PAPYRI GREEK & EGYPTIAN

EDITED BY VARIOUS HANDS
IN HONOUR OF

ERIC GARDNER TURNER

ON THE OCCASION OF HIS SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY

(P. Turner)

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PREFACE

No scholar of this generation has done more for papyrology, and for the international collaboration of which papyrologists have always been proud, than Eric Turner. Accordingly, some fifty of his colleagues from some ten different countries have collaborated to honour him with a collection of papyrus texts. The volume is offered to him, on his seventieth birthday, with all respect and affection.

The General Editors record their thanks to the contributors; to Mrs Helen Cockle, for compiling the bibliography and the Greek indexes; to Dr W. J. Tait and Dr C. C. Walters, for making the demotic and Coptic indexes; to the Egypt Exploration Society, which has published the volume; and to the managers, readers, and compositors of the Oxford University Press, who have produced so handsome a book with such exemplary speed.

P. J. PARSONS J. R. REA General Editors, Graeco-Roman Memoirs

September 1980

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I. NEW LITERARY TEXTS

ι 'ΗΕSΙΟΒ', Γυναικών Κατάλογος

PLeid. inv. 502-9

fr. 1 11.2 × 34 cm

Second century AD
Plates I-III

Among the papyri acquired by the Leiden Papyrological Institute in 1971 there were several fragments which obviously belonged to one and the same roll. Prof. B. A. van Groningen recognized the text as part of the Hesiodic Catalogue of Women; but circumstances forced him to give up the idea of publishing it. Now, by the generous permission of Prof. van Groningen, and of Prof. P. W. Pestman, Director of the Leiden Institute, we offer a first publication of these pieces to Eric Turner, in the hope that he will find something of interest both in the content and in the format.

There were originally eight fragments. These have been reduced by combination to four. Of these, fir. 1-3 represent three consecutive columns, with more than a hundred lines of writing:

col. i = fr. 1 col. i (= inv. 509 + 506 + 505 + 503)col. ii = fr. 2 (inv. 504) + fr. 1 col. ii + fr. 3 col. i (inv. 502).

(There is no physical join between fr. 2 and fr. 3. But in 51-2 and 55 the sense, and the overlap with Hes. fr. 11 MW, make the alignment absolutely certain.)

col. iii = fr. 3 col. ii (inv. 508).

That col. ii follows immediately on col. i is strongly suggested by the content (the marriage of Perimede occurs at the foot of col. i, her descendants in the upper part of col. ii; if a whole column is missing in between, this branch of the family must have occupied sixty lines; but that is too much), and confirmed by a plausible though by no means certain fibre-join between fr. 1 and fr. 2 at the level of line 41 (see plate). That col. iii follows immediately on col. ii is guaranteed by the physical join. Fr. 4 (inv. 5074) remains isolated; we suspect that it belongs in the upper part of col. iii, as lines 83-9 or thereabouts.

This was a magnificent roll, with a height of at least 34 cm, and columns of 37 or 38 lines. Upper margin 2.8 cm, written height 27 cm, lower margin 4.5 cm; minimum intercolumnium 3-3.5 cm. We have not detected any sheet-joins. The writing runs parallel with the fibres. The back is blank.

The hand is a fine example of the 'informal round' type,² to be compared with the London Hyperides (C. H. Roberts, Greek Literary Hands, no. 13b) and assigned to the

¹ On the heights of rolls, and the widths of their sheets, see E. G. Turner, Typology of the Early Codex 43; Recto and Verso 61.

² E. G. Turner, Greek Manuscripts of the Ancient World, p. 24. So far as we can determine from published photographs, there is no other fragment of the Catalogue written by this scribe.

15

second century, earlier rather than later. The scribe always writes iota adscript when required. He always omits an elided vowel, and almost always an elision-mark is written (exception, fr. 4. 7). He generally adds movable nu at line-ends (48, 51, 64, 72; exceptions, 60? 70?).

The text carries occasional accents, breathings, and diaereses. Some of these, most of the elision-marks, and the high stops at line-ends, seem to be the work of the original scribe, who also corrected errors of his own by overwriting or deletion (34 $\mu\eta[\nu]$, 70?). Other correctors followed. We can perhaps distinguish three writers, though as usual without great confidence. M² used paler ink and more cursive letter forms; he corrected small-scale errors and omissions (10, 22, 38, 70?; 18, 90?) and added accents (50; 22 he apparently corrected his own accent, and wrote the deletion-points). M³, with a thin pen and darker ink, added breathings (33, 47, 51, fr. 4. 4), diaereses (47, 52) and elision-marks (47). M⁴, a clumsy writer with a thick pen and blacker ink, noted an omitted line (above 39) and two variants (62), deleted a superfluous letter (49), perhaps added an accent (5?) and an elision-mark (67?).

The text itself must come from near the beginning of the Catalogue, since it deals with the three sons of Hellen (Hes. fr. 9 MW): Dorus, frr. 1–3. 1–19; Xuthus, 20–4; Aeolus, 25 ff. The section about Dorus is the most difficult and interesting: something was said (perhaps) about the arrival of the Dorians in Argos, something about Aegimius, something about the five daughters who gave birth to the Nymphs, Satyrs, and Curetes (a quite unexpected placing of Hes. fr. 123 MW); we have conjectured that Dorus himself fathered these daughters, and therefore that he was here married to a daughter of Phoroneus, a dynastic alliance which would serve to link the Dorian Temenids to the pre-Dorian Inachids.² The section about Xuthus is significantly brief. The Aeolid section gives the history of at least four of the daughters, Perimede (frr. 1–3. 35), Calyce (58), Alcyone (90), and Pisidice (99); this continuous narrative overlaps some scattered fragments already known (frr. 10, 11, 14, 16, 245 MW); its most interesting part, if fr. 4 is rightly placed before frr. 1–3. 89, was the story of Alcyone and Ceyx, which already includes the erotic element (fr. 4. 5) on which Ovid and other later writers were to dwell.

We record our warm thanks to Prof. M. L. West, who read and criticized our first draft, and contributed a number of valuable readings and supplements.

¹ PRIMI I 17 ii 11 (Commentary on Antimachus) apparently quotes frr. 1-3. 62 = Hes. fr. 245 MW as from Hesiod $\partial v \tau \partial u$ ∂u ∂u ∂u E. But our papyrus must belong to Book i, not Book v. Clearly the scholiast, or his scribe, made a mistake; or 'Hesiod' used the phrase twice.

² For similar myths, which combine and so systematize independent genealogies, and at the same time legitimate in advance the possession of conquered territory, see M. P. Nilsson, *Cults, Myths, Oracles and Politics* (1951, 1972), 65 ff. We owe the reference to Dr D. M. Lewis.

Fr. 1

		*** *			
	col. i			col. ii	
1] . όλυμπονε ν				
] εβαειληοε[]				
].νοναργος εραννον•				
] εραςάργετμέςςωι[]				
5] , cέςς εται αυτων·				
].ληὸς				
]. αμφυλόν. ε				
] ϵ î. η . $\pi\epsilon\rho$ [].c				
].ειακαιανδρω.[]				
10]μ . ο ο αιγιμ []				
	$]\phi \dots \epsilon\delta \dots \kappa \dots [$				
].λεν[].μ[
]. ἄφθ[]μην.[].				
][].				
15	$], \lambda \in V[], \mu[$ $], \psi \in V[]$ $], \psi \in V[]$ $], \psi \in V[]$ $], \psi \in V[]$				
].εαιεξενον[•		•
]. ύρωνκαιμη γος				
].γμονετορχ[]		Ī		
20]ρατονειδος [Ī		
]χθηοςθειοι []].		
] $\acute{\eta}$ c $\llbracket \epsilon \rrbracket au \hat{a} . \llbracket \ldots brack brack brack $	5].		
].οπφν []	3	1.		
].δέαδιομηδην. []		Ī		
25]. π' $\beta\alpha$.[] ς [ſ		
-3] . αιολόμ της· []		٦		
] έρθυμοςπ ιήρης []	10	Ĺ		
]τ'αριδεικετ ςανδρων		Ţ		
]αςινηβωο τες		$\frac{1}{\alpha}$		
30] κοντότεκ διματεκνα		η [
]ευνη[.][]		€.[
]ατον δος εχους ας[]	15	τ.[
][] ςινόμοιας		δ[
	$]\psi \epsilon \iota \delta \epsilon [.] \dots \mu \eta \llbracket \nu \rrbracket \delta \eta \nu$		$ au^{[}$		
35]μιχφιλοτητι		a [
]λόδ΄μοιει		6.[
]οςιλη.ς·	20].		
] αιετά[[ε]]ςκ		γ[
	1. mr.; all all all all all all all all all al		FL		

