

BULLETIN OF THE ASTRONOMICAL INSTITUTES OF THE NETHERLANDS.

1929 September 9

Volume V.

No. 179.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE OBSERVATORY AT LEIDEN.

The longitudes of Jupiter's Satellites derived from plates taken with the 26-inch refractor of the Yale Observatory Southern Station in 1928,
by Harold L. Alden, W. de Sitter and G. Pels.

The series of plates discussed in the present article were treated in exactly the same way as those of 1927, the results of which were published in *B.A.N.* 170. The plates were all taken by the first of the three authors. As soon as the observations were completed, the times were sent to Leiden and tabular coordinates of the satellites and the standard stars were computed for these times and sent to Johannesburg, where the plates were then measured and reduced by the first author. The discussion of the measures took place in Leiden, as in the former case.

From August 17 to October 5, 1928, twenty plates of the satellites of Jupiter were obtained with the Yale photographic refractor. The unfavourable conditions prevailing in 1928 are shown by comparison with the 1927 series when eighteen plates were secured in a period of twenty-one days. These unfavourable conditions combined with the northern declination of Jupiter have affected the quality of the plates to some extent.

The procedure at the telescope was the same as in 1927, several exposures averaging between one and two seconds being made on each plate. The six best images were later selected for measurement. Several exposures to a pair of standard stars were made on each plate prior to the exposures on the satellites. As the star pair preceded Jupiter a few minutes in right ascension, the resulting hour angles were very nearly the same for stars and satellites. The standards were:

Star	D.M. No.	α_{1900}	δ_{1900}	Mag.	Sp.
α	+13°395	2 23.1	+13°26'	8.5	F 5
β	+13°402	2 25.4	+13°31	8.6	F 8

By means of these stars all plates have been reduced to the same scale. The scale value derived from the previous series has been adopted, namely $1 \text{ mm} = 0'313575 = 18''8145$.

As before, the measures refer to axes parallel and perpendicular to the fundamental plane of the system.

The computed apparent y -coordinates of the satellites were used for the orientation of the plates with a few exceptions. As the measuring engine is provided with a screw in but one direction, the plate was first placed in the machine in such a position as to give the required difference between the y -coordinates of the extreme satellites. By means of dust specks or ink spots appropriately placed 150 millimeters apart, the plate was then turned accurately through an angle of 90° . This involves a knowledge of the angle between the vertical and the microscope ways. This angle was found to differ from 90° by $1'68 \pm 0'04$ and was duly taken into account in the placing of the spots, or selection of the dust specks. This deviation from perpendicularity is $0'85$ less than a former determination made in the latter part of 1927 and used in the previous measures.

The data are given in the table at the end of this paper in the same form as the corresponding table for the 1927 measures. The number of exposures measured is omitted, as six exposures were measured on all these plates.

The computed coordinates correspond to the final elements of *B.A.N.* 102 and *Leiden Annals XVI, 2*, as has been explained for the plates of 1927 in *B.A.N.* 170. A slight mistake was afterwards detected in the corrections applied to the M.S. tables based on the theory of 1908 to reduce them to that of *Annals XVI, 2*. A correction must on this account be applied to the final result, which is

$$(1) \quad \begin{array}{ll} \Delta l_1 = +0^{\circ}0011 & \Delta c_1 = -0^{\circ}00012 \\ \Delta l_2 = +42 & \Delta c_2 = +12 \\ \Delta l_3 = -13 & \Delta c_3 = +20 \\ \Delta l_4 = 00 & \Delta c_4 = -20 \end{array}$$

Two solutions were made. In solution I the values of λ_i , μ and c_i were determined from the original right hand members n_i and residuals were formed,

which are given in the table under the heading "Resid. I". In solution II a correction for scale value was derived for each plate separately from these residuals and applied, and corrections to the values of λ_i and c_i were then determined from the corrected residuals. The residuals remaining after the substitution of these values of λ_i and c_i are given in the table under the heading "Resid. II". The average residuals of unit weight were:

right hand members	$\pm .00104$
Solution I	$\pm .60$
after application of individual scale corrections	$\pm .35$
Solution II	$\pm .33$

The following table gives for every plate the scale value α as derived from the standard stars, and the corrections μ derived from the satellites. It will be seen that these corrections are of the same order of magnitude as those from the stars, though on the average somewhat larger.

