



Universiteit
Leiden
The Netherlands

How jihadist networks operate: a grounded understanding of changing organizational structures, activities, and involvement mechanisms of jihadist networks in the Netherlands

Bie, J.L. de

Citation

Bie, J. L. de. (2016, April 14). *How jihadist networks operate: a grounded understanding of changing organizational structures, activities, and involvement mechanisms of jihadist networks in the Netherlands*. Retrieved from <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/38841>

Version: Corrected Publisher's Version

License: [Licence agreement concerning inclusion of doctoral thesis in the Institutional Repository of the University of Leiden](#)

Downloaded from: <https://hdl.handle.net/1887/38841>

Note: To cite this publication please use the final published version (if applicable).

Cover Page



Universiteit Leiden



The handle <http://hdl.handle.net/1887/38841> holds various files of this Leiden University dissertation

Author: Bie, Jasper L. de

Title: How jihadist networks operate : a grounded understanding of changing organizational structures, activities, and involvement mechanisms of jihadist networks in the Netherlands.

Issue Date: 2016-04-14

References

R

- Abbas, T., & Yigit, I.H. (2014). Perspectives on Ethno-National Conflict Among Kurdish Families With Members in the PKK. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, ahead of print, 1-19.
- Acharya, A. (2009). Small amounts for big bangs? Rethinking responses to "low cost" terrorism. *Journal of Money Laundering Control*, 12, 285-298.
- Ackerman, G.A., & Pinson, L.E. (2014). An army of one: Assessing CBRN pursuit and use by lone wolves and autonomous cells. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(1), 226-245.
- AFP [Australian Federal Police] (2015, January 20). Statement regarding changes to threat assessment for police. AFP. Retrieved from <http://www.afp.gov.au/media-centre/news/afp/2015/january/media-statement-changes-to-threat-assessment-for-police.aspx>
- Agnew, R. (2010). A general strain theory of terrorism. *Theoretical Criminology*, 14(2), 131-153.
- AIVD [Dutch Intelligence Agency] (2014). *Jaarverslag 2013 [Year report, 2013]*. The Hague: Ministry of Interior.
- AIVD [Dutch Intelligence Agency] (2015). *Jaarverslag 2014 [Year report, 2014]*. The Hague: Ministry of Interior.
- Akers, R.L. (1973). *Deviant behavior: A social learning approach*. Belmont, MA: Wadsworth.
- Akers, R.L., & Silverman, A. (2004). Toward a social learning model of violence and terrorism. In M.A. Zahn, H.H. Brownstein & S.L. Jackson (Eds.), *Violence: From theory to research* (pp. 19-30). New York, NY: Routledge.
- Ajzen, I., & Fishbein, M. (2005). The influence of attitudes on behavior. In D. Albarracín, B.T. Johnson & M.P. Zanna (Eds.), *The handbook of attitudes* (pp. 173-221). New York, NY: Psychology Press.
- Albanese, J.S. (2000). The Causes of Organized Crime Do Criminals Organize Around Opportunities for Crime or Do Criminal Opportunities Create New Offenders? *Journal of Contemporary Criminal Justice*, 16(4), 409-423.
- Althoff, M. (2013). Multiple Identities and Crime: A Study of Antillean Women and Girls in the Netherlands. *European Journal of Criminology*, 10(4), 394-407.
- Antonopoulos, G.A. (2007). Cigarette smugglers: A note on four 'unusual suspects'. *Global crime*, 8(4), 393-398.
- Arquilla, J., & Ronfeldt, D. (2001). *Networks and netwars: The future of terror, crime, and militancy*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Asal, V., Rethemeyer, K., Anderson, I., Stein, A., Rizzo, J., & Rozea, M. (2009). The Softest of Targets: A Study on Terrorist Target Selection. *Journal of Applied Security Research*, 4(3), 258-278.
- Ashour, O. (2008). De-radicalization of jihad? The impact of Egyptian Islamic revolutionists on Al Qaeda. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 2(5), 11-14.
- Atran, S. (2003). Genesis of suicide terrorism. *Science*, 299(5612), 1534-1539.
- Atran, S. (2006). The moral logic and growth of suicide terrorism. *Washington Quarterly*, 29, 127-47.
- Aydinli, E. (2006). From Finances to Transnational Mobility: Searching for the Global Jihadists' Achilles Heel. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 18(2), 301-313.
- Ayling, J. (2009). Criminal organizations and resilience. *International Journal of Law, Crime and Justice*, 37(4), 182-196.
- Azani, E. (2013). The hybrid terrorist organization: Hezbollah as a case study. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 36(11), 899-916.
- Baker, J.C. (2005). Jemaah Islamiyah. In B.A. Jackson, J.C. Baker, K. Cragin, J. Parachini, H.R. Trujillo, P. Chalk (Eds.), *Aptitude for Destruction Volume II: Case Studies of Organizational Learning in Five Terrorist Groups* (pp. 37-55). Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Baker, W.E., & Faulkner, R.R. (1993). The social organization of conspiracy: Illegal networks in the heavy electrical equipment industry. *American sociological review*, 58(6), 837-860.
- Bakke, K.M. (2014). Help Wanted? The Mixed Record of Foreign Fighters in Domestic Insurgencies. *International Security*, 38(4), 150-187.
- Bakker, E. (2006). *Jihadi terrorists in Europe, their characteristics and the circumstances in which they joined the jihad: an exploratory study*. The Hague: Clingendael Institute.
- Bakker, E., & De Graaf, B. (2010). *Lone Wolves*. The Hague: International Centre for Counter-Terrorism.
- Bakker, E., Paulussen, C., & Entenmann, E. (2013). *Dealing with European Foreign Fighters in Syria: Governance Challenges & Legal Implications*. The Hague: International Centre for Counter-Terrorism.
- Bale, J.M. (2012). *Jihadist Cells and IED Capabilities in Europe: Assessing the Present and Future Threat to the West*. Carlisle Barracks, PA: Strategic Studies Institute.
- Bartlett, J. (2013, May 6). Everything you've told about radicalization is wrong. *Rolling Stone*. Retrieved from <http://www.rollingstone.com/politics/news/everything-youve-been-told-about-radicalization-is-wrong-20130506>
- Bartlett, J., & Miller, C. (2012). The edge of violence: Towards telling the difference between violent and non-violent radicalization. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 24(1), 1-21.
- Basile, M. (2004). Going to the Source: Why Al Qaeda's Financial Network is Likely to Withstand the Current War on Terrorist Financing. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism*, 27, 169-185.
- Beck, C.J. (2008). The contribution of social movement theory to understanding terrorism. *Sociology Compass*, 2(5), 1565-1581.
- Belli, R., Freilich, J.D., & Chermak, S.M. (2015). "Exploring the U.S. Crime-Terror Nexus: Terrorist Networks and Trade Diversion." *Final Report to the Office of University Programs, Science and Technology Directorate, U.S. Department of Homeland Security*. College Park, MD: START.
- Berman, E. (2009). *Radical, Religious, and Violent: The New Economics of Terrorism*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Berrebi, C. (2007). Evidence about the link between education, poverty and terrorism among Palestinians. *Peace Economics, Peace Science and Public Policy*, 13(1), 1-38.
- Berrebi, C. (2009). The Economics of Terrorism and Counterterrorism: What Matters and Is Rational-Choice Theory Helpful? In P.K. Davis & K. Cragin (Eds.), *Social science for counterterrorism: Putting the pieces together* (pp. 189-190). Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Bjørge, T. (2011). Dreams and Disillusionment: Engagement in and Disengagement from Militant Extremist Groups. *Crime, law and social change*, 55(4), 277-85.
- Bjørge, T., & Horgan, J. (2008). *Leaving terrorism behind: individual and collective disengagement*. New York, NY: Routledge.
- Bloom, M. (2005). *Dying to Kill: The Allure of Suicide Terror*. New York, NY: Columbia University Press.
- Blumer, H. (1969). *Symbolic Interactionism: Perspective and Method*. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press).
- Boba, R. (2009). Evil Done. In J.D. Freilich & G.R. Newman (Eds.), *Reducing Terrorism Through Situational Crime Prevention* (pp. 61-70). New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- Bonomo, J., Bergamo, G., Frelinger, D.R., Gordon, IV, J., & Jackson, B.A. (2007). *Stealing the Sword: Limiting Terrorist Use of Advanced Conventional Weapons*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Bongar, B., Brown, L.M., Beutler, L.E., Breckenridge, J.N., & Zimbardo, P.G. (2007). *Psychology of terrorism*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.

