinense</i> (Osb.) Mabb.	Mò trắng	Na			NSBE	
<i>Clerodendrum colebrookianum</i> Walp.	Mò lông	Na				
<i>Clerodendrum cyrtophyllum</i> Turecz.	Mò núi	Na				
<i>Clerodendrum fortunatum</i> L.	Đắng cây	Na				
<i>Clerodendrum fragrans</i> Vent.	Mò thơm	Na				
<i>Clerodendrum japonicum</i> Sweet	Xích đồng nam	Na				
<i>Clerodendrum paniculatum</i> L.	Ngọc nữ	Na				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Clerodendrum sp.</i>	Mò					
<i>Clerodendrum tonkinense</i> Dop	Mò tráng					NSBE
<i>Gmelina annamensis</i> Dop	Lõi thọ trung bộ		MM			
<i>Gmelina arborea</i> Roxb.*	Lõi thọ		MM			
<i>Premna balansae</i> Dop	Vọng cách		Na			NSBE
<i>Premna cambodiana</i> Dop	Vọng cách lá to		Na			
<i>Premna chevalieri</i> Dop	Vọng cách hoa vàng		Na			
<i>Stachytarpheta jamaicensis</i> (L.) J.Vahl	Cây đuôi chuột		Th			
<i>Verbena officinalis</i> L.	Cỏ roi ngựa		Ch			
<i>Vitex leptobotrys</i> Hallier f.	Đèn		MM			
<i>Vitex negundo</i> L.	Đèn lông		MM			
<i>Vitex quinata</i> Druce*	Đèn 5 lá		MM			
<i>Vitex trifolia</i> L.*	Đèn 3 lá		MM			
Violaceae			Họ Hoa tím			
<i>Viola inconspicua</i> Blume*	Hoa tím		MM			
Vitaceae			Họ Nho			
<i>Ampelopsis heterophylla</i> Blume	Nho dại		Lp			
<i>Cayratia japonica</i> (Thunb.) Gagnep.	Nho rừng		Lp			
<i>Cayratia trifolia</i> (L.) Domin	Dây hôi		Lp			
<i>Cissus modeccoides</i> Planch.	Chà vôi		Lp			
<i>Cissus trilobus</i> (Lour.) Merr.	Nho rừng		Lp			
<i>Parthenocissus heterophylla</i> Merr.	Dây chà vôi		Lp			
<i>Tetrastigma planicaule</i> Gagnep.	Dây thèm bép		Lp			
<i>Tetrastigma</i> sp.	Thèm bép		Lp			
<i>Tetrastigma strumarum</i> Gagnep.*	Dây quai bị		Lp			NSBE
<i>Vitis vinifera</i> L.	Nho		Lp			
Liliopsida			Lớp 1 lá mầm			
Acoraceae			Họ Thạch xương bồ			
<i>Acorus gramineus</i> Sol.	Thạch xương bồ		Cr			

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
Agavaceae	Họ Huyết đụ					
<i>Cordyline terminalis</i> (L.) Kunth	Huyết đụ	Na				
Alliaceae	Họ Hành					
<i>Allium chinense</i> G.Don	Kiệu	Cr				
<i>Allium fistulosum</i> L.	Hành	Cr				
<i>Allium odorum</i> L.	Hẹ	Cr				
<i>Allium sativum</i> L.	Tỏi	Cr				
Araceae	Họ Ráy					
<i>Acorus gramineus</i> Aiton	Thạnh xương bồ	Cr			R	
<i>Aglaonema modestum</i> Schott ex Engl.	Vạn niên thanh	Cr				
<i>Alocasia macrorrhizos</i> (L.) G. Don	Ráy	Cr				
<i>Amorphophallus paeoniifolius</i> (Dennst.) Nicolson	Khoai nưa	Cr				
<i>Amorphophallus</i> sp.	Nưa	Cr				
<i>Colocasia esculenta</i> (L.) Schott	Khoai sọ	Cr				
<i>Colocasia gigantea</i> (Blume) Hook. f.	Dọc mùng	Cr				
<i>Colocasia macrorhiza</i> (L.) G. Don*	Ráy	Lp				
<i>Epipremnum giganteum</i> Schott	Ráy leo	Lp				
<i>Homalomena occulta</i> Schott	Thiên niên kiện	Cr				
<i>Pothos chinensis</i> (Raf.) Merr.	Corm lênh	Lp				
<i>Pothos grandis</i> Buch.	Corm lênh lá lớn	Lp				
<i>Pothos repens</i> Druce	Chân rết	Ep				
<i>Pothos</i> sp.	Ráy leo	Ep				
Arecaceae	Họ Cau					
<i>Areca catechu</i> L.	Cau	MM				
<i>Arenga pinnata</i> Merr.*	Bóng báng	Na				
<i>Calamus balansaeanus</i> Becc.*	Mây nước	Lp			NSBE	
<i>Calamus faberi</i> Becc.	Mây thủ công	Lp				
<i>Calamus platyacanthus</i> Warb. ex Becc.*	Song mật	Lp	V		R	
<i>Calamus salicifolius</i> Becc.	Mây lá liễu	Lp				
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	Mây	Lp				