Plate	α	μ
I2825	+ 0.000120	+ 0.000107
I2835	+ 25	+ 116
I2889	+ 76	+ 19
I2899	+ 120	- 50
I2909	- 30	+ 472
I2951	- 51	+ 217
I3025	- 46	- 157
I3038	- 35	- 61
I3073	- 87	+ 97
I3120	- 8	+ 10
I3160	+ 47	+ 90
I3184	- 4	- 50
I3212	- 48	- 6
I3246	- 50	+ 50
I3283	- 73	- 401
I3380	+ 54	- 61
I3406	- 11	+ 271
I3449	+ 34	- 85
I3487	+ 15	- 203
I3519	- 44	+ 96

The improvement by the introduction of the individual scale corrections is very great, in the ratio of 0.55, the theoretical ratio if the corrections were purely accidental being about 0.80. The values of the unknowns λ_i and c_i in the two solutions are very nearly the same. We have finally adopted solution II. The probable error of unit weight corresponding to the average residuals $\pm .00033$ for 77 equations and 27 unknowns (4 λ_i , 3 c_i , there being one rigorous condition, and 20 individual μ) would be $\pm .00035$. I have, however, used the value $\pm .00038$.

The two solutions are

1928	I	II	p. e.
λ_1	- 0.000139	- 0.000131	$\pm .00023$
λ_2	- 276	- 258	$\pm .23$
λ_3	- 76	- 43	$\pm .19$
λ_4	+ 1	- 11	$\pm .18$
μ	- 0.000194	individual	
c_1	- 0.00031	- 0.00047	
c_2	+ 5	3	
c_3	+ 31	+ 47	$\pm .00008$
c_4	- 5	+ 3	

Returning to the original unknowns, and adding at the same time the corrections given above under (I), we have thus:

$$1928.69 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta l_1 = - 0.0185 \pm 0.0034 \\ \Delta l_2 = - 216 \pm 23 \\ \Delta l_3 = - 42 \pm 13 \\ \Delta l_4 = - 4 \pm 6 \end{array} \right.$$

These are corrections to the longitudes according to the final solution of *Leiden Annals XVI, 2*.

The following table is entirely similar to that of *B. A. N. 170*.

Plate No. D, S, T Qual.	Date 1928 G. M. astr. T	Satellite	v	ρ	x	y	α	$x_{\text{obs.}}$	n	Residuals		Remarks
										I	II	
4-3-9	Aug. 16 $15^{\text{h}} 16^{\text{m}} 31^{\text{s}}$ P	I	143°7829	1.000772	+ 2°04040	- 0°0284	- 1°30	+ 1°93632	- 0°00044	+ 0°00048	+ 0°00040	Sat. II occulted.
		II	195°4229	1.006017	+ 1°40307	- 0°2010	- 5°33	+ 1°30066	+ 123	+ 37	+ 37	
		III	309°6186	0.999685	- 5°32303	+ 0°0116	- 0°05	+ 5°42634	+ 33	- 62	- 24	
		IV	54°2717	1.002804	+ 2°29413	+ 0°4875	+ 5°29	+ 2°18938	- 111	- 24	- 53	
5-5-9	Aug. 18 $15^{\text{h}} 5^{\text{m}} 42^{\text{s}}$ fg	I	189°3430	0.997594	+ 1°08016	- 0°1039	- 4°74	- 2°22229	+ 0°00030	- 0°00043	+ 0°00009	
		III	50°0004	0.999458	+ 0°91262	+ 0°3015	+ 6°13	- 2°38999	+ 14	- 11	- 13	
		IV	96°8296	1.006843	+ 7°91547	+ 0°2981	+ 3°03	+ 4°61227	- 45	+ 54	+ 3	