- Borgatti, S.P. (2006). Identifying sets of key players in a social network. *Computational & Mathematical Organization Theory*, 12(1), 21-34.
- Borum, R. (2003). Understanding the Terrorist Mindset. *FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin*, 72, 7-10.
- Borum, R. (2011a). Radicalization into violent extremism I: A review of social science theories. *Journal of Strategic Security*, 4(4), 7-36.
- Borum, R. (2011b). Radicalization into violent extremism II: A review of conceptual models and empirical research. *Journal of Strategic Security*, 4(4), 37-62.
- Borum, R. (2011c). Rethinking radicalization. *Journal of Strategic Security*, 4(4), 1-7.
- Borum, R. (2014). Psychological vulnerabilities and propensities for involvement in violent extremism. *Behavioral sciences & the law*, 32(3), 286-305.
- Bouhana, N. (2013). The reasoning criminal vs. Homer Simpson: conceptual challenges for crime science. *Frontiers in human neuroscience*, 7, 1-7.
- Bowen, G. (2008). Grounded Theory and Sensitizing Concepts. *International journal of qualitative methods*, 5(3), 12-23.
- Brachman, J. (2009). *Global Jihadism. Theory and Practice*. London: Routledge.
- Brantingham, P.J., & Brantingham, P.L. (1993). Environment, routine and situation: Toward a pattern theory of crime. *Advances in criminological theory*, 5, 259-294.
- Breen Smyth, M., Gunning, J., Jackson, R., Kassimeris, G., & Robinson, P. (2008). Critical terrorism studies—an introduction. *Critical Studies on Terrorism*, 1(1), 1-4.
- Brockhoff, S., Krieger, T., & Meierrieks, D. (2010). Ties that do not bind (directly): The education-terrorism nexus revisited. Retrieved from Social Science Research Network: <http://dx.doi.org/10.2139/ssrn.1647664>
- Brookman, F., Mullins, C., Bennett, T., & Wright, R. (2007). Gender, motivation and the accomplishment of street robbery in the United Kingdom. *British Journal of Criminology*, 47(6), 861-884.
- Bruinsma, G., & Bernasco, W. (2004). Criminal groups and transnational illegal markets. *Crime, Law and Social Change*, 41(1), 79-94.
- Bryant, A., & Charmaz, K. (2007). Introduction. Grounded Theory Research: Methods and Practices. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 1-27). London: Sage.
- Buijs, F.J. (2009). Muslims in the Netherlands: Social and Political Developments after 9/11. *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies*, 35(3), 421-438.
- Buijs, F.J., Demant, F., & Hamdy, A. (2006). *Strijders Van Eigen Bodem : Radicale En Democratische Moslims in Nederland. Solidariteit En Identiteit [Home grown warriors. Radical and Democratic Muslims in the Netherlands]*. Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press.
- Burcher, M., & Whelan, C. (2015). Social network analysis and small group 'dark' networks: an analysis of the London bombers and the problem of 'fuzzy' boundaries. *Global Crime*, 16(2), 104-122.
- Bures, O. (2010). EU's Fight Against Terrorist Finances: Internal Shortcomings and Unsuitable External Models. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 22(3), 418-437.
- Burgers, J. (1999). De huisvesting van illegalen [Accommodation of irregular immigrants]. In J. Burgers & G. Engbersen (Eds.), *De ongekende stad 1. Illegale vreemdelingen in Rotterdam (pp. 88-117) [The unknown city 1. Irregular immigrants in Rotterdam]*. Amsterdam: Boom.
- Burgers, J., & Engbersen, G. (Eds.) (1999). *De ongekende stad 1. Illegale vreemdelingen in Rotterdam [The unknown city 1. Irregular immigrants in Rotterdam]*. Amsterdam: Boom.
- Byman, D. (2015). The Homecomings: What Happens When Arab Foreign Fighters in Iraq and Syria Return? *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, ahead-of-print, 1-22.
- Campana, A., & Ratelle, J.F. (2014). A Political Sociology Approach to the Diffusion of Conflict from Chechnya to Dagestan and Ingushetia. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 37(2), 115-134.
- Canetti-Nisim, D., Mesch, G., & Pedahzur, A. (2006). Victimization from terrorist attacks: Randomness or routine activities? *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 18(4), 485-501.
- Caplan, B. (2006). Terrorism: The relevance of the rational choice model. *Public Choice*, 128(1-2), 91-107.
- Caplowitz, D. (1979). *Making ends meet. How families cope with recession and inflation*. London: Sage Publications.
- Carley, K.M., Lee, J.S., & Krackhardt, D. (2001). Destabilizing networks. *Connections*, 24(3), 79-92.
- CBS (2014, February 10). 20,000 foreign fighters flock to Syria, Iraq to join terrorists. *CBS News*. Retrieved from <http://www.cbsnews.com/news/ap-20000-foreign-fighters-flock-to-syria-iraq-to-join-terrorists>
- Charmaz, K. (2006). *Constructing grounded theory: a practical guide through qualitative analysis*. London: Sage.
- Cilluffo, F.J., Cozzens, J.B., & Ranstorp, M. (2010). *Foreign Fighters. Trends, trajectories and conflicts*. Washington, DC: Homeland Security Policy Institute.
- Clarke, R.V. (1995). Situational crime prevention. *Crime and Justice*, 19, 91-150.
- Clarke, R.V., & Cornish, D.B. (1983). *Crime Control in Britain: The Role of Ideology and Presidential Management in Unsuccessful Supreme Court Nominations*. Albany, NY: SUNY Press.
- Clarke, R.V., & Mayhew, P. (1988). The British gas suicide story and its criminological implications. *Crime and justice*, 10, 79-116.
- Clarke, R.V.G., & Newman, G.R. (2006). *Outsmarting the terrorists*. Westport, CT: Praeger Security International.
- Cloward, R.A., & Ohlin, L.E. (1960). *Delinquency and opportunity: A theory of delinquent gangs*. New York, NY: Free Press New York.
- Copeland, T. (2001). Is the "New Terrorism" Really New?: An Analysis of the New Paradigm for Terrorism. *Journal of Conflict Studies*, 21(2), 7-27.
- Cornell, S.E. (2009). The interaction of drug smuggling, human trafficking and terrorism. In Jonsson (Ed.), *Human trafficking and human security* (pp. 48-66). New York, NY: Routledge.
- Cornish, D.B. (1994). The procedural analysis of offending and its relevance for situational prevention. *Crime prevention studies*, 3, 151-196.
- Cooney, A. (2010). Choosing between Glaser and Strauss: An Example. *Nurse Researcher* 17(4), 18-28.
- Corbin, J.M., & Strauss, A. (1990). Grounded theory research: Procedures, canons, and evaluative criteria. *Qualitative sociology*, 13(1), 3-21.
- Corbin, J.M., & Strauss, A. (2008). *Basics of Qualitative Research: Techniques and Procedures for Developing Grounded Theory*. London: Sage.
- Cottee, S. (2010). Mind Slaughter: The Neutralizations of Jihadi Salafism. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 33(4), 330-352.
- Cottee, S. (2011). Jihadism as a subcultural response to social strain: Extending Marc Sageman's "Bunch of Guys" thesis. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 23(5), 730-751.
- Cottee, S. (2014). We Need To Talk About Mohammad: Criminology, Theistic Violence and the Murder of Theo Van Gogh. *British Journal of Criminology*, 54(4), 981-1001.
- Cragin, K. (2005). Hizballah, the Party of God. In B.A. Jackson, J.C. Baker, K. Cragin, J. Parachini, H.R. Trujillo, P. Chalk (Eds.), *Aptitude for Destruction Volume II: Case Studies of Organizational Learning in Five Terrorist Groups* (pp. 37-55). Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.

- Crenshaw, M. (1981). The causes of terrorism. *Comparative Politics*, 13(4), 379-399.
- Crenshaw, M. (1985). An organizational approach to the analysis of political terrorism. *Orbis*, 29(3), 465-489.
- Crenshaw, M. (2010). Assessing the Al-Qa'ida Threat to the United States. *CTC Sentinel*, 3(1), 6-9.
- Croissant, A., & Barlow, D. (2007). Following the Money Trail: Terrorist Financing and Government Responses in Southeast Asia 1. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 30(2), 131-156.
- Crone, M., & Harrow, M. (2011). Homegrown terrorism in the West. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 23(4), 521-536.
- Curtis, G.E., & Karacan, T. (2002). *The Nexus among Terrorists, Narcotics Traffickers, Weapons Proliferators, and Organized Crime Networks in Western Europe*. Washington, DC: Defense Technical Information Center.
- Cuthbertson, I.M. (2004). Prisons and the Education of Terrorists. *World Policy Journal*, 21(3), 15-22.
- Czwarno, M. (2006). Misjudging Islamic terrorism: the academic community's failure to predict 9/11. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 29(7), 657-678.
- Dahl, E.J. (2011). The plots that failed: Intelligence lessons learned from unsuccessful terrorist attacks against the United States. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 34(8), 621-648.
- Dalgaard-Nielsen, A. (2010). Violent radicalization in Europe: What we know and what we do not know. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 33(9), 797-814.
- Davis, P.K., & Cragin, K. (2009). *Social science for counterterrorism: Putting the pieces together*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- De Bie, J.L., de Poot, C.J., & van der Leun, J.P. (2014). Jihadi networks and the involvement of vulnerable immigrants: reconsidering the ideological and pragmatic value. *Global Crime*, 15(3-4), 275-298.
- Dechesne, M., & Van der Veer, J. (2010). *Criminaliteit in relatie tot gewelddadig radicalisme en terrorisme* [Crime in relation to violent radicalization and terrorism]. The Hague: Universiteit Leiden.
- Deflem, M. (2004). Introduction: Towards a Criminological Sociology of Terrorism and Counter Terrorism. In M. Deflem (Ed.), *Terrorism and counter-terrorism: Criminological perspectives* (pp. 1-8). Amsterdam: Elsevier.
- De Koning, M. (2009). Moslimjongeren. De salafi-beweging en de vorming van een morele gemeenschap [Muslim Youth. The Salafist movement and the creating of a moral community]. *Tijdschrift voor Criminologie*, 51(4), 375-387.
- De Koning, M., Roex, I., Becker, C., & Aarns, P. (2014). *'Islands in a sea of unbelief' - Resistance from Activist Da'wa Networks in Belgium, the Netherlands and Germany*. Amsterdam: Institute for Migration and Ethnic Studies.
- Della Porta, D. (1992). Institutional responses to terrorism: The Italian case. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 4(4), 151-170.
- Della Porta, D. (1995). *Social Movements, Political Violence, and the State: A comparative analysis of Italy and Germany*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Demant, F., Slootman, M., Buijs, F., & Tillie, J. (2008). *Teruggang en uitbreiding: Processen van deradicaliseren ontled* [Decline and disengagement: An analysis of processes of deradicalisation]. Amsterdam: Intitute for Migration and Ethnic Studies.
- De Poot, C.J., & Sonnenschein, A. (2011). *Jihadi Terrorism in the Netherlands: A Description Based on Closed Criminal Investigations*. The Hague: Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek- en Documentatiecentrum.
- De Roy van Zuijdewijn, J.D., & Bakker, E. (2014). *Returning Western Foreign Fighters: The Case of Afghanistan, Bosnia and Somalia*. The Hague: International Centre for Counter-Terrorism.
- Dilulio, J.J. (2009). More religion, less crime? Science, felonies and the three faith factors. *Annual Review of Law and Social Science*, 5, 115-133.
- Dishman, C. (2001). Terrorism, Crime, and Transformation. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism*, 24(1), 43-58.
- Dishman, C. (2005). The leaderless nexus: When crime and terror converge. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 28(3), 237-252.
- Dolnik, A. (2009). *Understanding Terrorist Innovation: Technology, Tactics and Global Trends*. New York, NY: Routledge.
- Dolnik A., & Bhattacharjee, A. (2002). Hamas: Suicide Bombings, Rockets, or WMD? *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 14(3), 109-128.
- Doosje, B., Loseman, A., & Bos, K. (2013). Determinants of radicalization of Islamic youth in the Netherlands: Personal uncertainty, perceived injustice, and perceived group threat. *Journal of Social Issues*, 69(3), 586-604.
- Drake, C.J.M. (1998). The Role of Ideology in Terrorists' Target Selection. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 10(2), 53-85.
- Dugan, L., LaFree, G., & Piquero, A.R. (2005). Testing a Rational Choice Model of Airline Hijackings. *Criminology*, 43, 1031-1065.
- Duijn, P.A.C., Kashirin, V., & Sloot, P.M. (2014). The relative ineffectiveness of criminal network disruption. *Scientific reports*, 4(4238), 1-15.
- Duijn, P.A.C. & Klerks, P.P.H.M. (2014). De brug tussen wetenschap en opsporingspraktijk. *Tijdschrift voor Criminologie*, (56)4, 39-70.
- Duyvesteyn, I. (2004). How new is the new terrorism? *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 27(5), 439-454.
- Eccarius-Kelly, V. (2012). Surreptitious Lifelines: A Structural Analysis of the FARC and the PKK. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 24(2), 235-258.
- Eklom, P. (2003). Organised crime and the Conjunction of Criminal Opportunity framework. In A. Edwards & P. Gill (Eds.), *Transnational organised crime: perspectives on global security* (pp. 241-263). London: Routledge.
- Engbersen, G., Staring, R., Van der Leun, J.P., De Boom, J., Van der Heijden, P., & Cruyff, M. (2002). *Illegale vreemdelingen in Nederland. Omvang, overkomst, verblijf en uitzetting* [Irregular Immigrants in the Netherlands. Size, journey, stay, and deportation]. Rotterdam: Risbo.
- Engbersen, G., & Van der Leun, J.P., & De Boom, J. (2007). The Fragmentation of Migration and Crime in the Netherlands. *Crime and Justice*, 35(1), 389-452.
- Engbersen, G., & Van der Leun, J.P. (2001). The social construction of illegality and criminality. *European Journal on Criminal Policy and Research*, 9(1), 51-70.
- Fahey, S., LaFree, G., Dugan, L., & Piquero, A.R. (2011). A Situational Model for Distinguishing Terrorist and Non-Terrorist Aerial Hijackings, 1948-2007. *Justice Quarterly*, 29(4), 573-595
- Fearon, J.D., & Laitin, D.D. (2003). Ethnicity, Insurgency and Civil War. *American Political Science Review*, 97(1), 75-90.
- Felson, M. (1998). *Crime and everyday life: Impact and implications for society*. Thousand Oaks, CA: Pine Forge Press.
- Felter, J., & Fishman, B. (2007). *Al-Qa'ida's Foreign Fighters in Iraq: A First Look at the Sinjar Records*. West Point, NY: Combating Terrorism Center.
- Ferrero, M. (2006). Martyrdom Contracts. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 50(6), 855-877.
- Field, A. (2009). The 'New Terrorism': Revolution or Evolution? *Political Studies Review*, 7(2), 195-207.