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
<i>Calamus tenuis</i> Roxb.	Mây đan	Lp				
<i>Calamus tetradactylus</i> Hance*	Mây mật	Lp		R		
<i>Caryota mitis</i> Lour.*	Đùng đình	Na				
<i>Caryota urens</i> L.*	Đùng đình	Na				
<i>Cocos nucifera</i> L.	Dừa	MM				
<i>Daemonorops longispathus</i> Becc.	Hèo	Na				
<i>Licuala fatua</i> Becc.*	Lụi	Na				
<i>Livistona chinensis</i> R.Br.	Cọ	MM				
<i>Livistona saribus</i> Merr. ex A. Chev.	Cọ	MM				
<i>Rhapis excelsa</i> Henry ex Rehder	Lụi cao	Na				
<i>Rhapis humilis</i> Blume	Lụi đỡ	Na				
<i>Rhapis</i> sp.*	Lụi	Na				
Asparagaceae	Họ Tóc Tiên					
<i>Asparagus cochinchinensis</i> Merr.	Tóc tiên	Hm				
Bromeliaceae	Họ Dứa					
<i>Ananas comosus</i> (L.) Merr.	Dứa	Hm				
Cannaceae	Họ Chuối hoa					
<i>Canna edulis</i> Ker Gawl.	Dong riềng	Cr				
Commelinaceae	Họ Thời lài					
<i>Commelina communis</i> L.	Thời lài	Hm				
<i>Commelina diffusa</i> Burm.f.	Rau trai	Hm				
<i>Commelina paludosa</i> Blume	Trai	Hm				
<i>Dictyospermum montanum</i> Wight	Trai núi	Na				
<i>Floscopa scandens</i> Lour.	Đầu rìu	Cr				
<i>Pollia secundiflora</i> (Blume) Bakh.f.	Lài	Cr				
<i>Tradescantia zebrina</i> Bosse	Thời lài tía	Hm				
<i>Zebrina</i> sp.	Thời lài	Cr				
Convallariaceae	Họ Cao cẳng					
<i>Ophiopogon dracaenoides</i> Hook.	Cao cẳng	Hm				
<i>Ophiopogon latifolius</i> L. Rodr.	Cao cẳng lá rộng	Hm				
<i>Ophiopogon longifolius</i> Decne.	Cao cẳng lá dài	Hm				
<i>Ophiopogon reptans</i> Hook.	Cao cẳng	Hm				