	Frr. 1–3, col. i
1] "Ολυμπον εν
] .c βαειλῆος
].νον Άργος έραννόν
] . ερας Άργεϊ μέςςωι
5] ς ἔςςεται αὐτῶν•
] . ληος
] Πάμφυλόν τε
] εἶτηνπερ [] . c
] εια καὶ ἀνδρῶγ
10] μ , ν oc A i γ ı μ ı φ \hat{i} [o]
	$]\phi \dots \epsilon\delta \dots \kappa \dots [$
]_λ̄ε̞ν[].μ[
]. ${}^{\prime}I\phi heta[l\mu\eta u$. [] [].
15].ick[
].ev[
	ιο⟨ύ⟩ρειαι νύμφαι] θεαὶ ἐξεγένον[το]
	ικαὶ γένος οὐτιδανῶν Ca]τύρων καὶ ἀμηχανοεργῶν
	[Κουρητές τε θεοί φιλοπα]ίγμονες δρχης[τηρες]
20	η]ρατον είδος έχ[ουςαν
	$^{\prime}E ho\epsilon]\chi heta\eta$ ος $ heta\epsilon$ ίοιο
	θαλερήν ποι]ήςατ' ἄκ[οι]τιν
	κλυ]τόπωλον
	εὖε]ιδέα. Διομήδην
25	[Αἰολίδαι δ' ἐγένοντο θεμιςτ]οπόλοι βαςιλῆες]
	[Κρηθεὺς ἦδ' Αθάμας καὶ Cίςυφ]ος αἰολομήτης]
	[Cαλμωνεύς τ' ἄδικος καὶ ύ]πέρθυμος Περιήρης
] τ' ἀριδείκετος ἀνδρῶν
	έν δώμ]αςυ ήβώοντες τ]έκοντό τε κύδιμα τέκνα∙
30	τ]εκοντο τε κφοιμα τεκνα·] εὐνη[θ]εῖς[α
] ευνη[υ]εμε[α ηρ]ατον εἶδος ἐχούςας
	ηρ]άτον εξουτάς]. Χ[αρ]έτεςτιν δμοίας
	ϵ] \hat{v} $\epsilon i \delta \hat{\epsilon} [a]$ \hat{H} $\epsilon \hat{p}_i \mu \hat{\eta} \delta \eta \hat{v}$.
35] μίχθη φιλότητι
33	- εν ύψη]λοῖςι δόμοιςι
]ος βαςιλήος
	γαιετάαςκεν
	1

	Fr. 2	Fr. 3 col. i	
	[].[.]ψποκυ.[[]ει.ςμηλ.[col. I	
40	[κουρη[
) τουκουρα.[
	кантур[
	ηρωιπτ.[][
45	αυταρο[].[.]νειδοςέχ	ovcap
	ήδ'ϋποκυςα[]ηχήεντα·	
	ηο υποκυτά <u>ι</u> αντίμαχ[] [] ἐςςιβε ΄΄ τ΄ τ.] ΄ ὅ ΄΄ οι'πενάγαπν	
	αντιμαχ[ευ[[ρ]]ρειτην.[1	
50	τηνέχεπορ[]	
50	ήα[ονας ενμεγάροις ιν	
]ριονϊπποκορυςτην·	
] ςακόρητοναυτης.	
		ο,	
] ενμεγαλωιευπηκτωι	
55]ςυϊος κ. υτ ϊ. πότατυδευς	
]νεταναήκεϊχαλκωι] εα ηυρωνοινέαδι	
] .ερ .νμένοςαντιθ . ι	
] ερηνποιήςατ'ακο ιν	
60] ΄΄ ολησκάδες είη ΄΄ ιει.	
]αδεδώραέδωκεν[]	
		KO GVOC	
] .θανα ραοςηεν·	γατουταμιη.
]δωνγέν.[.]υϊ	
]κελοςαθανάτοιςιν[]	
65]γοραγεινατοπαιδα·	
]οκα επολυκ. ετη[
].[]έκτωρθέτ[]ακοιν[]	
]κρατεροςτεμ[.]	
]πυ . cουλιοcαρης[]	
70		$]\dots$ c $\epsilon \llbracket ilde{ heta} rbrack \epsilon$ c κ	
]ετ'ακοιτ.ν	
]αθανατηιείν.	
]ητω ανθρω ων•	
75		$]\dots[\dots]_{\eta_{\widehat{k}}}\dots]_{\epsilon}\dots$	
75]]	

col. ii

	col. II
39a	η [δ'] ὑποκυς[αμένη
39	$\mathring{a}\phi[v]$ ειὸς $μήλο[ιcι$
	[
	κουρη[
	τοῦ κουρα.[
	καὶ την[
	ηρωϊ πτο[][
45	αὐτὰρ ο [η] $\rho[a]$ τον είδος ἔχους α ν
	[δώμα]τα ἠχήεντα•
	η δ' ὑποκυςα[μένη].ρα ποιμένα λαῶν
	Άντίμαχον [φίλον μακ]ά[ρ]ες ει θεοις ειν·
	E ὐρ $\epsilon_{ m L}$ ίτην θ ' [έλικο $\beta_{ m L}$ λέ ϕ αρο] $\gamma_{ m L}$ χαρ $\dot{\gamma}$ τ $\dot{\epsilon}$ ςς $\dot{\gamma}$ ςν δμο $\dot{\gamma}$ ηγ
50	την ἔχε $\Pi_{\lfloor o ho brace} [heta \acute{a} \omega ulle{ u}_{ brack}$] . ιου υίέος υίός
	η οἱ παιροίς ἐγείναςτ' ἀμύ]μονας ἐν μεγάροιςιν·
	Οἰνέα τ' [Άλικάθοόν τιε καὶ Άγ]ριον ίπποκορυστήν
	ιπποδα]ης ἀκόρητον ἀυτῆς·
	__ τατος δεπυλ __ γέν]ετ' εν μεγάρωι εὐπήκτωι
55	∟ρ' Οἰνέο]ς μίὸς μἀγακλυτὸς ἱππότα Τυδεύς μ
	κτεί]νειν ταναήκεϊ χαλκῶις
] ,ς ἀπημύρων Οἰνέα διον
	.[κρα]τερὸιν μένος ἀντιθέ[ο]ιο
	.[θα]λερὴν μποιήςατ' ἄκοιτιν
60] φίλον μακάρετοι θεοῖτι]·
]. περιςςὰ διὲ δῶρα ἔδωκε ν
	ιἵν δ' αὐτῶι ταμίη]ς θανάτου, ∟καὶ γήραος ἦεν
	[$[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $]$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$ $[$
] ἐπιείκελος ἀθανάτ ιοιςιν
65	[
	α[]πλόκαμος Πολυκάςτη
	η[].[]εκτωρ θέτ' ἄκοιτιν
	ϵ_{\cdot} [κρατερός τε μ [ϵ]γας τ ϵ
	τ.[βριή]πυος οὔλιος Άρης
70	δ[
	τ[].γ θέτ' ἄκοιτιν
	α[] ἀθανάτηιειν
	ος[θν]ητῶν ἀνθρώπων·
	$[\ldots]_{\eta \hat{\imath} \delta}$
75][]

] νοουβεβλαμμε []΄ ηςεναπαιγλῆεντοςολ . . . [

```
Fr. 3
           col. ii
90 καιτηνπο.[
     αλκυον'ή'.[
     ay....[
      vai ...[
      ...ξ..[
 95 ₹..€7..[
     ïε.....[
      ].[]..
     \phi \rho a \dots a[
     τ..δ'α..[
100 πειςιδίκ.[
     ηδέτεκ'α.[
      ].....
      ].....
     δι εκ.[
105 πρ]....[
      ].....
      ...γ.δ[
110
                                       Fr. 4
                                   ]....παν..[
                                ]. αλκο ε ε . . [
                                 ].ιςιναγαλλόμενο...[
                                 ]αναδωματαήχηεν.[
                              ]. ε. οικαιμαψιδίηιφι. ο. . [
```

col. iii

89 καὶ τὴν μὲν πο.[άλκυόν' ή τ[$\mathring{a}_{\lfloor}\nu\theta\rho\dot{\omega}\pi\dot{\omega}[\nu_{\rfloor}$ ιναίει καί [ρ' άλιοι] Κηνέ δ' ο υτεπ 95 μπαύεται [ἀτοςω]ν ∟ίεται Άλκυό[νη]ς Lάλ[λ]ὰ [Διὸς κρυπ_] _Lφράςςαςθα[ι δυ_Δ τὴν δ' αὖ Μ[υρμι] Πειτιδίκη[ν ἄπυ]ιε ιη δ' ἔτεκ' Άν[τιφ]ον ιή δὲ Ποςε[ιδάω]ν $Aio\lambda ic_1 \dots [\mu_1]$ δὶς τέκε $.\rho$ []....[105[της γεδ[