- Forest, J.J. (2012). Kidnapping by Terrorist Groups, 1970-2010. Is Ideological Orientation Relevant? *Crime & Delinquency*, 58(5), 769-797.
- Forest, J.J., & Howard, R.D. (2013). *Weapons of Mass Destruction and Terrorism*. New York, NY: McGraw Hill.
- Forst, B., Green, J.R., & Lynch, J.P. (2011). Introduction and Overview. In B. Forst, J.R. Greene & J.P. Lynch (Eds.), *Criminologists on terrorism and homeland security* (pp. 151-182). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Freeman, L.C. (1979). Centrality in social networks conceptual clarification. *Social networks*, 1(3), 215-239.
- Freeman, M. (2011). The Sources of Terrorist Financing: Theory and Typology. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 34(6), 461-475.
- Freiburger, T., & Crane, J.S. (2008). A systematic examination of terrorist use of the internet. *International Journal of Cyber Criminology*, 2(1), 309-319.
- Freilich, J.D., & Chermak, S.M. (2009). Preventing deadly encounters between law enforcement and American far-rightists. In J.D. Freilich & G.R. Newman (Eds.), *Crime Prevention Studies: Reducing Terrorism Through Situational Prevention* (Vol. 25, pp. 141-172). New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- Freilich, J.D., Chermak, S.M., Belli, R., Gruenewald, J., & Parkin, W.S. (2014). Introducing the United States extremist crime database (ECDB). *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(2), 372-384.
- Freilich, J.D., Chermak, S.M., & Caspi, D. (2009). Critical events in the life trajectories of domestic extremist white supremacist groups. *Criminology & Public Policy* 8(3), 497-530.
- Freilich, J.D., Chermak, S.M., & Gruenewald, J. (2014). The future of terrorism research: a review essay. *International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice*, ahead-of-print, 1-17.
- Freilich, J.D., & LaFree, G. (2015). Criminology Theory and Terrorism: Introduction to the Special Issue. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(1), 1-8.
- Freilich, J.D., & Newman, G.R. (2009). *Reducing terrorism through situational crime prevention*. New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- Gartenstein-Ross, D. & Dabruzzi, K. (2007). *The Convergence of Crime and Terror: Law Enforcement Opportunities and Perils*. New York, NY: The Manhattan Institute, Center for Policing Terrorism.
- Geelhoed, F. (2012). *Purification and Resistance: Glocal Meanings of Islamic Fundamentalism in the Netherlands*. Rotterdam: Erasmus University.
- Gerwehr, S., & Daly, S. (2006). Al-Qaida: Terrorist Selection and Recruitment. In D. Kamien (Ed.), *The McGraw-Hill Homeland Security Handbook* (pp. 73-89). New York, NY: The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- Giraldo, J.K., & Trinkunas, H.A. (2007). *Terrorism financing and state responses: a comparative perspective*. Stanford, CA: Stanford University Press.
- Glaser, B.G. (1978). *Theoretical sensitivity: Advances in the methodology of grounded theory*. Mill Valley, CA: Sociology Press.
- Glaser, B.G., & Strauss, A. (1967). *The Discovery of Grounded Theory*. London: Weidenfeld & Nicolson.
- Good, B.H., De Montjoye, Y.A., & Clauset, A. (2010). Performance of modularity maximization in practical contexts. *Physical Review E*, 81(4), 1-20.
- Granovetter, M.S. (1973). The strength of weak ties. *American journal of sociology*, 78(6), 1360-1380.
- Gray, P.W. (2013). Leaderless Resistance, Networked Organization, and Ideological Hegemony. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 25(5), 655-671.
- Groen, J. (2014, September 5). Twee Moslimgezinnen naar Syrië vertrokken voor Jihad [Two Muslim Families left to Syria for Jihad]. *De Volkskrant*. Retrieved from <http://www.volkskrant.nl/binnenland/twee-moslimgezinnen-naar-syrie-vertrokken-voor-jihad~a3740731/>
- Guerette, R.T., & Bowers, K.J. (2009). Assessing the extent of crime displacement and diffusion of benefits: a review of situational crime prevention evaluations. *Criminology*, 47(4), 1331-1368.
- Gunaratna, R., & Oreg, A. (2010). Al Qaeda's organizational structure and its evolution. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 33(12), 1043-1078.
- Gupta, D.K., & Mundra, K. (2005). Suicide Bombing as a Strategic Weapon: An Empirical Investigation of Hamas and Islamic Jihad. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 17(4), 573-598.
- Gurr, T.R. (1971). *Why Men Rebel*. Princeton, NJ: Princeton University Press.
- Hafez, M.M. (2006). Suicide terrorism in Iraq: A preliminary assessment of the quantitative data and documentary evidence. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 29(6), 591-619.
- Haidinger, B. (2007). *Migration and irregular work in Europe: literature review*. Vienna: Forschungs- und Beratungsstelle Arbeitswelt Work Package 3.
- Hobbs, D. (2001) The firm. Organizational logic and criminal culture on a shifting terrain. *British Journal of Criminology*, 41(4), 549-560.
- Hamm, M.S. (2007). *Terrorist Recruitment in American Correctional Institutions: An Exploratory Study of Non-traditional Faith Groups: Final Report*. Washington, DC: US Department of Justice.
- Hamm, M.S., & Van de Voorde, C. (2005). Crimes committed by terrorist groups: Theory, research, and prevention. *Trends in Organized Crime*, 9(2), 18-50.
- Hannah, G., Clutterbuck, L., & Rubin, J. (2008). *Radicalization or rehabilitation: Understanding the challenge of extremist and radicalized prisoners*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Harris-Hogan, S. (2012). Australian Neo-Jihadist Terrorism: Mapping the Network and Cell Analysis Using Wiretap Evidence. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 35(4), 298-314.
- Heger, L., Jung, D., & Wong, W.H. (2012). Organizing for resistance: How group structure impacts the character of violence. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 24(5), 743-768.
- Hegghammer, T. (2006). Terrorist recruitment and radicalization in Saudi Arabia. *Middle East Policy*, 13(4), 39-60.
- Hegghammer, T. (2011). The rise of Muslim Foreign Fighters: Islam and the globalization of Jihad. *International Security*, 35(3), 53-94
- Hegghammer, T. (2013a). Should I Stay or Should I Go? Explaining Variation in Western Jihadists' Choice between Domestic and Foreign Fighting. *American Political Science Review*, 107(1), 1-15.
- Hegghammer, T. (2013b). The recruiter's dilemma Signalling and rebel recruitment tactics. *Journal of Peace Research*, 50(1), 3-16.
- Helfstein, S., & Wright, D. (2011a). Success, lethality, and cell structure across the dimensions of Al Qaeda. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 34(5), 367-382.
- Helfstein, S., & Wright, D. (2011b). Covert or convenient? Evolution of terror attack networks. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 55(5), 785-813.
- Hemmingsen, A.S. (2012). *Anti-democratic and violence-promoting environments in Denmark that subscribe to islamist ideologies: What do we know?* Copenhagen: Danish Institute for International Studies.
- Hewitt, C. (2005). *Political Violence and Terrorism in Modern America: A Chronology*. Westport, CT: Praeger.
- Hewitt, C., & Kelley-Moore, J. (2009). Foreign Fighters in Iraq: A Cross-National Analysis of Jihadism. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 21(2), 211-220.

