

Adolescent risk taking: the influence of pubertal development, neural responses to rewards and social context Braams, B.R.

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Author: Braams, Barbara

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### **Propositions**

## accompanying the public defense of Barbara Braams' dissertation "Adolescent Risk Taking" on November 17, 2015

- 1. Neural responses to rewards are related to real life risk taking behavior (this thesis)
- 2. Ventral striatum responses are flexible and more complex than basic reward signaling (this thesis)
- 3. Social context is an important factor for ventral striatum responses to rewards (this thesis)
- 4. Longitudinal designs are a powerful method for investigation of individual differences (this thesis)
- 5. An important next step to better understand developmental differences is to investigate network connectivity in the developing brain
- 6. Due to the known influence of social context on adolescent behavior and brain responses, social context should be considered in study designs
- 7. Risk taking is a normative aspect of adolescence and should not be problematized
- 8. "All models are wrong, some are useful" (George E.P. Box)
- 9. Careful communication of scientific knowledge is an important aspect of science. Learning to do so should be part of the PhD curriculum.
- 10. Cooperation and collaboration take you further than competition