5

Fr. 4

]...παυ..[]..αλκο.ε.ε...[]ημειν ἀγαλλόμενοε ..[] ἀνὰ δώματα ηχήεντ[α]μεγοι καὶ μαψιδίηι φιλότη[τι]. νόου βεβλαμμέν[ἐεθλοῦ]΄.ηςεν ἀπ' αἰγλήεντος 'Ολύμπ[ου

Fr. 1 1].., trace level with the letter-tops; foot of oblique descending from left to right and joining vertical to right (ν , or e.g. αi). $\epsilon \dots$, first, point of ink or short serif level with the letter-2], apparently points of tops, another point vertically below, a little under normal line-level, ink from the cap of a circular letter $(\epsilon, \theta, o, \epsilon)$. [], the damaged area could contain a high point, but 3] ν , first, lower left and upper right arcs of a circle $(\epsilon, \theta, 0, \epsilon, \omega)$; of ν , only the oblique and the right vertical (the oblique apparently too straight for α , λ). But it is possible that a small piece of papyrus is displaced; if it is moved, the first trace becomes the right side of a circle, with no sign of a cross-bar, i.e. o or ω. 4], a single point of ink level with the letter-tops. acute accent is doubtful; we cannot explain the horizontal stroke above the diaeresis (unless the whole group is a damaged circumflex, cf. 8 and 74). [], space for a high point. 5], arcs from top and bottom of a circular letter $(\epsilon, \theta, \sigma, \epsilon, \omega)$: well below the expected level (papyrus warped?). 6]., vertical with serifed foot. Above and to the right, two unexplained points, not ink? accent (?) by M4. 7]., end of high horizontal, joining vertical, probably right side of π . apparently two points of ink at line-level, but the fibres are disturbed. 8].., second, perhaps upper part of circular letter with cross-bar projecting to the right (ϵ, θ) . η , high horizontal, perhaps with single vertical at mid-point (i.e. 7; but then an unexplained point to the left of the vertical). .π, tops of two verticals. ..[, vertical, top joins high horizontal extending to right, top of another 9], foot of an oblique descending from left vertical joining half-way $(\iota \pi, \iota \tau?)$.].c, vertical. to right, curving up to join ε. [, apparently serifed foot of vertical, to the right scattered ink on damaged fibres. 10] μ ., first anomalous, perhaps a corrected to ϵ , above the line M² has written something, damaged o rather than short-mark (see comm.); second, parts of two verticals. two verticals, first with cross-bar extending rightwards from the top (π, γ, γ) . sloping down from left to right $(\alpha, \delta, \lambda, \chi)$; of ϵ , parts of the curved back and of a long cross-bar touchκ., first, foot of oblique descending from left to right, joining vertical (ν? au etc.?); second possibly upper arc of circular letter $(\epsilon, o?)$ 12]., o or ω; points of ink above, perhaps accidental. λ , high point to the right perhaps accidental (apparently not χ). μ , ϵ or ϵ ? before it perhaps traces of oblique descending from left to right $(\nu, \alpha \iota)$. [, point or foot of upright at line-level.]., a detached trace which (if one measures upwards from 30) ought to belong to this line; a prolonged horizontal, which might represent, e.g., the cross-bar of ϵ or η , extended at the line-14 Perhaps a grave accent on the first trace, an acute on the third; ...[, perhaps a (or \lambda), then upright.]., e or c? 15]., ω or more likely o. κ . [, first λ or more likely α ; second, beginning of high horizontal (e.g. κατ[). 16]., parts of vertical and high horizontal (y, π, τ)[, first o or c; then foot of vertical. 17]., tiny trace, perhaps from right-hand arc of circle. .. ν , γ or τ , then ϵ or θ . 18]., lower part of vertical, more ink to the right at two-thirds height. ...v, first, tips of two obliques suggesting v or χ ; second, top of oblique καιμη, a suprascript by M2. sloping down from left to right. o written over some letter beginning with a serifed vertical. first perhaps upper stem and loop of p; second, serifed foot of upright. 19]., vertical. first, top of two verticals; second, short horizontal level with the letter-tops. 20 ...[, first, ε or θ; second, foot of oblique rising from left to right. $21]\chi\theta\eta$, above θ , high up, a stroke resembling a grave accent, accidental?; above η, indistinct traces, possibly circumflex accent. οι, ο or c. 22 [[€]], crossed out; α written above and elision-mark added by M².
 a [, vertical with junction at half-]...[, first, serifed foot of vertical, remains of high horizontal to the right; second, height (η, κ) . foot of vertical; third, serifed foot, another point of ink higher to the right. 23]., π or τ. first, heavy point at line-level; second, points of ink consistent with a circular letter. 25]., ink at half-height, perhaps from right-hand arc of circle. parts of vertical? \$, cap of ... first, point of ink level with the lettercircular letter; then point of ink level with the letter-tops. tops; second, ϵ or θ . 26].., second, cap of circular letter. μ., short horizontal just below the letter-tops (lower than it looks on the photograph, since the fibres are distorted upwards). the end of a horizontal level with the letter-tops. # ..., left-hand half of circular letter; then small 28]7', elision-mark perhaps by M2. 7., o or c. trace suitable to loop of ρ . 29 o, point of ink, 30]., end of horizontal at two-thirds height. to the left of the gap, level with the letter-tops. κ ., a point of ink on the edge, above the horizontal of κ . 31]...[, first, cross-bar and lower arc 32 y..., first apparently left end of of ϵ or θ ?; second, foot of upright; lower arc of circular letter. 33]...[, first, two verticals; second, apparently the top of an cross-bar, and lower left arc, of ϵ or θ .

oblique descending from left to right.] ..., first and second, a point of ink well above the letter-tops, perhaps acute accent; third and fourth, caps of circular letters. $\delta \mu$, breathing by M^2 (or M^2). 34]..., first, points from lower part of vertical; second, perhaps lower arc of circular letter; third, probably ρ (foot of distinctive long descender); fourth, point of ink at middle-height on projecting fibre. $\mu M^2 \| \nu \|_1$ above η a deletion-point and a circumflex accent corrected to an acute (or vice versa), both by M^2 ; ν crossed out, apparently by the original scribe, deletion-point above, by M^2 ? 35 %, apparently left side of ϵ or θ . 96 %, vertical. 97 ..., first, vertical; second, oblique descending from left to right; third, cap of ϵ or ϵ . η , perhaps lower right-hand arc of circular letter. 38]., foot of oblique, descending from left to right; joining vertical at line-level (ν ; α , etc.). $\tau^{\alpha} [\![\epsilon]\!]$, M^2 wrote the accent, crossed out ϵ , added a above. κ , κ , faint traces suggesting ϵ ? (hardly ϵ ?)