- Higginbottom, G., & Lauridsen, E.I. (2014). The Roots and Development of Constructivist Grounded Theory. *Nurse Researcher*, 21(5), 8-13.
- Hobbs, D. (2001). The Firm, Organizational Logic and Criminal Culture on a Shifting Terrain. *British Journal of Criminology*, 41(4), 549-60.
- Hoffman, B. (2001). Change and continuity in terrorism. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism*, 24(5), 417-428.
- Hoffman, B. (2003). *The logic of suicide terrorism*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Hood, J.C. (2007). Orthodoxy vs. Power: The Defining Traits of Grounded Theory. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 151-164). London: Sage.
- Holton, J.A. (2007). The Coding Process and Its Challenges. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 265-289). London: Sage.
- Horgan, J. (2004). *The psychology of terrorism*. New York, NY: Routledge.
- Horgan, J. (2008). From profiles to pathways and roots to routes: Perspectives from psychology on radicalization into terrorism. *The ANNALS of the American Academy of Political and Social Science*, 618(1), 80-94.
- Horgan, J. (2009). *Walking away from terrorism: accounts of disengagement from radical and extremist movements*. New York, NY: Routledge.
- Horgan, J. (2012). Interviewing the terrorists: reflections on fieldwork and implications for psychological research. *Behavioral Sciences of Terrorism and Political Aggression*, 4(3), 195-211.
- Horgan, J. (2013, May 6). Everything you've been told about radicalization is wrong. *Rolling Stone*. Retrieved from <http://www.rollingstone.com/politics/news/everything-youve-been-told-about-radicalization-is-wrong-20130506>
- Horgan, J., & Boyle, M.J. (2008). A case against 'critical terrorism studies'. *Critical Studies on Terrorism*, 1(1), 51-64.
- Horgan, J., & Taylor, M. (1997). The Provisional Irish Republican Army: Command and Functional Structure. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 9(3), 1-32.
- Horne, C., & Horgan, J. (2012). Methodological triangulation in the analysis of terrorist networks. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 35(2), 182-192.
- Hsu, H.Y., & Apel, R. (2015). A Situational Model of Displacement and Diffusion Following the Introduction of Airport Metal Detectors. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(1), 29-52.
- Hutchinson, S., & O'malley, P. (2007). A Crime-Terror Nexus? Thinking on Some of the Links between Terrorism and Criminality. *Studies in Conflict Terrorism*, 30(12), 1095-1107.
- Iannaccone, L.R., & Berman, E. (2006). Religious extremism. The good, the bad, and the deadly. *Public Choice*, 128, 109-129.
- Ilardi, G.J. (2013). Interviews with Canadian radicals. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 36(9), 713-738.
- Jacobson, M. (2010). Terrorist financing and the Internet. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 33(4), 353-363.
- Jackson, B.A. (2005). Provisional Irish Republican Army. In B.A. Jackson, J.C. Baker, K. Cragin, J. Parachini, H.R. Trujillo, P. Chalk (Eds.), *Aptitude for Destruction Volume II: Case Studies of Organizational Learning in Five Terrorist Groups* (pp. 37-55). Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Jackson, B.A. (2006). Groups, networks, or movements: A command-and-control-driven approach to classifying terrorist organizations and its application to Al Qaeda. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 29(3), 241-262.
- Jackson, B.A., & Frelinger, D.R. (2008). Rifling Through the Terrorists' Arsenal: Exploring Groups' Weapon Choices and Technology Strategies. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 31(7), 583-604.
- Jackson, B.A., & Frelinger, D.R. (2009). *Understanding Why Terrorist Operations Succeed or Fail*. Arlington, VA: RAND Corporation.
- Jackson, R. (2007). The core commitments of critical terrorism studies. *European political science*, 6(3), 244-251.
- Jenkins, B.M. (1975). *High Technology Terrorism and Surrogate War: The Impact of New Technology on Low Level Violence*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Jenkins, B.M. (1985). *Future Trends in International Terrorism*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Jenkins, B.M. (2006). *Unconquerable nation: Knowing our enemy, strengthening ourselves*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Joesse, P. (2007). Leaderless resistance and ideological inclusion: The case of the Earth Liberation Front. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 19(3), 351-368.
- Jordan, J. (2012). Analysis of Jihadi Terrorism Incidents in Western Europe, 2001-2010. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 35(5), 382-404.
- Jordan, J. (2014). The Evolution of the Structure of Jihadist Terrorism in Western Europe: The Case of Spain. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 37(8), 654-673.
- Juergensmeyer, M. (2003). *Terror in the Mind of God: The Global Rise of Religious Violence*. Berkeley, CA: University of California Press.
- Kaplan, J. (1997). Leaderless resistance. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 9(3), 80-95.
- Kas, A. (2014, May 10). Duits vonnis: Asielzoeker loopt risico in Nederland [German Judgment: Asylum Seeker runs a risk in the Netherlands]. *NRC Handelsblad*. Retrieved from <http://www.nrc.nl/nieuws/2014/05/10/duits-vonnis-asielzoeker-loopt-risico-in-nederland/>
- Kay, A.C., Gaucher, D., Napier, J.L., Callan, M.J., & Laurin, K. (2008). God and the government. Testing a compensatory control mechanism for the support of external systems. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 95(1), 18-35.
- Kelle, U. (2007). The Development of Categories: Different Approaches in Grounded Theory. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 191-213). London: Sage.
- Kepel, G. (2006) *Jihad: The Trail of Political Islam*. London: I.B. Tauris & Co.
- Khan, R.R. (2005). Hospitality in Islam. *Hiba Magazine*, 2(3).
- Khosrokhavar, F. (2005). *Suicide Bombers: Allah's New Martyrs*. London: Pluto Press.
- Kilberg, J. (2012). A basic model explaining terrorist group organizational structure. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 35(11), 810-830.
- Kilcullen, D. (2009). Twenty-Eight Articles: Fundamentals of Company-Level Counterinsurgency. In J.D. Freilich & G.R. Newman (Eds.), *Reducing Terrorism Through Situational Crime Prevention* (pp. 61-70). New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- King, M., & Taylor, D.M. (2011). The radicalization of homegrown jihadists: A review of theoretical models and social psychological evidence. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 23(4), 602-622.
- Kirby, A. (2007). The London bombers as "self-starters": A case study in indigenous radicalization and the emergence of autonomous cliques. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 30(5), 415-428.
- Klandermans, B., & Van Stekelenburg, J. (2008). Embeddedness and Identity: How Immigrants Turn Grievances into Action. *American Sociological Review*, 73(6), 992-1011.
- Kleemans, E.R. (2015). Organized crime research: challenging assumptions and informing policy. In J. Knutsson & E. Cockbain (Eds.), *Applied Police Research: Challenges and Opportunities* (pp. 57-67). Cullompton: Willan.
- Kleemans, E.R., & De Poot, C.J. (2008). Criminal Careers in Organized Crime and Social Opportunity Structure. *European Journal of Criminology*, 5(1), 69-98.