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	lá hẹp					
<i>Ophiopogon sp.</i>	Cao cẳng	Hm				
Costaceae	Họ Mía dò					
<i>Costus speciosus</i> Sm.	Mía dò	Cr				
<i>Costus tonkinensis</i> Gagnep.	Mía dò bắc	Cr			NSBE	
Cyperaceae	Họ cói					
<i>Carex indica</i> L.	Kiết ánh độ	Hm				
<i>Carex sp.</i>	Kiết	Hm				
<i>Cyperus cephalotes</i> Vahl	Kiết	Hm				
<i>Cyperus diffusus</i> Vahl	Lác	Hm				
<i>Cyperus distans</i> L.f.	Cói	Hm				
<i>Cyperus exaltatus</i> Retz	Cói cao	Hm				
<i>Cyperus iria</i> L.	Cú rận	Hm				
<i>Cyperus pilosus</i> Vahl	Cói lông	Hm				
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i> L.*	Cỏ gáu	Cr				
<i>Cyperus sp.</i>	Cói	Ch				
<i>Cyperus trialatus</i> (Boeckeler) J. Kern	Cói ba cánh	Ch				
<i>Fimbristylis complanata</i> (Retz.) Link	Năn	Hm				
<i>Kyllinga monocephala</i> Rottb.	Cỏ bạc đầu	Cr				
<i>Kyllinga nemoralis</i> (Forst.) Dandy ex Hutch. & Dalziel	Cỏ bạc đầu	Cr				
<i>Scleria biflora</i> Roxb.	Cỏ cuồng	Hm				
Dioscoreaceae	Họ Củ nâu					
<i>Dioscorea alata</i> L.	Khoai ngọt	Cr				
<i>Dioscorea arachidna</i> Prain & Burkill	Tù lông	Cr				
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i> L.	Củ dài	Cr				
<i>Dioscorea cirrhosa</i> Lour.	Củ nâu	Cr				
<i>Dioscorea depauperata</i> Prain & Burkill	Khoai mài	Lp				
<i>Dioscorea glabra</i> Roxb.	Củ từ	Lp				
<i>Dioscorea persimilis</i> Prain & Burkill	Củ mài	Cr				
Dracaenaceae	Họ Bòng bòng					
<i>Dracaena cambodiana</i> Pierre ex Gagnep.*	Huyết giác	Na				
<i>Dracaena cochinchinensis</i> Hort. ex Baker*	Huyết giác	Na				
<i>Sansevieria hyacinthoides</i> (L.) Druce	Lưỡi hổ	Na				
Hydrocharitaceae	Họ Thuỷ					

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thảo						
<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i> (L.f.) Royle	Thủy thảo	Cr				
Họ Sâm cau						
<i>Curculigo gracilis</i> Wall.	Sâm cau	Cr				
<i>Curculigo latifolia</i> Dryand.	Sâm cau lá rộng	Cr				
<i>Curculigo orchiooides</i> Gaertn.	Sâm cau	Cr				
Họ Loa ken						
<i>Dianella ensifolia</i> (L.) DC.	Hoa Loa ken	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Lilium longiflorum</i> Thunb.	Hoa huệ	Hm				
Họ Sâm đại hành						
<i>Belamcanda chinensis</i> DC.	Rè quạt	Cr				
<i>Eleutherine bulbosa</i> Urb.	Sâm đại hành	Cr			NGBE	
Họ Lá dong						
<i>Maranta arundinacea</i> L.	Khoai dong	Cr				
<i>Phrynum parviflorum</i> Roxb.	Dong	Cr				
<i>Phrynum placentarium</i> Merr.	Lá dong	Cr				
Họ Chuối						
<i>Musa acuminata</i> Colla	Chuối rừng	Cr				
<i>Musa balbisiana</i> Colla	Chuối hột	Cr				
<i>Musa basjoo</i> Siebold	Chuối ngự	Cr				
<i>Musa paradisiaca</i> L.	Chuối tiêu	Cr				
Họ Phong lan						
<i>Aerides falcata</i> Lindl. & Paxton	Giáng hương	Ep				
<i>Anoectochilus roxburghii</i> (Wall.) Lindl.	Kim tuyén	Cr	E			
<i>Apotasia odorata</i> Blume	Lan lá hẹp	Ch				
<i>Appendicula</i> sp.	An lan	Ep				
<i>Bulbophyllum odoratissimum</i> Lindl.*	Cầu diệp thơm	Ep				
<i>Bulbophyllum</i> sp.	Lan	Ep				
<i>Calanthe herbacea</i> Lindl.*	Địa lan	Hm				
<i>Cymbidium lowianum</i> Reichb.f.	Phong Lan	Ep				
<i>Dendrobium aloideum</i> La Llave & Lex.	Hoàng thảo	Ep				
<i>Dendrobium</i> sp.*	Phong lan	Ep				