Fr. 1 col. ii 11.[, ϵ or θ 14.[, upright 19.[, o, ϵ or ω 20.[, possibly π

Frr. 2-3. Top margin, line added by M4.].[, lower part of vertical. .[, back of rounded 39 ...[, first perhaps foot of diagonal sloping up from left to right (but the letter, probably c. fibres are disturbed). e, cap of circular letter. [, perhaps lower left arc of circular letter. 40 First, end of horizontal level with the tops of letters $(\gamma, \pi, \tau?)$; second perhaps top hook of α, δ, λ ? 41 η., long horizontal level with the letter-tops, remains of descender towards its right end, τ rather 42-3 On the marginal sign see comm. 42 κου, o anomalous, corrected? a., vertical, 43 771, something suprascript above τ , this and the stem of τ then overwritten by probably i. 44 .[, left-hand side of circular letter?]..[, serifed foot of ver-.,[, first perhaps \u03c4. tical, then point at line-level. On either side of these traces, and above, the papyrus appears to be blank; but the alignment established by the sense in 51-2 makes it clear that 45 was not the first line of the column; the blank areas therefore are not original, but result from surface-damage. long horizontal level with the letter-tops, two verticals below $(\pi[?\gamma\iota.[?).], []$, long descender $(\rho \text{ or }$ 46[, first, vertical, cross-bar extending].., second, lower arc of circular letter. rightwards from the top (γ, η, π^2) ; second, horizontal level with the letter-tops.]..., first, γ or τ ; second, perhaps triangular letter (a?); third, parts of vertical with cross-bar projecting to the left at two-thirds height, presumably the first part of a very wide η (cf. π at the same point in the next line). ηχ, above the first letter confused ink most suggesting smooth breathing with circumflex above. 47 ἡδ'ϋπο, breathing, elision-mark, and diaeresis by M³.]., point of ink at half-height. first, a or \(\lambda\); second, left end of horizontal level with the letter-tops, then right end of horizontal with vertical below (together making a very wide π ?). 48 τίμ, accent faint, M2? χ..[, first, cap of circular letter, connected to χ by horizontal at half-height; second, some way to the right, serifed top of vertical (appears somewhat above the line in the photograph, because the fibres have been displaced].[, point of ink just below line-level. ϵ ..., first, circular letter, with cross-bar or intersected by the cross-bar of ϵ before; second, parts of vertical?; third, probably ϵ . deleted with two strokes by M4. ⁴. [, ϵ or θ .]..., fourth, long descender (ρ or ϕ). Last trace 50 $\epsilon \chi \epsilon$, accent by M^2 .].., first, point of ink on the edge at halfapparently two verticals. 51 ή..., breathing by M3; first trace, perhaps circular letter; then point height; then vertical. at line-level; then two more such points, above them horizontal level with the letter-tops. second perhaps triangular (8); third, thick oblique rising from left to right.], horizontal at line-52 . . , apparently upper left arc of circle, then vertical, then level, perhaps spreading foot of μ . first vertical and upper part of oblique of v? There must be three letters here, despite appearances; .[, horizontal level with the letter-tops. επ, diaeresis the papyrus has somehow been impacted. by M3. 54].., first, parts of circular letter (ε or ε?); second, serifed foot 53]., vertical. $\lambda \omega \iota$, λ has not been crossed out; ρ suprascript (by M³?). 55 c..., first, α, δ, λ, χ. of vertical. 7..., first, cap of circular letter; second, cap of ϵ or ϵ . $\ddot{\iota}$, diaeresis by M³. ,π, horizontal level with 56] $\nu\epsilon$, above and to the right of ϵ a suprascript letter, perhaps μ or ν . the letter-tops. a., foot of vertical, then vertical. δι., first o or c; second apparently thin upright, see comm. perhaps left side and upper oblique of v. 58]., horizontal level with the letter-tops. ρ ., o or θ ..., first, ϵ or θ ? 59]., part of oblique sloping down from left to right. o.., t., o or c. 60]..., third, two traces as from the middle of a triangular letter first, top and foot of vertical? 61]....., first, short horizontal at line-level; second, feet of two verticals?; third, $(a, \delta, \lambda, \chi).$

lower arc of ϵ or ϵ ; fourth, part of long descender (ρ or ϕ)?; serifed foot of upright (ι ?); lower arcs of two circular letters. 62], two points of ink at line-level., first, point at line-level; second, lower arc of circular letter; third, ink at line-level, two points (one to left, one to right) on isolated fibres above; fourth, foot of vertical, foot of oblique descending from left to right (together κ ?); sixth, vertical; seventh, vertical; eighth, two verticals, perhaps remains of cross-bar just below the top (i.e. η). Suprascript: σ, , thin oblique descending from left to right (unexplained, accidental?), then top of vertical; point of ink just below the letter-tops. Margin: ..., two traces of ink at linelevel (fibres displaced downward). η., ο or c. 63 vi., first left-hand arc of o, c, ω; second, top and lower arc of circular letter, c most likely. 64]....., first, right-hand end of horizontal. joining next letter, just below the letter-tops; second, ϵ or ϵ ; third, ϵ or θ ?; fourth, long horizontal level with the tops of letters, below the foot of one vertical (?) and the top of a second (i.e. π ?); fifth, K., foot of top of vertical. 66 α.., first perhaps μ; second, lower arc of circular letter. oblique descending from left to right, perhaps another point at line-level before it $(a, \delta, \lambda, \chi)$; more space than appears from the photograph, since the fibres are crushed together. 67 .[], thick trace well above the letter-tops, perhaps elision-mark by M4 ... (κ, first, two uprights, cross-bar at twothirds height, continuing to touch the next trace (\(\gamma\)\); second, oblique descending from left to right, $\theta \epsilon_T$, the accent is a double stroke. o.., first, vertical; foot curving up to touch next letter $(a, \lambda ?)$. second, point of ink level with the letter tops; more space than appears from the photograph, since the fibres are crushed together. 69 c, upper left-hand corner of square. 70], second, remains of two verticals (and an oblique joining them, i.e. ν ?); third, ϵ or possibly θ ; fourth, lower right-hand arc of circular letter? $\epsilon[\theta]$, crossed through and χ suprascript, perhaps by the original scribe (same thickness and colour of ink), perhaps by M2 (letter-form more cursive). remains of top, middle, and foot of ϵ or θ ; further ink to right on distorted fibres might be high stop. 71]..., second perhaps shadowy remains of v; third, left side of circular letter with cross-bar projecting (ϵ, θ) . τ ., point of ink level with the letter-tops; not room for more than ι , even if the fibres are 74]...[, third, top of ϵ or θ . 72 v., high point of ink, stop? or accidental?], outlines of triangular letter $(\alpha, \delta, \lambda, \chi)$, perhaps part of base-line (i.e. δ). $\eta_i^2 \delta$, accent broken, but not apparently diaeresis. δ.., first, remains consistent with top and base of circular letter, or top and left leg of a or λ?; second, very short horizontal level with the letter-tops.] f..., first, vertical, cross-bar extending to right just below the top; at first sight, η , but then the final trace (at line-level) is unexplained; better perhaps ια, the cross-bar of ε continuing across ι to touch α.

82-4 Heavy unexplained ink in the left margin at this level.

89 .[, junction of horizontal at line-level and oblique rising from left to right (δ or ζ). top of vertical. Suprascript (by original scribe? or M2?):].., foot of oblique descending from left to right, joins vertical which perhaps curves rightward at foot and perhaps had a cross-bar at two-thirds 91 voy', possibly o (M2). height. .[, π or τ . 92 av.., second apparently has long descender 93 ναι.., first, part of ε or θ; second, lower part of vertical. (ρ, ϕ) . 96 .. [, vertical; then 99 7.., first, vertical, trace of crossleft side of o or c. 98. α [, first, ϵ or ϵ ?; second, ϵ or θ . bar to right just below the letter-tops; second, foot of oblique descending from left to right, joining 104 δι ,, first, left side of o or c; second, right side of y, vertical. 101 , top of vertical. π or τ. 107 γ., ε or θ?

Fr. 4 2 9., remains of two verticals? ..., two verticals, possibly remains of junction at lower right to suggest ν. ε..., perhaps έ; first trace, vertical? or back of circular letter? 3], serifed foot at line-level, above, end of horizontal just below letter-tops, joining a. ...[, first, part of circular 4] ava, mark like an acute accent high up above the second α. 5]., serifed top of ...[, first, long horizontal e,, tops of two verticals. 4., oblique rising from left to right. level with letter-tops; second, top of vertical. 6]. v, unexplained horizontal trace above v. βλαμμ, above, some letters suprascript (M2?) and then crossed through? The crossing out, and therefore the writing, may extend well to the left (so that the trace above the first v is part of it). The visible letters look like apo_{τ} ...[, the first perhaps τ (or π ?) 7]'., first, a flat top (if a vowel, € or o); second, upper arc of circular letter. ... [, first, vertical, perhaps branching at the top (i.e. v).

1-19 Descendants of Dorus? Dorus, Xuthus, and Aeolus are named (in this order) in Hes. fr. 9. 2 MW. Since 20-4 probably deal with the family of Xuthus, and 25 ff. certainly deal with the family of Aeolus, there is a good chance that 1-19, or the latter part of them, refer to the family of Dorus. And in fact his son and grandsons do appear in 10 and 7. We infer that 1-5 may, and 11-19 must, concern themselves with Dorus or his descendants.

The mythographers credit Dorus with two sons, Aegimius (Diod. 4. 58. 6) and Tectamus/Teutamus (Diod. 4. 60. 2; on the forms of the name, RE under Teutamos, 1); Nonnus mentions a daughter Iphthime (Diom. 14. 114 f.). Aegimius has his place below (10); so perhaps does Iphthime (13); there is nothing that certainly relates to Tectamus or his Cretan kingdom or his son Asterius (who married

Europa and adopted her sons Minos, Rhadamanthys, and Sarpedon).

1-5 The fixed points here are Olympus, Argos, and the future tense in 5. Dorus has no place in Argos; but he may have married the daughter of its king Phoroneus (see below); he is the eponym of its Dorian conquerors; and Hyllus, whom his son Aegimius adopted, is the ancestor of the Dorian kings of Argos. We guess, then, that these lines contain a narrative, or (given the future tense) a prophecy, of the Dorian conquest of Argos; I may then refer to the Dorians' old home around Mt. Olympus.

1]: the second trace suggests ν or α. The possibilities include -ον (e.g. μακρ]ον) and αν' (West, to avoid the breach of Hermann's Bridge); καὶ is not excluded, though the first trace does not favour it.