- Kleemans, E.R., Kruisbergen, E., & Kouwenberg, R. (2014). Women, brokerage and transnational organized crime. Empirical results from the Dutch Organized Crime Monitor. *Trends in Organized Crime*, 17(1-2), 16-30.
- Kleemans, E.R., Van den Berg, E.A.I.M., & Van de Bunt, H.G. (1998). *Organized Crime in the Netherlands: Report Based Upon the Wodc-Monitor*. The Hague: Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek- en Documentatiecentrum.
- Kleinmann, S.M. (2012). Radicalization of homegrown Sunni militants in the United States: Comparing converts and non-converts. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 35(4), 278-297.
- Knudten, R.D., & Knudten, M.S. (1971). Juvenile delinquency, crime, and religion. *Review of Religious Research*, 12(3), 130-152.
- Koomen, W., & Van der Pliigt, J. (2009). Achtergronden en determinanten van radicalisering en terrorisme [Backgrounds and determinants of radicalization and terrorism]. *Tijdschrift voor Criminologie*, 51(4), 345-359.
- Koschade, S. (2006). A social network analysis of Jemaah Islamiyah: The applications to counterterrorism and intelligence. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 29(6), 559-575.
- Krebs, V.E. (2002). Mapping networks of terrorist cells. *Connections*, 24(3), 43-52.
- Krueger, A.B. (2007). *The National Origins of Foreign Fighters in Iraq*. In *Annual Meeting of the American Economic Association*, Chicago.
- Krueger, A.B., & Malečková, J. (2003). Education, poverty and terrorism: Is there a causal connection? *The Journal of Economic Perspectives*, 17(4), 119-144.
- Kruglanski, A.W., Chen, X., Dechesne, M., Fishman, S., & Orehek, E. (2009). Fully committed: Suicide bombers' motivation and the quest for personal significance. *Political Psychology*, 30(3), 331-357.
- Kruglanski, A.W., & Fishman, S. (2009). Psychological factors in terrorism and counterterrorism: Individual, group, and organizational levels of analysis. *Social Issues and Policy Review*, 3(1), 1-44.
- Lacquer, W. (1999). *The New Terrorism*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.
- LaFree, G. (2012). Generating terrorism event databases: Results from the global terrorism database, 1970 to 2008. In C. Lum (Ed.), *Evidence-based counterterrorism policy* (pp. 41-64). New York, NY: Springer.
- LaFree, G., & Ackerman, G. (2009). The Empirical Study of Terrorism: Social and Legal Research. *Annual Review of Law and Social Science*, 5, 347-374.
- LaFree, G., & Dugan, L. (2007). Introducing the global terrorism database. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 19(2), 181-204.
- LaFree, G., Yang, S.M., & Crenshaw, M. (2009). Trajectories of terrorism. *Criminology & Public Policy*, 8(3), 445-473.
- Leerkes, A.S. (2009). *Illegal residence and public safety in the Netherlands*. Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press.
- Leerkes, A.S., Engbersen, G., & Van der Leun, J.P. (2012). Crime among irregular immigrants and the influence of internal border control. *Crime, Law and Social Change*, 58(1), 15-38.
- Leiken, R.S., & Brooke, S. (2006). The quantitative analysis of terrorism and immigration: an initial exploration. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 18(4), 503-521.
- Lemert, E.M. (1951). *Social Pathology*. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill.
- Lempert, L.B. (2007). Asking Questions of the Data: Memo Writing in the Grounded Theory Tradition. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 245-264). London: Sage.
- Levi, M.A. (2009). *On nuclear terrorism*. Cambridge, MA: Harvard University Press.
- Levi, M. (2008). Organized fraud and organizing frauds Unpacking research on networks and organization. *Criminology and Criminal Justice*, 8(4), 389-419.
- Levi, M. (2010). Combating the Financing of Terrorism: A History and Assessment of the Control of 'Threat Finance'. *British Journal of Criminology*, 50(4), 650-669.
- Levine, S. (1999). Youths in terroristic groups, gangs and cults: The allure, the animus, and the alienation. *Psychiatric Annals*, 29, 342-349.
- Libicki, M.C., Chalk, P., & Sisson, M. (2007). *Exploring terrorist targeting preferences*. Santa Monica, CA: Rand Corporation.
- Lowe, P. (2006). Counterfeiting: Links to Organized Crime and Terrorist Funding. *Journal of Financial Crime*, 13(2), 255-257.
- Loza, W. (2007). The psychology of extremism and terrorism. A Middle-Eastern perspective. *Aggression and Violent Behavior*, 12(2), 141-155.
- Luft, G. (2003). The Logic of Israel's Targeted Killing. *Middle East Quarterly*, 10(1), 3-13.
- Lynch, J.P. (2011). Implications of opportunity theory for combating terrorism. In B. Forst, J. R. Greene & J.P. Lynch (Eds.), *Criminologists on terrorism and homeland security* (pp. 151-182). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Magouirk, J., Atran, S., & Sageman, M. (2008). Connecting terrorist networks. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 31(1), 1-16.
- Maikovich, A.H. (2005). A New Understanding of Terrorism Using Cognitive Dissonance Principles. *Journal for the Theory of Social Behavior*, 35(4), 373-397.
- Makarenko, T. (2004). The crime-terror continuum: tracing the interplay between transnational organised crime and terrorism. *Global Crime*, 6(1), 129-145.
- Makarenko, T., & Mesquita, M. (2014). Categorising the crime-terror nexus in the European Union. *Global Crime*, 15(3-4), 259-274.
- Malet, D. (2013). *Foreign Fighters: Transnational Identity in Civil Conflicts*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.
- Malm, A.E., Kinney, J. B., & Pollard, N.R. (2008). Social network and distance correlates of criminal associates involved in illicit drug production. *Security Journal*, 21(1), 77-94.
- Malm, A.E., Nash, R., & Moghadam, R. (2015). Social Network Analysis and Terrorism. In G. LaFree & J.D. Freilich (Eds.), *Handbook on the criminology of terrorism*. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley-Blackwell.
- Malthaner, S., & Waldmann, P. (2014). The Radical Milieu: Conceptualizing the Supportive Social Environment of Terrorist Groups. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 37(12), 979-998.
- May, T. (2014, August 28). Threat-level from international terrorism increased. *Government UK*. Retrieved from <https://www.gov.uk/government/news/threat-level-from-international-terrorism-increased>
- Mayntz, R. (2004). *Organizational forms of terrorism: hierarchy, network, or a type sui generis?* Köln: Max-Planck-Institut für Gesellschaftsforschung.
- McCartan, L., Masselli, A., Rey, M., & Rusnak, D. (2008). The logic of terrorist target choice: An examination of Chechen rebel bombings from 1997-2003. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism*, 31(1), 60-79.
- McCauley, C.R., & Moskalenko, S. (2008). Mechanisms of Political Radicalization: Pathways toward Terrorism. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 20(3), 415-33.
- McCauley, C.R., & Moskalenko, S. (2011). *Friction: How radicalization happens to them and us*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

- McCauley, C.R., & Moskalkenko, S. (2014). Some Things We Think We've Learned Since 9/11: A Commentary on Marc Sageman's "The Stagnation in Terrorism Research". *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 601-606.
- McCauley, C.R., Moskalkenko, S., & Van Son, B. (2013). Characteristics of lone-wolf violent offenders: A comparison of assassins and school attackers. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 7(1), 4-24.
- McCauley, C.R., & Segal, M.E. (1987). Social Psychology of Terrorist Groups. In C. Hencrick (Ed.), *Group Processes and Intergroup Relations: Review of Personality and Social Psychology* (pp. 231-256). Newbury Park, CA: Sage Publications.
- McGloin, J.M. (2005). Policy and intervention considerations of a network analysis of street gangs. *Criminology & Public Policy*, 4, 607-636.
- McIntosh, D.N., Silver, R.C., & Wortman, C.B. (1993). Religion's role in adjustment to a negative life event: coping with the loss of a child. *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 65(4), 812-821.
- Meertens, R.W., Prins, Y.R.A., & Doosje, B. (2006). *In iedereen schuilt een terrorist: een sociaalpsychologische analyse van terroristische sekten en aanslagen*. Schiedam: Scriptum.
- Meijer, R. (2009). Introduction: genealogies of salafism. In R. Meijer (Ed.), *Global salafism. Islam's new religious movement* (pp. 1-32). London: Hurst.
- Merari, A. (2004). Suicide terrorism. In R.I. Yufit & D. Lester (Eds.), *Assessment, treatment, and prevention of suicidal behavior* (pp. 431-454). Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons.
- Merari, A. (2010). *Driven to death: Psychological and social aspects of suicide terrorism*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Merton, R.K. (1957). *Social theory and social structure*. New York, NY: Glencoe Free Press.
- Mills, J., Bonner, A., & Francis, K. (2008). The Development of Constructivist Grounded Theory. *International journal of qualitative methods*, 5(1), 25-35.
- Mingione, E. (1987). Urban survival strategies, family structure and informal practices. In M. Smith & J. Foggin (Eds.), *The capitalist city: global restructuring and community politics* (pp. 297-322). Oxford: Basil Blackwood.
- Ministry of Security & Justice (2014). *Actieprogramma Integrale Aanpak Jihadism*. [Action Plan Concerted Action against Jihadism]. The Hague: Ministry of Security & Justice.
- Mishal, S. (2003). The pragmatic dimension of the Palestinian Hamas: A network perspective. *Armed Forces & Society*, 29(4), 569-589.
- Mishal, S., & Rosenthal, M. (2005). Al Qaeda as a dune organization: Toward a typology of Islamic terrorist organizations. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 28(4), 275-293.
- Moghaddam, F. (2005). The Staircase to Terrorism: A Psychological Exploration. *American Psychologist*, 60(2), 161-169.
- Moore, C. (2012). Suicide bombing: Chechnya, the North Caucasus and martyrdom. *Europe-Asia Studies*, 64(9), 1780-1807.
- Moore, C., & Tumelty, P. (2008). Foreign fighters and the case of Chechnya: a critical assessment. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 31(5), 412-433.
- Morse, J.M. (2007). Sampling in Grounded Theory. In A. Bryant & K. Charmaz (Eds.), *Sage Handbook of Grounded Theory* (pp. 229-244). London: Sage.
- Morselli, C. (2009). *Inside criminal networks*. New York, NY: Springer.
- Morselli, C., Giguère, C., & Petit, K. (2007). The efficiency/security trade-off in criminal networks. *Social Networks*, 29(1), 143-153.
- Morselli, C., & Roy, J. (2008). Brokerage qualifications in ringing operations. *CRIMINOLOGY*, 46(1), 71-98.
- Moskalkenko, S., & McCauley, C. (2011). The psychology of lone-wolf terrorism. *Counselling Psychology Quarterly*, 24(2), 115-126.
- Muijsenbergh, M., & Schoevers, M. (2009). Zorg voor ongedocumenteerden. *Bijblijven*, 25(4), 59-64.
- Mulcahy, E., Merrington, S., & Bell, P.J. (2013). The radicalisation of prison inmates: a review of the literature on recruitment, religion and prisoner vulnerability. *Journal of human security*, 9(1), 4-14
- Muller, E.N., & Seligson, M.A. (1987). Inequality and Insurgency. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 34(4), 425-452.
- Mullins, S. (2009a). Terrorist Networks and Small Group Psychology. In D. Canter (Ed.), *The Faces of Terrorism—Multidisciplinary Perspectives* (pp. 137-150). West Sussex: Wiley-Blackwell.
- Mullins, S. (2009b). Parallels between crime and terrorism: A social psychological perspective. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 32(9), 811-830.
- Mullins, S. (2013). Social network analysis and counter-terrorism: measures of centrality as an investigative tool. *Behavioral Sciences of Terrorism and Political Aggression*, 5(2), 115-136.
- Mythen, G., & Walklate, S. (2006). Criminology and Terrorism Which Thesis? Risk Society or Governmentality?. *British Journal of Criminology*, 46(3), 379-398.
- Naylor, R.T. (2004). *Wages of crime: Black markets, illegal finance, and the underworld economy*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press.
- NCTb [National Coordinator for Counterterrorism] (2008). *Salafisme in Nederland. Een voorbijaand fenomeen of een blijvende factor van belang? [Salafism in the Netherlands]* The Hague: NCTb.
- NCTb [National Coordinator for Counterterrorism] (2009). *Ideologie en strategie van het jihadisme. [Ideology and Strategy of Jihadism]* The Hague: NCTb.
- NCTV [National Coordinator for Security and Counterterrorism]. (2013). *Dreigingsbeeld Terrorisme Nederland 32 [Threat and Risk Analysis 32]*. The Hague: NCTV.
- NCTV [National Coordinator for Security and Counterterrorism]. (2014). *Actieprogramma Integrale Aanpak Jihadisme [The Netherlands Comprehensive Action Programme to Combat Jihadism]*. The Hague: NCTV.
- NCTV [National Coordinator for Security and Counterterrorism]. (2015a). *Dreigingsbeeld Terrorisme Nederland 39 [Threat and Risk Analysis 39]*. The Hague: NCTV.
- NCTV [National Coordinator for Security and Counterterrorism]. (2015b). *Dreigingsbeeld Terrorisme Nederland 39 [Threat and Risk Analysis 40]*. The Hague: NCTV.
- Nesser, P. (2006). Jihadism in Western Europe after the invasion of Iraq: Tracing motivational influences from the Iraq war on jihadist terrorism in Western Europe. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 29(4), 323-342.
- Nesser, P. (2008). Chronology of jihadism in Western Europe 1994-2007: Planned, prepared, and executed terrorist attacks. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 31(10), 924-946.
- Nesser, P. (2011). Ideologies of jihad in Europe. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 23(2), 173-200.
- Nesser, P. (2012). Research Note: Single Actor Terrorism: Scope, Characteristics and Explanations. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 6(6), 61-73.
- Nesser, P., & Stenersen, A. (2014). The Modus Operandi of Jihadi Terrorists in Europe. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 8(6), 2-24.
- Neumann, P.R. (2009). *Old and new terrorism*. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- Neumann, P.R. (2013). The trouble with radicalization. *International Affairs*, 89(4), 873-893.
- Neumann, P.R., & Kleinmann, S. (2013). How Rigorous Is Radicalization Research? *Democracy and Security*, 9(4), 360-382.