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<i>Eria pannea</i> Lindl.	Ní lan	Ep			NSBE	
<i>Podochilus intermedius</i> Aver.*	Lan leo	Pp				
<i>Schoenorchis</i> sp.	Phong lan	Ep				
<i>Thrixspermum centipeda</i> Lour.	Lan xương cá	Ep				
<i>Thrixspermum</i> sp.	Lan	Ep				
Pandanaceae	Họ Dứa dại					
<i>Pandanus nanofrutex</i> B.S. Stone	Dứa bụi	Na				
<i>Pandanus tectorius</i> Parkinson	Dứa gỗ	Na				
<i>Pandanus tonkinensis</i> B.S. Stone	Dứa	Na			NSBE	
Phormiaceae	Họ Hương bài					
<i>Dianella nemorosa</i> Lam.	Hương bài	Th				
Poaceae	Họ Lúa					
<i>Acroceras munroanum</i> (Balansa) Henrard	Cỏ lá tre	Ch				
<i>Arundinaria sat</i> Balansa	Sặt	Na				
<i>Axonopus compressus</i> (Sw.) P. Beauv.	Cỏ lá gừng	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Bambusa blumeana</i> Schult.f.	Tre gai	MM				
<i>Bambusa flexuosa</i> Munro	H López gai	MM				
<i>Chloris barbata</i> Sw.	Cỏ mập	Th			NGBE	
<i>Chrysopogon aciculatus</i> (Retz.) Trin.	Cỏ may	Hm				
<i>Coix lacryma-jobi</i> L.	Ý đĩ	Th				
<i>Cymbopogon caesius</i> (Hook. & Arn.) Stapf	Sả hôi	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Cymbopogon citratus</i> Stapf	Sả	Ch				
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i> (L.) Pers.	Cỏ gà	Hm				
<i>Cyrtococcum patens</i> A. Camus	Cỏ lá tre	Hm				
<i>Dactyloctenium aegyptiacum</i> Willd.	Cỏ chân vịt	Th				
<i>Dendrocalamus asper</i> Backer ex K. Heyne	Buong	MM				
<i>Dendrocalamus barbatus</i> Hsueh & D.Z. Li	Luồng	MM				
<i>Dendrocalamus giganteus</i> Munro	Mai	MM				
<i>Digitaria adscendens</i> (Kunth) Henrard	Cỏ chỉ	Ch				
<i>Digitaria timorensis</i> (Kunth) Balansa	Cỏ chân nhện	Ch				
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> (L.) P. Beauv.	Cỏ lồng ngực	Ch				
<i>Eleusine indica</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Cỏ mần trầu	Th				

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<i>Eriachne pallescens</i> R.Br.	Cỏ chỉ	Hm			NGBE	
<i>Eriochloa procera</i> (Retz.) C.E. Hubb.	Cỏ mật	Hm				
<i>Imperata cylindrica</i> L.P. Beauv.	Cỏ tranh	Cr				
<i>Indosasa angustata</i> McClure*	Vàu đắng	MM				
<i>Indosasa sinica</i> C.D. Chu & C.S. Chao*	Vàu ngọt	MM				
<i>Isachne miliacea</i> Roth.	Cỏ nghè	Ch			NGBE	
<i>Microstegium ciliatum</i> A. Camus	Cỏ rác lông	Hm				
<i>Microstegium vagans</i> (Nees ex Steud.) A. Camus	Cỏ rác	Hm				
<i>Miscanthus floridulus</i> Warb. ex K. Schum. & Lauterb.	Lách	Hm				
<i>Neyraudia reynaudina</i> (Kunth) Keng ex Hitchcock	Sậy khô	Hm				
<i>Oplismenus compositus</i> (L.) P. Beauv.	Cỏ lá tre	Ch				
<i>Oryza sativa</i> L.	Lúa nước	Th				
<i>Panicum amoenum</i> Balansa	Cỏ gừng	Hm				
<i>Panicum miliaceum</i> L.	Kê	Th				
<i>Panicum sarmentosum</i> Roxb.	Cỏ giác	Ch				
<i>Paspalum conjugatum</i> Berg.	Cỏ giác	Ch				
<i>Paspalum scrobiculatum</i> L.	Cỏ đắng	Th				
<i>Paspalum sp.</i>	Cỏ giác	Ch				
<i>Pennisetum sp.</i>	Cỏ	Th				
<i>Phacelurus sp.</i>	Cỏ	Ch				
<i>Phragmites karka</i> (Retz.) Steud.	Sậy	Cr				
<i>Pogonatherum crinitum</i> Kunth	Cỏ lông lợn	Hm				
<i>Saccharum arundinaceum</i> Retz.	Lau	Ch				
<i>Saccharum officinarum</i> L.	Mía	Ch				
<i>Saccharum spontaneum</i> L.	Lách	Hm				
<i>Schizostachyum funghomii</i> McClure*	Núra	MM				
<i>Setaria palmifolia</i> Stapf	Cỏ lá dừa	Cr				
<i>Sinarundinaria griffithiana</i> (Munro) C.S. Chao & Renvoize	Sặt gai	Ch				
<i>Themeda caudata</i> Hack.	Cỏ phao	Ch				
<i>Thysanolaena maxima</i> Kuntze	Chít	Hm				
<i>Vetiveria sp.</i>	Cỏ	Cr				
<i>Zea mays</i> L.	Ngô	Th				
Smilacaceae	Họ Kim					