ε....ν: substantial traces remain of the second letter; the rest is vestigial. ἔχουςν looks better
than ἐφιρον; both suit the space, but the vertical spacing of the traces, and the shape of the upper trace
(a horizontal serif?) suggest χ more than ν.

Who is the subject? (a) The gods, οἱ "Ολυμπον ἔχουςι (Hom., Il. v 404 and often). (b) The Dorians. ἐπὶ μὲν γὰρ Δευκαλίωνος βαςιλέος οἰκες (sc. τὸ Δωρκοὺ γένος) γῆν τὴν Φθιῶτιν, ἐπὶ δὲ Δώρου τοῦ Ἑλληνος τὴν ὑπὸ τὴν "Οςςαν τε καὶ τὸν "Ολυμπον χώρην, καλεομένην δὲ 'Ιςτιαιῶτιν Herod. i 56; cf. Hes. fr. 7. 3 MW (Magnes and Macedon, cousins of Dorus) οἱ περὶ Πιερίην καὶ "Όλυμπον δώματ" ἔναιον.

(a) looks more likely in itself, because similar formulae are so common; the gods may (for example) have promoted the Dorian advance. (b) fits the conjectured context more closely; if έχουςω is right, we

must assume that this is all part of a speech (5 note).

2]εc or]oc. If the latter, a name, or διοτρεφέ]oc.

3]ονον rather than] ενον. e.g. πολύν χρ]όνον.

4] ερας: the trace is too small to limit the possibilities (e.g. ἀ]νέρας, μη]τέρας, δ]αέρας; γέρας, πέρας, τέρας; even a 'Doric' accusative -ρᾶς, cf. fr. 150. 15 MW).

5]oc rather than]ec.

The future verb has to be explained. Was it a comment of the poet's? or part of a speech, as at Hes. fr. 31. 1-4 MW (Poseidon to Tyro)? One guess would be $\kappa\lambda\ell$] or $\tilde{\epsilon}\kappa\epsilon\epsilon\tau\alpha\iota$; this phrase and similar ones do occur commonly in speeches (Hom., Od. xxiv 94; II. ii 325, vii 451, Od. xxiv 196; at Hes. fr. 70. 7 MW the context is uncertain, at HH Apoll. 156, where the poet himself speaks, the context is different.)

6 ff. Aegimius and his sons (6 probably belongs with what follows, since the scribe wrote no stop at the end). If the birth of the sons is announced here for the first time, supplement e.g. [Αἰγιμοῦ δὲ βίη δουμαλειτοῦ βαρ[μῆρο | [γεὐτατ' ἐνὶ μεγάροια κτλ (West).

6 βac]μλῆος would suit the trace. If that is right, the apparent grave accent on the last syllable (written by the second hand) must be a mistake or an accident.

7 Sons of Aegimius: e.g. Δύμαντά τε] Πάμφυλόν τε.

8] $\epsilon_{i,i,j,j,j,\ell} = \epsilon_{i,i,j,\ell} = \epsilon_{i,i,\ell}$ (not δ); after $\pi \epsilon_{i,\ell}$ perhaps $\epsilon_{i,\ell}$ and the first part of γ or π ; before $\epsilon_{i,\ell}$ an upright. This gives $-\theta \epsilon_{i,\ell}$ (for $-\theta \epsilon_{i,\ell}$? cf. 4, where perhaps

αργεί was written, 74) την περι.[...].c.

9 Perhaps θεῶν βαζί)λεια καὶ ἀνδρῶν. This precise title of Hera is not attested elsewhere (βαζίλεια alone, HHom. xii τ etc.); it follows the pattern of the masculine accusative θεῶν βαζιλῆα καὶ ἀνδρῶν (Hes. Theog. 897; dative, 923). Prof. West suggests that 8–9 refer to Aegimius' wife (no source records her name), on these lines: (8) [μιςγόμενος ΨΨ – -]θέζ, τὴν περὶ π[άς]ης | (9) [ἡλικίης ἐφίληςε (οτ τίμηςε) θεῶν βαζί]λεια καὶ ἀνδρῶν.

10] μ , $\nu \sigma c$: the second letter has been corrected; above it, the lower part of a circle, written in lighter ink. One possibility is $\kappa \rho \alpha \tau \epsilon \rho \sigma \nu$] $\mu \tilde{\epsilon} \nu \sigma c$ (Hes. frr. 14. 4?, 33(a). 34, 252. 6 MW). But the shortmark would be unexpectedly deep; and in any case has no obvious function here. We therefore prefer

to take it as part of a suprascript omicron. In that case the final version was -μονος, i.e. ἀμύ]μονος Αλγιμοῦο or the like.

13 ff. The context shows, that the Nymphs, Satyrs, and Curetes (17-19) somehow derived from the family of Dorus. In trying to determine the precise connection we have three pieces of evidence:

(a) Strab. 10. 3. 19 p. 471 Ἡ τίοδος μὲν γὰρ † ἐκατέρω καὶ τῆς Φορωνέως θυγατρὸς πέντε γενέςθαι θυγατέρας φηςίν, Ἦξ ὧν ο ζό) ρειω νύμφω θεαὶ ζέξ) εγένοντο κτλ (=17-19). The corrupt ἐκατέρω stands in all MSS: Ἐκατέρον $(n^2 B^2,$ according to Lasserre) and Ἑκαταίον (Med. plut. 28. 40, according to Kramer) are clearly conjectures.

(b) P. Vindob. Gr. inv. 26727, published by Sijpesteijn and Worp in Chron. d'Ég. 97–8 (1974) 318, a papyrus of ii AD which lists the members of various mythological families:

(5) θυγα] τέρες αὶ τοῖς θεοῖς μ[ιχθεῖςαι? νύμφας καὶ

(6) Κουρήτ]ας καὶ ζατύρους ἐγέν[νηςαν

(7)] (νας.) αχλαυη (νας.) ουκαλεουςα.[(8)]μηι (νας.)

It might be expected that the name of the father (and mother?) stood at the beginning of 5; and that 7-8 named the daughters (five in number, according to (a): there is clearly room for five names, although the line-length cannot be precisely determined). In fact, 7 does seem to give names in the nominative, though in corrupt form $(A\gamma \omega i\eta \circ A\gamma \lambda \alpha i\rho \eta)$? $Oin \alpha \lambda i \gamma i \gamma i$ and 8, if the iota adscript is false, can conveniently be restored as $^{1}i \rho i \rho i \gamma i$ below.

(c) Nonnus, Dion. xiv 105 ff. catalogues the leaders of the Satyrs:

(112) εὐν δὲ Φερεεπόνδῳ Λύκος ἤιεν, ἢχέτα κῆρυξ, καὶ Πρόνομος πραπίδεςςι κεκαςμένος, οὖς τέκεν 'Ερμῆς 'Ιφθίμην κρυφίοιςιν ὑποζεύξας ὑμεναίοις,

(115) τήν ποτε Δώρος ἔτικτε, Διὸς βλάςτημα γενέθλης, ρίζα γονῆς Ελληνος κτλ

(Pherespondus and Iphthime again in xviii 313-15). The names of the Satyrs may be invented for the occasion. But the passage does provide a plausible link between the Satyrs and the family of Dorus.

These three sources could easily be combined. Dorus married a daughter of Phoroneus (a: emend $\delta \kappa a r \epsilon \rho \omega$ to $\delta \kappa A \omega \delta \rho \omega$); he had five daughters (a), whose names were X, Y, Iphthime (b?, c), Agaue? (b) and Ucalegousa? (b); these mated with gods (b) and gave birth to Nymphs, Satyrs, and Curetes (a, b); in particular, Iphthime mated with Hermes and gave birth to Satyrs (c).

(Nothing is recorded elsewhere about this marriage, or any marriage, of Dorus. But there would be a clear purpose in marrying him to Phoroneus' daughter: it provides a link between pre-Dorian and Dorian Argos, and (through Hyllus) a legitimation of the Temenid kings as descendants of the Inachids. Notice that lines 1-5 also anticipate the Dorians' arrival in Argos.)

Even if this construction is correct, we have no means of telling what exactly occurred in our poem. But it is tempting to suppose that 13-14 listed the five daughters, with 13 κa | i^* I^* $f \phi \beta (I) \mu \eta \nu$ [00--.] But of course, $i \phi \beta (I) \mu \gamma \nu$ may be simply an epithet. (The minimal traces at the end of 14 could easily be read $O[\frac{1}{2} \kappa \alpha] (i \gamma \nu \alpha \nu)$

17-19 = Hes. fr. 123 MW. The papyrus confirms the correction of Koraes in 17 ἐξεγένοντο (ἐγένοντο codd.); and shows that Sittl was wrong to treat the first line as prose, and ascribe the rest to the poem on the Idaean Dactyls (fr. 282 MW).