- Neumann, P.R., Rogers, B., Alonso, R., & Martinez, L. (2007). *Recruitment and Mobilisation for the Islamist Militant Movement in Europe*. London: International Centre for the Study of Radicalisation and Political Violence.
- Neve, R., Vervoorn, L., Leeuw, F.L., & Bogaerts, S. (2006). *Eerste inventarisatie van contraterrorismebeleid* [First assessment of the counter-terrorism policy]. The Hague: Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek- en Documentatie Centrum.
- Newman, M.E. (2006). Modularity and community structure in networks. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 103(23), 8577-8582.
- Newman, M.E., & Girvan, M. (2004). Finding and evaluating community structure in networks. *Physical Review E*, 69(2), 2-16.
- Newman, G.R., & Hsu, H.Y. (2012). Rational Choice and Terrorist Target Selection. In U. Kumar & M.K. Mandal (Eds.), *Countering Terrorism: Psychosocial Strategies* (pp. 227-249). London: Sage.
- Nilsson, M. (2015). Foreign Fighters and the Radicalization of Local Jihad: Interview Evidence from Swedish Jihadists. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism*, 38(5), 343-358.
- Noble, R.K. (2003). *The Links between Intellectual Property Crime and Terrorism Financing*. Washington, DC: House Committee on International Relations, U.S. House of Representatives.
- O'Brien, M. (2012). Fluctuations Between Crime and Terror: The Case of Abu Sayyaf's Kidnapping Activities. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 24(2), 320-336.
- Orsini, A. (2013). A day among the diehard terrorists: The psychological costs of doing ethnographic research. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 36(4), 337-351.
- Özeren, S., Sever, M., Yilmaz, K., & Sözer, A. (2014). Whom Do They Recruit?: Profiling and Recruitment in the PKK/KCK. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 37(4), 322-347.
- Painter, K.A., & Farrington, D.P. (1997). The crime reducing effect of improved street lighting: the Dudley Project. In R.V. Clarke (Ed.), *Situational Crime Prevention: Successful Case Studies*, 2nd ed. (pp. 209-226). Guilderland, NY: Harrow and Heston.
- Pantucci, R. (2011). *A typology of lone wolves: Preliminary analysis of lone Islamist terrorists*. London: International Centre for the Study of Radicalisation and Political Violence.
- Pape, R. (2005). *Dying to Win: The Strategic Logic of Suicide Terrorism*. New York, NY: Random House LLC.
- Pargament, K.I., Ensing, D.S., Falgout, K., Olsen, H., Reilly, B., Haitsma, K. van, & Warren, R. (1990). God help me: I. Religious coping efforts as predictors of the outcomes to significant negative life events. *American Journal of Community Psychology*, 18(6), 793-824.
- Pargament, K.I., Magyar, G.M., Benore, E., & Mahoney, A. (2005). Sacrilege: A study of sacred loss and desecration and their implications for health and well-being in a community sample. *Journal for the Scientific Study of Religion*, 44(1), 59-78.
- Parkin, W.S., & Freilich, J.D. (2015). Routine Activities and Right-Wing Extremists: An Empirical Comparison of the Victims of Ideologically-and Non-Ideologically-Motivated Homicides Committed by American Far-Rightists. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(1), 182-203.
- Passas, N. (2005). *Informal value transfer systems and criminal activities*. The Hague: Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek- en Documentatiecentrum.
- Patel, F. (2011). *Rethinking Radicalization*. New York, NY: Brennen Center for Justice.
- Pauwels, L., & Schils, N. (2014). Differential online exposure to extremist content and political violence: testing the relative strength of social learning and competing perspectives. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, ahead-of-print, 1-29.
- Pedahzur, A., & Perliger, A. (2006). The changing nature of suicide attacks: a social network perspective. *Social forces*, 84(4), 1987-2008.
- Pedahzur, A., Perliger, A., & Weinberg, L. (2003). Altruism and fatalism: The characteristics of Palestinian suicide terrorists. *Deviant Behavior*, 24(4), 405-423.
- Perliger, A. (2014). Terrorist Networks' Productivity and Durability: A Comparative Multi-level Analysis. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 8(4), 36-52.
- Perliger, A., & Pedahzur, A. (2011). Social network analysis in the study of terrorism and political violence. *PS: Political Science & Politics*, 44(01), 45-50.
- Perri, F.S., & Brody, R.G. (2011). The dark triad: organized crime, terror and fraud. *Journal of Money Laundering Control*, 14(1), 44-59.
- Perry, S., & Hasisi, B. (2015). Rational Choice Rewards and the Jihadist Suicide Bomber. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(1), 53-80.
- Peterson, M.B. (1994). *Applications in criminal analysis: A sourcebook*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Press.
- Pham, J.P. (2011). Foreign Influences and Shifting Horizons: The Ongoing Evolution of Al Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb. *Orbis* 55(2), 240-254.
- Phillips, B.J. (2015). What is a terrorist group? Conceptual issues and empirical implications. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(2), 225-242.
- Phillips, P.J. (2011). Lone wolf terrorism. *Peace Economics, Peace Science and Public Policy*, 17(1), 1-29.
- Piazza, J.A. (2006). Rooted in poverty? Terrorism, poor economic development, and social cleavages. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 18(1), 159-177.
- Piazza, J.A. (2012). The Opium Trade and Patterns of Terrorism in the Provinces of Afghanistan: An Empirical Analysis. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 24(2), 213-234.
- Piazza, J.A. (2015). Repression and Terrorism: A Cross-National Empirical Analysis of Types of Repression and Domestic Terrorism. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, ahead-of-print, 1-17.
- Picarelli, J.T. (2006). The Turbulent Nexus of Transnational Organised Crime and Terrorism: A Theory of Malevolent International Relations. *Global Crime*, 7(1), 1-24.
- Pisoiu, D. (2011) *Islamist radicalisation in Europe: an occupational change process*. London: Routledge.
- Pisoiu, D. (2013). Coming to Believe "Truths" About Islamist Radicalization in Europe. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 25(2), 246-263.
- Portes, A. (1998). Social capital: its origins and applications in modern sociology. *Annual Review of Sociology*, 24, 1-24.
- Portes, A., Guarnizo, L.E., & Haller, W.J. (2002). Transnational Entrepreneurs: An Alternative Form of Immigrant Economic Adaptation. *American sociological review*, 67(2), 278-98.
- Post, J.M. (1990). Terrorist Psycho-logic: Terrorist Behavior as a Product of Psychology Forces. In W. Reich (Ed.), *Origins of Terrorism: Psychologies, Ideologies, Theologies, States of Mind* (pp. 25-40). New York, NY: Cambridge University Press.
- Post, J.M., Sprinzak, E., & Denny, L. (2003). The terrorists in their own words: Interviews with 35 incarcerated Middle Eastern terrorists** This research was conducted with the support of the Smith Richardson Foundation. *Terrorism and political Violence*, 15(1), 171-184.
- Precht, T. (2007). *Home Grown Terrorism and Islamist Radicalisation in Europe: From Conversion to Terrorism: An Assessment of the Factors Influencing Violent Islamist Extremism and Suggestions for Counter Radicalisation Measures*. Copenhagen: Danish Ministry of Justice.
- Qin, J., Xu, J.J., Hu, D., Sageman, M., & Chen, H. (2005). Analyzing terrorist networks: A case study of the global salafi jihad network. In P. Kantor, G. Muresan, F. Roberts, D.D. Zeng, F.Y. Wang, H. Chen, R.C. Merkle (Eds.), *Intelligence and security informatics* (pp. 287-304). Berlin Heidelberg: Springer.