SCIENTIFIC NAME	COMMON NAME	LF	RDB	RD-IUCN	RDBE	NOTE
cang						
<i>Heterosmilax chinensis</i> Wang	Kim cang	Cr			NSBE	
<i>Heterosmilax gaudichaudiana</i> A.DC.	Thô phục linh	Lp				
<i>Smilax bauhinoides</i> Kunth	Kim cang lá tròn	Lp				
<i>Smilax china</i> L.	Khúc khắc trung hoa	Lp				
<i>Smilax corbularia</i> Kunth*	Kim cang bạc	Cr				
<i>Smilax elegantissima</i> Gagnep.	Kim cang	Cr	V		DD	
<i>Smilax ferox</i> Wall. ex Kunth	Cảm cang gai	Cr				
<i>Smilax glabra</i> Roxb.	Thô phục linh	Cr			T	
<i>Smilax lanceifolia</i> Roxb.*	Kim cang lá thuôn	Cr				
<i>Smilax ovalifolia</i> Roxb.	Kim cang lá to	Lp				
<i>Smilax perfoliata</i> Lour.*	Kim cang	Cr				
<i>Smilax poilanei</i> Gagnep.	Kim cang	Cr	CR		DD	
<i>Smilax sp.*</i>	Kim cang núi	Lp				
Stemonaceae						
<i>Stemona tuberosa</i> Lour.	Bách bộ	Cr				
Tacaceae						
<i>Tacca chantrieri</i> André	Râu hùm	Cr				
Zingiberaceae						
<i>Alpinia galanga</i> Willd.	Riêng nếp	Cr				
<i>Alpinia officinarum</i> Hance	Riêng dai	Cr				
<i>Alpinia sp.</i>	Riêng rừng	Cr				
<i>Alpinia zerumbet</i> (Pers.) B.L. Burtt & R.M. Sm.	Riêng	Cr				
<i>Amomum echinospaera</i> K. Schum.	Sa nhân	Cr				
<i>Amomum villosum</i> Lour.	Sa nhân	Cr				
<i>Curcuma domestica</i> Valeton	Nghệ	Cr				
<i>Curcuma longa</i> L.	Nghệ	Cr				

<i>Curcuma zedoaria</i> Rosc.	Nghê đen	Cr
<i>Zingiber eberhardtii</i> Gagnep.	Gừng rùng	Cr
<i>Zingiber officinale</i> Rosc.	Gừng	Cr
<i>Zingiber zerumbet</i> (L.) Sm.	Gừng gió	Cr

Addendum: Species recorded for Ben En National Park by Anonymous (2000) and Tordoff et al. (2000), but not found in our 2005 - 2007 survey are listed below. Since no herbarium vouchers of the earlier surveys could be consulted, these additional species should be considered tentative. We have not checked the names for nomen-clatural precision or current taxonomic status.

LYCOPODIOPHYTA: Selaginellaceae (*Selaginella* sp., *S. sp1*).