20-4 Descendants of Xuthus. Xuthus married Creusa, daughter of Erechtheus, and fathered Achaeus and Ion (Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 3); he also had a daughter Diomede (ibid. i 9. 4). Since Diomede occurs in 24, and Έρε]χθήσε is an unavoidable supplement in 21, the subject of these lines is virtually certain.

20 ἐπή]ρατον (fr. 25. 39 MW etc.) οτ πολυή]ρατον (Theog. 908; fr. 17(a). 7 MW). Prof. West restores e.g. Σούθος δὲ Κρείουςαν ἐπή]ρατον είδος ἔχ[ουςαν], [[κούρην - ω - v Ερε]χθήος θείοιο κτλ.

21 For this ending cf. Scut. 138.

23 The sons must come here. End perhaps $A_{\chi a \iota \acute{o} \nu} \tau \epsilon \kappa \hbar v]_{T\acute{o} \pi \omega \grave{h} \wp \nu}$. Beginning then e.g. $\mathring{\eta}$ οί *Ιωνά τε δίον (West).

κλυ]τόπωλον: the word does not occur elsewhere in Hesiod or his fragments; in Homer only of Hades; Pind. fr. 243 SM of Poseidon.

24 καὶ εὐε] εδέα Διομήδην (καὶ Theog. 354; καὶ 250)? If there was only one daughter, beginning e.g.

γείνατ' ένὶ μεγάροιει (West). The descendants of Diomede are passed over here (Apollod, Bibl. i 9, 4); her daughter Asterodeia fr. 58, 8 f. MW.

25 ff. Descendants of Acolus. 26-8 list of sons. 33-4 list of daughters, who are then treated in detail: 35-57 Perimede, 58 ff. Calyce, 89 (or before)-98 Alcyone, 99 ff. Pisidice, 102 ?? Canace (if not here, then later; or earlier, after Calyce).

25-7 = Hes. fr. 10 MW.

28 Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 3 names the remaining sons as Máynyc and Δημών (other references: RE under Aiolos (1) 1039): e.g. Μάγνης τ' ἀντίθεος Δημών]τ' ἀ. ἀ.? (Δῆμων apparent) at Hes. fr. 26. 29 MW; δημων adjective at ll. ii 544 and often. But he might have appeared as Δημονεώς', West.) But Hes. fr. γ MW, as Prof. West points out, calls Magnes the son of Zeus and Thyia. Therefore either the Hesiodic poems contained two different accounts of Magnes (fr. 7 is not quoted from any particular poem), or some other name completed the list here (see RE l.c. for Aethlius, Cerphius, and Mimas).

29-30 These sons grew up in their father's house, and had children of their own.

30 κύδιμα: in Homer and Hesiod the word occurs only as an epithet of Hermes.

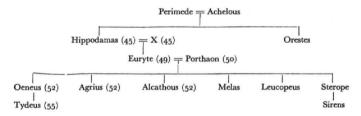
31-4 His wife also bore Aeolus five daughters.

31 e.g. [τοὺς δὲ μέτ' (or αὖτις δ' West) Αίναρέτη τέκεν Αίόλωι] εὐνη[θ]εῖς[a. For the wife's name see Preller-Robert, Gr. Myth. π i 52 n. 5.

32 e.g. [ἰφθίμους κούρας, πολυήρ]ατον ε. ε. (West).

33-4 e.g. [Άλκυόνην και Πειειδίκη]ν, Χ[αρ]ίτεςειν όμοίας, | [και Καλύκην Κανάκην τε και ε]θειδέ[α] Ηεριμήδην.

35-57 Perimede and her descendants. The genealogy is given by Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 3 and i 7. 10, in this form:



The poet seems to follow the same pattern of generations. He gives details about the marriage of Perimede and about her children, which we have failed to reconstruct (37-44); they must include the birth of Hippodamas. He provides a brother for Euryte (49), and perhaps different names for her youngest sons (53-4).

35 ff. 'The structure must be "To her Achelous made love; and she was living (or delivered, cf. fr. 5 MW) in the house of..., the notable squire who dwelt by..., rich in flocks" (West).

36 ἐν ὑψηλοῖει δόμοιει II. vi 503, Hes. fr. 129. 4 MW. The papyrus apparently has]λοί, not]λοῖ.

37]oc: proper name? or e.g. διοτρεφέ]oc.

38 γαιετάαςκεν: γαιετάαςκον less likely.

Col. ii

39a The line was added in the upper margin by M4, and must therefore have been omitted somewhere in the body of the column. We assume that the flourish in the left-hand margin of 42–3 is a caret-mark; in which case 39a belongs between 42 and 43. On caret-marks see S. Daris, Stud. Pap. 7 (1968) 7–22 (various shapes), E. A. Lowe, Palaeographic Papers ii 356–8 (anchor-shape only); our mark would be a variation of the semi-circular form found in P. Oxy. I 16, P. Lit. Lond. 131 and elsewhere (cf. P. Ryl. I 16. 1 n.).

39 Hes. Op. [120] ἀφνειοὶ μήλοιει, φίλοι μακάρετει θεοῖει. Hes. fr. 240. 1–2 MW Ἐλλοπίη . . . ἀφνειὴ μήλοιει καὶ εἰλιπόδετει βόετειν.

41 If κουρητ....[, the only possibilities seem to be κούρη τ' (or τ-), and parts of Κουρήτ and Κουρήτ εc. 43-4 Perhaps καὶ τὴν μὲ[ν... | ἤρωῖ πτο [λιπόρθωι, 'Her he (her father) gave in marriage to ... the hero, sacker of cities.'

45-52 The lacuna in the middle of these lines (between fr. 2 and fr. 3) can be estimated with reasonable accuracy from the certain supplement in 52.

45 Perhaps αὐτὰρ ὁ or αὐτὰρ ὁ χ' ἐπ[(Hippodamas?). End ἐπ- or πολυ-, see 20 n.

46 Perhaps ήχάχετο [νν - ποτί δώμα]τα ήχήεντα (West).

47–8 This Antimachus is otherwise unknown. The pattern might be $\frac{\pi}{\eta} \delta^{\gamma}$ ὑποκυεα[μένη μεγαλήτ]ορα ποιμένα λαῶν $[λντίμαχρν [τέκε παίδα (West; this precise supplement looks a little short for the gap); or (assuming another unknown son, with a name of the shape <math>\frac{\pi}{\eta} \delta^{\gamma}$ ὑποκυεα $[μένη τέκε(ν) - ν]_ρα ποιμένα λαῶν <math>[λντίμαχρν [τε ἀνακτα.]$

49-55 = Hes. fr. 11 MW = P. Oxy. 2075 fr. 2.

49 Εὐρείτην: Εὐρύτη in Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 10. The middle syllable is lengthened, to avoid an intractable cretic (W. Schulze, Qu. Ep. 289 ff.); there was also the analogy of εὔρυτος/εὖρ(ρ)είτης. The original scribe wrote ευρρ; the fourth hand deleted the first rho.

[έλικοβ λέφαρο]ν κτλ: the supplement suits the space very well; but the reading relies on the

familiar formula, since all the dotted letters are vestigial.

50], ιου: the trace (a point of ink at half-height on the edge) is indecisive. Our only idea is Πλευρω]γίου, which fits the space precisely. Porthaon was the son of Agenor, who was the son of Pleuron (Apollod. Bibl. i 7, 7); for the patronymic adjective compare II. xi 591 Τελαμώνιον υίον, Od. iii 190 Ποιάντιον

1600.

51 The sense required is clear, 'She gave birth to blameless sons.' The first difficulty lies in placing]. εγεινα[, i.e. (ἐ)γείνατ(ο), provided by P. Oxy., between the beginning and end provided by P. Leid. Two different patterns might be thought of: (a) ἢ δ' ἄρ' ἐγείνατο παίδας, (b) ἢ δ' ἄρα παίδας ἐγείνατ. Against (a) is the spacing in P. Oxy.: seven or eight letters must have preceded εγεινα, as appears from 49-50, and that is long for a single trochee. We therefore assume (b). The obvious guesses are ἢ δὴ παίδας ἐγείνατ' and ἢ οί π. ἐ. (the second better suited to the spacing in P. Oxy.). The remains in P. Leid. seem not to allow δη (the base of delta would be too high; and eta much too narrow, even allowing for the vertical crease which intersects nu in ονν below); they do seem to allow δη οισανδο[,

which we print.