- Raphaëli, N. (2003). Financing of terrorism: sources, methods, and channels. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 15(4), 59-82.
- Reinares, F. (2011). Exit from terrorism: A qualitative empirical study on disengagement and deradicalization among members of ETA. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 23(5), 780-803.
- Ressler, S. (2006). Social network analysis as an approach to combat terrorism: past, present, and future research. *Homeland Security Affairs*, 2(2), 1-10.
- Ricciardelli, R., & Spencer, D. (2014). Exposing 'Sex'Offenders Precarity, Abjection and Violence in the Canadian Federal Prison System. *British Journal of Criminology*, 54(3), 428-448.
- Rich, B., & Conduit, D. (2015). The Impact of Jihadist Foreign Fighters on Indigenous Secular-Nationalist Causes: Contrasting Chechnya and Syria. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 38(2), 113-131.
- Rodríguez, J.A. (2005). The March 11th terrorist network: In its weakness lies its strength. Unpublished manuscript. Available at <http://www.ub.es/epp/wp/llm.PDF>
- Roex, I., Van Stiphout, S., & Tillie, J. (2010). *Salafisme in Nederland. Aard, omvang en dreiging. Amsterdam: Instituut voor Migratie- en Etnische Studies.*
- Ross, J.I. (1993). Structural Causes of Oppositional Political Terrorism: A Causal Model. *Journal of Peace Research*, 30(3), 317-329.
- Ross, N. (2009). How to Lose the War on Terror: Lessons of a 30 Year War in Northern Ireland. In J.D. Freilich & G.R. Newman (Eds.), *Reducing Terrorism Through Situational Crime Prevention* (pp. 229-244). New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- Roy, O. (2004). *Globalised Islam: the search for a new ummah*. London: Hurst.
- Roy, O. (2005). Euro-Islam. De Jihad van binnenuit? [*Euro-Islam. The Jihad from within?*] *Justitiële Verkenningen*, 31(2), 28-46.
- Rudner, M. (2008). Misuse of Passports: Identity Fraud, the Propensity to Travel, and International Terrorism. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 31(2), 95-110.
- Ruby, C.L. (2002). Are terrorists mentally deranged? *Analyses of Social Issues and Public Policy*, 2(1), 15-26.
- Ruggiero, V. (2006). *Understanding Political Violence: A Criminological Approach*. New York, NY: McGraw-Hill International.
- Sageman, M. (2004). *Understanding terror networks*. Philadelphia, PA: University of Pennsylvania Press.
- Sageman, M. (2008). *Leaderless Jihad: Terror Networks in the 21st Century*. Philadelphia, PA: University of Pennsylvania Press.
- Sageman, M. (2009). Confronting al-Qaeda: Understanding the Threat in Afghanistan. *Perspectives on Terrorism*, 3(4), 4-25.
- Sageman, M. (2013, May 28). Woolwich Attack: Overreacting to Extremism 'Could Bring Back Al Qaeda' Ex CIA Officer Warns. *Huffington Post*. Retrieved from http://www.huffingtonpost.co.uk/2013/05/27/sageman-interview_n_3342206.html
- Sageman, M. (2014). The Stagnation in Terrorism Research. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 565-580.
- Sageman, M., & Hoffman, B. (2008). The Reality of Grass-Roots Terrorism [with Reply]. *Foreign Affairs*, 87(4), 163-66.
- Sah, P., Singh, L.O., Clauset, A., & Bansal, S. (2014). Exploring community structure in biological networks with random graphs. *BMC bioinformatics*, 15(1), 1-15.
- Sanchez-Cuenca, I. (2007). The dynamics of nationalist terrorism: ETA and the IRA. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 19(3), 289-306.
- Santifort, C., Sandler, T., & Brandt, P.T. (2013). Terrorist attack and target diversity Changepoints and their drivers. *Journal of Peace Research*, 50(1), 75-90.
- Saxena, S., Santhanam, K., & Basu, A. (2004). Application of social network analysis (SNA) to terrorist networks in Jammu & Kashmir. *Strategic Analysis*, 28(1), 84-101.
- Schanzer, D.H. (2014). No Easy Day: Government Roadblocks and the Unsolvability Problem of Political Violence: A Response to Marc Sageman's "The Stagnation in Terrorism Research". *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 596-600.
- Schmid, A.P. (2013). *The End of Radicalisation?* The Hague: International Centre for Counter-Terrorism.
- Schmid, A.P. (2014). Comments on Marc Sageman's Polemic "The Stagnation in Terrorism Research". *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 587-595.
- Schmid, A., & Jongman, A. (1988). *Political terrorism: a research guide to concepts, theories, databases, and literature*. New Brunswick, NJ: Transaction Books.
- Schrover, M., Van der Leun, J.P., Lucassen, L., & Quispel, G.C. (2008). Introduction: Illegal Migration and gender in a global and historical perspective. In M. Schrover & J.P. Van der Leun, L. Lucassen, G.C. Quispel (Eds.), *Illegal Migration and Gender in a Global and Historical Perspective* (pp. 9-37). Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press.
- Schuurman, B., & Eijkman, Q. (2013). *Moving terrorism research forward: the crucial role of primary sources*. The Hague: International Centre for Counter-Terrorism.
- Schuurman, B., Eijkman, Q., & Bakker, E. (2015). The Hofstadgroup Revisited: Questioning its Status as a "Quintessential" Homegrown Jihadist Network. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 27(5), 906-925.
- Shafiq, M.N., & Sinno, A.H. (2010). Education, Income, and Support for Suicide Bombings: Evidence from Six Muslim Countries. *Journal of Conflict Resolution*, 54(1), 146-178.
- Shelley, L.I., & Melzer, S.A. (2008). The nexus of organized crime and terrorism: Two case studies in cigarette smuggling. *International Journal of Comparative and Applied Criminal Justice*, 32(1), 43-63.
- Shelley, L.I., & Picarelli, J.T. (2005). Methods and motives: Exploring links between transnational organized crime and international terrorism. *Trends in Organized Crime*, 9(2), 52-67.
- Silber, M.D., & Bhatt, A. (2007). *Radicalization in the West: The Homegrown Threat*. New York, NY: Police Department New York.
- Silke, A. (1998). Cheshire-cat logic: The recurring theme of terrorist abnormality in psychological research. *Psychology, Crime and Law*, 4(1), 51-69.
- Silke, A. (2001). The devil you know: Continuing problems with research on terrorism. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 13(4), 1-14.
- Silke, A. (Ed.) (2003). *Terrorists, victims and society: Psychological perspectives on terrorism and its consequences*. West Sussex: John Wiley & Sons.
- Silke, A. (Ed.) (2004). *Research on terrorism: Trends, achievements and failures*. New York, NY: Routledge.
- Silke, A. (2008). Holy warriors: exploring the psychological processes of jihadi radicalization. *European Journal of Criminology*, 5(1), 99-123
- Silke, A. (2009). Contemporary terrorism studies. In R. Jackson, M. Breen Smyth & J. Gunning (Eds.), *Critical terrorism studies: a new research agenda* (pp. 34-48). New York, NY: Routledge.
- Silke, A. (2015). Understanding Suicide Terrorism. In J. Pearce (Ed.), *Investigating Terrorism: Current Political, Legal and Psychological Issues* (pp. 169-179). Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons.
- Simon, S., & Benjamin, D. (2001). The terror. *Survival*, 43(4), 5-18.
- Skidmore, J. (2014). *Foreign Fighter Involvement in Syria*. Herzliya: International Institute for Counter Terrorism.