POLYPODIOPHYTA: Adiantaceae (*Dryopteris concolor*, *Hemionitis arifolia*, *Onychium lucidum*, *Stenochlaena palustris*, *Syngamma alismifolia*, *Taenitis blechnoides*); Angiopteridaceae (*Angiopteris evecta*); Aspleniaceae (*Asplenium ensiforme*, *Diplazium christii*, *Diplazium esculentum*); Denstaedtiaceae (*Stenoloma chusamum*); Dryopteridaceae (*Tectaria polymorpha*, *T. subpedata*, *T. subtriphylla*); Gleicheniaceae (*Diplopterygium laevissimum*); Hymenophyllaceae (*Crepidomanes* sp.); Lindsaeaceae* (*Lindsaea ensifolia*, *L. orbiculata*); Marsileaceae (*Marsilea minuta*); Polypodiaceae (*Pyrrosia piloselloides*); Pteridaceae (*Pteris cadieri*, *Pteris deltodon*, *P. tripartita*); Salviniaceae (*Salvinia cucullata*); Schizaeaceae (*Lygodium microstachyum*, *L. polystachyum*); Sinopteridaceae (*Sinopteris* sp.); Vittariaceae (*Vittaria elongata*);

MAGNOLIOPHYTA - MAGNOLIOPSIDA: Acanthaceae (*Thunbergia grandiflora*); Annonaceae (*Uvaria purpurea*); Apocynaceae (*Rauvolfia cambodiana*, *R. indica*, *Winchia calophylla*, *Xylinabariopsis napeensis*); Asteraceae (*Centipeda minima*, *Gerbera jamesonii*, *Grangea maderaspatana*, *Tithonia diversifolia*, *Vernonia paludosa*); Begoniaceae (*Begonia balansaeana*, *B. rupicola*); Bignoniaceae (*Campsis grandifolia*, *Radermachera alata*); Boraginaceae (*Cordia myxa*); Cactaceae (*Opuntia ficus-indica*); Capparaceae (*Capparis grandis*); Caryophyllaceae* (*Drymaria cordata*; *Policarpon porostratum*); Celastraceae (*Euonymus aculeatus*, *E. mitratus*, *Salacia cochinchinensis*); Chenopodiaceae (*Chenopodium ambrosioides*); Chloranthaceae (*Chloranthus japonicus*); Clusiaceae (*Calophyllum dryobalanoides*); Connaraceae (*Agelaea trinervis*; *Connarus paniculatus*, *Rourea harmandiana*); Convolvulaceae (*Ipomoea bonii*, *I. heterifolia*, *I. involucrate*, *I. triloba*, *Merremia hederacea*, *M. vitifolia*, *Neuropeltis racemosa*, *Operculina turpethum*); Cornaceae* (*Cornus tonkinensis*, *Mastixia arborea*); Cucurbitaceae (*Actinostemma tenerum*, *Cucurbita pepo*, *Trichosanthes tricuspidata*, *Zehneria maysorensis*); Dilleniaceae (*Tetracera loureiroi*); Ebenaceae (*Diospyros bangoiensis*, *Diospyros susarticulata*); Elaeocarpaceae (*Elaeocarpus stipularis*); Elatinaceae* (*Bergia ammannioides*, *Elatine ambigua*); Euphorbiaceae (*Acalypha siamensis*, *Cleistanthus myrianthus*, *Drypetes poilanei*, *Euphorbia ligularia*, *Glochidion zeylanicum*, *Macaranga tanarius*, *Mallotus mollissima*, *Pedilanthus tithymaloides*, *Phyllanthus clarkei*, *Sapium cochinchinensis*, *S. rotundifolium*, *S.*