53 ff. There are two related difficulties here. (a) Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 10 names five sons; the first three fit neatly into 52; Melas and Leucopeus remain. The list might be completed in 53 and 54, each of which mentions a male. In 53 we could write καὶ Μέλαν Ἰππόδαμον δενιβάς ἀκόρητον ἀὐτῆς (this suits the spacing in both papyri; for the final tag see Scut. 459, Il. xiii 621). But in 54 there is no room for Leucopeus. If the supplement ὁπλό]τατοι is right (Merkelbach and West; a little short for the space in P. Oxy., but not enough to exclude it), we see nothing for it but ὁπλότατοι δὲ Πινλί γνέν[ετ] ἐν μεγάρων ἐϋπῆκτων. Pylas, Pylos, and Pylon are all possible names, but none is attested for this group (a different Pylos in 69 ff.?). (b) If 52–4 list only sons of Porthaon, it was they or some of them that Tydeus killed. It is indeed said elsewhere that he killed one uncle: Agrius (Antonin. Lib. 37), Alcathous (Apollod. Bibl. i 8. 5), Melas (accidentally: Schol. T Il. xiv 114). But the demonstrably older accounts refer to the sons of Melas or of Agrius (Alcmaeonis, fr. 4 Ki. = FGrH 3 F 122(a); Pherecydes FGrH 3 F 122(b) with Schol. T Il. xiv 114). There is then the possibility that 53–4 listed sons of Agrius, δε τέκεν Ἰππόδαμον κτλ. But if 54 ὁπλότατοι is right, at least three sons must have been named; and we see no way of fitting two names into 53. We therefore discount this possibility; and conclude that 53–4 named sons of Porthaon, one of them at least different from Apollodorus' list.

55-65 = fr. 14 MW = P. Oxy. 2483 fr. 1 col. i; 92-103 = fr. 16 = ibid. col. ii. P. Leid. now allows to correct a mistake in the publication of P. Oxy. 2483. This papyrus consists of two fragments (see P. Oxy. XXVIII pl. i), which are joined in such a way that between i 8 = P.Leid 63 and i 10 = P.Leid 63 there is space for (and the final trace of) a whole line. We have re-examined the original, and it seems to us clear that the join is false; the fibres match better, and the initial traces of col. ii fit better, if the left-hand fragment is placed one line lower in relation to the right-hand fragment. Thus 'i 9' ceases to exist (the final trace belongs to nu in the line above), and so does 'ii 'i, 'i no' follows directly

on 'i 8', as it does in P. Leid.

55 e.g. τοὺς μέν ρ' (illogical, since Oeneus was not killed)? τῶν μέν ρ' (then the names, or a limiting

phrase, must follow in 56)? τοῦ μέν ρ' · · · υἶας ὑπερφιάλους (this at least makes Tydeus kill his cousins, as in the Alcmaeonis and in Pherecydes)?

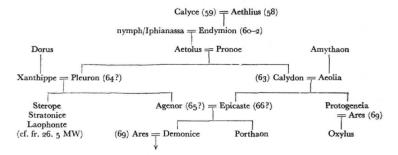
57] .c: apparently a vertical, with a hair-line horizontal extending to the left near the top. But]ηc runs foul of the metre, and]ιc of the grammar. It may be that, e.g., κάρ]γο is possible (omicron with flattened right side, as in 64 νατο; the horizontal of tau continuing through the top of omicron to make a right-angle join, as in 66 πολυ). In that case West suggests, e.g., όττι βίνη καὶ κάρ]γος κτλ.

58-75 The first letter or letters of most of these lines are preserved in fr. 1 col. ii. Given the wide gap between fr. 1 and fr. 3, the relative alignment of beginnings and ends is not absolutely certain. What we give seems to us the most likely, provided that the relative placing of fr. 1 and fr. 2 (by fibre-match at the level of line 41) is correct. It also suits the sense in 65 f. and 73, unlike the alternative

placing one line lower.

58 ff. Calyce and her descendants. The key here is 62. We had considered the possibility that this continues the story of Tydeus: he himself forfeited the gift of immortality, and asked that it be transferred to his son Diomedes (Pind. Nem. 10. 7; Roscher, Tydeus 1396). But one authority, in quoting 62, refers it directly to Endymion. If we accept that, then 58-9 must record the marriage of Endymion's parents, Calyce and Aethlius.

The genealogy is given by Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 5-7 in this form:



58 e.g. αὐτὰρ Ἀεθλίοο West (perhaps a little short for the space).

59 Calyce. E.g. εὐειδέα Καλύκην West.

60 e.g. ή δέ τέκ' 'Ενδυμίωνα].

61 e.g. τον δέ Ζεύς τίμης], cf. Theog. 399.

62 = fr. 245 MW is δ' αὐτῷ θανάτου ταμίης; Schol. AR iv 58 paraphrases the same words, in summarizing Hesiod's account of Endymion. It is clear that 62 overlaps and completes this citation, with a minor variation in word-order. The second hand has added two corrections or variants. In the right margin, θανάτου ταμίης; therefore the main text had some other reading; but it did not simply omit ταμίης, as the line-length shows; we conclude that it had ταμίη]ς θανάτου in inverse order (the small trace before θανάτου allows]ε). Above γήραος, κοίρανος: an inferior variant, derived from a common line-end (frr. 195. 7, 308 MW, HH Cer. 97): it is essential to the Endymion story that he was ageless as well as deathless.

63 Calydon was the grandson of Endymion, through Aetolus, according to Apollodorus; the son of Endymion according to others (Steph. Byz. s.v.). Aetolus could appear here at the beginning of 63:

τ[οῦ δ' ἡν Αἰτωλός, τοῦ] δ' αν West. The traces before Καλυδών are quite indecisive.

64 e.g. Πλευρών δ' αίχμητ]ής (a little long for the gap). In], c, eta seems to be the only long vowel that suits the trace. The final tag is elsewhere (Il., Od., Scut. 182) preceded by a patronymic; that would be superfluous here, unless extended to a remoter ancestor (Αιολίδ]ης).

65 .[: apparently ε or θ. At the end Αχήγορα (son of Pleuron) rather than αχήγορα?

66 We do not understand the paragraphos above this line. It might indicate a new section, as at fr. 25, 34 MW (the poet finishes with the descendants of Althaea, and turns to her sister Hypermestra). But here, so far as we can see, the story of Calyce's descendants continues; and before 99, where a new section does begin, there seems to be no paragraphos.

]πλόκαμος: most likely έυ- οτ καλλι-.

Πολυκάςτη: no Polycaste listed in Roscher belongs to this family. Either she is an unknown; or she is a variant of Epicaste, cousin and wife of Agenor. If the second, 66-8 might refer to her parentage (ΔΙολίας δ' ἄρ' ἔην καλλι]ηλόκαμρο Πολυκάςτη | ἥ[ν ϫϫ - ϫϫ - Καλυδών] κρατέρός τε μ[έ]χας τέ), 69-70 to her sister Protogeneia (mother by Ares of Oxylus).

67] [].. ἐκτωρ: our only idea is ωςτ] 'ηλέκτωρ. The objections to this are strong: (a) the apostrophe, though a convenient interpretation of the high anomalous trace, stands rather far to the left; (b) we should expect τεύχει παιμφαίνων ὧςτ' ηλέκτωρ (II. vi 513, xix 398), but the initial trace certainly excludes τ[ευχει. But ἔκτωρ, Έκτωρ, and δέκτωρ seem even more intractable.

69 τή[ν is one possibility.

70]...ς: apparently] , ηθος (the first trace minimal). If the girl was the subject of ἔχεςκς, rather than Ares (cf. 50), perhaps δθ' ήβης] ἄνθος ἔχεςκς or the like (II. xix 484, HH Cer. 108, Theog. 988).

71 ff. It is possible, given the uncertainties, that these lines continue the descendants of Endymion. Demodice (Demonice in Apollodorus), daughter of Agenor, appears in fr. 22 MW; this cannot be attached here (there is a superficial similarity between fr. 22. 2 and 74, but fr. 22. 1 and 73 seem quite incompatible), and there is hardly room for it in 75 ff. (certainly not, if we are right in placing our fr. 4 as 83-9; probably not in any case, since the story of Demodice must have continued some way after fr. 22. 9 MW, and the story of Alcyone must have begun some way before 89). Either she was postponed, or she appeared twice.