Plate No. D, S, T Qual.	Date 1928 G. M. astr. T	Satellite	v	ρ	x	y	a	$x_{\text{obs.}}$	n	Residuals		Remarks	
										I	II		
12889 4-4-9 fg	Aug. 22 14 ^h 44 ^m 3 ^s	I	280°9862	0.996902	-1°85963	-0°0602	-2°73	-2°75933	-0°00013	-0°00085	-0°00064		
		II	80°9653	0.991159	+2°19623	+0°1687	+4°46	+1°29532	-	134	2	6	
		III	250°4154	1.000534	-2°72875	-0°2653	-5°47	-3°62611	+	221	67	74	
		IV	181°6982	1.0003711	+5°99041	-0°3852	-4°37	+5°09011	-	73	20	5	
12899 3-3-8 fp	Aug. 23 14 ^h 35 ^m 43 ^s	I	122°6012	1.0011836	+2°12954	+0°0166	+0°76	+1°69571	-0°00071	+0°00035	+0°00057		
		II	182°3168	1.0004942	+2°11350	-0°1797	-4°72	+1°68053	+	15	56	33	
		III	300°4243	0.999866	-5°36420	-0°0399	-1°09	-5°79582	+	150	29	13	
		IV	203°0463	1.001064	+2°85365	-0°4837	-5°34	+2°41960	-	93	9	12	
12909 4-3-9 f	Aug. 24 14 ^h 22 ^m 18 ^s	I	325°0817	0.999731	-2°08020	+0°0316	+1°44	+0°40730	-0°00133	-0°00067	-0°00067		
		II	281°1085	1.0007058	-3°01049	-0°1108	-2°94	-0°52173	-	7	96	54	
		III	350°3213	0.999325	-4°17761	+0°2145	+4°08	-1°68851	+	27	1	56	
		IV	224°4340	0.998291	-0°68702	-0°5158	-5°58	+1°80293	+	112	160	64	
12951 4-4-8 fg	Aug. 30 13 ^h 59 ^m 7 ^s	I	102°0361	1.002725	+1°93416	+0°0607	+2°73	+3°81547	-0°00110	+0°00055	-0°00018		
		II	169°4822	1.0003800	+2°71903	-0°1481	-3°86	+4°60265	+	122	121	32	
		III	291°3996	1.000009	-5°26426	-0°0917	-2°11	-3°38138	+	48	43	17	
		IV	355°0250	0.995631	-6°91855	+0°3506	+3°98	-5°03676	-	61	132	30	
13025 5-5-8 f	Sept. 6 13 ^h 45 ^m 56 ^s	I	84°7759	1.003289	+1°57335	+0°0940	+4°19	-0°78104	-0°00103	-0°00017	-0°00019		
		II	158°2665	1.0002871	+3°15613	-0°1134	-2°93	+0°80350	+	73	15	38	
		III	283°1854	1.000016	-5°06187	-0°1389	-3°02	-7°41216	+	307	121	4	
		IV	144°8198	1.006775	+9°74582	-0°1114	-1°47	+7°38968	-	278	118	15	
13038 9-9-9 f	Sept. 7 13 ^h 31 ^m 12 ^s	I	286°8616	0.997879	-2°05674	-0°0523	-2°33	-1°74069	-0°00027	-0°00025	-0°00018		
		II	257°0721	1.008377	-2°16029	-0°1930	-5°03	-1°84241	+	156	13	19	
		III	333°0237	0.999390	-5°24750	+0°1436	+2°56	-4°92992	+	126	55	2	
		IV	165°9150	1.005222	+8°19923	-0°2982	-3°42	+8°51304	-	251	44	4	
13073 4-3-9 fp	Sept. 8 13 ^h 39 ^m 26 ^s	I	130°6681	1.000481	+2°25270	-0°0008	-0°04	+1°31611	+	0°00023	+0°00037	+0°00049	
		II	358°7159	0.9993841	-2°35789	+0°1796	+4°65	-3°29550	-	79	63	22	
		III	23°7095	0.999220	-1°62080	+0°3265	+6°36	-2°55687	+	75	1	4	
		IV	187°4308	1.002923	+5°47328	-0°4480	-4°95	+4°53624	-	22	28	21	
13120 5-5-9 fg	Sept. 11 13 ^h 16 ^m 53 ^s	I	18°6610	1.003592	-0°83298	+0°1260	+5°55	+0°55950	-0°00121	-0°00006	+0°00003		
		II	301°0324	1.002238	-3°57599	-0°0379	-1°00	-2°18190	+	40	39	29	
		III	173°9075	1.000740	+4°16769	-0°2473	-4°65	+5°56116	-	22	16	7	
		IV	251°9471	0.995236	-5°33349	-0°4832	-5°00	-3°93875	+	105	30	18	
13160 4-3-8 f	Sept. 13 13 ^h 8 ^m 22 ^s	I	64°0990	1.003794	+0°93427	+0°1230	+5°48	+3°44721	-0°00122	+0°00052	+0°00029	Time uncertain by 15 seconds.	
		II	145°3237	1.001616	+3°51034	-0°0658	-1°68	+6°02443	-	7	59		
		III	274°1350	1.000125	-4°69934	-0°1885	-3°96	-2°18489	+	29	74		
		IV	295°5145	0.992805	-9°80193	-0°1644	-1°48	-7°28676	+	101	35		
13184 4-3-9 f	Sept. 16 12 ^h 55 ^m 59 ^s	I	313°4819	1.000076	-2°29663	+0°0084	+0°38	-1°41015	+	0°00005	-0°00028	-0°00013	
		II	88°2940	0.993476	+2°71934	+0°1618	+4°21	+3°60367	-	210	71	47	
		III	64°8001	0.999635	+2°45752	+0°3066	+6°15	+3°34410	+	15	54	41	
		IV	0°8559	0.996246	-6°42595	+0°4174	+4°62	-5°53763	+	189	45	21	
13212 5-5-9 fg	Sept. 17 13 ^h 3 ^m 46 ^s	I	157°2003	0.998241	+2°04536	-0°0624	-2°78	+0°41198	-0°00039	+0°00006	+0°00021		
		II	190°0034	1.008104	+1°84077	-0°2174	-5°61	+0°20905	+	127	16	31	
		III	115°4074	1.000152	+5°66976	+0°0713	+1°69	+4°03557	-	120	15	38	
		VI	22°6557	0.998794	-3°02392	+0°5288	+5°71	-4°65658	+	33	8	15	
13246 5-4-9 fp	Sept. 18 13 ^h 2 ^m 17 ^s	I	1°1960	1.003121	-1°44496	+0°1070	+4°75	-1°60736	-0°00015	+0°00057	+0°00072		
		II	289°7035	1.003218	-3°46961	-0°0846	-2°21	-3°63184	+	2	128	103	
		III	165°6421	1.000543	+4°76212	-0°2171	-4°01	+4°59895	-	92	58	89	
		IV	44°1992	1.001524	+0°80146	+0°5653	+5°99	+0°64027	+	106	128	119	
13283 4-4-9 f	Sept. 19 12 ^h 24 ^m 13 ^s	I	198°8663	0.996205	+0°82107	-0°1274	-5°66	-1°10898	+	0°00034	+0°00006	-0°00027	Sat. II eclipsed.
		II	214°5762	1.000596	+0°52428	-0°3501	-6°83	-1°40451	+	160	92	33	
		III	65°0836	1.004007	+4°44581	+0°5244	+5°45	+2°51349	-	193	98	7	
		IV	343°4175	1.002484	-1°94852	+0°0782	+3°47	-3°12484	-0°00032	+0°00004	-0°00004		
13380 3-3-7 vp	Sept. 25 12 ^h 45 ^m 38 ^s	I	278°2343	1.004182	-3°22214	-0°1302	-3°38	-4°39607	+	207	42	27	
		II	157°3195	1.000381	+5°26947	-0°1812	-3°27	+4°09301	-	46	5	13	
		III	193°3294	1.002393	+4°60520	-0°5091	-5°52	+3°42789	-	131	40	36	