sebiferum, Sumbaviopsis albicans, Trewia nudiflora, Vernicia fordii); Fabaceae (Acacia megaladina, Aeschynomene indica, Arachis hypogaea, Butea monosperma, Cajanus cajan, Dalbergia, asamica, Desmodium styracifolium, D. zonatum, Mucuna bracteata, Neptunia oleracea, Saraca indica); Fagaceae (Lithocarpus finetii); Flacourtiaceae (Casearia membranacea, Scolopia chinensis); Hernandiaceae (Illigera parviflora, I. trifolia); Gentianaceae* (Crawfurdia sp.); Lamiaceae (Coleus scutellarioides, Pogostemon cablin); Lardizabalaceae* (Stautonia cavaleriana); Lauraceae (Beilschmiedia sphaerocarpa, Cinnamomum parthenoxylon, C. polyadelphum, Phoebe hainanensis); Lythraceae (Lagerstroemia floribunda, L. indica); Malpighiaceae* (Aspidopteryx henryi, A. tomentosa, Hiptage boniana, Malpighia coccigera); Malvaceae (Eriolaena candolei); Melastomataceae (Osbeckia thorelii, Phyllagathis setotheca, P. tonkinensis, Sonerilla rivularis, Vietsenia laxiflora); Meliaceae (Aglaia duperreana, Heynea trijuga, Swietenia macrophylla); Menispermaceae (Tinospora cripa); Molluginaceae* (Mollugo pentaphylla); Moraceae (Ficus altissima, F. elastica, F. retusa, Malaisia scandens, Morus australis); Myristicaceae (Horsfieldia prainii, Knema corticosa); Myrsinaceae (Ardisia gigantifolia, A. stenophylla, A. verbascifolia); Myrtaceae (Decaspermum parviflorum, Syzygium samarangense, S. tsoongii); Nyctaginaceae (Boerhavia diffusa, Mirabilis jalapa); Oleaceae (Jasminum lanceolarium, Ligustrum sinense); Onagraceae (Ludwigia hyssopifolia, L. parennis); Passifloraceae (Adenia chevalieri, Passiflora quadrangularis); Pedaliaceae* (Sesamum orientale); Piperaceae (Piper pierrei); Polygonaceae (Rumex wallichii); Primulaceae* (Lysimachia decurrens); Ranunculaceae (Naravelia laurifolia, N. siamensis, N. zeylanica); Rosaceae (Eriobotrya bengalensis, Rubus pavifolius); Rubiaceae (Coffea arabica, Gardenia lucida, Lasianthus kampurus); Rutaceae (Atalantia buxifolia, A. roxburghiana, Euodia triphylla, Micromelum minutum); Sapindaceae (Allophylus macrodontus, Arytera littoralis, Cardiospermum halicacabum, Nephelium melliferum); Sapotaceae (Planchonella annamensis, Sarcosperma kachinense); Saururaceae (Saururus sinensis); Schisandraceae (Kadsura coccinea); Scrophulariaceae (Angelonia goyazensis, A. aromaticata, A. micrantha, Lindernia antipoda, L. pusilla, L. rueloides, L. tonkinensis, Microcarpaca minima, Torenia benthamiana); Simaroubaceae (Brucea javanica); Solanaceae (Solanum melongena, S. nigrum, S. virginianum); Sterculiaceae (Muntingia calabura, Sterculia lissophylla, S. tonkinensis); Symplocaceae (Symplocos adenophylla); Theaceae (Adinandra glischrolooma); Ulmaceae (Gironniera yunnanensis); Urticaceae (Parietaria debilis, Procris frutescens); Verbenaceae (Premna chevalieri, P. serratifolia, Verbena hybrida); Vitaceae (Cissus javanica, C. quadrangularis);*

LILIOPSIDA: Acoraceae (Acorus tatarinowi, A. verus); Agavaceae* (Agave americana, A. angustifolia); Alismataceae* (Alisma plantago); Amaryllidaceae* (Crinum asiaticum, C. giganteum); Arecaceae (Calamus poilanei); Cannaceae (Canna generalis); Commelinaceae (Zebrina pendula); Cyperaceae (Bulbostylis barbata, Cyperus compressus); Dioscoreaceae (Dioscorea esculenta); Dracaenaceae (Sansevieria cylindrica, S. trifasciata); Eriocaulaceae* (Eriocaulon bonii, E. miserum); Flagellariaceae* (Flagellaria indica); Hemerocallidaceae (Hemerocallis fulva); Liliaceae (Disporum calcaratum); Orchidaceae (Acriopsis javanica, Appendicula

cornuta, *Bulbophyllum insulsum*, *Calanthe angusta*, *Ceratostylis tonkinensis*, *Cleisostoma paniculatum*, *C. rostratum*, *Corymborchis veratrifolia*, *Cymbidium aloifolium*, *Dendrobium anceps*, *D. fimbriatum*, *D. lindleyi*, *D. manii*, *D. podagraris*, *D. tortile*, *Habenaria ciliolaris*, *Paphiopedium gratrixianum*, *P. villosum*, *Schoenorchis rosea*, *Spiranthes sinensis*, *Thrixspermum arachnites*, *Zeuxine bonii*); Pontederiaceae (*Eichhornia crassipes*, *Monchoria elata*, *M. hastata*).