

Methodological aspects of outcome assessment in inflammatory rheumatic diseases

Lukas, C.

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Author: Lukas, Cédric

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Stellingen behorende bij het proefschrift:

Methodological aspects of outcome assessment in inflammatory rheumatic diseases

- 1. It is technically possible and methodologically appropriate to measure radiographic progression in patients with rheumatoid arthritis at the joint level.
- 2. Negative change scores in X-ray readings of rheumatoid arthritis clinical trials may truly reflect repair of damage, such as erosions, and are not only attributable to measurement error.
- 3. Including automated measurement of joint space width in rheumatoid arthritis clinical trials may improve the discriminatory ability of radiographic assessment.
- 4. The SENS ('Simple Erosion and Narrowing Score')-method is a tool that clinically working rheumatologists can systematically apply in order to monitor damage and progression of damage in patients with rheumatoid arthritis.
- 5. Adherence to institutional recommendations about the best management of patients with inflammatory disorders has a measurable impact on the outcome of patients.
- 6. The ASDAS ('Ankylosing Spondylitis Disease Activity Score') should be recommended as the primary outcome measure in drug trials with patients with ankylosing spondylitis.
- 7. Repair of erosions almost exclusively occurs in damaged joints without swelling.
- 8. The intra-class-correlation coefficient (ICC) as a statistic for relative agreement can be spuriously influenced by the used scale-range in a reliability experiment.
- 9. Patients presenting with arthritis should be seen by a rheumatologist as soon as possible in order to make an appropriate prognosis and to start optimal treatment.
- 10. Moving means can become more "ecologically-responsible" independently from the average weather (e.g. cycling in The Netherlands is the most appropriate way to make everyday-travels despite average cold temperatures, while using a bicycle in the South of France is regarded as a dangerous and uncomfortable way to move).
- 11. European people (especially French) are more interested in debates and discussions regarding upcoming elections than in politics itself.

Cédric Lukas Leiden, donderdag 31 mei 2012