Another possibility is, that the third sister, Alcyone, begins here. The pattern would be: $r[\hat{\eta}\gamma \delta \hat{\epsilon} \sim -\infty - K\bar{\eta}\nu \hat{\xi} \theta a\lambda e p]\hat{\eta} \theta \hat{\xi}^{\mu} \hat{\epsilon} \delta cotw \mid A[\lambda \kappa \nu \nu \nu, \hat{\eta} \hat{\epsilon} \delta c \hat{\epsilon} \rho \hat{\eta} \mu \nu \nu]$ devarquew (fir. 23(a). 16, 180. 14 MW; restored fir. 23(a). 10, 35. 12, 36. 3). $\hat{\delta} c [\hat{\rho}' \hat{\epsilon} \delta \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \rho \hat{\eta} \mu \nu \nu]$ devarquew (fir. 23(a). 10, 35. 12, 36. 3). $\hat{\delta} c [\hat{\rho}' \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu \hat{\epsilon} \nu]$ (II. xx 220, 233). In that case the account of Alcyone and Ceyx, down to their metamorphosis, would occupy 19 lines. Is that likely? Hesiod told the version of the story in which Alcyone and Ceyx called one another Zeus and Hera, and were punished for their insolence (the versions are discussed by Brooks Otis, Ovid as an Epie Pvel* (1970) 421 ff.): see fr. 15 MW, and P. Mich. inv. 1447* 14 ff. (Dictionary of Metamorphoses, published by T. T. Renner, HSCP 82 (1978) 291):

Αλκυόνην την Αίδλου έγημε Κηῖμε ὁ Φωφό.

(15) ρου τοῦ ἀστέρος υἰός. ἄμφω δὶ ἦτα[ν ὑπερη]φα[νοι, ἀλλλήλων δὶ ἐρασθέντες η[...], α, [.], [.] ρνα[....
Δία κα[λ]εῖ, αὐτὴν (αὐτὴν ?) "Ηραν προςηχό[ρε]νεν. ἐφ' [ὧι ὁργιςθεῖ[ς] ὁ Ζεὸς μετεμόρφωςεν ἀμφοτέρους [εἰς ὁρνεςθα[ς] ὁ ἀ' Ηςἰοδος ἐν Γυνικών Καταλόγωι.

On the face of it there is not enough picturesque detail here (as there is in the story of Salmoneus, fr. 30 MW) to fill out a long passage. But the argument is plainly insecure.

71]ην likely, e.g. θαλερ]ήν West.

74 Αηθόμεια (West) suits the remains (δηΐ for δηῖ, as in 8?). The name is not otherwise known in this context.

75 We assume that this was the last line of the column, only because it ranges with the last line of col. i; there is no clear free margin below. Col. i then had 38 lines, col. ii 37. Such variations are common enough.

83-9 See on fr. 4 below.

go $\mu \notin \mathcal{F}$: if this reading of the suprascript word is right, we have the fourth stroke only of mu, and the back and lower curve of epsilon.

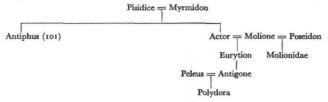
πο [: the trace looks like the upper part of a vertical, e.g. καὶ τὴν μὲν ποί[ητε πατὴρ ἀνδρῶν τε θ εῶν τε, cf. fr. 205. 3–5 MW.

91 $\eta \tau(\epsilon)$? 'Who shuns the haunts of men and dwells (nests) on the water'.

92-103 = fr. 16 MW = P. Oxy. 2483 fr. 1 col. ii. P. Leid. is much damaged, so that many lines can be read only with the help of P. Oxy.

97 f. κλ[λ]ά [Διὸς κρυπ,τὸς πέλεται νόος, οὐδέ τις ἀνδρῶν | φράςςαςθα[ι δύ,ναται West (ap. MW).

99 ff. Pisidice and her descendants. A genealogy can be assembled from Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 3, i 8. 2, ii 7. 2, iii 13. 1:



For Molione and her sons, see frr. 17-18 MW; for Polydora fr. 213.

99 e.g. την δ' αψ Μ[υρμι]δόνος κρατερον μένος ἀντιθέοιο West (ap. MW).

101 e.g. ιη δ' έτεκ' Άν[τιφ,ον υία καὶ Άκτορα West (ap. MW).

102 ἢ δέ: we have considered three candidates: Molione, wife of Actor son of Pisidice, mother by Poseidon of the Molionidae (frr. 17–18 MW); Canace, fifth daughter of Aeolus, mother by Poseidon of Hopleus, Nireus, Epopeus, Aloeus, and Triops (Apollod. Bibl. i 7. 4); Iphimedeia, daughter of Triops and wife of Aloeus, mother by Poseidon of the Aloadae (fr. 19 MW). Aioλίc (103) suits Canace; δίο τέκε (104) suggests Molione or Iphimedeia (but then we do not see how the transition was managed).

103 Ajolic: the last trace suits c better than o (not δ); then perhaps η or η . P. Oxy. was read as

αιολιο (-ιc coni. West).

105 Perhaps $\pi \rho[\delta] \varsigma$, hardly $\tau \rho[\delta] \varsigma$. Then possibly δ , i.e. $\delta(\delta)$.

106 Possibly χε[ί] ματο δ[

107 Read by Prof. West.

Fr. 4. It would be economical, if this fragment too belonged to col. iii; if it does belong, it must have stood at the top (in lines 76-89) or the foot (lines 105-112), since its line-ends clearly do not match any of the line-beginnings 90-104. But we have found no clear fibre-correspondences to place it.

We prefer (a). If it is right, fir. 1-3.90 follows fr. 4. 7 with little or no interval, so that fr. 4 = frr.

1-3. 82-8 or 83-9, see 7 n.
2 Perhaps] χαλκόν (εὐ-, παγ- etc.). Armour? The sources do not represent Ceyx as imitating

thunder, in the way of Salmoneus (fr. 30. 5, 7 MW).

4 ηλήετα: here a later hand wrote a rough breathing (in 46 the traces are confused). Compare P. Oxy. 2079 fr. 1 (= Call. fr. 1 Pf). 29 ηλον; contrast Herodian ii 2 904. 27 f. L., and the normal practice of the medieval MSS. The rough breathing seems to stand in some relation to the original digamma (Chantraine, Gr. Hom. i 139 f.), or to the hiatus which resulted from the loss of it.

5 e.g. τερπό]μενοι (Od. v 227 τερπέςθην φιλότητι, Il. iii 441 etc.).

6 βεβλαμμέν[ο likely. Supplement from Theognis 723. Above βλαμμ, something suprascript and then crossed out; see the critical note.

7]΄. ησεν: νεμ]έςησεν likely (not ε]γήησεν, excluded both by the initial trace and by the placing of the accent). Before that, e.g., τοὺς δὲ ἰδών, to explain the ἀπό following. We have guessed that this

line comes immediately before, or not long before, fir. 1–3. 90; and fir. 1–3. 89 probably begins with δ or ζ [. Prof. West therefore suggests writing 89 $Z[\epsilon \psi c \ \delta \epsilon \ l \delta \dot{\omega} \nu \nu \epsilon \mu] f c \eta c \epsilon \nu$; or 88 $\tau o \psi c \ \delta \epsilon \ l \delta \dot{\omega} \nu$, 89 $Z[\epsilon \psi c \ b \psi \nu \beta \rho \epsilon \mu \epsilon \tau \eta c$.

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2 ALCAEUS

P. Daris inv. 98

cm 2,4×3,5

Secolo primo a. C.

Frammento di papiro (inv. n. 98 della mia collezione) dal formato rettangolare, con una appendice in basso a destra, che ne prolunga l'altezza per una striscia molto sottile, danneggiata dal distacco delle fibre di superficie, lungo le quali correva la scrittura.

Il frustulo dalle dimensioni tanto ridotte non apparirebbe meritevole di una qualche considerazione, se, nelle quattro righe frammentarie leggibili, non fosse possibile individuare un passo di Alceo. I versi conservati nelle righe 2–4 del nuovo papiro si identificano con i versi citati alle righe 25–27 del frammento 77 di P. Oxy. 2506 (S 280 Page, Alc. fr. 306 A b Voigt).

Sarebbe sin troppo facile constatare che il minuscolo pezzo di papiro non accresce di molto le nostre conoscenze né risponde ai numerosi interrogativi suscitati dal testo di Alceo nella particolare tradizione di P. Oxy. 2506. Il frammento si segnala perciò non tanto per il quasi irrilevante recupero di qualche brandello di verso, quanto perchè documenta l'appartenenza del componimento alla raccolta dei versi di Alceo, nella edizione nota all'Egitto tolemaico-romano.

La scrittura è di dimensioni piccole, rotonda, di spessore uniforme, rigorosamente bilineare, con apici ornamentali alle estremità delle singole lettere. Ricorda, da una parte, l'Apollodoro di Colonia (P. Köln inv. 5604, edito in Collectanea Papyrologica 1, tav. I e III c) e, dall'altra, P. Ryl. 586 (Roberts, GLH 8 a), dell'anno 99 a. C.; le affinità con i due testi consigliano di proporre il secolo I a. C. quale epoca di preparazione del manoscritto. Il verso è bianco.