- Slootman, M., & Tillie, J. (2006). *Processes of Radicalisation. Why Some Amsterdam Muslims Become Radicals*. Amsterdam: University of Amsterdam.
- Smith, B.L., Damphousse, K.R., Jackson, F., & Sellers, A. (2002). The Prosecution and Punishment of International Terrorists in Federal Courts: 1980–1998. *Criminology & Public Policy*, 1(3), 311-338.
- Smith, B.L., & Orvis, G.P. (1993). America's response to terrorism: An empirical analysis of federal intervention strategies during the 1980s. *Justice Quarterly*, 10(4), 661-681.
- Snow, D., & Byrd, S. (2007). Ideology, framing processes, and Islamic terrorist movements. *Mobilization: An International Quarterly*, 12(2), 119-136.
- Spaaij, R. (2010). The enigma of lone wolf terrorism: an assessment. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 33(9), 854-870.
- Sparrow, M.K. (1991). The application of network analysis to criminal intelligence: An assessment of the prospects. *Social networks*, 13(3), 251-274.
- Speckhard, A., & Ahkmedova, K. (2006). The making of a martyr: Chechen suicide terrorism. *Studies in conflict & Terrorism*, 29(5), 429-492.
- Spencer, A. (2006). Questioning the concept of 'New Terrorism'. *Peace, Conflict and Development*, 49(5), 1-33.
- Stahelski, A. (2005). Terrorists Are Made Not Born: Creating Terrorists Using Social Psychological Conditioning. *Cultic Studies Review*, 4(1), 1-7.
- Stampnitzky, L. (2011). Disciplining an unruly field: Terrorism experts and theories of scientific/intellectual production. *Qualitative sociology*, 34(1), 1-19.
- Statistics Netherlands (Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek [CBS]).(2014). *Definitions*. The Hague: CBS. Retrieved from <http://www.cbs.nl/en-GB/menu/themas/bevolking/methoden/begrippen/default.htm?Languageswitch=on&ConceptID=315>
- Stenersen, A. (2011). Al Qaeda's Foot Soldiers: A Study of the Biographies of Foreign Fighters Killed in Afghanistan and Pakistan Between 2002 and 2006. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism*, 34(3), 171-198.
- Stern, J. (2003). *Terror in the name of God: Why religious militants kill*. New York, NY: Ecco.
- Stern, J. (2010). Mind over martyr. *Foreign Affairs*, 89(1), 95-108.
- Stern, J. (2014). Response to Marc Sageman's "The Stagnation in Terrorism Research". *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 607-613.
- Sternberg, R.J. (2003). A duplex theory of hate: development and application to terrorism, massacres, and genocide. *Review of General Psychology*, 7, 229-328.
- Stollenwerk, E., Dörfler, T., & Schibberges, J. (2015). Taking a New Perspective: Mapping the Al Qaeda Network Through the Eyes of the UN Security Council. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, ahead-of-print, 1-21.
- Suddaby, R. (2006). From the Editors: What Grounded Theory Is Not. *Academy of management journal*, 49(4), 633-642.
- Sullivan, B.A., Chermak, S.M., Wilson, J.M., & Freilich, J.D. (2014). The nexus between terrorism and product counterfeiting in the United States. *Global Crime*, 15(3-4), 357-378.
- Taarby, M. (2005). *Recruitment of Islamist Terrorists in Europe. Trends and Perspectives*. Copenhagen: Danish Ministry of Justice.
- Taylor, M. (2014). If I Were You, I Wouldn't Start From Here: Response to Marc Sageman's "The Stagnation in Terrorism Research". *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(4), 581-586.
- Torok, R. (2013). Developing an explanatory model for the process of online radicalisation and terrorism. *Security Informatics*, 2(1), 1-10.
- Trujillo, H.M., Jordán, J., Antonio Gutierrez, J., & González-Cabrera, J. (2009). Radicalization in prisons? Field research in 25 Spanish prisons. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 21(4), 558-579.
- Tucker, D. (2001). What is new about the new terrorism and how dangerous is it? *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 13(3), 1-14.
- Tucker, J.B. (2000). *Toxic Terror: Assessing Terrorist Use of Chemical and Biological Weapons*. Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Tsintsadze-Maass, E., & Maass, R.W. (2014). Groupthink and terrorist radicalization. *Terrorism and Political Violence*, 26(5), 735-758.
- Valls, M. (2015, February 4). France raises terror threat level for Riviera. *The Local fr*. Retrieved from: <http://www.thelocal.fr/20150204/france-puts-riviera-on-highest-terror-alert>
- Van den Bos, K., Loseman, A., & Doosje, R. (2009). *Waarom jongeren radicaliseren en sympathie krijgen voor terrorisme: onrechtvaardigheid, onzekerheid en bedreigde groepen*. Utrecht: Universiteit van Utrecht.
- Van der Hulst, R.C. (2009a). Terroristische netwerken en intelligence: een sociale netwerkanalyse van de Hofstadgroep [Terrorist networks and intelligence: a social network analysis of the Hofstadgroep]. *Tijdschrift voor Veiligheid* 8(2), 8-27.
- Van der Hulst, R.C. (2009b). Introduction to Social Network Analysis (SNA) as an investigative tool. *Trends in Organized Crime*, 12(2), 101-121.
- Van der Leun, J.P. (2003). *Looking for loopholes; processes of incorporation of illegal immigrants in the Netherlands*. Amsterdam: Amsterdam University Press.
- Van der Leun, J.P., & Iliis, M. (2010). The Netherlands: assessing the irregular population in a restrictive setting. In A. Triandafyllidou (Ed.), *Irregular migration in Europe. Myths and realities*. Farnham/Burlington: Ashgate, 187-206.
- Van der Meij, P.P.J. (2010). De rechter-commissaris als onmisbare schakel in het strafrechtelijk vooronderzoek? *Trema*, 8, 331-338.
- Van der Woude, M.A.H. (2010). *Wetgeving in een Veiligheidscultuur. Totstandkoming van antiterrorismewetgeving in Nederland gezien vanuit maatschappelijke en (rechts)politieke context [Legislation in a Culture of Control. The Drafting of Dutch Counterterrorism Legislation Seen from a Social and Legal-Political Context]*. The Hague: Boom Juridische Uitgevers.
- Van Koppen, V. (2013). *Pathways into Organized Crime: Criminal Opportunities and Adult-onset Offending*. Amsterdam: VU University Amsterdam.
- Van Meeteren, M. (2012). Living Different Dreams: Aspirations and Social Activities of Irregular Migrants in the Low Countries. *Journal of Ethnic and Migration Studies*, 38(10), 1643-1659.
- Van San, M. (2014). *De Nederlandse Syriëgangers. 'Kanonnenvlees' of 'helden van de Lage Landen'? [Dutch Foreign Fighters in Syria. 'Cannon fodder' or 'Heroes from the Low Countries'?*. Utrecht: FORUM.
- Van Stekelenburg, J., & Klandermans, B. (2013). The Social Psychology of Protest. *Current Sociology*, 61(5-6), 886-905.
- Veldhuis, T., Gordijn, E.H., Lindenberg, S.M., & Veenstra, M. (2010). *Terroristen in detentie. Evaluatie van de terroristenafdeling [Terrorist in detention. Evaluation of terrorist wing]*. The Hague: Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek- en Documentatiecentrum.
- Veldhuis, T., & Staun, J. (2009). *Islamist Radicalisation: A Root Cause Model*. The Hague: Clingendael.
- Venhaus, J.M. (2010). *Why Youth Join al-Qaeda*. Washington: U. S. I. o. Peace.

- Verhoef, J., Dorst, P.C. van, Kleij, M.B. van der, & Adric, S. (2012). *Vreemdelingenbewaring. Strafregime of maatregel om uit te zetten. Over respect voor mensenrechten bij vreemdelingenbewaring [Immigrant detention. Penalty regime or measure to deport. On respect for human rights in immigrant detention]*. The Hague: Nationale Ombudsman.
- Vertigans, R. (2007). Routes into 'Islamic' terrorism: Dead Ends and Spaghetti Junctions. *Policing, 1*(4), 447-459.
- Vermaat, E. (2005). De Hofstadgroep [The Hofstad Group]. Amsterdam: Aspekt BV.
- Victoroff, J. (2005). The Mind of the Terrorist A Review and Critique of Psychological Approaches. *Journal of conflict resolution, 49*(1), 3-42
- Vidino, L. (2009). Homegrown jihadist terrorism in the United States: a new and occasional phenomenon? *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism, 38*(1), 1-17.
- Vidino, L. (2011). *Radicalization, linkage, and diversity: Current trends in terrorism in Europe*. Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Vidino, L., Pantucci, R., & Kohlmann, E. (2010). Bringing global jihad to the horn of Africa: Al Shabaab, Western fighters, and the sacralization of the Somali conflict. *African Security, 3*(4), 216-238.
- Von Lampe, K. (2011). The application of the framework of situational crime prevention to 'organized crime'. *Criminology and Criminal Justice, 11*(2), 145-163.
- Watts, C. (2008). Foreign Fighters: How Are They Being Recruited? Two Imperfect Recruitment Models. *Small Wars Journal*
- Wagemakers, J. (2009). A purist Jihadi-Salafi: the ideology of Abu Muhammad al-Maqdisi. *British Journal of Middle Eastern Studies, 36*(2), 281-297.
- Wasserman, S., & Faust, K. (1994). *Social network analysis: Methods and applications*. New York, NY: Cambridge University Press.
- Weggemans, D., Bakker, E., & Grol, P. (2014). Who Are They and Why Do They Go? The Radicalization and Preparatory Processes of Dutch Jihadist Foreign Fighters. *Perspectives on Terrorism, 8*(4), 100-110.
- Weenink, A.W. (2012). Situational prevention of terrorism. Remarks from the field of counterterrorism in the Netherlands on Newman and Clarke's Policing Terrorism. *Trends in Organized Crime, 15*(2-3), 164-179.
- Weenink, A.W. (2015). Behavioral Problems and Disorders among Radicals in Police Files. *Perspectives on Terrorism, 9*(2), 17-33.
- Wiktorowicz, Q. (2004). Joining the cause: Al-Muhajiroun and radical Islam. In *The Roots of Islamic Radicalism Conference* (8-9 may), New Haven: Yale University.
- Wiktorowicz, Q. (2005). A genealogy of radical Islam. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism, 28*(2), 75-97.
- Wiktorowicz, Q. (2006). Anatomy of the Salafi movement. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism, 29*(3), 207-239.
- Williams, B.G. (2011). On the Trail of the 'Lions of Islam': Foreign Fighters in Afghanistan and Pakistan, 1980-2010. *Orbis, 55*(2), 216-239.
- Wilner, A.S. (2010). Targeted killings in Afghanistan: measuring coercion and deterrence in counter-terrorism and counterinsurgency. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism, 33*(4), 307-329.
- Wilner, A.S., & Dubouloz, C.J. (2011). Transformative Radicalization: Applying Learning Theory to Islamist Radicalization. *Studies in Conflict & Terrorism, 34*(5), 418-38.
- Wortley, R. (1997). Reconsidering the role of opportunity in situational crime prevention. In G.R. Newman, R.V. Clarke & S.G. Shoham (Eds.), *Rational Choice and Situational Crime Prevention* (pp. 65-81). Aldershot: Ashgate.
- Wu, E., Carleton, R., & Davies, G. (2014). Discovering bin-Laden's Replacement in al-Qaeda, using Social Network Analysis: A Methodological Investigation. *Perspectives on Terrorism, 8*(1), 57-73.
- Young, J. (2007). *The Vertigo of Late Modernity*. Los Angeles, CA: Sage Publications.
- Yun, M. (2009). An application of situational crime prevention to terrorist hostage taking and kidnapping: a case study of 23 Korean hostages in afghanistan. In J.D. Freilich & G.R. Newman (Eds.), *Reducing terrorism through situational crime prevention* (pp. 111-140). New York, NY: Criminal Justice Press Monsey.
- Zanini, M. (1999). Middle Eastern terrorism and netwar. *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism, 22*(3), 247-256.
- Zanini, M., & Edwards, S.J.A. (2001). The Networking of Terror in the Information Age. In J. Arquilla & D. Ronfeldt (Eds.), *Networks and Netwars* (pp. 29-60). Santa Monica, CA: RAND Corporation.
- Zelin, A.Y. (2013, December 17). ICSR Insight: Up to 11,000 foreign fighters in Syria; steep rise among Western Europeans. *ICSR*. Retrieved from <http://icsr.info/2013/12/icsr-insight-11000-foreign-fighters-syria-steep-rise-among-western-europeans/>
- Zemni, S. (2006). *Politieke islam, 9/11 en jihad*. Leuven: Acco.