Plate No. D, S, T Qual.	Date 1928 G. M. astr. T	Satellite	v	ρ	x	y	a	$x_{\text{obs.}}$	n	Residuals		Remarks
										I	II	
13406 5—6—8 fp	Sept. 28 12 ^h 35 ^m 1 ^s	I III IV	232°2103 307°7984 258°1073	0.996188 0.99980 0.994733	— 0.54098 — 6.00293 — 6.64888	— 0.1360 + 0.0086 — 0.4656	— 6.01 — 0.14 — 4.75	+ 3°85718 — 1°60548 — 2°25170	+ 0'00056 — 15 — — 42 —	+ 0'00105 — 51 — — 54 —	+ 0'00024 — 20 — — 4 —	Time may be one min. too early. Sat. II in transit.
13449 5—3—9 f	Oct. 2 12 ^h 12 ^m 0 ^s	I II III IV	323°2170 265°5898 148°3981 345°2111	1.001575 1.005258 1.000134 0.994592	— 2.30927 — 2.79181 + 5.09450 — 8.47403	+ 0.0354 — 0.1756 — 0.1374 + 0.3247	+ 1.58 — 4.54 — 2.39 + 3.67	— 0.33983 — 0.82065 + 7.66277 — 6.50230	— 0'00071 + 101 — — 188 — + 158 +	+ 0.00005 — 15 — — 58 — + 67 +	+ 0'00012 — 11 — — 6 — — 3 —	
13487 5—4—8 f	Oct. 3 11 ^h 37 ^m 21 ^s	I II III IV	161°0492 4°9816 197°4762 6°4477	0.997289 0.991417 1.000515 0.996782	+ 2.00693 — 2.07543 + 2.17425 — 5.61601	— 0.0758 + 0.2129 — 0.3435 + 0.4794	— 3.36 + 5.48 — 6.60 + 5.23	+ 2°88347 — 1°19780 + 3°05129 — 4°73697	— 0'00102 + 7 + — 52 — + 148 +	— 0'00075 + 117 + — 87 — + 47 —	— 0'00004 — 85 — — 25 — — 57 —	
13519 4—3—8 f	Oct. 4 12 ^h 3 ^m 46 ^s	I II III IV	8°7819 109°7362 248°6657 28°4975	1.003793 0.998335 1.000518 0.999508	— 1.18391 + 3.59921 — 3.07053 — 1.81977	+ 0.1234 + 0.0817 — 0.3044 + 0.5708	+ 5.47 + 2'12 — 6'11 + 6'10	— 0.56677 + 4°21744 — 2°45003 — 1°20063	— 0'00161 — 52 + + 175 + + 39 —	— 0'00087 + 62 + — 28 + — 2 +	— 0'00075 — 20 — — 51 — — 4 —	